

USER MANUAL

DIR-412

DIR-412行動無線寬頻路由器

VERSION 1.0



D-Link[®]

WIRELESS

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	October 20, 2009	• First Draft.

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Package Contents

<p>D-Link DIR-412 Wireless N Router (Available in White or Black*)</p>	
<p>Power Adapter</p>	
<p>Ethernet Cable</p>	
<p>CD-ROM</p>	

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-412 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

*The white version of the DIR-412 Wireless N Router will be used for all diagrams in this user manual.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem• IEEE 802.11n-draft/g wireless clients• 10/100 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system• An installed Ethernet adapter <p>Browser Requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher• Mozilla 1.7.12 or higher• Firefox 1.5 or higher• Safari 1.0 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)• Flock 0.7.14 or higher• Opera 6.0 or higher <p>Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</p>
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Windows® XP with Service Pack 2 or Vista®• An installed Ethernet adapter• CD-ROM drive

Features

- **Faster Wireless Networking** - The DIR-412 provides up to 300Mbps* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio.
- **Compatible with 802.11g Devices** - The DIR-412 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g standard, so it can connect with existing 802.11g PCI, USB and FireWire adapters.
- **3G Internet Connection Support** - Connect a 3G USB dongle to the DIR-412 to access 3G Internet Services.
- **Advanced Firewall Features** - The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
 - **Content Filtering** - Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
 - **Filter Scheduling** - These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
 - **Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions** - The DIR-412 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-412 can securely access corporate networks.
- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** - Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-412 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Hardware Overview

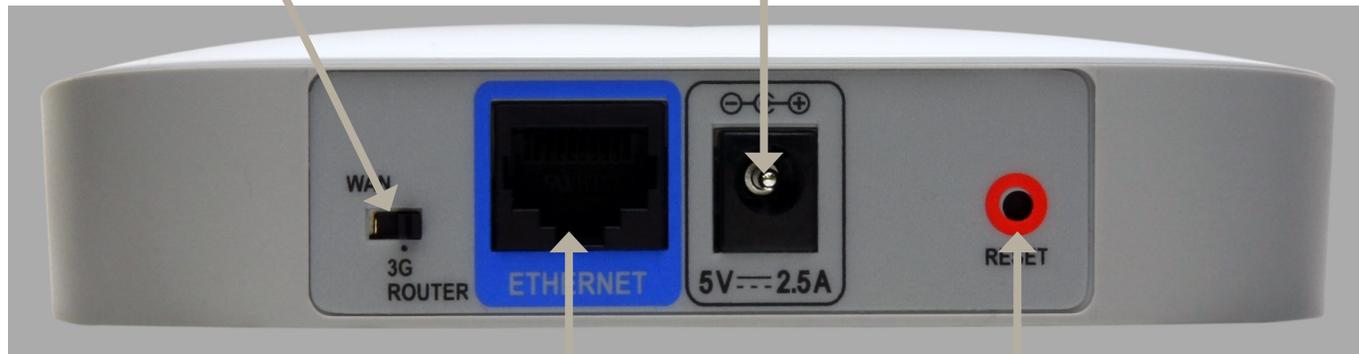
Connections

WAN Mode/3G Router Mode Switch

Use this switch to change between WAN mode and 3G Router mode.

Power Receptor

Receptor for the supplied power adapter.



Ethernet Port

In WAN mode the Ethernet port is used to connect to your WAN connection. In 3G mode the Ethernet port is used to connect to your LAN connection.

Reset

Pressing the Reset button restores the router to its original factory default settings.

Hardware Overview

Top View

Power LED

Lights orange during bootup. Lights green when router has booted up. A solid green light indicates a proper connection to the power supply. If the LED blinks orange the system has failed.

Ethernet LED

A solid green light indicates that a link has been established. This LED blinks during data transmission.

3G USB Connection

Connect your 3G USB dongle to this port if you want to use a 3G Internet connection.



Internet LED

A solid green light indicates a successful 3G connection. A solid orange light indicates a 3G error, a WAN failure, or a system failure. A blinking green light indicates that the WAN connection is enabled when the Router is operating in WAN mode.

WLAN LED

A solid green light indicates that the wireless segment is ready. This LED blinks during wireless data transmission.

WPS Button

Press the WPS button for 1 second to initiate the WPS process. The button will flash blue while a WPS connection is being established. The button will light blue for 300 seconds if a successful WPS connection has been made.

Hardware Overview

Switching Between WAN Mode/3G Router Mode

The DIR-412 features a hardware switch that enables users to switch between WAN mode and 3G router mode.

When the DIR-412 is operating in WAN mode, WAN connectivity is achieved via the DIR-412's Ethernet port. In this mode LAN clients need to access the DIR-412 via the DIR-412's wireless connection. When the DIR-412 is operating in WAN mode network connectivity is more resilient as Internet connectivity can be failed over to a backup 3G connection, if the main WAN connection fails.

When the DIR-412 is in 3G router mode, LAN clients can access the DIR-412 via the DIR-412's Ethernet connection, as well as via the wireless connection. The disadvantage of 3G router mode is that if the 3G connection fails, Internet connectivity on the network will be lost.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Before you Begin

- Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem.
- You can only use the Ethernet port on your modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, then you must turn off your modem, disconnect the USB cable and connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change connection types (USB to Ethernet).
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.

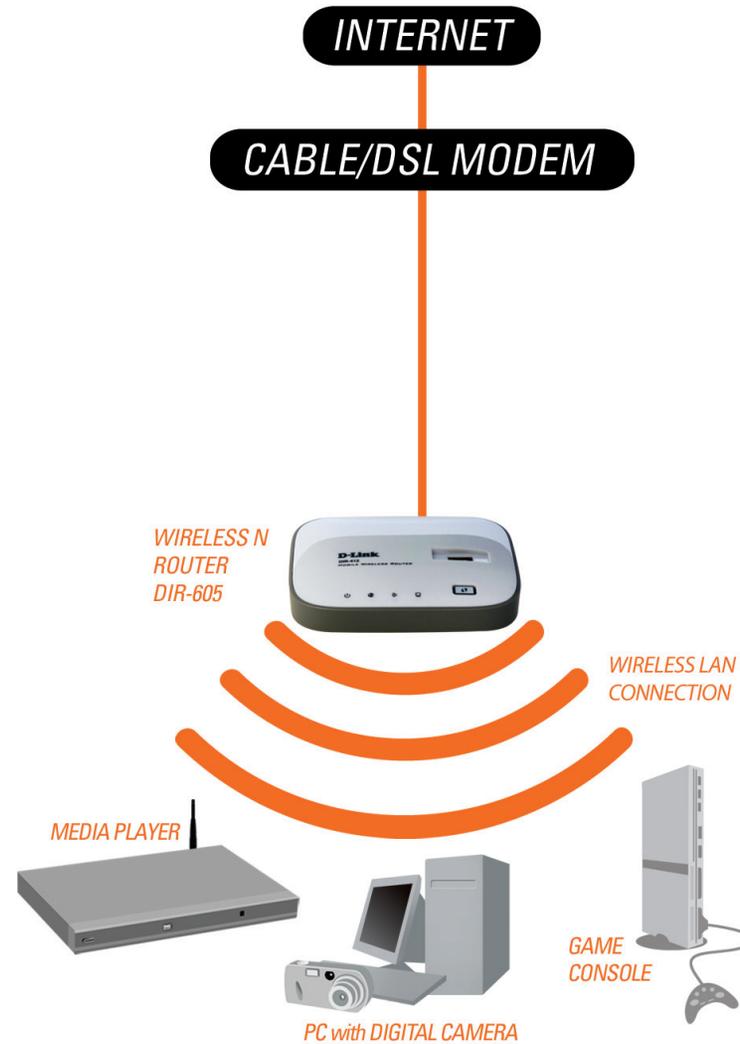
Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum - each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

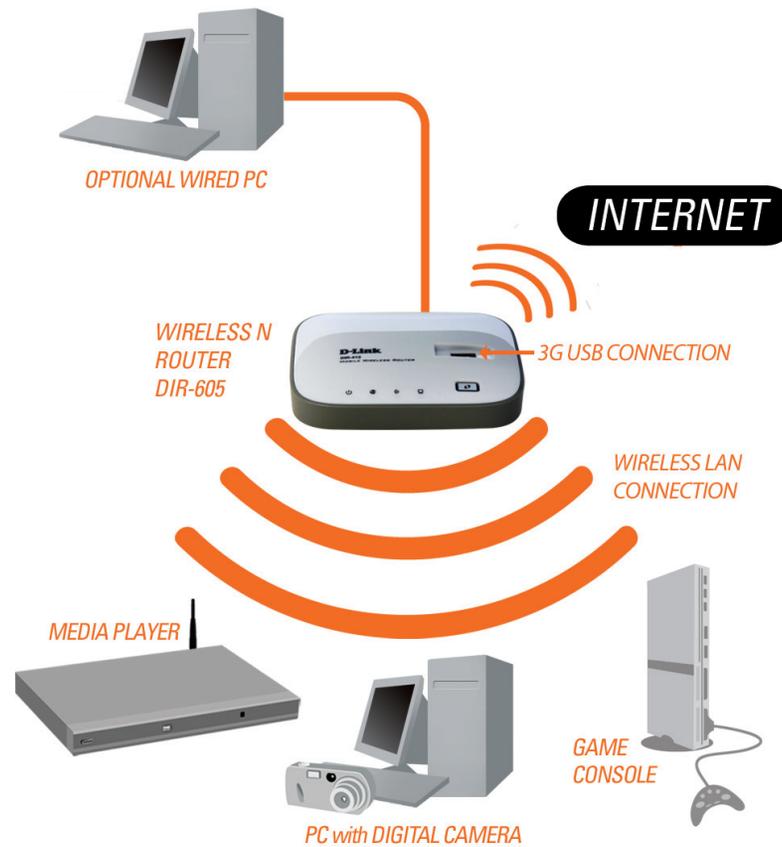
Network Diagram WAN Connection

YOUR NETWORK SETUP



Network Diagram 3G Connection

YOUR NETWORK SETUP



Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem

If your Internet connection is provided using a cable/DSL/satellite modem, carry out the following procedure before connecting the router to a cable/DSL/satellite modem:

- Move the **WAN Mode/3G Router Mode** switch on the DIR-412 so that it is in the **3G Router Mode** position.
- Configure the wireless settings on the DIR-412 in 3G Router mode (see “Wireless Settings” on page 41 for more information).
- After configuring the wireless settings, move the **WAN Mode/3G Router Mode switch** so that it is in the **WAN Mode** position.

To connect to a cable/DSL/Satellite modem, please follow the steps below:

1. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
2. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, then unplug the modem’s power adapter. Shut down your computer.
3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the Ethernet port on the router.
5. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
6. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 50 seconds for the router to boot.
7. Turn on your computer.
8. Use the wireless connection on your computer to connect to the router, using the wireless settings you configured

previously.

9. Verify the link lights on the router. The power light, Internet light, and the Wireless LAN light should be lit. If not, make sure your computer, modem, and router are powered on and verify the cable connections are correct.
10. Skip to “Configuration” on page 16 to configure your router.

Connect to a 3G Internet Service

If you are using a 3G USB dongle to connect to the Internet, please follow the steps below:

1. Move the **WAN Mode/3G Router Mode** switch on the DIR-412 so that it is in the **3G Router Mode** position.
2. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
3. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, then unplug the modem's power adapter. Shut down your computer.
4. Insert your 3G USB dongle into the DIR-412's 3G USB Internet connection.
5. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the Ethernet port on the router.
6. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
7. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 50 seconds for the router to boot.
8. Turn on your computer.
9. Verify the link lights on the router. The power light, Internet light, and the Wireless LAN light should be lit. If not, make sure your computer and router are powered on and verify the cable connections are correct.
10. Skip to "Configuration" on page 16 to configure your router.

Connect to Another Router

If you are connecting the D-Link router to another router to use as a wireless access point and/or switch, you will have to do the following before connecting the router to your network:

- Move the **WAN Mode/3G Router Mode** switch on the DIR-412 so that it is in the **3G Router Mode** position.
- Disable UPnP™
- Disable DHCP
- Change the LAN IP address to an available address on your network. The Ethernet port on the router cannot accept a DHCP address from your other router.

To connect to another router, please follow the steps below:

1. Plug the power into the router. Connect one of your computers to the Ethernet port using an Ethernet cable. Make sure your IP address on the computer is 192.168.0.xxx (where xxx is between 2 and 254). Please see the **Networking Basics** section for more information. If you need to change the settings, write down your existing settings before making any changes. In most cases, your computer should be set to receive an IP address automatically in which case you will not have to do anything to your computer.
2. Open a web browser and enter **http://192.168.0.1** and press **Enter**. When the login window appears, set the user name to **Admin** and leave the password box empty. Click **Log In** to continue.
3. Click on **Advanced** and then click **Advanced Network**. Uncheck the Enable UPnP checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
4. Click **Setup** and then click **Network Settings**. Uncheck the Enable DHCP Server server checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
5. Under Router Settings, enter an available IP address and the subnet mask of your network. Click **Save Settings** to

save your settings. Use this new IP address to access the configuration utility of the router in the future. Close the browser and change your computer's IP settings back to the original values as in Step 1.

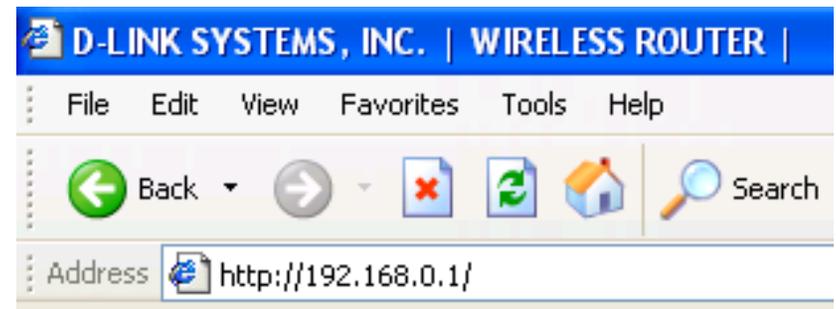
6. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the router and reconnect your computer to your network.
7. Connect an Ethernet cable into the Ethernet port of the router and connect it to your other router.
8. To configure your wireless network, open a web browser and enter the IP address you assigned to the router. Refer to the **Configuration** and **Wireless Security** sections for more information on setting up your wireless network.

Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).



Type **Admin** in the **User Name** field and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.

Click the **Login** button to log in to the router.

If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



Internet Connection Setup Wizard (3G Mode)

Once logged into the web interface of the router, the **Setup > Internet** page will appear. Click the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button to quickly configure your router using the setup wizard.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** and skip to “Manual Configuration (3G Mode)” on page 20.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

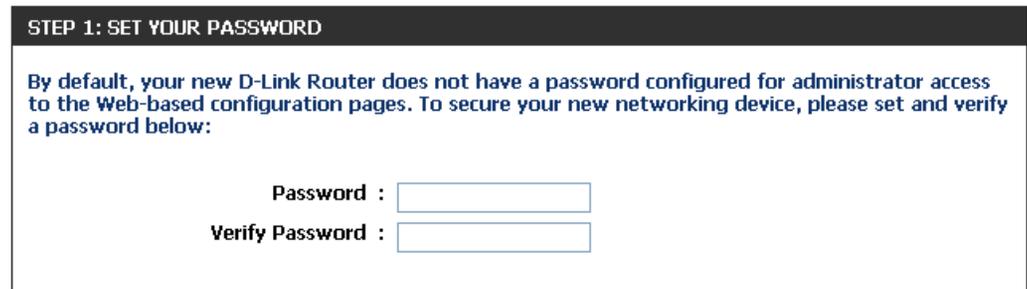


DIR-412 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS NETWORK SETTINGS	<div style="background-color: #f4a460; padding: 2px;">INTERNET CONNECTION</div> <p>There are two ways to set up your Internet connection: you can use the Web-based Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD</p> <p>If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Internet Connection Setup Wizard"/> </div> <p>Note: Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION</p> <p>If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Manual Internet Connection Setup"/> </div> </div>				<p>Helpful Hints...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you are new to networking and have never configured a router before, click on Internet Connection Setup Wizard and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running. If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a router before, click Manual Internet Connection Setup to input all the settings manually.

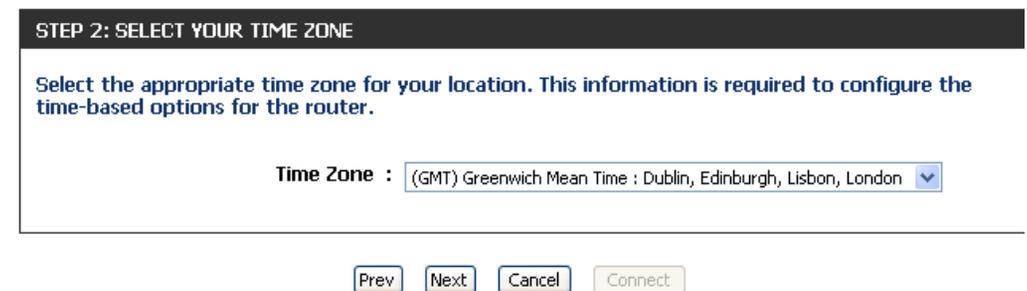
Click **Next** to continue.



Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.



Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.



Configure your 3G Internet Connection settings and then click **Next** to continue.

Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router has finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Country : (dropdown)

ISP : (dropdown)

User Name : (optional)

Password : (optional)

Dial Number :

APN : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always-on Connect-on demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

MTU :

SETUP COMPLETE!

The Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.

Manual Configuration (3G Mode)

3G Internet Connection

If you opt to set up your Internet connection manually, you will be redirected to a WAN page that allows you to configure your 3G configuration parameters.

Country: Select your country from the drop-down menu.

ISP: Select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the drop-down menu.

User Name: Enter the user name for your 3G Internet connection.

Password: Enter the password for your 3G Internet connection.

Dial Number: Enter the dial number for your 3G service provider.

APN: Enter the Access Point Name (APN) for your 3G service provider.

Reconnect Mode: Click a radio button to choose a reconnection mode. The options are **Always-on**, **Connect on demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the maximum amount of time the Internet connection should be maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable the **Always-on** reconnect mode.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit. You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. The default is 1500.

Click the **Save Settings** button when you have finished configuring the 3G connection.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

INTERNET
WIRELESS SETTINGS
NETWORK SETTINGS

WAN

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type.
Save Settings Don't Save Settings

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Country : select country
ISP : select ISP
User Name : (optional)
Password : (optional)
Dial Number :
APN : (optional)
Reconnect Mode : Always-on Connect-on demand Manual
Maximum Idle Time : 0 (minutes,0=infinite)
MTU : 1492

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...
• Support:
If you are having trouble accessing the Internet through the router, double check any settings you have entered on this page and verify them with your ISP if needed.

Internet Connection Setup Wizard (WAN Mode)

Once logged into the web interface of the router, the **Setup > Internet** page will appear. Click the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button to quickly configure your router using the setup wizard.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** and skip to “Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)” on page 28.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

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DIR-412 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS NETWORK SETTINGS	<div style="background-color: #f4a460; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> INTERNET CONNECTION </div> <p>There are two ways to set up your Internet connection: you can use the Web-based Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD</p> <p>If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Internet Connection Setup Wizard"/> </p> <p>Note: Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION</p> <p>If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Manual Internet Connection Setup"/> </p> </div>				<p>Helpful Hints...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you are new to networking and have never configured a router before, click on Internet Connection Setup Wizard and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running. If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a router before, click Manual Internet Connection Setup to input all the settings manually.

Click **Next** to continue.

WELCOME TO THE D-LINK INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

- Step 1: Set your Password
- Step 2: Select your Time Zone
- Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection
- Step 4: Save Settings and Connect

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD

By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:

Password :

Verify Password :

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

Time Zone :

Select the type of Internet connection you will use on your WAN connection. Check the **Skip 3G Configuration** box if you do not want to configure the router's 3G connection.

Click **Next** to continue.

If you selected Dynamic IP Address, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Copy Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is "**DIR-412**".

STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)

Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (PPTP)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (L2TP)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Static IP Address Connection

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.

Russia PPTP (Dual Access)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.

Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Skip 3G Configuration :

DHCP CONNECTION (DYNAMIC IP ADDRESS)

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the **Clone MAC** button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.

MAC Address : (optional)

Host Name :

Note: You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

If you selected PPPoE, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Note: You may also need to provide a Service Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

If you selected PPTP, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address : (may be same as gateway)

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

If you selected L2TP, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need L2TP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address : (may be same as gateway)

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

If you selected Static IP Address Connection, enter the network settings supplied by your Internet provider. Click **Next** to continue.

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway Address :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

Russia PPTP (dual mode) and **Russia PPPoE (dual mode)** are specifically for Russian users. Please fill in the username and password given by Russia ISPs and click **Next** to continue.

Other users may ignore these 2 settings.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address : (may be same as gateway)

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Note: You may also need to provide a Service Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

WAN PHYSICAL SETTINGS

Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

If you left the **Skip 3G Configuration** checkbox unchecked in **Step 3** of the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard**, the following window appears:

Configure the parameters for your 3G Internet Connection and click next to **Continue**.

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Country : select country

ISP : select ISP

User Name : (optional)

Password : (optional)

Dial Number : 8

APN : (optional)

MTU : 1492

Prev Next Cancel Connect

Click **Connect** to save your settings and reboot the router. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

SETUP COMPLETE!

The Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.

Prev Next Cancel Connect

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)

If you opt to set up your Internet connection manually, you will be redirected to a WAN page that allows you to select your Internet type and enter the correct configuration parameters.

Internet Connection Type: Select your Internet connection type using the “**My Internet Connection is:**” drop-down menu. To enable the Router to connect to the Internet via the 3G Internet connection in the event that the WAN connection fails, check the **Enable WAN Failover** box. Configure the parameters for your WAN connection in the section below the **Internet Connection Type** section as described in the following pages.

3G Internet Connection: If enabling the WAN Failover feature, configure the parameters for your 3G Internet Connection.

Click the **Save Settings** button when you have finished configuring the WAN connection.

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D-Link

DIR-412 //

[SETUP](#)

[ADVANCED](#)

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INTERNET

WIRELESS SETTINGS

NETWORK SETTINGS

WAN

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type. There are several connection types to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, and L2TP. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Note : If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers.

Save Settings
Don't Save Settings

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : Dynamic IP (DHCP)

Enable WAN Failover :

DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name : DIR-412

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU : 1500

MAC Address :

Clone Your PC's MAC Address

3G INTERNET CONNECTION

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Country : select country

ISP : select ISP

User Name : (optional)

Password : (optional)

Dial Number : 8

APN : (optional)

MTU : 1492

Save Settings
Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- **Internet Connection:** When configuring the router to access the Internet, be sure to choose the correct **Internet Connection Type** from the drop down menu. If you are unsure of which option to choose, please contact your **Internet Service Provider (ISP)**.
- **Support:** If you are having trouble accessing the Internet through the router, double check any settings you have entered on this page and verify them with your ISP if needed.

WIRELESS

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)

Static IP Address

Choose **Static IP (DHCP)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

Default Gateway: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS server IP addresses assigned by your ISP.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Default Gateway :

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode) Dynamic IP Address (DHCP)

Choose **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if all WAN IP information is obtained from your ISP.

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

DNS Addresses: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS server IP addresses assigned by your ISP.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name :

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode) PPPoE (Username/Password)

Choose **PPPoE (Username/Password)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Username :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

DNS Mode : Receive DNS from ISP Enter DNS Manually

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

DNS Mode: Click the **Receive DNS from ISP** radio button if you want to dynamically receive the DNS Server IP addresses from your ISP. To manually enter the DNS Server IP addresses, click the **Enter DNS Manually** radio button and enter the DNS Server IP addresses in the **Primary DNS Server** and **Secondary DNS Server** fields.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode) PPTP (Username/Password)

Choose **PPTP (Username/Password)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the Gateway IP address provided by your ISP (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address :

Username :

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)

L2TP (Username/Password)

Choose **L2TP (Username/Password)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if your ISP uses an L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

L2TP IP Address: Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static IP only).

L2TP Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static L2TP only).

L2TP Gateway IP Address: Enter the Gateway IP address provided by your ISP (Static L2TP only).

L2TP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP address provided by your ISP (optional).

User Name: Enter your L2TP user name.

Password: Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

L2TP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address :

Username :

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)

Russia PPTP (Dual Access)

Choose **Russia PPTP (Dual Access)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the Gateway IP address provided by your ISP (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your PPTP username. Check the **MPPE** box to enable the MPPE encryption protocol between the DIR-412 and PPTP server.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address :

Username : **MPPE :**

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Manual Configuration (WAN Mode)

Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)

Choose **Russia PPoE (Dual Access)** from the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name. Check the **MPPE** box to enable the MPPE encryption protocol between the DIR-412 and PPPoE server.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

Username : MPPE :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : Always On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : (minutes, 0=infinite)

DNS Mode : Receive DNS from ISP Enter DNS Manually

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

DNS Mode: Click the **Receive DNS from ISP** radio button if you want to dynamically receive the DNS Server IP addresses from your ISP. To manually enter the DNS Server IP addresses, click the **Enter DNS Manually** radio button and enter the DNS Server IP addresses in the **Primary DNS Server** and **Secondary DNS Server** fields.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

Wireless Settings

If you want to configure the wireless settings on your router using the wizard, click **Wireless Network Setup Wizard** and refer to “Wireless Connection Setup Wizard” on page 75.

Click **Add Wireless Device with WPS** if you want to add a wireless device using Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) and refer to “Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard” on page 78.

If you want to manually configure the wireless settings on your router click **Manual Wireless Network Setup** and refer to the next page.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

INTERNET

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WIRELESS SETTINGS

The following Web-based wizards are designed to assist you in your wireless network setup and wireless device connection.

Before launching these wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

[Wireless Network Setup Wizard](#)

Note: Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your wireless router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

[Add Wireless Device with WPS](#)

MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP

If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual configuration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.

[Manual Wireless Network Setup](#)

Helpful Hints...

- If you already have a wireless network setup with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, click on **Add Wireless Device with WPS** to add new device to your wireless network.
- If you are new to wireless networking and have never configured a wireless router before, click on **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your wireless network up and running.
- If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a wireless router before, click **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** to input all the settings manually.

WIRELESS

Manual Wireless Network Setup

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions. Click **Add New** to create your own time schedule to enable the wireless function.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

Enable Auto Channel Selection: The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-412 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-412. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Rate: Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select **Best (Auto)** for best performance.

WMM Enable: WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) is QoS for your wireless network. Check this box to improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients. This feature is not available in 802.11n configurations.

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WIRELESS NETWORK

Use this section to configure the wireless settings for your D-Link router. Please note that changes made in this section may also need to be duplicated on your wireless client.

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes including: WEP, WPA and WPA2.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless : Always

Wireless Network Name : dlink (Also called the SSID)

Enable Auto Channel Selection :

Wireless Channel : 6

Transmission Rate : Best (automatic) (Mbit/s)

WMM Enable : (Wireless QoS)

Enable Hidden Wireless : (Also called the SSID Broadcast)

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode : Disable Wireless Security (not recommended)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Changing your Wireless Network Name is the first step in securing your wireless network. We recommend that you change it to a familiar name that does not contain any personal information.
- Enable Auto Channel Scan the router can select the best possible channel for your wireless network to operate on.
- Enabling WMM can help control latency and jitter when transmitting multimedia content over a wireless connection.
- Enabling Hidden Mode is another way to secure your network. With this option enabled, no wireless clients will be able to see your wireless network when they perform a scan to see what's available. In order for your wireless devices to connect to your router, you will need to manually enter the Wireless Network Name on each device.
- If you have enabled Wireless Security, make sure you write down the WEP Key or Passphrase that you have configured. You will need to enter this information on any wireless device that you connect to your wireless network.

WIRELESS

Enable Hidden Wireless: Enabling Hidden Mode is another way to secure your network. With this option enabled, no wireless clients will be able to see your wireless network when they perform a scan to see what's available. In order for your wireless devices to connect to your router, you will need to manually enter the Wireless Network Name on each device.

Wireless Security: Refer to **Section 4- Wireless security** for more information regarding wireless security.

Network Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Default Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Device Name: Enter the Device name (set to “DIR-412” by default).

Local Domain Name: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS NETWORK SETTINGS

NETWORK SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router and also to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on your network. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address in this section, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Please note that this section is optional and you do not need to change any of the settings here to get your network up and running.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ROUTER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Router IP Address : 192.168.0.1
 Default Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
 Device Name : DIR-412
 Local Domain Name : (optional)
 Enable DNS Relay :

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server :
 DHCP IP Address Range : 100 to 199 (addresses within the LAN subnet)
 DHCP Lease Time : 1440 (minutes)

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time
06040nb1winxp	192.168.0.100	00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b	22 Hours 19 Minutes

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time
06040nb1winxp	192.168.0.100	00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b	22 Hours 19 Minutes

24 - DHCP RESERVATION

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Computer Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name v
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name v
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name v
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name v
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name v

Helpful Hints...

- If you already have a DHCP server on your network or are using static IP addresses on all the devices on your network, uncheck **Enable DHCP Server** to disable this feature.
- If you have devices on your network that should always have fixed IP addresses, add a DHCP Reservation for each such device.

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-412 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to “Obtain an IP Address Automatically.” When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-412. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

Enable DHCP Server: Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your router. Uncheck to disable this function.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server’s IP assignment.

Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS
Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.
Enable DHCP Server :
DHCP IP Address Range : to (addresses within the LAN subnet)
DHCP Lease Time : (minutes)

DHCP Lease Time: The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Configure the parameters, as described below, to create a new DHCP Reservation.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

DHCP Reservations List: Displays a list of the DHCP reservations that have been configured on the router.

Number of Dynamic DHCP Clients: In this section, you can see information about the LAN devices that are currently being leased IP addresses.

Computer Name: Enter the computer name or select a computer name from the drop-down menu on the right-hand side and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST			
Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time
robert-pc	192.168.0.100	00:1d:6a:48:d8:ad	Nerver

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS			
Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time

24 - DHCP RESERVATION					
Remaining number of rules that can be created: 23					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	<input type="checkbox"/>	Computer Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name <input type="text"/>

When you have finished configuring the above settings, check the boxes next to the DHCP Reservation entries you want to add to the DHCP Reservations List and click the **Save Settings** button at the top or bottom of the window to save your entries and activate your reservations.

Virtual Server

The DIR-412 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-412 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-412 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-412 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-412 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. Pre-defined virtual services are already listed in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit the **Support** section for more information.

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VIRTUAL SERVER

The Virtual Server option allows you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 - VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	IP Address	Port	Protocol	Traffic Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name >>	<< Computer Name >>	Private 0	Protocol All	Always

Helpful Hints...

- Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined server types. If you select one of the predefined server types, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.
- You can select a computer from the list of 24 IP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the computer at which you would like to open the specified port.
- Select a schedule for when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools -> Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.

The Virtual Server feature allows you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to the next page. Configure the parameters, as described below, to create a new Virtual Server entry.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), your computer will be listed in the “Computer Name” drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

Public Port/Private Port: Enter the port number that you want to open next to Private Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network, and the public port is the port seen from the Internet side.

Protocol Type: Select **TCP**, **UDP**, or **Both** from the drop-down menu.

Inbound Filter: Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

24 - VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST					
Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24					
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	<< Application Name	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
	IP Address	<< Computer Name	Private 0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	<< Application Name	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
	IP Address	<< Computer Name	Private 0		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	<< Application Name	Public 0	Protocol All	Always
	IP Address	<< Computer Name	Private 0		

Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding is a feature that allows you to open a single port or a range of ports and redirect the data received through those ports to a single PC on your network.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), your computer will be listed in the “Computer Name” drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

Public Port/Private Port: Enter the range of ports that you want to open next to the Private Port and Public Port fields. The private and public ports are usually the same. The private ports are the ports being used by the application on the computer within your local network, and the public ports are the ports seen from the Internet side.

Traffic Type: Use the drop-down menu to select whether **TCP**, **UDP**, or **All** types of traffic are being used for the port forwarding rule.

Schedule: Select a schedule for when the Port Forwarding Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

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PORT FORWARDING

This option is used to open multiple ports or a range of ports in your router and redirect data through those ports to a single PC on your network. This feature allows you to enter ports in the format, Port Ranges (100-150). This option is only applicable to the INTERNET session.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- PORT FORWARDING RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	Application Name	Computer Name	Ports to Open	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	<<	Public Port ~ Private Port	All	Schedule Always

Helpful Hints...

- Check the Application Name drop-down menu for a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.
- You can select your computer from the list of DHCP clients in the Computer Name drop-down menu, or enter the IP address manually of the computer you would like to open the specified port to.
- Select a schedule for when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the Tools -> Schedules screen and create a new schedule.

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-412. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the “Trigger Port” field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-412 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

Trigger: This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or All).

Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or All).

Schedule: Select a schedule for when the Application Rule will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the Tools -> Schedules screen and create a new schedule.

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DIR-412 // **SETUP** ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	Application	Port	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/>	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/>	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/>	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/>	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall <input type="text"/>	Protocol All	Schedule Always

Helpful Hints...

- Use this feature if you are trying to execute one of the listed network applications and it is not communicating as expected.
- Use the **Application Name** drop-down menu to view a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.

QoS Engine

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically.

Enable QoS Engine: This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.

Automatic Uplink Speed: This option will allow your router to automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet connection.

Measured Uplink Speed: This displays the detected uplink speed.

Manual Uplink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's offer speed as a download/upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbps/284Kbits. Using this example, you would enter 284. Alternatively you can test your uplink speed with a service such as www.dslreports.com.

Connection Type: This option allows you to select your connection type. Users can select "auto-detect" or choose the xDSL or cable networks if they know.

Detected xDSL or Other Frame Relay Network: This displays if xDSL or another type of frame relay network has been detected. The DIR-412 can detect the network and the user can confirm this.

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QoS ENGINE

Use this section to configure D-Link's Smart QoS. The QoS Engine improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

QoS ENGINE SETUP

Enable QoS Engine :

Automatic Uplink Speed :

Measured Uplink Speed :

Manual Uplink Speed : kbps << Select Transmission Rate

Connection Type :

Detected xDSL or Other Frame Relay Network :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- If the **Measured Uplink Speed** is known to be incorrect (that is, it produces suboptimal performance), disable **Automatic Uplink Speed** and enter the **Manual Uplink Speed**. Some experimentation and performance measurement may be required to converge on the optimal value.

WIRELESS

Network Filters

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

Configure MAC Filtering: Select Turn MAC Filtering Off, allow MAC addresses listed below, or deny MAC addresses listed below from the drop-down menu.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter.

To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.

DHCP Client: Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy the MAC Address from the DHCP client.

Schedule: Select a schedule for when the Network Filter will be enabled. The user can click the **New Schedule** button to bring up the “Schedule Webpage” to configure a new schedule.

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MAC ADDRESS FILTER

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- MAC FILTERING RULES

Configure MAC Filtering below:
Turn MAC Filtering OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	MAC Address		DHCP Client List	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule

Helpful Hints...

- Create a list of MAC addresses and choose whether to allow or deny them access to your network.
- Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu and click the arrow to add that device's MAC to the list.
- Use the check box on the left to either enable or disable a particular entry.
- Use the **Always** drop down menu if you have previously defined a schedule in the router. If not, click on the **New Schedule** button to add one.

Firewall Settings

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The D-Link DIR-412 offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

Enable SPI: SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

DMZ Host: Check the **Enable DMZ** box and specify the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication in the **DMZ IP Address** field. Use the drop-down menu to specify a host that currently has a DHCP lease from the DIR-412. If this computer has obtained its IP address automatically using DHCP, be sure to make a static reservation on the **System > Network Settings** page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

Firewall Rules: Use this section to create rules that deny or allow traffic from passing through the device. See the following page for information on how to create firewall rules.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

VIRTUAL SERVER
PORT FORWARDING
APPLICATION RULES
QOS ENGINE
NETWORK FILTER
WEBSITE FILTER
FIREWALL SETTINGS
ADVANCED WIRELESS
WIFI PROTECTED SETUP
ADVANCED NETWORK

FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes. DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

FIREWALL SETTINGS

Enable SPI :

DMZ HOST

The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) option lets you set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.

Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Enable DMZ :

DMZ IP Address : <<

Computer Name

50 - FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 50

	Name	Interface	IP Address	Protocol	Action	Port Range	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Dest	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Dest	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Dest	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Dest	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Dest	<input type="text"/>	Protocol ALL	Allow	<input type="text"/>	New Schedule

Helpful Hints...

- DMZ:** Only enable the DMZ option as a last resort. If you are having trouble using an application from a computer behind the router, first try opening ports associated with the application in the Advanced Port Forwarding section.
- Firewall:** Firewall Rules are an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the device. You can create detailed rules for the device. Please refer to the manual for more details and examples.

Firewall Rules

To create a firewall rule, configure the parameters as described below:

Name: Enter a name for the firewall rule.

Action: Use the drop-down menu to specify if the router should **Allow** or **Deny** traffic matching the firewall rule.

Interface: Use the drop-down menus to select the **Source** and **Destination** interfaces for the Firewall Rule

Use the **IP Address** fields next to each **Interface** drop-down menu to specify the IP address ranges for the Source/Destination interfaces.

The first host in the IP address range should be entered in the top field and the last host in the IP address range should be entered in the field beneath for both the Source/Destination interfaces.

Protocol: Use the drop-down menu to select the protocol that will be used for the firewall rule (TCP, UDP, ICMP, or ALL).

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APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	Application	Port	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall	Protocol All	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	Trigger <input type="text"/> Firewall	Protocol All	Schedule Always

Helpful Hints...

- Use this Feature if you are trying to execute one of the listed network applications and it is not communicating as expected.
- Use the **Application Name** drop-down menu to view a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.

Port Range: Enter the range of ports that the firewall rule will apply to.

The first port in the port range should be entered in the top field and the last host in the port range should be entered in the field beneath.

Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the schedule for the Network Filter rule. Click the **New Schedule** button to bring up the “Schedule Webpage” to configure the new schedule.

Advanced Wireless Settings

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

Beacon Period: Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation: The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

DTIM Interval: (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 1 is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

Preamble Type: Select **Short** or **Long Preamble**. The preamble defines the length of the CRC block (Cyclic Redundancy Check is a common technique for detecting data transmission errors) for communication between the wireless router and the roaming wireless network adapters. Note: High network traffic areas should use the **Short Preamble** type.

Wireless Mode: Use the drop-down menu to select the wireless modes you want to enable on the router. The available options are **802.11n only**, **802.11 Mixed(g/b)**, and **802.11 Mixed(n/g/b)**.

Short Guard Interval: Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Transmit Power : 100%
 Beacon interval : 100 (msec, range: 20~1000, default: 100)
 RTS Threshold : 2346 (range: 256~2346, default: 2346)
 Fragmentation : 2346 (range: 1500~2346, default: 2346, even number only)
 DTIM interval : 1 (range: 1~255, default: 1)
 Preamble Type : Short Preamble Long Preamble
 Wireless Mode : 802.11 Mixed(n/g/b)
 Band Width : 20/40 MHz(Auto)
 Short Guard Interval :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- It is recommended that you leave these parameters with their default values. Adjusting them could limit the performance of your wireless network.
- Use **802.11n** only for countries where it is required.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup: Check this box to enable the function

PIN Settings: Use the buttons to generate a new PIN or Reset the PIN to Default settings.

Add Wireless Station: Click the button to start the wizard that sets up the WPA function. Please refer to Section 4-Wireless security “Add wireless device with WPA wizard” for more information.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Wi-Fi Protected Setup is used to easily add devices to a network using a PIN or button press. Devices must support Wi-Fi Protected Setup in order to be configured by this method. If the PIN changes, the new PIN will be used in following Wi-Fi Protected Setup process. Clicking on "Don't Save Settings" button will not reset the PIN. However, if the new PIN is not saved, it will get lost when the device reboots or loses power.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Enable :

Reset to Unconfigured

PIN SETTINGS

PIN : 00070225

Reset PIN to Default Generate New PIN

ADD WIRELESS STATION

Connect your Wireless Device

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Enable if other wireless devices you wish to include in the local network support Wi-Fi Protected Setup.
- Only "Admin" account can change security settings.
- Click **Connect your Wireless Device** to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup to add wireless devices to the wireless network.

WIRELESS

Advanced Network Settings

UPnP: To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP™) feature check the **Enable UPNP** box. UPNP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.

WAN Ping: Unchecking the box will not allow the DIR-412 to respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers. Check the box to allow the Internet port to be “pinged”.

WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to 10Mbps, 100Mbps, or auto. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.

Multicast Streams: Check the **Enable Multicast Streams** box to allow multicast traffic to pass through the router from the Internet.

Check the **Wireless Enhance Mode** box to enable the router to forward all multicast streams from the Internet to the wireless station using a unicast stream. This feature helps improve the quality of multimedia applications for wireless users.

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DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the LAN settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from factory default. Changing these settings may affect the behavior of your network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

UPnP

Universal Plug and Play(UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network devices.

Enable UPnP :

WAN PING

If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.

Enable WAN Ping Response :

MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable Multicast Streams :

Wireless Enhance Mode :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- For added security, it is recommended that you disable the **WAN Ping Respond** option. Ping is often used by malicious Internet users to locate active networks or PCs.
- The WAN speed is usually detected automatically. If you are having problems connecting to the WAN, try selecting the speed manually.
- If you are having trouble receiving video on demand type of service from the Internet, make sure the Multicast Stream option is enabled.

Administrator Settings

This page will allow you to change the Administrator and User passwords. You can also enable Remote Management. There are two accounts that can access the management interface through the web browser. The accounts are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can only view the settings but cannot make any changes. Only the admin account has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

Admin Password: Enter and confirm a new password for the Administrator Login Name. The administrator can make changes to the settings.

Enable Graphical Authentication: Check this box to enable graphical authentication. The device supports this function to prevent phishing.

Enable Remote Management: Remote management allows the DIR-412 to be configured from the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host.

Remote Admin Port: The port number used to access the DIR-412.
Example: http://x.x.x.x:8080 whereas x.x.x.x is the Internet IP address of the DIR-412 and 8080 is the port used for the Web Management interface.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADMIN

ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS

The 'admin' account can access the management interface. The admin has read/write access and can change password.

By default there is no password configured. It is highly recommended that you create a password to keep your router secure.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADMIN PASSWORD

Please enter the same password into both boxes, for confirmation.

Password :

Verify Password :

ADMINISTRATION

Enable Graphical Authentication :

Enable Remote Management :

Remote Admin Port :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the password for the Admin account. Be sure to write down the new password to avoid having to reset the router in case they are forgotten.

WIRELESS

Time Settings

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

Time Zone: Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Enable Daylight Saving: Check the box to enable Daylight Saving time.

Sync your Computer's Time Settings: Click this button to set the device's time the same to local PC.

Automatic Time and Date Configuration: Check the box to enable the device to automatically synchronize with a D-Link NTP Server. NTP stands for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.

NTP Server Used: Select one of the D-Link NTP Servers from the drop-down menu. The DIR-412 will then synchronize it's clock to be the same time as the D-Link Internet time server. Click the **Update Now** button to synchronize with the D-Link Internet time server immediately.

Set the Time and Date Manually: To manually input the time, use the drop-down menus to enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second.

Click the **Save Settings** button to save any changes made.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADMIN
TIME
EMAIL SETTINGS
SYSTEM
FIRMWARE
DYNAMIC DNS
SYSTEM CHECK
SCHEDULES

TIME AND DATE

The Time and Date Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone you are in and set the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Time : 2009/09/21,22:18:04
Time Zone : (GMT+08:00) Taipei
Enable Daylight Saving : Sync. your computer's time settings

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server
NTP Server Used : Select NTP Server Update Now

SET THE TIME AND DATE MANUALLY

Year: 2009 Month: Oct Day: 1
Hour: 14 Minute: 52 Second: 1

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Either enter the time manually by clicking the **Sync. Your Computers Time Settings** button, or use the **Automatic Time Configuration** option to have your router synchronize with a time server on the Internet.

E-mail Settings

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your e-mail address.

From Email Address: This e-mail address will appear as the sender when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via e-mail.

To Email Address: Enter the e-mail address where you want the e-mail sent.

Email Subject: Enter a subject for the e-mails that will be sent from the Router.

SMTP Server Address: Enter the IP address of the SMTP server for sending e-mail.

Account Name: Enter your account name for sending e-mail.

Password: Enter the password associated with the account. Re-type the password associated with the account in the **Verify Password** field.

Send Mail Now: Click the **Send Mail Now** button to send a test message from the Router to the specified e-mail address.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADMIN
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EMAIL SETTINGS

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

EMAIL SETTINGS

From Email Address :

To Email Address :

Email Subject :

SMTP Server Address :

Account Name :

Password :

Verify Password : Send Mail Now

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- You may want to make the email settings similar to those of your email client program.

WIRELESS

System Settings

Save Settings to Local Hard Drive: Use this option to save the current router configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the **Save** button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings from Local Hard Drive: Use this option to load previously saved router configuration settings. First, use the **Browse** control to find a previously save file of configuration settings. Then, click the **Load** button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to Factory Default Settings: Click the **Restore** button to restore all configuration settings back to the settings that were in effect at the time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the **Save** button above.

Reboot the Device: Click to reboot the router.

Clear Language Pack: Click the **Clear** button to restore the device back to the English interface version and remove other languages installed for the system web pages.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-412 web interface. At the top, it displays 'Product Page : DIR-412' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominent. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-412', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'ADVANCED' tab is selected, and the 'SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS' sub-tab is active. The main content area contains the following options:

- Save Settings To Local Hard Drive :**
- Load Settings From Local Hard Drive :**
- Restore To Factory Default Settings :**
- Reboot The Device :**
- Clear Language Pack :**

On the right side, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with a bullet point: 'Once your router is configured the way you want it, you can save these settings to a configuration file that can later be loaded in the event that the router's default settings are restored. To do this, click the **Save** button next to where it says Save Settings to Local Hard Drive.'

At the bottom of the page, the word 'WIRELESS' is displayed.

Update Firmware

You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at <http://support.dlink.com>. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Firmware Information: Displays the current firmware version and date.

You can also check the availability of a new firmware version online. If so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

Firmware Upgrade: After you have downloaded the new firmware, click the **Browse** control to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

Language Pack Upgrade: This function allows the user to transfer the language of the GUI from English to their own language by upgrading the language pack. Click the **Browse** control to locate the desired language pack on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the language pack upgrade.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-412 web interface. At the top, it shows 'Product Page : DIR-412' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The main navigation bar includes 'D-Link' logo and tabs for 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. A left sidebar lists menu items: ADMIN, TIME, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE (selected), DYNAMIC DNS, SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is titled 'FIRMWARE UPDATE' and contains the following sections:

- FIRMWARE UPDATE:** A notice stating 'There may be new firmware Update for your router to improve functionality and performance. Click here to check for an upgrade on our support site.' Below this, instructions are provided for upgrading the firmware and the language pack, both requiring the user to locate the file on their local hard drive and click the 'Upload' button.
- FIRMWARE INFORMATION:** Shows 'Current Firmware Version : 1.00' and 'Current Firmware Date : Mon 21 Sep 2009'. A 'Check Online Now for Latest Firmware Version' button is available.
- FIRMWARE UPGRADE:** Includes a red note: 'Note: Some firmware upgrades reset the configuration options to the factory defaults. Before performing an upgrade, be sure to save the current configuration.' It also states: 'To upgrade the firmware, your PC must have a wired connection to the router. Enter the name of the firmware upgrade file, and click on the Upload button.' Below this is an 'Upload' field with a 'Browse...' button and an 'Upload' button.
- LANGUAGE PACK UPGRADE:** Similar to the firmware upgrade section, it has an 'Upload' field with a 'Browse...' button and an 'Upload' button.

On the right side, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with a bullet point: 'Firmware Update are released periodically to improve the functionality of your router and also to add features. If you run into a problem with a specific feature of the router, check our support site by clicking on the Click here to check for an upgrade on our support site and see if an updated version of firmware is available for your router.'

The bottom of the page features the 'WIRELESS' logo.

DDNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

Enable DDNS: Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Check the box to enable DDNS.

Server Address: Choose your DDNS provider from the drop down menu.

Host Name: Enter the Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.

User Account: Enter the User Name for your DDNS account.

Password: Enter the Password for your DDNS account.

DDNS Account Testing: This is to test if the DDNS account is valid for use.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADMIN
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EMAIL SETTINGS
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DYNAMIC DNS
SYSTEM CHECK
SCHEDULES

DYNAMIC DNS

The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.

[Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.DLinkDDNS.com.](http://www.DLinkDDNS.com)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS

Enable DDNS :

Server Address :

Host Name :

User Account :

Password :

DDNS Account Testing

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- To use this feature, you must first have a Dynamic DNS account from one of the providers in the drop down menu.

WIRELESS

System Check

The System Check feature allows you to verify the physical connectivity on both the LAN and Internet interface.

Ping Test: The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click **Ping**.

Ping Results: The results of your ping attempts will be displayed here.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-412 web interface. At the top, it shows 'Product Page : DIR-412' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently displayed. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-412 //', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'TOOLS' tab is selected, and the 'PING TEST' option is highlighted in orange. The main content area is divided into three sections: a description of the Ping Test, a form for entering a host name or IP address with a 'Ping' button, and a 'PING RESULT' section. A 'Helpful Hints...' sidebar on the right provides additional information about the Ping function. The bottom of the interface features a 'WIRELESS' banner.

DIR-412 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
ADMIN	PING TEST				Helpful Hints... • "Ping" checks whether a computer on the Internet is running and responding. Enter either the IP address of the target computer or enter its fully qualified domain name.
TIME	Ping Test sends "ping" packets to test a computer on the Internet.				
EMAIL SETTINGS	PING TEST Host Name or IP Address : <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Ping"/>				
SYSTEM	PING RESULT Enter a host name or IP address above and click 'Ping'				
FIRMWARE	WIRELESS				

Schedules

Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

Days: Select a day, a range of days, or All Week to include every day.

Time: Check **All Day - 24hrs** or use the **Start Time** and **End Time** fields to specify the start and end time for your schedule.

Add: Click **Add** to add your schedule.

Schedule Rules List: The list of schedules will be listed here. Click the **Edit** icon  to make changes or click the **Delete** icon  to remove the schedule.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

SCHEDULES

The Schedule configuration option is used to manage schedule rules for "Virtual Server", "Port Forwarding", "MAC FILTERING", "Access Control", "Website Filter".

ADD SCHEDULE RULE

Name :

Day(s) : All Week Select Day(s)

Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

All Day - 24 hrs :

Start Time : 12 : 0 AM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

End Time : 11 : 59 PM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

SCHEDULE RULES LIST

Name	Day(s)	Time Frame

Helpful Hints...

- Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those features are in effect.
- Give each schedule a name that is meaningful to you. For example, a schedule for Monday through Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be called "After School".

WIRELESS

Device Information

This page displays the current information for the DIR-412. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information.

If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP, Russia PPTP, or Russia PPPoE a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the Internet connection and use **Connect** to establish the Internet connection.

See the following for more information.

General: Displays the router's time and firmware version.

3G WAN/WAN: Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

DEVICE INFO // **DEVICE INFORMATION** Helpful Hints...

LOGS All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

STATISTICS

INTERNET SESSIONS

WIRELESS

GENERAL

Time : 2009/09/21,23:13:45
Firmware Version : 1.00 Mon 21 Sep 2009

3G WAN

Network Status : Disconnected

Connection Up Time : 0 Day 0 Hour 0 Min 0 Sec
Local address : 0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
Peer address : 0.0.0.0
Primary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0

LAN

MAC Address : 00:24:01:13:d7:3e
IP Address : 192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
DHCP Server : Enabled

WIRELESS LAN

Wireless Radio : Enabled
MAC Address : 00:24:01:13:d7:3e
802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b
Channel Width : 20/40MHz
Channel : 6
Network Name (SSID) : dlink
Wi-Fi Protected Setup : Disabled
Security : Disabled

WIRELESS

Logs

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

Log Type: Use the radio buttons to choose the types of messages that should be displayed from the log. System, Firewall & Security, and Router Status messages can be selected.

Log Level: There are three levels of message importance: Informational, Warning, and Critical. Use the radio buttons to select the levels that should be displayed in the log.

First Page: Click this button to view the first page of the log file.

Last Page: Click this button to view the last page of the log file.

Previous: Click this button to view the previous page of the log file.

Next: Click this button to view the next page of the log file.

Clear: Clears all of the log contents.

Link to Log Settings: The user can click the button to “link to log settings” and save the logs to a local hard drive or to a Syslog server.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

DEVICES INFO

LOGS

STATISTICS

INTERNET SESSIONS

WIRELESS

VIEW LOG

The View Log displays the activities occurring on the DIR-412.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

LOG TYPE & LEVEL

Log Type: System Firewall & Security Router Status

Log Level: Critical Warning Information

LOG FILES

First Page Last Page Previous Next Clear Link To Log Settings

Page 1 of 7

Time	Message
Mon Sep 21 00:00:10 2009	parse_config_file: can't open '/etc/udev/udev.conf' as config file: No such file or directory
Mon Sep 21 00:00:19 2009	warning: no upstream servers configured
Mon Sep 21 16:38:00 2009	Got new client [00:1F:3B:AD:35:0B] associated from WLAN-1.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:07 2009	DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:07 2009	DHCP: Server sending NAK to 00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:12 2009	DHCP: Server receive DISCOVER from 00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:14 2009	DHCP: Server sending OFFER of 192.168.0.100.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:14 2009	DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b.
Mon Sep 21 16:38:14 2009	DHCP: Server sending ACK to 192.168.0.100. (Lease time = 86400)
Mon Sep 21 16:39:37 2009	DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:1f:3b:ad:35:0b.

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...
• Check the log frequently to detect unauthorized network usage.

Statistics

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DIR-412 on the Internet, LAN and Wireless connections. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

DEVICE INFO
LOGS
STATISTICS
INTERNET SESSIONS
WIRELESS

TRAFFIC STATISTICS
Traffic Statistics displays Receive and Transmit packets passing through the device.

TRAFFIC STATISTICS

Refresh Reset

	Receive	Transmit
Internet	42119 Packets	6371 Packets
LAN	41908 Packets	7051 Packets
WIRELESS 11n	4744825 Packets	28199 Packets

Helpful Hints...

- This is a summary displaying the number of packets that have passed between the Internet and the LAN since the router was last initialized.

WIRELESS

Internet Sessions

The Internet Sessions page displays full details of active Internet sessions through your router. An Internet session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.

NAPT Sessions: Displays information about the NAPT Sessions on the router. Including the number of TCP Sessions, the number of UDP Sessions, and the combined number TCP and UDP NAPT Sessions.

NAPT Active Sessions: Displays the IP address of the local application and the TCP/UDP packets being sent by the source IP address for each NAPT Active Session.

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

DEVICE INFO
LOGS
STATISTICS
INTERNET SESSIONS
WIRELESS

INTERNET SESSIONS

This page display Source and Destination packets passing through the device.

NAPT SESSIONS

TCP Sessions : 1
UDP Sessions : 0
Total : 1

NAPT ACTIVE SESSIONS

IP Address	TCP Sessions	UDP Sessions
192.168.0.88	1	0

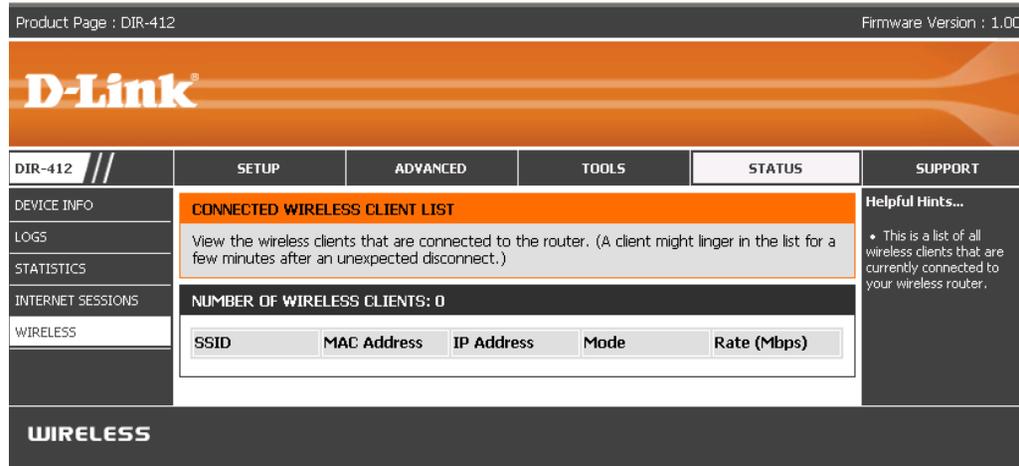
Helpful Hints...

- An Active session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.

WIRELESS

Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.



Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00

D-Link

DIR-412 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS **STATUS** SUPPORT

DEVICE INFO **CONNECTED WIRELESS CLIENT LIST** Helpful Hints...
LOGS View the wireless clients that are connected to the router. (A client might linger in the list for a few minutes after an unexpected disconnect.)
STATISTICS
INTERNET SESSIONS
WIRELESS

NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS: 0

SSID	MAC Address	IP Address	Mode	Rate (Mbps)
------	-------------	------------	------	-------------

• This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your wireless router.

WIRELESS

Support

Product Page : DIR-412 Firmware Version : 1.00



DIR-412 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
<p>MENU</p> <p>SETUP</p> <p>ADVANCED</p> <p>TOOLS</p> <p>STATUS</p>	SUPPORT MENU				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setup • Advanced • Tools • Status 				
	SETUP HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet • Wireless Settings • Network Settings 				
	ADVANCED HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual Server • Port Forwarding • Application Rules • QoS Engine • Network Filter • Website Filter • Firewall Settings • Advanced Wireless • Advanced Network 				
	TOOLS HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Administration • Time and Date • Email Settings • System • Firmware • Dynamic DNS • System Check • Schedules 				
	STATUS HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Info • Logs • Statistics • Internet Sessions • Wireless 				
WIRELESS					

Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-412 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA2-PSK(Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

To run the security wizard, browse to the Setup page and then click the **Wireless Network Setup Wizard** button.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-412 web interface. At the top, it shows 'Product Page : DIR-412' and 'Firmware Version : 1.00'. The D-Link logo is prominently displayed. Below the logo is a navigation menu with tabs for 'DIR-412 //', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'SETUP' tab is selected, and the 'WIRELESS SETTINGS' sub-tab is active. The main content area is titled 'WIRELESS SETTINGS' and contains the following sections:

- WIRELESS SETTINGS**: A general introduction stating that Web-based wizards are designed to assist in wireless network setup and device connection. It advises following the Quick Installation Guide before launching the wizards.
- WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD**: A section describing a wizard that guides users through step-by-step instructions for setting up a wireless network and making it secure. It includes a button labeled 'Wireless Network Setup Wizard'.
- ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD**: A section describing a wizard for connecting wireless devices to the router using WPS. It includes a button labeled 'Add Wireless Device with WPS'.
- MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP**: A section for manual configuration of the wireless network, noting that this process will destroy any existing wireless network. It includes a button labeled 'Manual Wireless Network Setup'.

On the right side of the page, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with three bullet points providing additional guidance on using the wizards and manual setup options.

At the bottom of the page, the word 'WIRELESS' is displayed in a dark bar.

Enter the SSID (Service Set Identifier). The SSID is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

If you would like the router to automatically assign a network key to your network, click the **Automatically assign a network key** radio button.

Click **Next** to continue.

Alternatively, click the **Manually assign a network key** radio button to create your own network key.

Click **Next** to continue.

The following window appears if you selected the option to manually create your own network key.

Type a password that you would like to use for wireless security in the **Wireless Security Password** field.

Click **Next** to continue.



STEP 1: WELCOME TO THE D-LINK WIRELESS SECURITY SETUP WIZARD

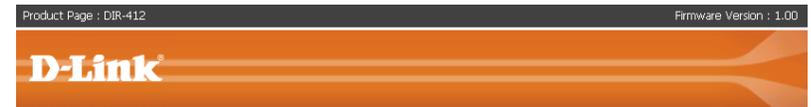
Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.

Wireless Network Name (SSID) :

Automatically assign a network key (Recommended)
To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security to your network.

Manually assign a network key
Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.

Note: All D-Link wireless adapters currently support WPA.



STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD

You have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.

The WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) key must meet one of following guidelines:

- Between 8 and 63 characters (A longer WPA key is more secure than a short one)
- Exactly 64 characters using 0-9 and A-F

Wireless Security Password :

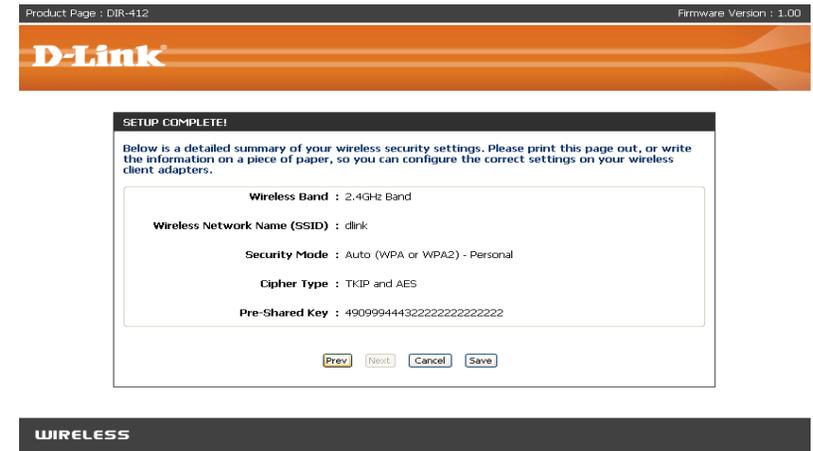
Note: You will need to enter the same password as keys in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.

The following window appears to indicate that the Wireless Connection Setup Wizard is complete.

If you selected the option that automatically generated a network key, the automatically generated key will display next to the **Pre-Shared Key** field.

If you manually specified a network key, the **Wireless Security Password** that you specified will display next to the **Pre-Shared Key** field.

Click **Save** to finish the Security Wizard.



Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard

From the **Setup > Wireless Settings** screen, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS**.



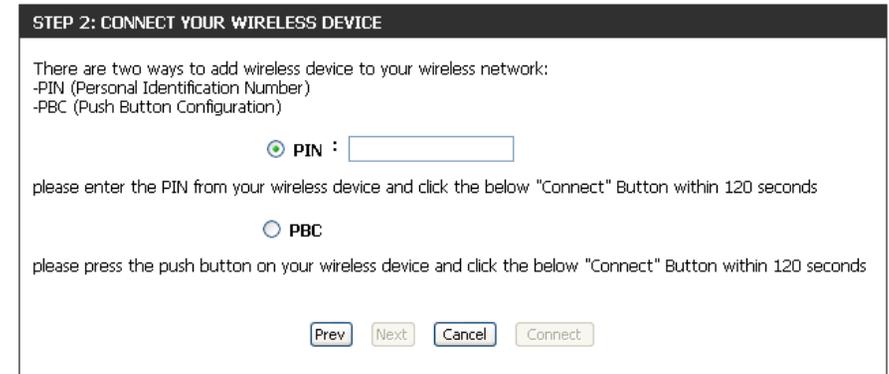
Select **Auto** to add a wireless client using WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Once you select **Auto** and click **Connect**, you will have a 120 second time limit to apply the settings to your wireless client(s) and successfully establish a connection.

If you select **Manual**, a settings summary screen will appear. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients.



PIN: Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

PBC: Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.



Configure WPA-Personal (PSK)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side and then click the **Manual Wireless Network Setup** button.
2. Select **Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)** from the *Security Mode* drop-down menu.
3. Select **Auto(TKIP/AES)**, **TKIP**, or **AES** from the *Cipher Type* drop-down menu. If you have wireless clients that use both types, use **TKIP/AES**.
4. Select **PSK** from the *PSK / EAP* drop-down menu.
5. Enter a key (passphrase) in the *Network Key* field. The key is entered as a pass-phrase in either ASCII or HEX format. If using ASCII format the pass-phrase must be between 8-63 characters. If using HEX format the pass-phrase must be 64 characters. The ASCII or HEX pass-phrase must be the same at both ends of the wireless connection.
6. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

WPA/WPA2

WPA/WPA2 requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :
(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

Configure WPA-Enterprise (RADIUS)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side and then click the **Manual Wireless Network Setup** button.
2. Select **Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (Enhanced)** from the *Security Mode* drop-down menu.
3. Select **Auto(TKIP/AES)**, **TKIP**, or **AES** from the *Cipher Type* drop-down menu. If you have wireless clients that use both types, use **TKIP/AES**.
4. Select **EAP** from the *PSK / EAP* drop-down menu.
5. Enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server in the *RADIUS Server IP Address* field.
6. Enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server in the *Port* field.
7. Enter the security key in the *Shared Secret* field.
8. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-Enterprise (RADIUS) on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode : Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced) ▾

WPA/WPA2

WPA/WPA2 requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type : AUTO(TKIP/AES) ▾

PSK / EAP : EAP ▾

RADIUS Server IP Address :

Port :

Shared Secret :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista® users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista® utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

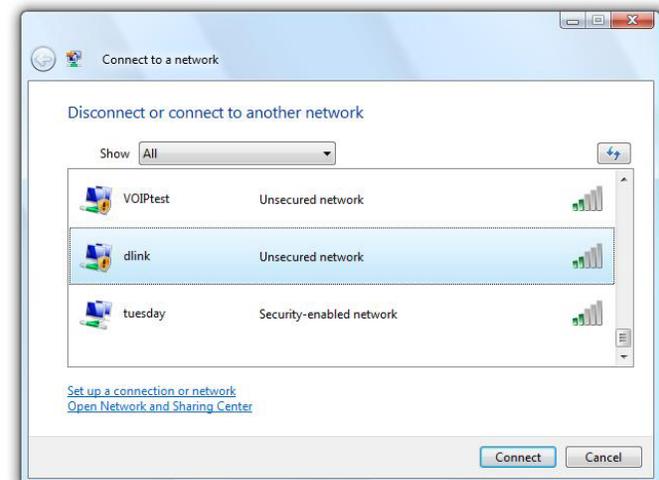
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.



The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



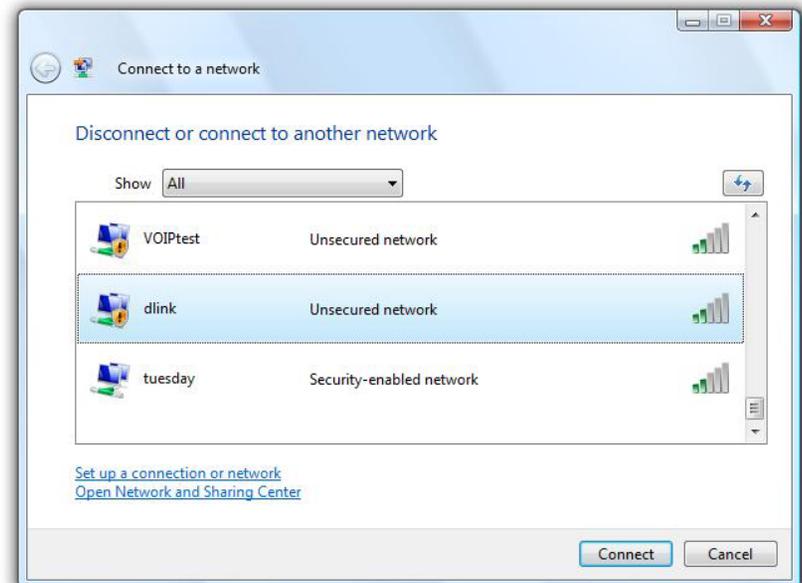
Configure WPA/WPA2

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista® Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.



2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Connect Using WCN 2.0

The router supports Wi-Fi protection, referred to as WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista®. The following instructions for setting this up depends on whether you are using Windows Vista® to configure the router or third party software.

When you first set up the router, Wi-Fi protection is disabled and unconfigured. To enjoy the benefits of Wi-Fi protection, the router must be both enabled and configured. There are three basic methods to accomplish this: use Windows Vista's built-in support for WCN 2.0, use software provided by a third party, or manually configure.

If you are running Windows Vista®, log into the router and click the **Enable** checkbox in the **Advanced > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** window. Use the Current PIN that is displayed in the **PIN Settings** section of **Advanced > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** window or choose to click the **Generate New PIN** button or **Reset PIN to Default** button.



If you are using third party software to set up Wi-Fi Protection, carefully follow the directions. When you are finished, proceed to the next section to set up the newly-configured router.

Using Windows® XP

Windows® XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® XP utility as seen below.

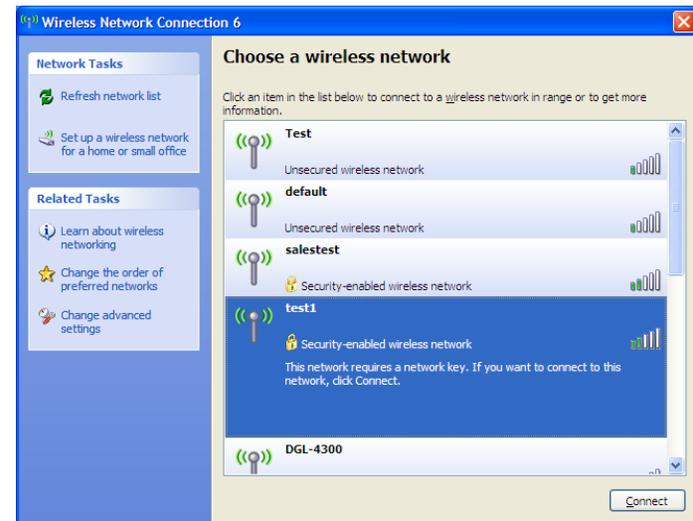
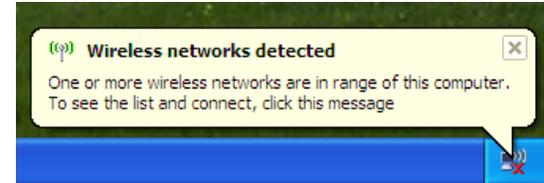
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

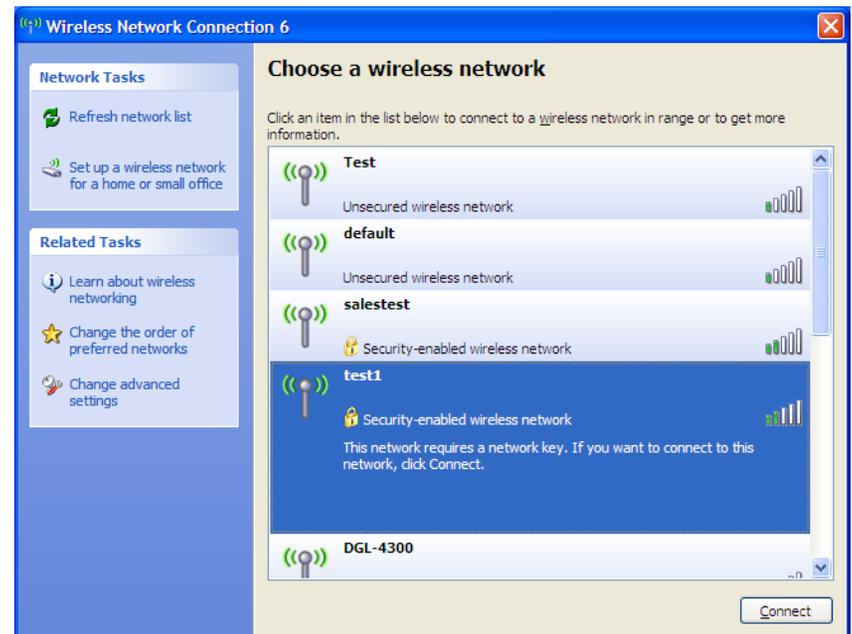
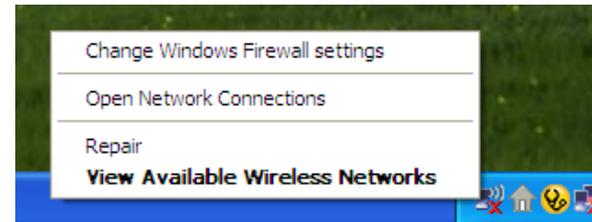
If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



Configure WPA-PSK

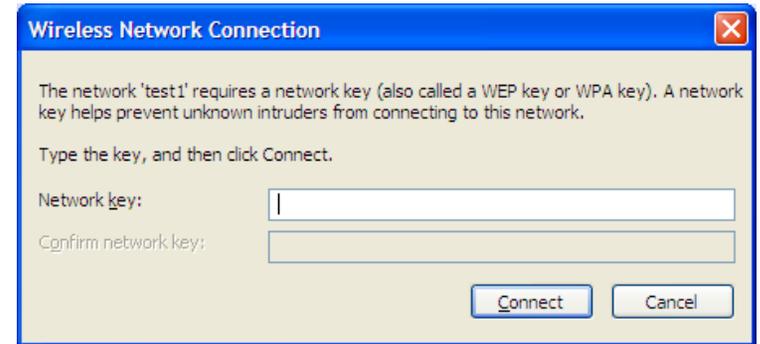
It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

1. Open the Windows® XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.
2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-412. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the screen shots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher
 - Netscape 8 or higher
 - Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0) or higher
 - Opera 8.5 or higher
 - Safari 1.2 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)
 - Camino 0.8.4 or higher
 - Firefox 1.5 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows® XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is **admin** and leave the password box empty.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive e-mails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving e-mail, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

Note: AOL DSL+ users must use MTU of 1400.

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows® NT, 2000, and XP users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: **ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472**

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms

C:\>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, let's say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with ($1452+28=1480$).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on **Setup>Internet** and then click **Manual Internet Connection Setup**.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the **MTU** field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your e-mail. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology has become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check e-mail, instant message, and etc
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let your next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to the product manual for detailed information on how to set this up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- **Infrastructure** – All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- **Ad-Hoc** – Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DIR-412 wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

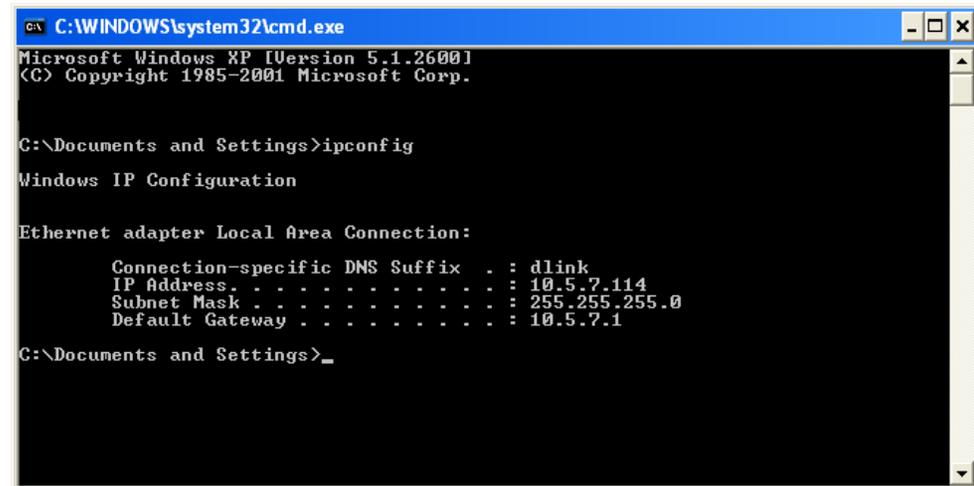
After you install your adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start > Run**. In the run box type *cmd* and click **OK**. (Windows Vista® users type *cmd* in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : dlink
    IP Address . . . . . : 10.5.7.114
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.5.7.1

C:\Documents and Settings>_
```

Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows Vista® - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections**.

Windows® XP - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.

Windows® 2000 - From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places > Properties**.

Step 2

Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** which represents your network adapter and select **Properties**.

Step 3

Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.

Step 4

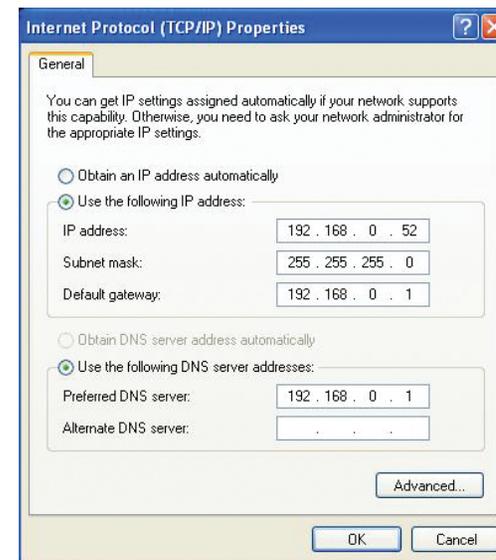
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

RF EXPOSURE SAFETY NOTICE:

To comply with FCC/IC RF Exposure Limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment, the product must be installed and operated with a minimum separation distance (between nearby person(s) and radiating antenna) according to the following scenarios:

1. 20cm minimum when the product is operated alone without co-transmitting with a plug-in 3G USB dongle device.
2. 33cm minimum when the product is operated with a plug-in 3G USB device which has maximum of 7W ERP output power.
3. For co-transmission scenario which is not covered above, please consult the RF technician or device supplier.

Industry Canada statement:

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that

may cause undesired operation.

Ce dispositif est conforme à la norme CNR-210 d'Industrie Canada applicable aux appareils radio exempts de licence. Son fonctionnement est sujet aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

RF EXPOSURE SAFEFY NOTICE:

To comply with FCC/IC RF Exposure Limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment, the product must be installed and operated with a minimum separation distance (between nearby person(s) and radiating antenna) according to the following scenarios:

1. 20cm minimum when the product is operated alone without co-transmitting with a plug-in 3G USB dongle device.
2. 33cm minimum when the product is operated with a plug-in 3G USB device which has maximum of 7W ERP output power.
3. For co-transmission scenario which is not covered above, please consult the RF technician or device supplier.

警語適用台灣地區

經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機，非經許可，公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信；經發現有干擾現象時，應改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信，指依電信法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾