

BiPAC 5200 Series (802.11g) ADSL2+ Firewall Router

User's Manual

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Chapter 1

Introduction the BiPAC 5200 Series

1.1 Introducing the BiPAC 5200 Series

Welcome to the Billion BiPAC 5200 Series ADSL2+ Modem/Router. Your Billion router is an "all-in-one" unit, combining an ADSL modem, ADSL router and Ethernet network switch, providing everything you need to get the machines on your network connected to the Internet over your ADSL broadband connection.

The BiPAC 5200 Series complies with ADSL2+ standards for worldwide deployment and supports downstream rates of up to 24 Mbps and upstream rates of up to 1 Mbps. It is designed for small office, home office and residential users, enabling even faster speed Internet connections. User can enjoy ADSL services and broadband multimedia applications such as interactive gaming, video streaming and real-time audio much easier and faster than ever before.

The product supports PPPoA (RFC 2364 – PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol) over ATM Adaptation Layer 5), RFC 1483 encapsulation over ATM (bridged or routed), PPP over Ethernet (RFC 2516), and IPoA (RFC1577) to establish a connection with ISP. The product also supports VC-based and LLC-based multiplexing.

It is the perfect solution to connect a small group of PCs to a high-speed broadband Internet connection. Multi-users can have high-speed Internet access simultaneously.

This product also serves as an Internet firewall, protecting your network from being accessed by outside users. Not only provide the natural firewall function (Network Address Translation, NAT), it also provides rich firewall features to secure user's network. All incoming data packets are monitored and filtered. Besides, it can also be configured to block internal users from accessing to the Internet.

The product provides two levels of security support. First, it masks LAN users' IP addresses which are invisible to outside users on the Internet, making it much more difficult for a hacker

to target a machine on your network. Secondly, it can block and redirect certain ports to limit the services that outside users can access. For example, to ensure that games and other Internet applications will run properly, user can open some specific ports for outside users to access internal services in network.

Integrated DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) services, client and server, allow multiple users to get their IP addresses automatically on boot up from the product. Simply set local machines as a DHCP client to accept a dynamically assigned IP address from DHCP server and reboot. Each time local machine is powered up; the router will recognize it and assign an IP address to instantly connect it to the LAN.

For advanced users, Virtual Service function allows the product to provide limited visibility to local machines with specific services for outside users. An ISP (Internet Service Providers) provided IP address can be set to the product and then specific services can be rerouted to specific computers on the local network. For instance, a dedicated web server can be connected to the Internet via the product and then incoming requests for HTML that are received by the product can be rerouted to the dedicated local web server, even though the server now has a different IP address. In this example, the product is on the Internet and vulnerable to attacks, but the server is protected.

Virtual Server can also be used to re-task services to multiple servers. For instance, the product can be set to allow separated FTP, Web, and Multiplayer game servers to share the same Internet-visible IP address while still protecting the servers and LAN users from hackers.

1.2 Features of the BiPAC 5200 Series

ADSL Multi-Mode Standard

Supports downstream rates of up to 24 Mbps and upstream rates of up to 1 Mbps. It also supports rate management that allows ADSL subscribers to select an Internet access speed suiting their needs and budgets. It is compliant with Multi-Mode standard (ANSI T1.413, Issue 2; G.dmt(G.992.1); G.lite(G992.2)), G.hs (G994.1), G.dmt.bis (G.992.3), G.dmt.bisplus (G.992.5)). The Annex A and B are supported in different H/W platforms.

Wireless Ethernet 802.11g (BiPAC 5200G Series only)

With built-in 802.11g access point for extending the communication media to WLAN while providing the WEP, WPA and WPA2 for securing your wireless networks.

Fast Ethernet Switch

A 10/100Mbps fast Ethernet switch is built in with automatic switching between MDI and MDI-X for 10Base-T and 100Base-TX ports. An Ethernet straight or cross-over cable can be used directly for auto detection.

Multi-Protocol to Establish A Connection

Supports PPPoA (RFC 2364 - PPP over ATM Adaptation Layer 5), RFC 1483 encapsulation over ATM (bridged or routed), PPP over Ethernet (RFC 2516) and IPoA (RFC1577) to establish a connection with the ISP. The product also supports VC-based and LLC-based multiplexing.

Quick Installation Wizard

Supports a WEB GUI page to install this device quickly. With this wizard, end users can enter the information easily which they get from their ISP, then surf the Internet immediately.

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) and UPnP NAT Traversal

This protocol is used to enable simple and robust connectivity among stand-alone devices and PCs from many different vendors. It makes network simple and affordable for users. UPnP architecture leverages TCP/IP and the Web to enable seamless proximity networking in addition to control and data transfer among networked devices. With this feature enabled, users can now connect to Net meeting or MSN Messenger seamlessly.

Network Address Translation (NAT)

Allows multi-users to access outside resources such as the Internet simultaneously with one IP address/one Internet access account. Many application layer gateway (ALG) are supported such as web browser, ICQ, FTP, Telnet, E-mail, News, Net2phone, Ping, NetMeeting, IP phone and others.

Firewall

Supports simple firewall with NAT technology and provides option for blocking access from Internet, like Telnet, FTP, WEB, SNMP and IGMP.

Domain Name System (DNS) relay

Provides an easy way to map the domain name (a friendly name for users such as www.yahoo.com) and IP address. When a local machine sets its DNS server with this router's IP address, every DNS conversion request packet from the PC to this router will be forwarded to the real DNS in the outside network.

Dynamic Domain Name System (DDNS)

The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address. For example, to use the service, you must first apply for an account from a DDNS service like http://www.dyndns.org/.

PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)

Provides embedded PPPoE client function to establish a connection. Users can get greater access speed without changing the operation concept, sharing the same ISP account and paying for one access account. No PPPoE client software is required for local computer. The Automatic Reconnect and Disconnect Timeout (Idle Timer) functions are provided, too.

Virtual Server

User can specify some services to be visible from outside users. The router can detect incoming service request and forward it to the specific local computer to handle it. For example, user can assign a PC in LAN acting as WEB server inside and expose it to the outside network. Outside user can browse inside web server directly while it is protected by NAT. A DMZ host setting is also provided to a local computer exposed to the outside network, Internet.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client and server

In the WAN site, the DHCP client can get an IP address from the Internet Service Provider (ISP) automatically. In the LAN site, the DHCP server can allocate a range of client IP addresses and distribute them including IP address, subnet mask as well as DNS IP address to local computers. It provides an easy way to manage the local IP network.

RIP1/2 Routing

Supports RIP1/2 routing protocol for routing capability.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

It is an easy way to remotely manage the router via SNMP.

Web based GUI

Supports web based GUI for configuration and management. It is user-friendly and comes

with on-line help. It also supports remote management capability for remote users to configure and manage this product.

Firmware Upgradeable

Device can be upgraded to the latest firmware through the WEB based GUI.

1.3 Applications for the BiPAC 5200 Series

ADSL2+

BiPAC 5200S/5200SR2/5200SR3

BiPAC 5200/ 5200R3



BiPAC 5200G/ 5200GR2/ 5200GR3/ 5200GR4/ 5200GR5



Chapter 2

Installing the BiPAC 5200 Series

2.1 Important note for using the BiPAC 5200 Series



Warning

✓ Do not use the BiPAC 5200 Series in high humidity or high temperatures.

 Do not use the same power source for the BiPAC 5200 Series as other equipment.

 Do not open or repair the case yourself. If the BiPAC 5200 Series is too hot, turn off the power immediately and have it repaired at a qualified service center.

✓ Avoid using this product and all accessories outdoors.



Place the BiPAC 5200 Series on a stable surface.

Only use the power adapter that comes with the package. Using a different voltage rating power adaptor may damage the router.

2.2 Package Contents

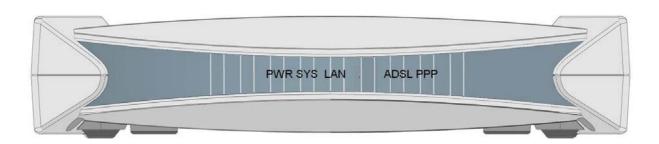
- BiPAC 5200 Series ADSL2+ Router
- CD-ROM containing the online manual
- RJ-11 ADSL/telephone Cable (1.8M)
- Ethernet (CAT-5 LAN) Cable (1.8M Straight)
- AC-AC power adapter (12V AC, 1A): for 5200S/ 5200SR2/ 5200SR3/ 5200GR2/ 5200GR3/ 5200GR4/ 5200GR5
 AC AD newer edepter (12V AC, 1A): for 5200/5200 D2/5200C

AC-AD power adapter (12V DC, 1A): for 5200/5200R3/5200G

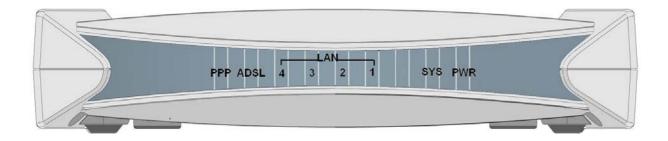
Quick Start Guide (105*150*mm)

2.3 The Front LEDs

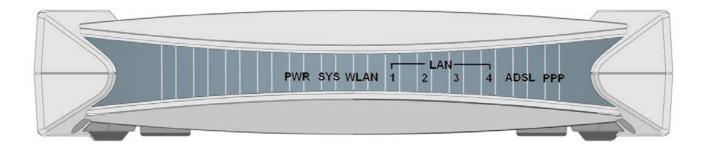
BiPAC 5200S/ 5200SR2/ 5200SR3



BiPAC 5200/ 5200R3



BiPAC 5200G/ 5200GR2/ 5200GR3/ 5200GR4/ 5200GR5

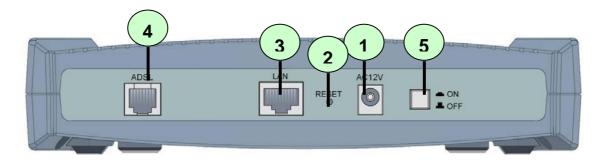


LED		Meaning
1	PPP :	Lit steady when there is a PPPoA / PPPoE connection.
2	ADSL:	Lit when successfully connected to an ADSL DSLAM ("linesync").
3	LAN Port 1-4:	 Lit when connected to an Ethernet device. Green for 100Mbps; Orange for 10Mbps. Blinking when data is Transmitted / Received.
4	WLAN : (5200G Series only)	 Lit green when the wireless connection is established. Flashes when sending/receiving data.
5	SYS :	Lit when the system is ready.
6	PWR :	Lit when power is ON.

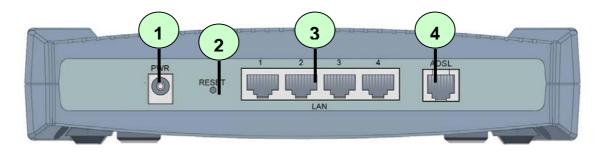
2.4 The Rear Ports

BiPAC 5200S/ 5200SR2/ 5200SR3

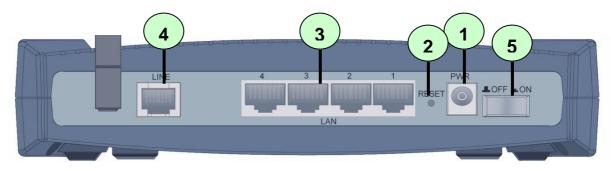
Attention: BiPAC 5200S has not supported the ON/OFF switch.



BiPAC 5200/ 5200R3



BiPAC 5200G/ 5200GR2/ 5200GR3/ 5200GR4/ 5200GR5



	Port	Meaning
1	PWR	Connect the supplied power adapter to this jack.
2	RESET	After the device is powered on, press it to reset the device or restore to factory default settings. 0-3 seconds : reset the device 6 seconds above : restore to factory default settings (this is used when you can not login to the router, e.g. forgot the password)
3	LAN	Connect a UTP Ethernet cable (Cat-5 or Cat-5e) to one of the four LAN ports when connecting to a PC or an office/home network of 10Mbps or 100Mbps.
4	ADSL (LINE)	Connect the supplied RJ-11 ("telephone") cable to this port when connecting to the ADSL/telephone network.
5	Power Switch	Power ON/OFF switch

2.5 Cabling

One of the most common causes of problems is bad cabling or ADSL line(s). Make sure that all connected devices are turned on. On the front of the product is a bank of LEDs. Verify that the LAN Link and ADSL line LEDs are lit. If they are not, verify that you are using the proper cables.

Ensure that all other devices connected to the same telephone line as your Billion router (e.g. telephones, fax machines, analogue modems) have a line filter connected between them and the wall socket (unless you are using a Central Splitter or Central Filter installed by a qualified and licensed electrician), and ensure that all line filters are correctly installed and the right way around. Missing line filters or line filters installed the wrong way around can cause problems with your ADSL connection, including causing frequent disconnections

Chapter 3 Basic Installation

The router can be configured with your web browser. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me, MAC, Linux, etc. The product provides a very easy and user-friendly interface for configuration.

3.1 Before Configuration

PCs must have an Ethernet interface installed properly and be connected to the router either directly or through an external repeater hub, and have TCP/IP installed and configured to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. The default IP address of the router is **192.168.1.254** and the subnet mask is **255.255.255.0** (i.e. any attached PC must be in the same subnet, and have an IP address in the range of 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253). The best and easiest way is to configure the PC to get an IP address automatically from the router using DHCP. If you encounter any problems accessing the router's web interface it may also be advisable to **uninstall** any kind of software firewall on your PCs, as they can cause problems accessing the 192.168.1.254 IP address of the router. Users should make their own decisions on how to best protect their network.

Please follow the steps below for your PC's network environment installation. First of all, please check your PC's network components. The TCP/IP protocol stack and Ethernet network adapter must be installed. If not, please refer to your Windows-related or other operating system manuals.



Any TCP/IP capable workstation can be used to communicate with or through the BiPAC 5200 Series. To configure other types of workstations, please consult the manufacturer's documentation.

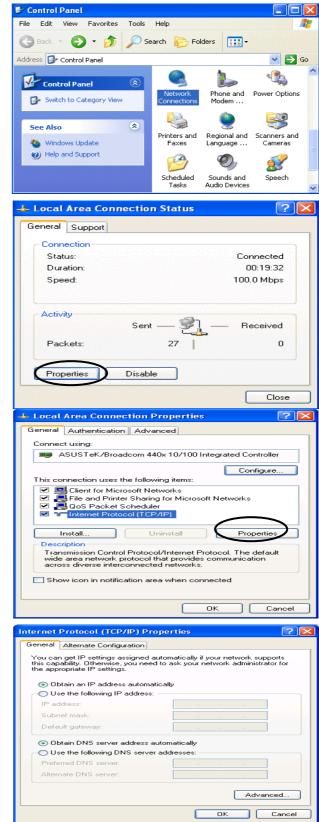
Configuring PC in Windows XP

- 1. Go to Start / Control Panel (in Classic View). In the Control Panel, double-click on Network Connections
- 2. Double-click Local Area Connection.

3. In the Local Area Connection Status window, click Properties.

4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

- 5. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically and the Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.
- 6. Click OK to finish the configuration.



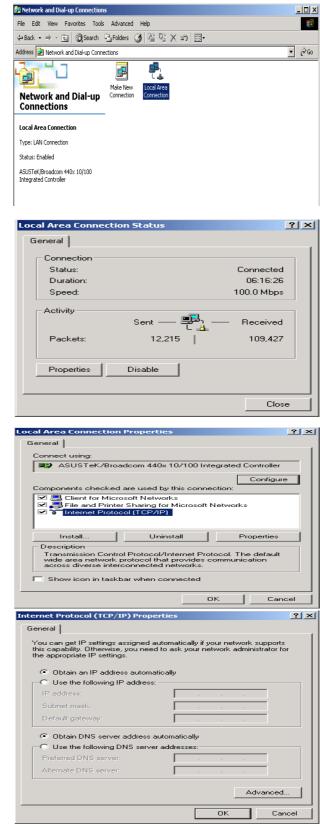
Configuring PC in Windows 2000

- 1. Go to Start / Settings / Control Panel. In the Control Panel, double-click on Network and Dial-up Connections.
- 2. Double-click Local Area Connection.

3. In the Local Area Connection Status window click Properties.

4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

- 5. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically and the Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.
- 6. Click OK to finish the configuration.



Configuring PC in Windows 98/Me

- 1.Go to Start / Settings / Control Panel. In the Control Panel, double-click on Network and choose the Configuration tab.
- 2.Select TCP/IP ->NE2000 Compatible, or the name of your Network Interface Card (NIC) in your PC.

3.Select the Obtain an IP address automatically radio button.

Network
Configuration Identification Access Control
The following network components are installed:
Microsoft Family Logon ASUSTEK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller
🗒 Dial-Up Adapter
TCP/IP -> ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated TCP/IP -> Dial-Up Adapter
Add Remove
Primary Network Logon:
Microsoft Family Logon
Eile and Print Sharing
Description
TCP/IP is the protocol you use to connect to the Internet and wide-area networks.
OK Cancel
TCP/IP Properties
Bindings Advanced NetBIOS DNS Configuration Gateway WINS Configuration IP Address
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.
Obtain an IP address automatically
C Specify an IP address:
IP Address:
Subnet Mask:
OK Cancel
TCP/IP Properties
Bindings Advanced NetBIOS
DNS Configuration Gateway WINS Configuration IP Address
C Enable DNS
Host: Domain:
DNS Server Search Order
<u>A</u> dd

Domain Suffix Search Order -

ΟK

- 4. Then select the DNS Configuration tab.
- **5.**Select the **Disable DNS** radio button and click **OK** to finish the configuration.

Cancel

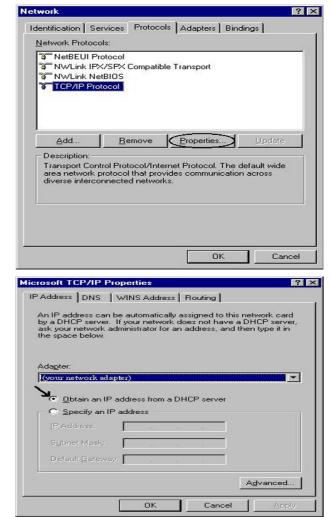
Configuring PC in Windows NT4.0

1. Go to Start / Settings / Control Panel. In the Control Panel, double-click on Network and choose the Protocols tab.

3.Select the Obtain an IP address from a

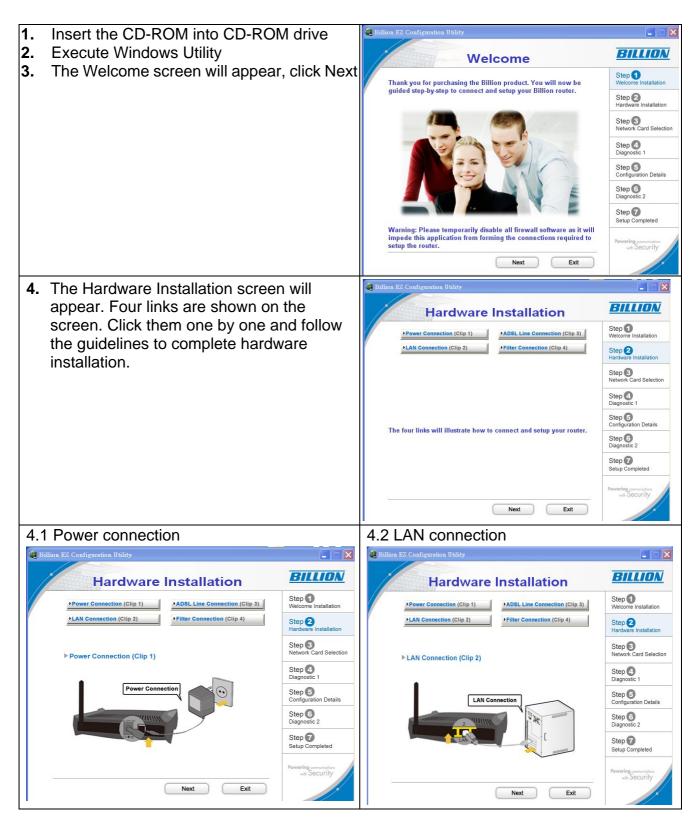
DHCP server radio button and click OK.

2.Select TCP/IP Protocol and click Properties.



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3.2 Step-by-Step Installation



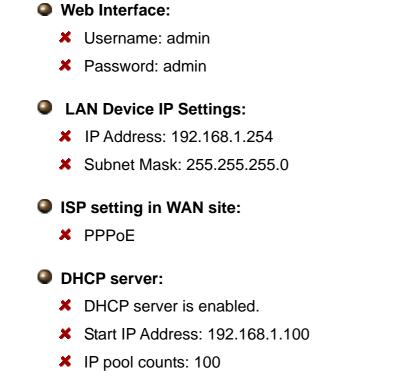
4.3 ADSL Line connection		4.4 Filter connection	
📽 Billion EZ Configuration Utility		Billion EZ Configuration Utility	
Hardware Installation	BILLION	Hardware Installation	BILLION
Power Connection (Clip 1) ADSL Line Connection (Clip 3)	Step 1 Welcome Installation	Power Connection (Clip 1) ADSL Line Connection (Clip 3)	Step Welcome Installation
LAN Connection (Clip 2) Filter Connection (Clip 4)	Step 2 Hardware Installation	LAN Connection (Clip 2) Filter Connection (Clip 4)	Step 2 Hardware Installation
► ADSL Connection (Clip 3)	Step 3 Network Card Selection	▶ Splitter / Micro-filter Connection (Clip 4)	Step 3 Network Card Selection
	Step 4 Diagnostic 1		Step 4 Diagnostic 1
ADSL Connection	Step 5 Configuration Details	Phone ADSL PC Phone	Step 5 Configuration Details
ADSL. OSL on Spitter / Phone Jack	Step 6 Diagnostic 2		Step 6 Diagnostic 2
	Step 7 Setup Completed	Splitter Micro-filter	Step 7 Setup Completed
	Powering communications with Security		Powering communications with Security
Next Exit	-	Next Exit	1.
5. When finished Hardware Installati	on, click	Billion EZ Configuration Utility	
"Next" to proceed to next step, Net		Network Card Selection	BILLION
Selection.		Product Provide The Providence	Step 1 Welcome Installation
			Step 2 Hardware Installation
		192.168.1.100 D-Link DFE-S30TX PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter (rev.C) 192.168.1.100 D-Link DFE-S30TX PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter (rev.C) 192.168.7.223 VIA Compatable Fast Ethernet Adapter	Step 3 Network Card Selection
			Step 4 Diagnostic 1
		Please select the network card which is connected to the router.	Step 5 Configuration Details
		ricuse select the network card which is connected to the rotation	Step 6 Diagnostic 2
			Step 7 Setup Completed
			Powering communications with Security
		Back Next Exit	
6. Diagnostic screen.		Diagnostic 1	BILLION
(If connection fails, the screen will she	-	LAN Connection PASS	Step Welcome Installation
"FAIL" ,please check your router is c	onnected	ADSL Line Connection	Step 2 Hardware Installation
correctly.)			Step 3 Network Card Selection
7. Click Next to enter Configuration [Jetails	Check ADSL line status	Step 4 Diagnostic 1
			Step 5 Configuration Details
		Verify if your cables are connected properly from the PC and phone line to the router.	Step 6 Diagnostic 2
		 sense end State Hold of the state of the sta	Step 7
			Powering communications with Security
		Exit	

 Set up more detailed settings such as VPI, VCI and MTU. 	Confi	guration Details	BILLION
	Please choose you	r country and ISP (Internet Service list below, and then click Next to	Step 1 Welcome Installation Step 2
	ISP Country	Australia	Hardware Installation
	ISP	other	Network Card Selection
	Protocol	PPPoE _	Diagnostic 1
	VPI	0	Configuration Details Step 6
	VCI	33	Diagnostic 2 Step
	MTU	1492	Powering computications with Security
		Next Exit	with Security
 Please enter "Username" and "Password" as supplied by your ISP 	Confi	guration Details	BILLION
(Internet Service Provider) and click next.	Please enter your I your Internet Serv	Username and Password as supplied by ice Provider (ISP) and click Next.	Step Welcome Installation
	Username	t0084856	Step 2 Hardware Installation
	Password	*****	Network Card Selection
	Confirmed Pas	sword ******	Diagnostic 1 Step 5
			Configuration Details Step 6 Diagnostic 2
			Step 7 Setup complete
			Powering communications with Security
		Back Next Exit	·
 Please configure the Wireless LAN setting and click next. 	Confi	guration Details	BILLION
	Please configure th	ne Wireless LAN settings and click Next	Step Welcome Installation
(If your router does not support wireless, please ignore this screen and it will not appear.)	ESSID Broadca SSID		Step 2 Hardware Installation
	Channel ID	wlan-ap	Step 3 Network Card Selection
	Authentication		Step 4 Diagnostic 1
			Step 5 Configuration Details Step 6
			Diagnostic 2
			Setup complete
		Back Next Exit	Powering connucctors with Security

11. Click Next to proceed to Diagnostic screen LAN Connection ADSL Line Connection PPP Connection	ic 2	BILLION
ADSL Line Connection		
	PASS	Step Welcome Installation
PPP Connection	PASS	Step 2 Hardware Installation
	PASS	Step 3 Network Card Selection
Internet Connection	PASS	Step 🕢
Check connection from your router to Int	ernet	Diagnostic 1 Step 5
Verify if your cables are connected p	properly from the	Configuration Details Step 6 Diagnostic 2
PC and phone line to the router.		Step 7 Setup complete
	Exit	Powering commissions with Security
12. Congratulations!! You've completed the Change Administr	ation Detail	BILLION
setup procedure and are ready for surfing the Internet.		Step 1 Welcome Installation
		Step 2 Hardware Installation
CONGRATULATIONS! You have now configured your Billion reconstruct	v successfully	Step 3 Network Card Selection
Finish to close this utility Your configuration	t.	Step 2 Diagnostic 1
		Step Step
		Step 6 Diagnostic 2
		Step 7 Setup complete
	Finish	Powering commissions with Security
13. The IE browser will be opened automatically	indows Talward Explorer	8 4 (x) [~p]
when you finish installing.	8	
BILLION . How I And Mine 1 For	Barer Congl' Lance Land Congl' Constant Land	ant Us
the second se	nnex M Technology	
	oubled Upstream Data Rate	/
er (PT) formal (eff)		Section 1
	/Bs + Home User National - National Solutions - Tradis Science // Science - Science - Science - Science // Science - Science - Science - Science - Science - Science // Science - Science	
Bay 189 - 189 (201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74, 201 - 184 74	Incorty Canway Brits Alls, Allan egy brits Alls, Allan egy brits Alls, Allan egy brits Allan e	14
These Research is Valid PC Assign or California (Control of Californ		
How hopes with Education Temperature How hopes with Education Temperature Harding All Control and All Contro	> Wanted?	2 0 mm 100 -

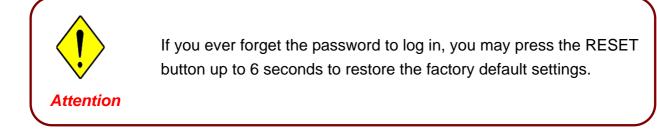
3.3 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your, you need to know the following default settings.



3.3.1 Username and Password

The default username and password are "admin" and "admin" respectively.



3.4 LAN and WAN Port Addresses

The parameters of LAN and WAN ports are pre-set in the factory. The default values are shown below.

	LAN Port	WAN Port
IP address	192.168.1.254	The PPPoE function is
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	<i>enabled</i> to automatically get the
DHCP server function	Enabled	WAN port configuration from the
IP addresses for distribution to PCs	100 IP addresses continuing from 192.168.1.100 through 192.168.1.199	ISP, but you have to set the username and password first.

3.5 Information from your ISP

Before configuring this device, you have to check with your ISP (Internet Service Provider) what kind of service is provided such as PPPoE, PPPoA, RFC1483, or IPoA.

Gather the information as illustrated in the following table and keep it for reference.

PPPoE	VPI/VCI, VC-based/LLC-based multiplexing, Username, Password, Service Name, and Domain Name System (DNS) IP address (it can be automatically assigned by your ISP when you connect or be set manually).
PPPoA	VPI/VCI, VC-based/LLC-based multiplexing, Username, Password, and Domain Name System (DNS) IP address (it can be automatically assigned by your ISP when you connect or be set manually).
RFC1483 Bridged	VPI/VCI, VC-based/LLC-based multiplexing to use Bridged Mode.
RFC1483 Routed	VPI/VCI, VC-based/LLC-based multiplexing, IP address, Subnet mask, Gateway address, and Domain Name System (DNS) IP address (it is fixed IP address).

3.6 Configuring with your Web Browser

Open your web browser, enter the IP address of your router, which by default is **192.168.1.254**, and click "**Go**", a user name and password window prompt will appear. **The default username and password are "admin" and "admin".**

Connect to 192.1	68.1.254 🛛 🛛 🔀
	G
User name:	🕵 admin 💌
<u>P</u> assword:	•••••
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Congratulation! You are now successfully logon to the BiPAC 5200 Series ADSL2+ Router!

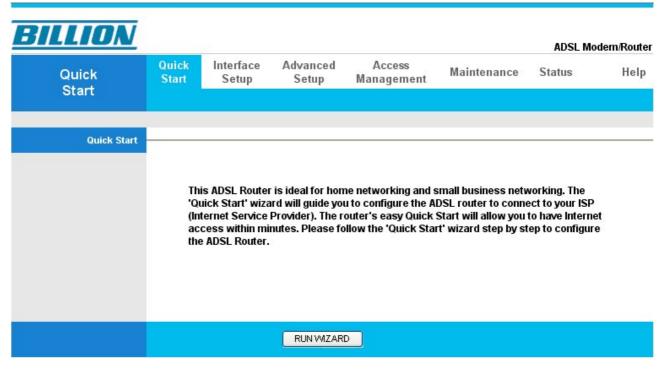
Chapter 4 Configuration

At the configuration homepage, the left navigation pane where bookmarks are provided links you directly to the desired setup page, including:

- Quick Start (wizard setup)
- Interface Setup (Internet, LAN, Wireless)
- Advanced Setup (Firewall, Routing, NAT, ADSL)
- Access Management (ACL, Filter, SNMP, UPnP, DDNS)
- Maintenance (Administration, Time Zone, Firmware, SysRestart, Diagnositics)
- Status (Device Info, System Log, Statistics)
- Help

Please see the relevant sections of this manual for detailed instructions on how to configure your Billion router.

4.1 Quick Start



For detailed instructions on configuring WAN settings, see the **Interface Setup** section of this manual.

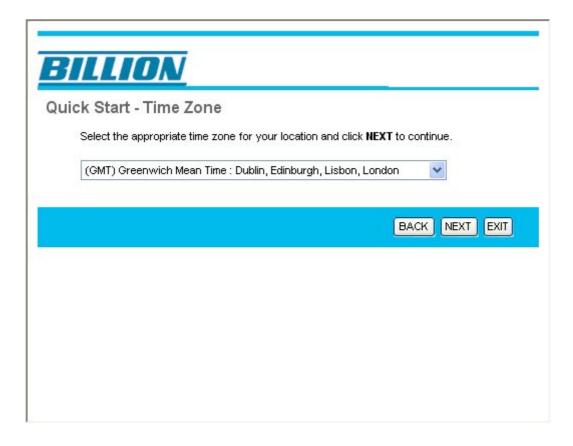
The Quick Start Wizard is a useful and easy utility to help setup the device to quickly connect to your ISP (Internet Service Provider) with only a few steps required. It will guide you step by step to configure the password, time zone, and WAN settings of your device. The Quick Start Wizard is a helpful guide for first time users to the device.

uick Sta	rt
The Wiz	ard will guide you through these four quick steps. Begin by clicking on NEXT.
	Step 1. Set your new password
	Step 2. Choose your time zone
	Step 3. Set your Internet connection
	Step 4. Re-start your ADSL router
	NEXT EXIT

Step1. Set your new password.

- Quick Start You may ch			vord by entering in	a new password. Click I
to continue.				
	New Password	:		
Conf	irmed Password	:		
				BACK NEXT EXI

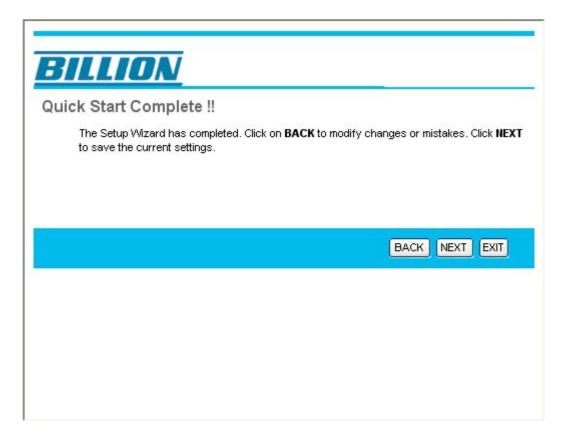
Step2: Choose your time zone

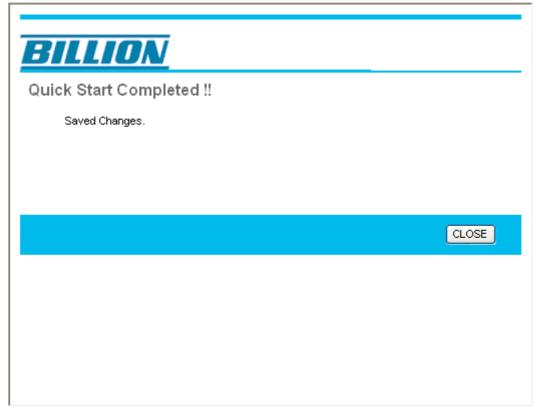


Step3: Set your Internet connection

uick Start - ISP Conne	ection Type				
Select the internet connectio	n type to connect to your ISP. Click NEXT to continue.				
O Dynamic IP Address	Choose this option to obtain a IP address automatically from your ISP.				
O Static IP Address	Choose this option to set static IP information provided to yo by your ISP.				
PPPoE/PPPoA	Choose this option if your ISP uses PPPoE/PPPoA. (For mos DSL users)				
O Bridge Mode	Choose this option if your ISP uses Bridge Mode.				

Quick Start - PPPoE/PPP Enter the PPPoE/PPPoA informa	PoA tion provided to you by your ISP.	. Click NEXT to continue.
Username: Password: VPI: VCI: Connection Type:	8 (0~255) 35 (1~65535)	
		BACK NEXT EXIT





Step4: Restart your ADSL2+ Router

4.2 Interface Setup

Click this item to access the following sub-items that configure the ADSL2+ router: **Internet**, **LAN**, and **Wireless**

These functions are described in the following sections.

4.2.1 Internet

BILLION		ADSL Modem/Router
Interface	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Access Maintenance Status Help
	Internet LAN	Wireless
ATM VC		
QoS	VPI	· O Activated O Deactivated
003	ATM QoS PCR SCR MBS	Contractions Contr
Encapsulation		
	ISP	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoE/PPPoA Bridge Mode
РРРоЕ/РРРоА		
0	Password Encapsulation	: username : •••••• : PPPoE LLC •• : O Activated ③ Deactivated
Connection Setting		 Always On (Recommended) Connect On-Demand (Close if idle for Connect Manually TCP MSS(0 means use default)
IP Address		
	Static IP Address IP Subnet Mask Gateway NAT Default Route TCP MTU Option Dynamic Route	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : Enable ♥ : ③ Yes ◯ No : TCP MTU(0 means use default) 0 bytes
		SAVE

ATM VC

ATM settings are used to connect to your ISP. Your ISP provides VPI, VCI settings to you. In

this Device, you can totally setup 8 VCs on different encapsulations, if you apply 8 different virtual circuits from your ISP. You need to activate the VC to take effect. For PVCs management, you can use ATM QoS to setup each PVC traffic line's priority.

Virtual Circuit: VPI (Virtual Path Identifier) and VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) define a virtual circuit.

PVC Summary:

BILLION

Service Information Summary

#	Active	VPI	VCI	ENCAP	Mux	IP Address	Status
PVC0	Yes	8	35	PPPoE	LLC	Dynamic	Idle
PVC1	No	0	34	RFC 1483	LLC	-	N/A
PVC2	No	0	35	RFC 1483	LLC	1/20	N/A
PVC3	No	0	36	RFC 1483	LLC	(2)	N/A
PVC4	No	0	37	RFC 1483	LLC	(2)	N/A
PVC5	No	0	38	RFC 1483	LLC	(2)	N/A
PVC6	No	0	39	RFC 1483	LLC	1/20	N/A
PVC7	No	0	40	RFC 1483	LLC	240	N/A

VPI: The valid range for the VPI is 0 to 255. Enter the VPI assigned to you. This field may already be configured.

• VCI: The valid range for the VCI is 1 to 65535. Enter the VCI assigned to you. This field may already be configured.

ATM QoS: Select the Quality of Service types for this Virtual Circuit. The ATM QoS types include CBR (Constant Bit Rate), VBR (Variable Bit Rate) and UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate). These QoS types are all controlled by the parameters specified below, including PCR, SCR and MBS.

Select **CBR** to specify fixed (always-on) bandwidth for voice or data traffic. Select **UBR** for applications that are non-time sensitive, such as e-mail. Select **VBR** for burst traffic and bandwidth sharing with other applications.

PCR: Divide the DSL line rate (bps) by 424 (the size of an ATM cell) to find the Peak Cell Rate (PCR). This is the maximum rate at which the sender can send cells.

SCR: The Sustain Cell Rate (SCR) sets the average cell rate (long-term) that can be transmitted.

MBS: Maximum Burst Size (MBS) refers to the maximum number of cells that can be sent at the peak rate. Type the MBS, which is less than 65535

Encapsulation:

ISP: Select the encapsulation type your ISP uses from the **Encapsulation** list.

Choices vary depending on what you select in the **Mode** field.

Dynamic IP: Select this option if your ISP provides you an IP address automatically. This option is typically used for Cable services. Please enter the Dynamic IP information accordingly.

Static IP: Select this option to set static IP information. You will need to enter in the Connection type, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address, provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which is four IP octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

PPPoE/PPPoA: Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE connection. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection. Please enter the information accordingly.

PPPoE/PPPoA

Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE connection. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection. Please enter the information accordingly.

User Name: Enter the user name exactly as your ISP assigned.

Password: Enter the password associated with the user name above.

Encapsulation: select Bridge in the Mode field, select either PPPoA or RFC 1483. select Routing in the Mode field, select PPPoA, RFC 1483, ENET ENCAP or PPPoE. Multiplex: Select the method of multiplexing used by your ISP. Choices are VC or LLC.

Half Bridge: The Half Bridge mode can only be used when a single IP address has been assigned by the ISP. It is used when the use of NAT is not desired and there is a single computer attached to the router.

Connection: The schedule rule(s) have priority over your Connection settings.

Always on: Select Always on Connection when you want your connection up all the time. **Connect on Demand:** Select Connect on Demand when you don't want the connection up all the time and specify an idle time-out in the Max Idle Timeout field

TCP MSS Option: Enter the TCP Maximum Segment Size (MSS)

Get IP Address: Choose Static or Dynamic

Static IP Address: Enter the IP address of ADSL Router in dotted decimal notation, for example, 192.168.1.254 (factory default).

IP Subnet Mask: The default is 0.0.0.0. User can change it to other such as 255.255.0. Type the subnet mask assigned to you by your ISP (if given).

Gateway: You must specify a gateway IP address (supplied by your ISP) when you use

1483 Bridged IP in the Encapsulation field in the previous screen.

NAT: Select this option to Activate/Deactivated the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for this VC. The NAT function can be activated or deactivated per PVC basis
 Default Route: if enable this function, the current PVC will be the default gateway to internet from this device

TCP MTU Option: Enter the TCP maximum transmission unit (MTU)

Dynamic Route:

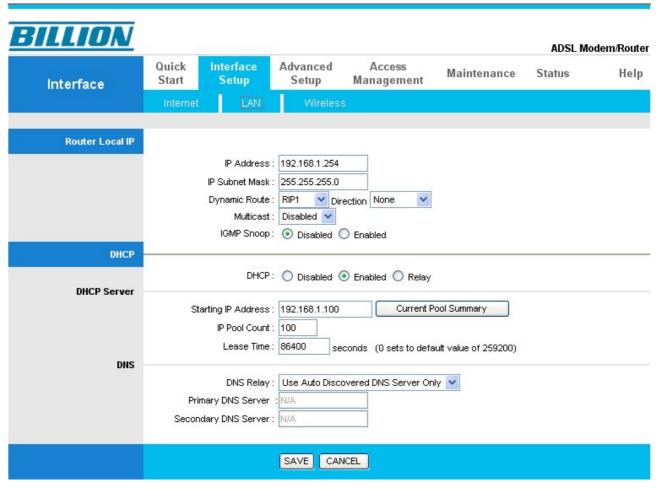
RIP Version: (Routing Information protocol) Select this option to specify the RIP version, including RIP-1, RIP-2M and RIP-2B. RIP-2M and RIP-2B are both sent in RIP-2 format; the difference is that RIP-2M using Multicast and RIP-2 using Broadcast format

RIP Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL Router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information then incorporate into routing table. IN only means the ADLS router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADLS router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.

Multicast: IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a network-layer protocol used to establish membership in a Multicast group - it is not used to carry user data. The BiPAC 5200 Series supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP-v1) and IGMP-v2. Select None to disable it

4.2.2 LAN

A Local Area Network (LAN) is a shared communication system to which many computers are attached and is limited to the immediate area, usually the same building or floor of a building.



Router Local IP

IP Address: Enter the IP address of ADSL Router in dotted decimal notation, for example, 192.168.1.254 (factory default).

IP Subnet Mask: The default is 255.255.255.0. User can change it to other such as 255.255.255.128.

Dynamic Route: Select the RIP version from RIP-1, RIP-2B and RIP-2M.

Q RIP Direction: Select the RIP direction from None, Both, In Only and Out Only.

Multicast: IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a network-layer protocol used to establish membership in a Multicast group - it is not used to carry user data. The BiPAC 5200 Series supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP-v1) and IGMP-v2. Select None to disable it

IGMP Snoop: Choose Disable or Enable IGMP Snoop function.

DHCP

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, RFC 2131 and RFC 2132) allows individual clients to obtain TCP/IP configuration at start-up from a server.

DHCP:

If set to **Enable**, your BiPAC 5200 Series can assign IP addresses, an IP default gateway and DNS servers to Windows 95, Windows NT and other systems that support the DHCP client.

If set to **disabled**, the DHCP server will be disabled.

If set to **Relay**, the BiPAC 5200 Series acts as a surrogate DHCP server and relays DHCP requests and responses between the remote server and the clients. Enter the IP address of the actual, remote DHCP server in the Remote DHCP Server field in this case.

When DHCP is used, the following items need to be set.

Starting IP Address: This field specifies the first of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool.

IP Pool Count: This field specifies the size or count of the IP address pool.

Lease Time: The current lease time of client.

Primary DNS Server: Enter the IP addresses of the DNS servers. The DNS servers are passed to the DHCP clients along with the IP address and the subnet mask.

Secondary DNS Server: Enter the IP addresses of the DNS servers. The DNS servers are passed to the DHCP clients along with the IP address and the subnet mask.

4.2.3 Wireless

802.11g are only supported for the BiPAC 5200G Series.

This section introduces the wireless LAN and some basic configurations. Wireless LANs can be as simple as two computers with wireless LAN cards communicating in a peer-to-peer network or as complex as a number of computers with wireless LAN cards communicating through access points which bridge network traffic to the wired LAN.

BILLION						ADSL Mode	m®outer
Interface	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
internate	Internet	LAN	Wireless	3			
Access Point Settings			-	-			
		Access Point :		Deactivated			
		Channel ID :		S Y Chanr	nel01 2412MHz 🚩 Cu	rrent Channel: 1	
		Beacon Interval :		lefault 100 msec, rang			
		S/CTS Threshold :		lefault 2347, range: 15	-		
	Fragme	ntation Threshold :			6~2346, even numbers	s only)	
		DTIM :		lefault: 1, range: 1∼255 I	5)		
		802.11 b/g :	802.11b+g 🚩]			
SSID Setting							
		SSID Index:	: 1 💌				
			: wlan-ap				
			🖸 Yes 🔘 N				
Wireless MAC Address	Au	thentication Type :	Disabled	~			
Filter							
		Active		Deactivated			
		Action			eless LAN station(s) a	ssociation.	
		Mac Address #1 :					
		Mac Address #2:					
		Mac Address #3:					
		Mac Address #4:					
		Mac Address #5:					
		Mac Address #6:					
		Mac Address #7 :					
		Mac Address #8 :	: [00:00:00:00:00	00			
			SAVE CAN	ICEL			

Access Point Settings

Access Point: Default setting is set to Activated. If you do not have any wireless, both 802.11g and 802.11b, device in your network, select Deactived.

Channel ID: The range of radio frequencies used by IEEE 802.11b/g wireless devices is called a channel. Select a channel from the drop-down list box.

Beacon interval: The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. Enter a value between 20 and 1000. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the Router to synchronize the wireless network.

RTS/CTS Threshold: The RTS (Request To Send) threshold (number of bytes) for enabling RTS/CTS handshake. Data with its frame size larger than this value will perform the RTS/CTS handshake. Setting this attribute to be larger than the maximum MSDU (MAC service data unit) size turns off the RTS/CTS handshake. Setting this attribute to zero turns on the RTS/CTS handshake Enter a value between 1500 and 2347..

Fragmentation Threshold: The threshold (number of bytes) for the fragmentation boundary for directed messages. It is the maximum data fragment size that can be sent. Enter a value between 256 and 2346.

DMIT: This value, between 1 and 255, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM).

802.11b/g: The default setting is 802.11b+g (Mixed mode). If you do not know or have both 11g and 11b devices in your network, then keep the default in mixed mode. From the drop-down manual, you can select 802.11g if you have only 11g card. If you have only 11b card, then select 802.11b.

SSIDs Setting

SSID Index: Default SSID index is "1".

SSID: The SSID is the unique name of a wireless access point (AP) to be distinguished from another. For security propose, change the default **wlan-ap** to a unique ID name to the AP which is already built-in to the router's wireless interface. It is case sensitive and must not excess 32 characters. Make sure your wireless clients have exactly the SSID as the device, in order to get connected to your network.

Broadcast SSID: Select Yes to hide the SSID in so a station cannot obtain the SSID through passive scanning. Select No to make the SSID visible so a station can obtain the SSID through passive scanning.

• Authentication Type: To prevent unauthorized wireless stations from accessing data transmitted over the network, the router offers highly secure data encryption, known as WEP.&WPA. If you require high security for transmissions, there are four alternatives to select from: 64-bit WEP, 128-bit WEP, WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK. WEP 128 will offer

increased security over WEP 64.

You can disable or enable with WPA or WEP for protecting wireless network. The default type of wireless is **disabled** and to allow all wireless computers to communicate with the access points without any data encryption

Wireless MAC Address Filter

The MAC filter screen allows you to configure the router to give exclusive access to up to 8 devices (Allow Association) or exclude up to 8 devices from accessing the router (Deny Association). Every Ethernet device has a unique MAC (Media Access Control) address. The MAC address is assigned at the factory and consists of six pairs of hexadecimal characters, for example, 00:AA:BB:00:00:02. You need to know the MAC address of the devices to configure this screen.

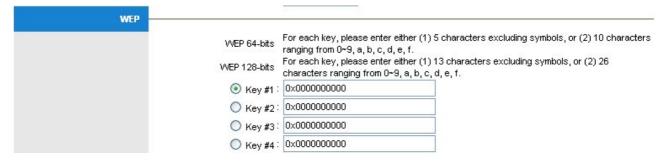
Active: Select Actived to enable MAC address filtering.

Action: Define the filter action for the list of MAC addresses in the MAC address filter table.

Select **Deny Association** to block access to the router, MAC addresses not listed will be allowed to access the router. Select **Allow Association** to permit access to the router, MAC addresses not listed will be denied access to the router.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC addresses (in XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX format) of the wireless station that are allowed or denied access to the router in these address fields.

WEP



Key 1 to Key 4: Enter the key to encrypt wireless data. To allow encrypted data transmission, the WEP Encryption Key values on all wireless stations must be the same as the router. There are four keys for your selection. The input format is in HEX style, 5 and 13 HEX codes are required for 64-bitWEP and 128-bitWEP respectively.

If you chose **WEP 64-bits**, then enter any 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal characters ("0-9", "A-F").

If you chose **WEP 128-bits**, then enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal characters ("0-9", "A-F").

You must configure all four keys, but only one key can be activated at any one time. The

default key is key 1.

WPA-PSK & WPA2-PSK

WPA-PSK		
WFA-F3R	<u>19</u>	
	Encryption : TKIP 💌	
	Pre-Shared Key :	(8~63 characters)

Encryption: TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) or AES (Advanced Encryption System) utilizes a stronger encryption method and incorporates Message Integrity Code (MIC) to provide protection against hackers.

Pre-Shared key: The key for network authentication. The input format is in character style and key size should be in the range between 8 and 63 characters.

4.3 Advanced Setup

4.3.1 Firewall

Your router includes a firewall for controlling Internet access from your LAN and helping to prevent attacks from hackers. In addition to this, when using NAT (Network Address Translation) the router acts as a "natural" Internet firewall, since all PCs on your LAN use private IP addresses that cannot be directly accessed from the Internet.

BILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
Firewall						l would be blocke	a, including
			SAVE CA	NCEL			

Sirewall: Enabled: As set in default setting, it activates your firewall function.

• **Disabled:** It disables the firewall function.

SPI: • Enabled: As set in default setting, it activates your SPI function.

• Disabled: It disables the SPI function.

4.3.2 Routing

If you have another router with a LAN-to-LAN connection, you may create a static routing on the router that is the gateway to Internet.

Advanced	Quick Start			Access Managemen	t Mai	ntenance	Status		Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL					
Routing Table List									
Routing Table List	#	Dest IP	Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	Device	Use	Edit	Droj
Routing Table List	-	Dest IP	Mask 24	Gateway IP 192.168.1.254	Metric 1	Device enet0	Use 312	Edit	Droj

- #: Item number
- Dest IP: IP address of the destination network
- **Mask:** The destination mask address.
- Gateway IP: IP address of the gateway or existing interface that this route uses.
- Metric: It represents the cost of transmission for routing purposes. The number need not
- be precise, but it must be between 1 and 15.
- **Device:** Media/channel selected to append the route.
- Use: Counter for access times.
- **Edit:** Edit the route; this icon is not shown for system default route.
- **Drop:** Drop the route; this icon is not shown for system default route.

ADD Route

<u>ILLION</u>						ADSL Mo	odem/Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
Static Route	Gat	nation IP Address IP Subnet Masi eway IP Address Metric Announced in RIF	<pre>c: 0.0.0.0 s: ⊙ 0.0.0.0 s: 0</pre>		20 💌		
			SAVE DE	ELETE BACK	CANCEL		

Destination IP Address : This is the destination subnet IP address.

IP Subnet Mask: It is the destination IP addresses based on above destination subnet IP

Gateway IP Address : This is the gateway IP address to which packets are to be forwarded.

Metric : It represents the cost of transmission for routing purposes. The number need not be precise, but it must be between 1 and 15.

• Announced in RIP: This parameter determines if the Prestige will include the route to the remote node in its RIP broadcasts. Set "No", it is kept private and is not included in RIP broadcasts. Set "Yes", the remote node will be propagated to other hosts through RIP broadcasts.

4.3.3 NAT

The NAT (Network Address Translation - NAT, RFC 1631) is the translation of the IP address of a host in a packet. The default setting is **Dynamic NAPT**. It provides dynamic Network Address Translation capability between LAN and multiple WAN connections, and the LAN traffic is routed to appropriate WAN connections based on the destination IP addresses and Route Table. This eliminates the need for the static NAT session configuration between multiple LAN clients and multiple WAN connections.

BILLION						ADSL M(odem/Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
NAT			s : Activated s : O Single ③ DMZ Virtual Server		⊧IPs Service)		

Virtual Circuit: VPI (Virtual Path Identifier) and VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) define a virtual circuit. There are eight groups of PVC can be defined and used.

Number of IPs: User can select Single or Multiple.

DMZ

The DMZ Host is a local computer exposed to the Internet. When setting a particular internal IP address as the DMZ Host, all incoming packets will be checked by the Firewall and NAT algorithms then passed to the DMZ host, when a packet received does not use a port number used by any other Virtual Server entries.

LLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Route
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
	DMZ	3499493191319297 <u>7</u> 6833	r : PVC0 - Multiple : O Enabled s : 0.0.0.0				

DMZ: O Disabled: As set in default setting, it disables the DMZ function.

• Enabled: It activates your DMZ function.

DMZ Host IP Address: Give a static IP address to the DMZ Host when Enabled radio button is checked. Be aware that this IP will be exposed to the WAN/Internet. Select the SAVE button to apply your changes.

Virtual Server

In TCP/IP and UDP networks a port is a 16-bit number used to identify which application program (usually a server) incoming connections should be delivered to. Some ports have numbers that are pre-assigned to them by the IANA (the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority), and these are referred to as "well-known ports". Servers follow the well-known port assignments so clients can locate them.

If you wish to run a server on your network that can be accessed from the WAN (i.e. from other machines on the Internet that are outside your local network), or any application that can accept incoming connections (e.g. Peer-to-peer/P2P software such as instant messaging applications and P2P file-sharing applications) and are using NAT (Network Address Translation), then you will usually need to configure your router to forward these incoming connection attempts using specific ports to the PC on your network running the application. You will also need to use port forwarding if you want to host an online game server.

The reason for this is that when using NAT, your publicly accessible IP address will be used by and point to your router, which then needs to deliver all traffic to the private IP addresses used by your PCs. Please see the **WAN** configuration section of this manual for more information on NAT.

The device can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing services

such as Web or FTP services via the public (WAN) IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN network. Depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP port number), the device redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

ILLION			3			ADSL N	lodem/Rou
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainten	ance Status	Hel
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
Virtual Server							
		Virtual Server for	: PVC0 - Multiple	IP Account			
		Rule Index					
		Application	Notari C	_	*		
					×		
		Start Port Number	: 0				
		End Port Number	: 0				
		Local IP Address	: 0.0.0.0				
Virtual Server Listing							
		Rule	Application	Start Port	End Port	Local IP Address	
		1	1. C	0	0	0.0.0.0	
		2	11 <u>-</u> 11	0	0	0.0.0.0	
		3	1 - 1	0	0	0.0.0	
		4		0	0	0.0.0	
		5	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		6	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		7	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		8	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		9	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		10	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		11	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		12	-	0	0	0.0.0	
		13	-	0	0	0.0.0.0	
		14	-	0	0	0.0.0.0	
		15	120	0	0	0.0.0.0	
		10		0		0.0.0.0	

SAVE DELETE BACK CANCEL

- Rule Index: Choose the rule number.
- Start Port Number: Enter a port number in this field.
- **End Port Number:** Enter a port number in this field.
- **Local IP Address:** Enter your server IP address in this field.

IP Address Mapping

<u>RILLION</u>						ADSL Mode	em/Rout
Advanced			Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Hel
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
IP Address Mapping							
	Address	s Mapping R	ule : PVC0				
			lex : 1 💌				
		Rule Ty	pe: One-to-One	~			
		Local Star	t IP : 0.0.0.0				
		Local End					
			t IP : 0.0.0.0				
				(0.0.0.0 for D	ynamic IP)		
		Public End	IP: INA				
Address Mapping List							
	Rul	le Type	Local Start IP	Local End IP	Public Start IP	Public End IP	
	1	1 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
	2						
	3						
	4				· · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	5	_					
	7						
	8						1
							A

Q Rule Index: Choose the rule number.

Rule Type:

One-to-one: This is the mode maps one local IP address to one global IP address. Note that port numbers do not change for the One-to-one NAT mapping type.

Many-to-One: This is the mode maps multiple local IP addresses to one global IP address. This is equivalent to Many to One (i.e., PAT, port address translation).

Many-to-Many Overload: This is mode maps multiple local IP addresses to shared global IP addresses.

Many-to-Many No Overload: This is the mode maps each local IP address to unique global IP addresses.

Server: This type allows you to specify inside servers of different services behind the NAT to be accessible to the outside world.

Local Start IP: This is the starting Inside Local IP Address (ILA). Local IP addresses are N/A for Server port mapping.

Local End IP: This is the end Inside Local IP Address (ILA). If your rule is for all local IP addresses, then enter 0.0.0.0 as the Local Start IP address and 255.255.255.255 as the Local End IP address. This field is N/A for One-to-one and Server mapping types.

Public Start IP: This is the starting Inside Public IP Address. Enter 0.0.0.0 here if you have a dynamic IP address from your ISP.

Public End IP: This is the ending Inside Public IP Address. This field is N/A for One-to-one, Many-to-One and Server mapping types.

Using port forwarding does have security implications, as outside users will be able to connect to PCs on your network. For this reason you are advised to use specific Virtual Server entries just for the ports your application requires, instead of using DMZ. As doing so will result in all connections from the WAN attempt to access to your public IP of the DMZ PC specified.

If you have disabled the NAT option in the WAN-ISP section, the Virtual Server function will hence be invalid.

Attention

If the DHCP server option is enabled, you have to be very careful in assigning the IP addresses of the virtual servers in order to avoid conflicts. The easiest way of configuring Virtual Servers is to manually assign static IP address to each virtual server PC, with an address that does not fall into the range of IP addresses that are to be issued by the DHCP server. You can configure the virtual server IP address manually, but it must still be in the same subnet as the router.

4.3.4 ADSL

<u>ILLION</u>	<u>.</u>					ADSL Mo	dem/Route
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	ADSL			
ADSL							
		ADSL Mode	: Auto Sync-Up	*			
		ADSL Type	ANNEX A/L	*			
			ANNEX A ANNEX I				
			ANNEX AL				
			ANNEX M	~~			
			ANNEX AMJ/L/	M			
			-				
				···			
				···			

● ADSL Mode: The default setting is Auto Sync-UP. This mode will automatically detect your ADSL, ADSL2+, ADSL2, G.dmt, G.lite, and T1.413. But in some area, multimode cannot detect the ADSL line code well. If it is the case, please adjust the ADSL line code to G.dmt or T1.413 first. If it still fails, please try the other values such as ALCTL, ADI, etc.

ADSL Type: There are five modes "Open Annex Type and Follow DSLAM's Setting", "Annex A", "Annex I", "Annex A/L", "Annex M" and "Annex A/I/L/M" that user can select for this connection.

4.4 Access Management

4.4.1 ACL

Access Control Listing allows you to determine which services/protocols can access BiPAC 5200 Series interface from which computers.

BILLION							ADSL Mod	lem/Router
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advan Setu		Access anagement	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filte	er	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS		
Access Control Setup				-				
Access Control Editing			Acti	ivated 🔾 [Deactivated			
Access Control Listing	S	Act ecure IP Addre Applicat		~	~ 0.0.0.0	(0.0.0.0 ~ 0.	0.0.0 means all IPs)	
	Γ	Index	Active	Secure	e IP Address	Application	Interface	
		1	Yes	0.0.	0.0-0.0.0.0	ALL	LAN	1
			SAVE	DELETE	CANCEL			

ACL Rule Index: This is item number

Secure IP Address: The default 0.0.0.0 allows any client to use this service to remotely manage the BiPAC 5200 Series. Type an IP address to restrict access to a client with a matching IP address.

Application: Choose a service that you may use to remotely manage the BiPAC 5200 Series.

Interface: Select the access interface. Choices are LAN, WAN and Both.

4.4.2 Filter

You can Filter the packages by IP port , MAC and Application.

BILLION								
							ADSL	Modem/Route
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Manageme	nt Mair	ntenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnl	P C	DNS		
Filter								
Filter Type								
	Filt	er Type Selection :	IP / MAC Filter	*				
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing								
	IP / MA	C Filter Set Index :						
		Direction :	Both					
IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing								
	IP / MAG	C Filter Rule Index :	: 1 💌					
		Rule Type :						
		Active :	Yes 💿 N	5				
	s	ource IP Address :		(0.0.0.0 me	eans Don't car	e)		
		Subnet Mask :						
		Port Number :	: 0 (0 means Don't ca	re)			
	Desti	nation IP Address :		(0.0.0.0 m	eans Don't car	e)		
		Subnet Mask :		(0.0.0.0 m		0)		
		Port Number :	. 0 (0 means Don't ca	ire)			
		Protocol : Rule Unmatched :						
IP / MAC Filter Listing								
	IP / MAC	Filter Set Index	1 💌	Interface	8		Direction	
	# Active	Src Address	Mask De	st IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
	1 -	5 <u>-</u> 2		8 <u>4</u>	1 2		1 -	2
	2 -	-		14	1 2	(<u>2</u>	1 °	<u> </u>
	3 -	542		84	1 24	22	<u></u>	22

Filter Type

• Filter Type Selection: There are three types "IP/MAC Filter", "Application Filter", and "URL Filter" that user can select for this connection.

IP/MAC Filter Set Editing

- IP/MAC filter Set Index: This is item number
- Interface: Select which channel (PVC) to configure.
- **Direction:** Select the access to the Internet (**"Outgoing**") or from the Internet

("Incoming").or Both.

IP/MAC Filter Rule Editing

IP/MAC Filter Rule Index: This is item number

Rule Type: Choose "IP" or "MAC" rules

Active: Select Yes from the drop down list box to enable IP filter rule.

Source IP Address: The source IP address or range of packets to be monitored.

Subnet Mask: It is the source IP addresses based on above source subnet IP

Source Port Number: This Port or Port Ranges defines the port allowed to be used by the Remote/WAN to connect to the application. Default is set from range 0 ~ 65535. It is recommended that this option be configured by an advanced user.

Destination IP Address: This is the destination subnet IP address.

Subnet Mask: It is the destination IP addresses based on above destination subnet IP

Destination Port Number: This is the Port or Port Ranges that defines the application.

Protocol: It is the packet protocol type used by the application, select either TCP or UDP or ICMP

Rule Unmatched: Select action for the traffic unmatching current rule; Forward to leave it pass through, and NEXT to check it by the next rule.

IP/MAC Filter Listing

#: Item number.

Active: Whether the connection is currently active.

Src IP Mask: The source IP address or range of packets to be monitored.

Dest IP Mask: This is the destination subnet IP address.

Src port: This Port or Port Ranges defines the port allowed to be used by the

Remote/WAN to connect to the application. Default is set from range **0** ~ **65535.** It is recommended that this option be configured by an advanced user.

Dest Port: This is the Port or Port Ranges that defines the application.

Protocol: It is the packet protocol type used by the application, select either TCP or UDP or ICMP

Unmatched: It show this profile's setting :Forward or NEXT

Application Filter

BILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Route
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS		
Filter							
Filter Type							
	Fit	ter Type Selection	: Application Filte	er 💌			
Application Filter Editing							
		Application Filter	: 🔘 Activated	 Deactivated 			
			: 💿 Allow 🔘				
			: 💿 Allow 🔘				
			: 💿 Allow 🔘				
		Real Audio∕Video	: 💿 Allow 🔘	Deny			

- Application Filter: Select this option to Activated/Deactivated the Application filter.
- **ICQ:** Select this option to Allow/Deny ICQ.
- **MSN:** Select this option to Allow/Deny MSN.
- **YMSG:** Select this option to Allow/Deny Yahoo messenger.
- **Real Audio/Video:** Select this option to Allow/Deny Real Audio/Video.
- URL Filter

ILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Ro
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	He
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMF	UPnP	DDNS		
Filter							
Filter Type							
	59	ter Type Selectic		*			
	<u>с</u> п	ter Type Selectic		×			
URL Filter Editing							
		Activ	re: 🔘 Yes 💽 N	o			
		URL Inde	ex : 1 💌				
		UF	L:				
URL Filter Listing							
	Index		RL				
		1					
		2					
		3 4					
		5					
		6					
		7					
		8					
		9					
		10					
		11					
		12					
		13					
		14					
		15					
		16					

• Active: Select Actived to enable URL Filter.

URL Index: This is item number.

• URL: Allow you to prevent users on your network from accessing particular websites by their URL.

4.4.3 SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol used for exchanging management information between network devices. SNMP is a member of the TCP/IP protocol suite. BiPAC 5200 Series supports SNMP agent functionality which allows a manager station to manage and monitor the router through the network.

BILLION						ADSL I	Modem/Router
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS		
SNMP							
		Get Community	public				
		Set Community	public				
			SAVE				

Get Community: Type the Get Community, which is the password for the incoming Get-and GetNext requests from the management station.

Set Community: Type the Set Community, which is the password for incoming Set requests from the management station.

4.4.4 UPnP

UPnP offers peer-to-peer network connectivity for PCs and other network devices, along with control and data transfer between devices. UPnP offers many advantages for users running NAT routers through UPnP NAT Traversal, and on supported systems makes tasks such as port forwarding much easier by letting the application control the required settings, removing the need for the user to control advanced configuration of their device. Both the user's Operating System and the relevant application must support UPnP in addition to the router. Windows XP and Windows Me natively support UPnP (when the component is installed), and Windows 98 users may install the Internet Connection Sharing client from Windows XP in order to support UPnP. Windows 2000 does not support UPnP.

Access Management	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced	Access	Maintenance	C 1 1	122202
Management			Setup	Management	maintenance	Status	Help
	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS		
			Contraction :		IPnP-enabled Applicatio	n)	

UPnP: Select this checkbox to activate UPnP. Be aware that anyone could use a UPnP application to open the web configurator's login screen without entering the BiPAC 5200 Series 's IP address

Auto-configured: Select this check box to allow UPnP-enabled applications to automatically configure the BiPAC 5200 Series so that they can communicate through the BiPAC 5200 Series, for example by using NAT traversal, UPnP applications automatically reserve a NAT forwarding port in order to communicate with another UPnP enabled device; this eliminates the need to manually configure port forwarding for the UPnP enabled application.

4.4.5 DDNS

The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname, allowing users whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your ADSL connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP.

Access S	uick Ir					ADSL MO	dem/Router
	tart	nterface / Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS		
Dynamic DNS	Ser M E-I	Dynamic DNS: (vice Provider : w ly Host Name : [mail Address : [Username : [Password : [card support :	vww.dyndns.oi	g 			

- Dynamic DNS: Select this check box to use dynamic DNS.
- Service Provider: www.dyndns.org

My Host Name: Type the domain name assigned to your BiPAC 5200 Series by your Dynamic DNS provider.

- **E-mail Address:** Type your e-mail address.
- **Username:** Type your user name.
- **Password:** Type the password assigned to you.
- **Wildcard support:** Select this check box to enable DYNDNS Wildcard.

4.4.6 CWMP



TR-069 function are supported for the BiPAC 5200G*R3*/ 5200G*R5* /5200S*R3*/ 5200*R3*.

ILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Route
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP	
CWMP Setup			~	_			
Login ACS		CVVMP	: 🔘 Activated (Deactivated			
Login Acs		URL					
		User Name]		
		Password	:]		
Connection Request							
			: /tr069				
		Port UserName	: 80		-		
		Password					
Periodic Inform					_		
		Periodic Inform	: O Activated	Deactivated			
		Interval	2				

- **CWMP:** Enable or Disable TR069 function
- URL: Type ACS server's URL
- User Name: Type ACS server login username
- Password: Type ACS server login password
- Path: Type the path for Connection request
- Port: Type the port for Connection request
- **Username:** Type username for ACS server to make connection request
- **Password:** Type password for ACS server to make connection request
- Periodic inform: Enable or Disable Periodic inform
- Interval: interval time of Periodic inform (unit second).

4.5 Maintenance

4.5.1 Administrator

In factory setting, the default password is **admin**, and that for user is also password. You can change the default password to ensure that someone cannot adjust your settings without your permission. Every time you change your password, please record the password and keep it at a safe place.

BILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administr	ration Tim	ie Zone 👘 I	Firmware Sys	sRestart Diag	inostics	
Administrator	c	Username New Password	1:				
			SAVE CA	NCEL			

• New Password: Type the new password in this field

Confirm Password: Type the new password again in this field.

4.5.2 Time Zone

The router does not have a real time clock on board; instead, it uses the Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) to get the current time from an SNTP server outside your network. Choose your local time zone. After a successful connection to the Internet, the router will retrieve the correct local time from the SNTP server you have specified. If you prefer to specify an SNTP server other than those in the drop-down list, simply enter its IP address as shown above. Your ISP may provide an SNTP server for you to use.

ILLION					100			ADSL Mo	dem/Route
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acces Managen	The second second	Mainten	ance	Status	Help
	Administra	tion Tim	ne Zone	Firmware	SysR	estart	Diagr	nostics	
Time Zone		weet Date Time	e: 01/01/2000 01:	44.00					
Time Synchronization			1: () NTP Serve						
	0,		O PC's Clock						
			O Manually						
		Time Zone	e: (GMT+08:00)	Beijing, Hong Ko	ong, Perth,	Singapore,	Taipei		*
		Daylight Saving	: O Enabled	Disabled	-				
	NTP S	Server Address	s: 0.0.0.0		(0.0.0.0:	Default Val	lue)		
			SAVE CA	NCEL					

Synchronize time with: Select the time service protocol that your time server sends when you turn on the Router.

Time Zone: Choose the time zone of your location. This will set the time difference between your time zone and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).

Daylight Saving: Select this option if you use daylight savings time

NTP Server Address: Enter the IP address of your time server. Check with your ISP/network administrator if you are unsure of this information.

4.5.3 Firmware

Your router's "firmware" is the software that allows it to operate and provides all its functionality. Think of your router as a dedicated computer, and the firmware as the software it runs. Over time this software may be improved and modified, and your router allows you to upgrade the software it runs to take advantage of these changes.

To upgrade the firmware of BiPAC 5200 Series, you should download or copy the firmware to your local environment first. Press the "**Browse...**" button to specify the path of the firmware file. Then, click "**Upgrade**" to start upgrading. When the procedure is completed, BiPAC 5200 Series will reset automatically to make the new firmware work.

BILLION						ADSL Mo	odem/Router
Maintenance	Quick Inter Start Set			- Mai	ntenance	Status	Help
	Administration	Time Zone	Firmware	SysRestar	t Diag	gnostics	
Firmware/Romfile Upgrade	New Firmware New Romfile	Location : Backup : ROMFI Status : It might t	E0.C2C)3.6.0.0 LE SAVE take several minu fter the upgrade.	Browse Browse Ites, don't pov		ing upgrading.	Device will
		UPGRA	DE				

New Firmware Location: Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.

• New Romfile Location: Romfile means the configuration file. Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click **Browse** to find it.

Browse: Click Browse... to find the .ras file you want to upload. Remember that you must decompress compressed (.zip) files before you can upload them.

Romfile Backup: Click ROMFILE SAVE button to save current configuration file to your PC.

UPGRADE: Click UPGRADE to begin the upload process. This process may take up to two minutes.

After two minutes, log in again and check your new firmware version in the System Status screen.

If the upload was not successful, the following screen will appear. Click Back to go back to the Firmware screen.



DO NOT power down the router or interrupt the firmware upgrading while it is still in process. Improper operation could damage the router.

4.5.4 SysRestart

Click **SysRestart** with option **Current Settings** to reboot your router (and restore your last saved configuration).

BILLION						ADSL Mo	dem/Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administra	ation Tim	ie Zone 👘	Firmware Sys	sRestart Diag	inostics	
System Restart							
	Sys	tem Restart with	Current S 🔘 Eactory D	ettings vefault Settings			
			C	î			
			RESTART				

If you wish to restart the router using the factory default settings (for example, after a firmware upgrade or if you have saved an incorrect configuration), select *Factory Default Settings* to reset to factory default settings.

You may also reset your router to factory settings by holding the small Reset pinhole button on the back of your router in for 10-12 seconds whilst the router is turned on.

4.5.5 Diagnostics

The Diagnostic Test page shows the test results for the connectivity of the physical layer and protocol layer for both LAN and WAN sides

ILLION	Quick Inter		Access	Maintenance	Status	dem/Route Help
Maintenance	Start Set Administration		Management Firmware Sy	sRestart Dia	ignostics	
Diagnostic Test						
	Virtual Circu	it: PVC0 💌				
	>> Testing	Ethernet LAN connection	i I	PASS		
	>> Testing	ADSL Synchronization .		FAIL		
	>> Testing	ATM OAM segment ping	SI	KIPPED		
	>> Testing	ATM OAM end to end pir	ng SI	KIPPED		
	>> Ping Prin	nary Domain Name Serve	er. SI	KIPPED		
	>> Pina wv	vw.yahoo.com	S	KIPPED		

4.6 Status

4.6.1 Device Info

This page displays the current information for the ADSL Router. It will display the Firmware version, LAN, WAN, and MAC address information.

ILION				A. 199. 2019-1017			ADSL M	odem/Route
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managem	D/1	aintenance	Status	Help
	Device li	nfo Syste	m Log	Statistics				
Device Information								
	F	irmware Version :	2 10 0 1/RUE0	C2)3600				
		MAC Address :	-	-				
LAN	-							
		IP Address :	192.168.1.254					
		Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0					
		DHCP Server :	Enabled					
WAN								
		Virtual Circuit :	DVCD					
			Not Connected					
		Connection Type :						
		IP Address :						
		Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0					
		Default Gateway :	0.0.0.0					
		DNS Server :	0.0.0.0					
		NAT :	Enabled					
ADSL								
	ADSL F	irmware Version :	FwVer:3.6.0.0	_A_TC3085 Hw	Ver:T14.F7_1	.0		
		Line State :	Down					
		Modulation :	Multi-Mode					
		Annex Mode :	ANNEX_A					
			Downstream	Upstream				
		SNR Margin :		N/A	db			
		Line Attenuation : Data Rate :		N/A 0	db kbps			
		Data Hato.						

- Device Information
- **Firmware version:** This is the Firmware version
- MAC Address: This is the MAC Address
- LAN
- IP Address: LAN port IP address.

- Sub Net Mask: LAN port IP subnet mask.
- DHCP Server: LAN port DHCP role Enabled, Relay or disabled

WAN

- Status: "Not connected" or "Connected"
- Virtual Circuit: There are eight groups of PVC can be defined.

VPI: The valid range for the VPI is 0 to 255

- VCI: The valid range for the VCI is 1 to 65535
- Connection Type: Name of the WAN connection.
- IP Address: WAN port IP address.
- Subnet mask: WAN port IP subnet mask.
- Default Gateway: The IP address of the default gateway.
- DNS Server: WAN port DHCP role Enabled, Relay or disabled
- NAT: Enabled or Disabled NAT function

ADSL

- ADSL firmware version: This is the DSL firmware version associated with your router
- Line State: This is the status of your ADSL link.
- **Modulation:** This field displays the ADSL modulation status for G.dmt or T1.413.
- Annex Mode: To show the router's type, e.g. Annex A, Annex B
- SNR Margin: To show the router's SNR margin for Downstream/Upstream
- Line Attenuation : To show the router's for Downstream/Upstream
- Data Rate: To show the router's data rate for Downstream/Upstream

4.6.2 System Log

Display system logs accumulated up to the present time. You can trace historical information with this function.

Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	ł
	Device	nfo Sys	tem Log	Statistics			
System Lo	g						
	1/1/2000	0.0.3.465 N	o DNS serve	er available		~	
				og repeat 10 Ti	mes		
			-	fail: no serve			
			1 - 1990 (1996)	r pause 60 seco er available	onds		
				fail: wrong do	omain name		
			E = 0.000 kg	er available		=	
				og repeat 10 Ti			
				fail: no serve			
			7.5.5.0	r pause 60 seco nDial: err=-300			
	rn p=804	0.0700070000000000000000000000000000000	echakechani	IDIAI: EIL300	,1		
			ast errorlo	oq repeat 4 Tin	nes		
	1/1/2000	0:5:46> N	o DNS serve	er available			
			E. C.	fail: wrong do	omain name		
				er available			
				og repeat 10 Ti			
			1. The state of th	fail: no serve pause 1 dav	er avallaple		
)ial: err=-3001			
	rn p=804	0.7002057					
	1/1/2000) 0:7:42> L	ast errorlo	og repeat 4 Tin	nes		
	1/1/2000) 0:8:22> n	etMakeChanr	nDial: err=-300)1		
	rn_p=804		12 823	01 - 01 (200 <u>20</u> 0			
	1/1/2000) 0:9:51> L	ast errorlo	og repeat 19 Ti	lmes	~	

4.6.3 Statistics

Read-only information here includes port status and packet specific statistics. Also provided are "Transmit Statistics" and "Receive Statistics".

Ethernet

							ADSL	. Modern/Rout
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage	1000-000-00	Maintenance	Status	Helj
	Device li	nfo Syst	tem Log	Statistics		1		
Traffic Statistics								
Traffic Statistics		Interface	: 💿 Ethernet	O ADSL O	WLAN			
Traffic Statistics	Te			O ADSL O		Pacaka Statistics		
Traffic Statistics		ansmit Statisti				Receive Statistics		805
Traffic Statistics	Transmit	ansmit Statisti Frames	cs	884	Receiv	ve Frames		896
Traffic Statistics	Transmit Transmit	ansmit Statisti Frames Multicast Frames	cs		Receiv	/e Frames /e Multicast Frames		85
Traffic Statistics	Transmit Transmit	ansmit Statisti Frames Multicast Frames total Bytes	cs	884 235	Receiv Receiv Receiv	ve Frames		

Interface: This field displays the type of port

Transmit Frames: This field displays the number of frames transmitted in the last second.

Transmit Multicast Frames: This field displays the number of multicast frames transmitted in the last second.

Transmit total Bytes: This field displays the number of bytes transmitted in the last second.

Transmit Collision: This is the number of collisions on this port.

Transmit Error Frames: This field displays the number of error packets on this port.

Receive Frames: This field displays the number of frames received in the last second.

Receive Multicast Frames: This field displays the number of multicast frames received in the last second.

Receive total Bytes: This field displays the number of bytes received in the last second.

Receive CRC Errors: This field displays the number of error packets on this port.

Receive Under-size Frames: This field displays the number of under-size frames received in the last second.

ADSL

LLION							ADSL	Modem/Route
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage	100000	Maintenance	Status	Help
oturuo	Device Info System Log		tem Log	Statistics				
	Device	oys	tenn Log					
Traffic Statistics	Device	0ye	leff Log					
Traffic Statistics	Device		e: O Ethernet) WLAN			
Traffic Statistics			e: O Ethernet			Receive Statistics		
Traffic Statistics	Tr	Interfac	e: O Ethernet			Receive Statistics ve total PDUs		0

Transmit total PDUs: This field displays the number of total PDU transmitted in the last second.

Transmit total Error Counts: This field displays the number of total error transmitted in the last second.

Receive total PDUs: This field displays the number of total PDU received in the last second.

Receive total Error Counts: This field displays the number of total error received in the last second.

WLAN

LLION						ADSL Mod	iem/Route
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemen	nt Maintenance	Status	Help
oraras	Device Info System Log		em Log	Statistics			
Traffic Statistics							
Traffic Statistics				0			
Traffic Statistics			: O Ethernet	🔿 ADSL 💿 WLA	٩N		
Traffic Statistics				O ADSL 💿 WLA	AN Receive Statistics		
Traffic Statistics	Tr	Interface				25	9
Traffic Statistics	Tr Tx Fran	Interface ransmit Statistic		103 Ro	Receive Statistics	25	

Tx Frames Count: This field displays the number of frames transmitted in the last second.

Tx Errors Count: This field displays the number of errors frames transmitted in the last second.

• Tx Drops Count: This field displays the number of drops frames transmitted in the last second.

Rx Frames Count: This field displays the number of frames received in the last second.

Rx Errors Count: This field displays the number of errors frames received in the last second.

Q Rx Drops Count: This field displays the number of drops frames received in the last second.

4.7 Help

BILLION						ADSL Modem/Route
Help	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status Help
Quick Start						
		0	Quick Start			
Interface Setup						
		0	Internet Setti	ings		
		0	LAN Settings			
		0	Wireless LA	N Settings		
Advanced Setup						
		0	Firewall			
		0	Routing			
		0	NAT			
		0	ADSL			
Access Management			1. 1993.24			
			ACL			
		0	IP Filter SNMP			
		ŏ	UPnP			
		ŏ	DDNS			
Maintenance						
		0	Administratio	on		
		ŏ				
		0	Firmware			
			SysRestart			
		0	Diagnostics			
Status						
		0	Device Info			
		0	-,			
		0	Statistics			

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

If the ADSL2+ Router is not functioning properly, you can refer first to this chapter for simple troubleshooting before contacting your service provider. This could save your time and effort but if the symptoms persist, then consult your service provider.

Problems starting up the router

Problem	Corrective Action
None of the LEDs are on when you turn on the router.	Check the connection between the adapter and the router. If the error persists, you may have a hardware problem. In this case you should contact technical support.
You have forgotten your router login and/or password.	Try the default login and password, please refers to Chapter 3. If this fails, you can restore your router to its factory settings by holding the Reset button on the back of your router for 6 seconds above.

Problems with the WAN Interface

Problem	Corrective Action
Initialization of the PVC connection ("linesync") failed.	Ensure that the telephone cable is connected properly from the ADSL port to the wall jack. The ADSL LED on the front panel of the router should be on. Check that your VPI, VCI, encapsulation type and type of multiplexing settings are the same as those provided by your ISP. Reboot the router GE. If you still have problems, you may need to verify these settings with your ISP.

Frequent loss of	Ensure that all other devices connected to the same
ADSL linesync	telephone line as your router (e.g. telephones, fax machines,
(disconnections).	analogue modems) have a line filter connected between
	them and the wall socket (unless you are using a Central
	Splitter or Central Filter installed by a qualified and licensed
	electrician), and ensure that all line filters are correctly
	installed and the right way around. Missing line filters or line
	filters installed the wrong way around can cause problems
	with your ADSL connection, including causing frequent
	disconnections.

Problems with the LAN Interface

Problem	Corrective Action
Can't ping any PCs on the LAN.	Check the Ethernet LEDs on the front panel. The LED should be on for a port that has a PC connected. If it is off, check the cables between your router and the PC. Make sure you have uninstalled any software firewall for troubleshooting.
	Verify that the IP address and the subnet mask are consistent between the router and the workstations.

Product Support and Contact Information

Most problems can be solved by referring to the **Troubleshooting** section in the User's Manual. If you cannot resolve the problem with the **Troubleshooting** chapter, please contact the dealer where you purchased this product.

Contact Billion

WORLDWIDE

http://www.billion.com

FCC statement in User's Manual (for class B)

"Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution:

- 1. The device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
 - (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2."The antenna(s) used for this device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons."

3. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user authority to operate the equipment.