

# Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-628 web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar contains menu items for DEVICE INFO, LOGS, STATISTICS, ACTIVE SESSIONS, and WIRELESS. The main content area is titled 'WIRELESS' and features an 'Associated Wireless Client List' section with a descriptive text: 'Use this option to view the wireless clients that are connected to your wireless router.' Below this, it indicates 'NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS : 1' and displays a table with the following data:

MAC Address	IP Address	Mode	Rate	Signal(%)
00:03:2F:11:23:28	192.168.0.127	11g	54	100

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with the text: 'This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your wireless router.' and a 'More...' link.

# Support

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-628 web interface. At the top, the D-Link logo is visible. Below it, a navigation bar contains tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The SUPPORT tab is selected, and the main content area shows a 'SUPPORT MENU' with links to Setup, Advanced, Tools, and Status. Below this, there are four help sections: SETUP HELP (Internet Connection, WAN, Wireless, Network Settings), ADVANCED HELP (Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, Application Rules, QoS Engine, Access Control, Website Filter, Network Filter, Firewall Settings, Inbound Filter, Advanced Wireless, Wi-Fi Protected Setup, Advanced Network), TOOLS HELP (Admin, Time, Syslog, Email Settings, System, Firmware, Dynamic DNS, System Check, Schedules), and STATUS HELP (Device Info, Wireless, Logs, Statistics, Internet Sessions). A 'WIRELESS' section is partially visible at the bottom.

DIR-628	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
MENU	<b>SUPPORT MENU</b>				
SETUP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Setup</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Advanced</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Tools</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Status</a></li> </ul>				
ADVANCED					
TOOLS					
STATUS					
	<b>SETUP HELP</b>				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Internet Connection</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">WAN</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Wireless</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Network Settings</a></li> </ul>				
	<b>ADVANCED HELP</b>				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Virtual Server</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Port Forwarding</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Application Rules</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">QoS Engine</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Access Control</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Website Filter</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Network Filter</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Firewall Settings</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Inbound Filter</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Advanced Wireless</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Wi-Fi Protected Setup</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Advanced Network</a></li> </ul>				
	<b>TOOLS HELP</b>				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Admin</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Time</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Syslog</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Email Settings</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">System</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Firmware</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic DNS</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">System Check</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Schedules</a></li> </ul>				
	<b>STATUS HELP</b>				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Device Info</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Wireless</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Logs</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Statistics</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Internet Sessions</a></li> </ul>				
	<b>WIRELESS</b>				

# Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-655 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

## What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

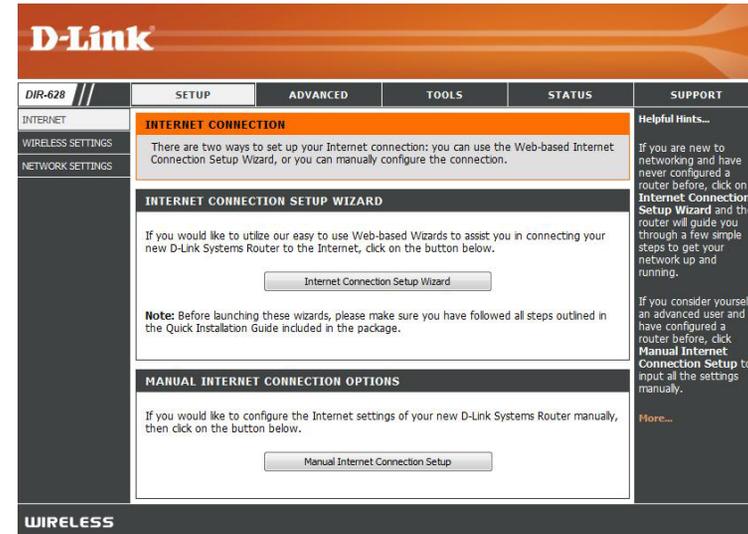
- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?\*&\_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

# Wireless Security Setup Wizard

To run the security wizard, click on Setup at the top and then click **Launch Wireless Security Setup Wizard**.



Type your desired wireless network name (SSID).

**Automatically:** Select this option to automatically generate the router's network key and click **Next**.

**Manually:** Select this option to manually enter your network key and click **Next**.

**STEP 1: WELCOME TO THE D-LINK WIRELESS SECURITY SETUP WIZARD**

Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.

Network Name (SSID) :

Automatically assign a network key (Recommended)

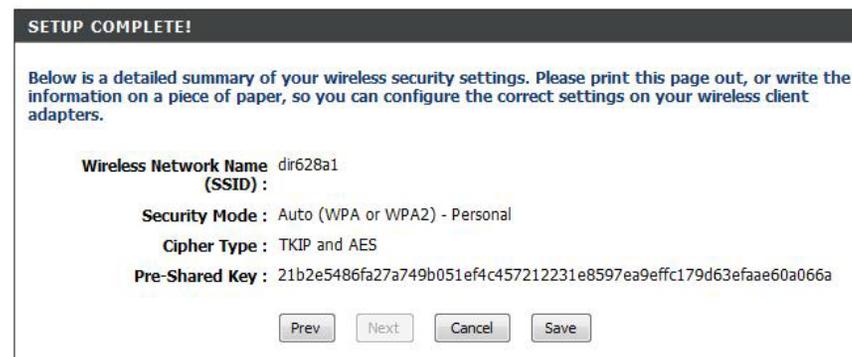
To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security (also called WEP or WPA key) to your network.

Manually assign a network key  
Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.

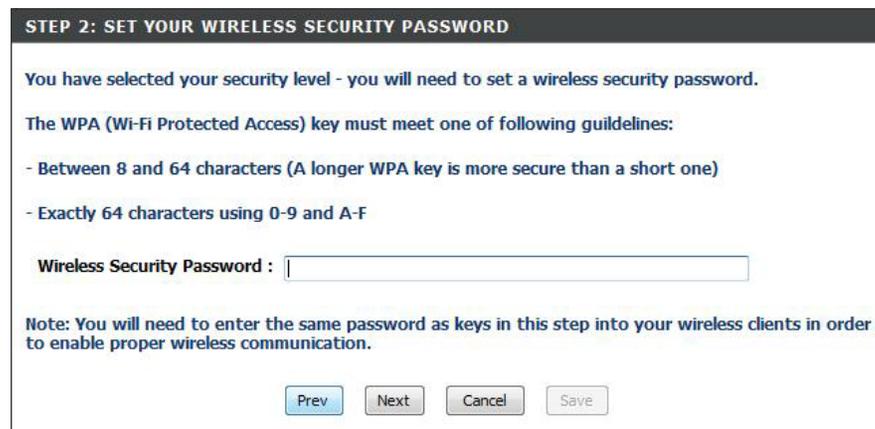
Use WPA encryption instead of WEP(WPA is stronger than WEP and all D-Link wireless client adapters support WPA)

**Note: All D-Link wireless adapters currently support WPA.**

If you selected **Automatically**, the summary window will display your settings. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients. Click **Save** to save your settings.

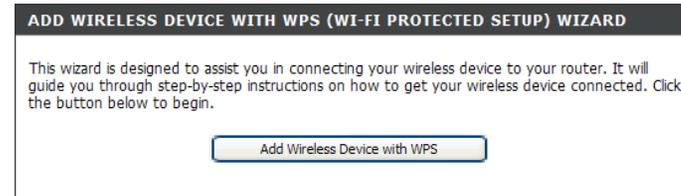


If you selected **Manually**, the following screen will appear.



# Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard

From the **Basic > Wizard** screen, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS**.



Select **Auto** to add a wireless client using WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Once you select **Auto** and click **Connect**, you will have a 120 second time limit to apply the settings to your wireless client(s) and successfully establish a connection.

If you select **Manual**, a settings summary screen will appear. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients.



**PIN:** Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

**PBC:** Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.



# Configure WPA-Personal (PSK)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **WPA-Personal**.
3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**.
5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
6. Next to *Pre-Shared Key*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is entered as a pass-phrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The pass-phrase must be between 8-63 characters.
7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

**WIRELESS SECURITY MODE**

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports two wireless security modes including: WPA-Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WPA provides a higher level of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. The WPA-Enterprise option requires an external RADIUS server.

Security Mode :

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**WPA**

WPA requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication. For legacy compatibility, use **WPA or WPA2** mode. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. The strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use **WPA2 Only** mode. In this mode, legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. The AES cipher will be used across the wireless network to ensure best security.

WPA Mode :

Cipher Type :

Group Key Update Interval :  (seconds)

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**PRE-SHARED KEY**

Pre-Shared Key :

# Configure WPA-Enterprise (RADIUS)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **WPA-Enterprise**.
3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**.
5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
6. Next to *Authentication Timeout*, enter the amount of time before a client is required to re-authenticate (60 minutes is default).
7. Next to *RADIUS Server IP Address* enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.

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**WPA Mode :**

**Cipher Type :**

**Group Key Update Interval :**  (seconds)

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**EAP (802.1X)**

When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.

**Authentication Timeout :**  (minutes)

**RADIUS server IP Address :**

**RADIUS server Port :**

**RADIUS server Shared Secret :**

**MAC Address Authentication :**

[Advanced >>](#)

8. Next to *RADIUS Server Port*, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.
9. Next to *RADIUS Server Shared Secret*, enter the security key.
10. If the *MAC Address Authentication* box is selected then the user will need to connect from the same computer whenever logging into the wireless network.
11. Click **Advanced** to enter settings for a secondary RADIUS Server.
12. Click **Apply Settings** to save your settings.

### EAP (802.1X)

When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.

Authentication Timeout :  (minutes)

RADIUS server IP Address :

RADIUS server Port :

RADIUS server Shared Secret :

MAC Address Authentication :

[<< Advanced](#)

Optional backup RADIUS server :

Second RADIUS server IP Address :

Second RADIUS server Port :

Second RADIUS server Shared Secret :

Second MAC Address Authentication :

# Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista® users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista® utility as seen below.

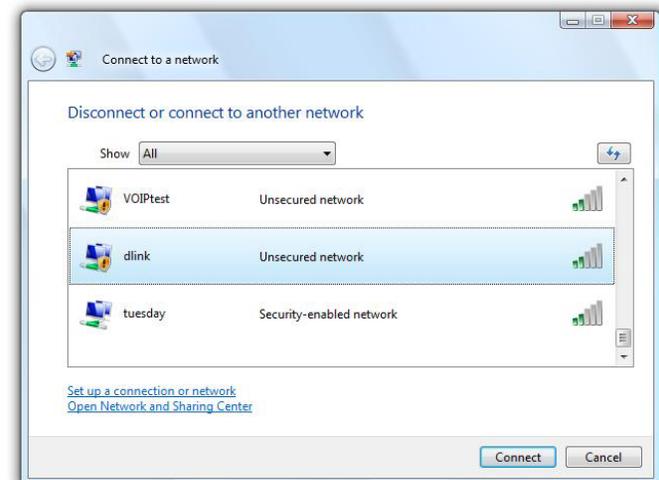
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



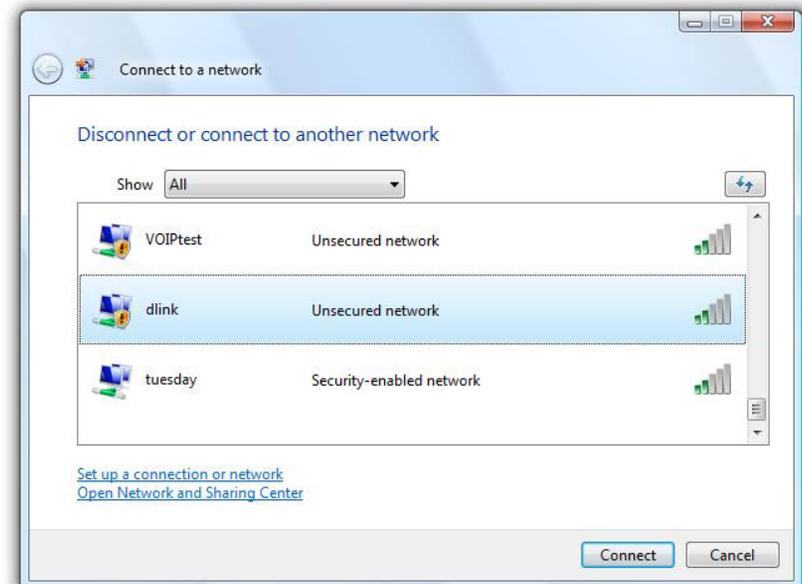
# Configure Wireless Security

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista® Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.



2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

