Four-port ADSL 2+ Wireless Router User Manual

Ver 1.0

Contents

1	Safe	ty Precai	utions	1					
2	Over	view		2					
	2.1	Applic	cation	2					
	2.2	Featu	res	2					
	2.3	Stand	lards Compatibility and Compliance	3					
3	Hardware Description and Hardware Installation								
	3.1	Hardy	vare Description	5					
		3.1.1	Front Panel	5					
		3.1.2	Rear Panel	6					
	3.2	Hardy	vare Installation	7					
		3.2.1	Choosing the Best Location for Wireless Operation .	7					
		3.2.2	Connecting the Device	7					
4	PC N	letwork (Configuration and Login	9					
	4.1	PC N	etwork Configuration	9					
	4.2	Loggi	ng In to the DSL Router	11					
5	Web-Based Management								
	5.1	13							
		5.1.1	Summary	13					
		5.1.2	WAN	14					
		5.1.3	Statistics	15					
		5.1.4	LAN	15					
		5.1.5	WAN Service	15					
		5.1.6	xTM	16					
		5.1.7	xDSL	16					
		5.1.8	Route	19					
		5.1.9	ARP	20					
		5.1.10	DHCP	20					
	5.2	Advar	nced Setup	20					
		5.2.1	Layer2 Interface	21					
		5.2.2	WAN Service	25					
		5.2.3	LAN Configuration	53					
		5.2.4	NAT	58					
		5.2.5	Security	62					

	5.2.6	Parental Control	67
	5.2.7	Quality of Service	68
	5.2.8	Routing	71
	5.2.9	DNS	73
	5.2.10	DSL	74
	5.2.11	UPnP	75
	5.2.12	DNS Proxy	76
	5.2.13	Packet Acceleration	76
	5.2.14	Interface Grouping	77
	5.2.15	Multicast	79
5.3	Wirele	ess	79
	5.3.1	Basic Settings	80
	5.3.2	Security	82
	5.3.3	MAC Filter	92
	5.3.4	Wireless Bridge	94
	5.3.5	Advanced Settings	94
	5.3.6	Station Info	96
5.4	Diagn	ostics	96
5.5	Manag	gement	97
	5.5.1	Settings	98
	5.5.2	System Log	99
	5.5.3	TR-69 Client	101
	5.5.4	Internet Time	101
	5.5.5	Access Control	103
	5.5.6	Update Software	104
	5.5.7	Reboot	105
Q&A.			106

6

1 Safety Precautions

Read the following information carefully before operating the device. Please follow the following precaution items to protect the device from risks and damage caused by fire and electric power:

- Use volume labels to mark the type of power.
- Use the power adapter that is packed within the device package.
- Pay attention to the power load of the outlet or prolonged lines. An
 overburden power outlet or damaged lines and plugs may cause electric
 shock or fire accident. Check the power cords regularly. If you find any
 damage, replace it at once.
- Proper space left for heat dissipation is necessary to avoid any damage caused by overheating to the device. The holes on the device are designed for heat dissipation to ensure that the device works normally. Do not cover these heat dissipation holes.
- Do not put this device close to a place where a heat source exits or high temperature occurs. Avoid the device from direct sunshine.
- Do not put this device close to a place where is over damp or watery. Do not spill any fluid on this device.
- Do not connect this device to any PC or electronic product, unless our customer engineer or your broadband provider instructs you to do this, because any wrong connection may cause any power or fire risk.
- Do not place this device on an unstable surface or support.

2 Overview

The DSL Router is a highly ADSL2+ Integrated Access Device and can support ADSL link with downstream up to 24 Mbps and upstream up to 1 Mbps. It is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective ADSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet or 802.11g/802.11b/802.11n wireless network. The Router combines high-speed ADSL Internet connection, IP routing for the LAN and wireless connectivity in one package. It is usually preferred to provide high access performance applications for the individual users, the SOHOs, and the small enterprises.

The Router is easy to install and use. The Modem connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The ADSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet by a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, packet filtering and port redirection, can help protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from outside your network.

Network and Router management is done through the web-based management interface that can be accessed through the local Ethernet using any web browser. You may also enable remote management to enable configuration of the Router via the WAN interface.

2.1 Application

- Home gateway
- SOHOs
- Small enterprises
- Higher data rate broadband sharing
- PC file and application sharing
- Network and online gaming

2.2 Features

User-friendly GUI for web configuration

- Several pre-configured popular games. Just enable the game and the port settings are automatically configured.
- Compatible with all standard Internet applications
- Industry standard and interoperable DSL interface
- Simple web-based status page displays a snapshot of system configuration, and links to the configuration pages
- Downloadable flash software updates
- Support for up to 16 permanent virtual circuits (PVC)
- Support for up to 8 PPPOE sessions
- Support NAT
- WLAN with high-speed data transfer rates of up to 130 Mbps, compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n, 2.4GHz/5G compliant equipment
- Optimized Linux 2.6 Operating System
- IP routing and bridging
- Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) and digital subscriber line (DSL) support
- Point-to-point protocol (PPP)
- Network/port address translation (NAT/PAT)
- Quality of service (QoS)
- Wireless LAN security: WPA, 802.1x, RADIUS client
- Virtual private network (VPN): IPSec
- Universal plug-and-play
- Management and control
 - Web-based management (WBM)
 - Command line interface (CLI)
 - TR-069 WAN management protocol
- Remote update
- System statistics and monitoring
- DSL router is targeted at the following platforms: DSL modems, wireless access points and bridge.

2.3 Standards Compatibility and Compliance

- Support application level gateway (ALG)
- ITU G.992.1 (G.dmt)
- ITU G.992.2 (G.lite)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)

- ITU G.992.3 (ADSL2)
- ITU G.992.5 (ADSL2+)
- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11n

3 Hardware Description and Hardware Installation

3.1 Hardware Description

3.1.1 Front Panel

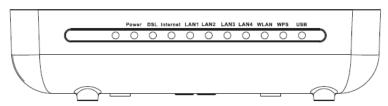


Figure 1 Front panel

The following table describes the indicators on the front panel.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description					
	Green	On	Power is on.					
Power	Red	On	Power is on and the device is initiating.					
	Red	Blink	The firmware is upgrading.					
		Off	Power is off or the device is down.					
	Green	On	DSL link has established.					
DCI	Green	Blink twice at every second	No DSL link is detected.					
DSL	Green	Blink four times at every second	DSL link is detected.					
	-	Off	Device is powered off.					
	Green	On	PPP/DHCP takes effect.					
1-1	Green	Blink	PPP/DHCP is negotiating.					
Internet	Green	Blink quickly	Data is being transmitted.					
	Red	On	Authentication fails.					
LANI	Green	On	The Ethernet interface is connected.					
LAN 1/2/3/4	Green	Blink	Data is being transmitted through the Ethernet interface.					

Indicator	Color	Status	Description					
		Off	The Ethernet interface is					
	-	Oli	disconnected.					
	Green	On	WLAN is enabled.					
WLAN	Green	Blink Data is being transmitted through wireless interface.						
	-	Off	WLAN is disabled.					
	Green	On	Connection succeeds under Wi-Fi Protected Setup.					
WPS	Green	Blink	Negotiation is in progress under Wi-Fi Protected Setup.					
	-	Off	Wi-Fi Protected Setup is disabled.					
	Green	On	USB device is connected.					
USB	Green	Blink	Data is being transmitted.					
	-	Off	USB device is disconnected.					

3.1.2 Rear Panel

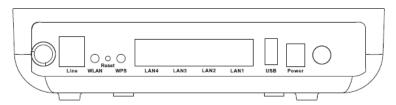


Figure 2 Rear panel

The following table describes the interfaces or the buttons on the rear panel.

Interface	Description					
Line	RJ-11 port, for connecting the ADSL cable.					
WLAN	WLAN switch, for enabling or disabling the WALN function.					
Deset	Press the button for at least 1 second and then release it. System					
Reset	restores the factory default settings.					
	This button is used for enabling WPS PBC mode. If WPS is enabled,					
WPS	press this button, and then the wireless router starts to accept the					
	negotiation of PBC mode.					
LAN 4~1	RJ-45 port, for connecting the router to a PC or another network					

Interface	Description					
	device.					
USB	USB port, for connecting the storage devices.					
Power	Power interface, for connecting the power adapter.					
0	Power switch					

Do not press the **Reset** button unless you want to clear the current settings. The **Reset** button is in a small circular hole on the rear panel. If you want to restore the default settings, please press the **Reset** button gently for 1 second with a fine needle inserted into the hole and then release the button. The system reboots and returns to the factory defaults.

The power specification is 12V, 1.25A. If the power adapter does not match the specification, it may damage the device.

3.2 Hardware Installation

3.2.1 Choosing the Best Location for Wireless Operation

Many environmental factors may affect the effective wireless function of the DSL Router. If this is the first time that you set up a wireless network device, read the following information:

The access point can be placed on a shelf or desktop, ideally you should be able to see the LED indicators in the front, as you may need to view them for troubleshooting. Designed to go up to 100 meters indoors and up to 300 meters outdoors, wireless LAN lets you access your network from anywhere you want. However, the numbers of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through limit signal range. Typical ranges vary depending on types of materials and background RF noise in your home or business.

3.2.2 Connecting the Device

Please follow the steps below to connect the device.

- **Step1** Connect the **Line** port of the DSL router with a telephone cable.
- Step2 Connect the LAN port of the DSL router to the network card of the PC via an Ethernet cable.

Step3 Plug one end of the power adapter to the wall outlet and connect the other end to the Power port of the DSL Router.

The followig figure displays the connection of the DSL router, PC, and telephones.

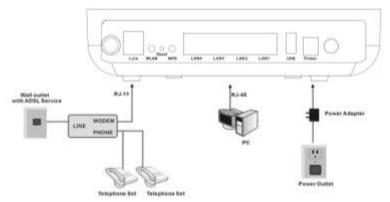


Figure 3 Connecting the DSL router

4 PC Network Configuration and Login

4.1 PC Network Configuration

Each network interface on the PC should either be configured with a statically defined IP address and DNS address, or be instructed to automatically obtain an IP address using the network DHCP server. DSL router provides a DHCP server on its LAN and it is recommended to configure your LAN to automatically obtain its IP address and DNS server IP address.

The configuration principle is identical but should be carried out differently on each operating system.

The following displays the TCP/IP Properties dialog box on Windows XP.

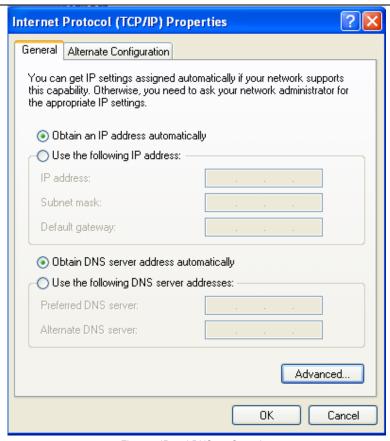


Figure 4 IP and DNS configuration

TCP/IP configuration steps for Windows XP are as follows:

- Step1 Choose Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.
- **Step2** Right-click the Ethernet connection icon and choose **Properties**.
- Step3 On the General tab, select the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) component and click Properties.
- Step4 The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window appears.

Step5 Select the Obtain an IP address automatically radio button.

Step6 Select the Obtain DNS server address automatically radio button.

Step7 Click **OK** to save the settings.

4.2 Logging In to the DSL Router

To log in to the DSL router, do as follows:

Step1 Open a Web browser on your computer.

Step2 Enter http://192.168.1.1 (the default IP address of the DSL router) in the address bar. The login page appears.

Step3 Enter the user name and the password. The default username and password of the super user are admin and gvt12345. The username and password of the common user are user and user. You need not enter the username and the password again if you select the option Remember my password. It is recommended to change these default values after logging in to the DSL router for the first time.

Step4 Click **OK** to log in to the Web page. Otherwise, please click **Cancel** to exit the login page.



Figure 5 Login page

After logging in to the DSL router as a super user, you can query, configure, and modify all the settings, and diagnose the system.

5 Web-Based Management

This chapter describes how to use Web-based management of the DSL router, which allows you to configure and control all of DSL router features and system parameters in a user-friendly GUI.

5.1 Device Information

Choose **Device Info**, and the submenus of **Device Info** are shown as below:



Figure 6 Submenus of device info

5.1.1 Summary

Choose **Device Info > Summary**, and the following page appears.

Device Info

Board ID:	96328ang
Build Timestamp:	100610_1432
Manufacturer:	Broadcom
ProductClass:	96328ang
SerialNumber:	021018632814
Software Version:	1.00.00.00_BZ
Bootloader (CFE) Version:	1.0.37-106.5
DSL PHY and Driver Version:	A2pD030h.d22j
Wireless Driver Version:	5.60.104.0.cpe4.406.

This information reflects the current status of your WAN connection.

Line Rate - Upstream (Kbps):	0
Line Rate - Downstream (Kbps):	0
LAN IPv4 Address:	192.168.1.1
Default Gateway:	
Primary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0

Figure 7 Summary page

This page displays the device information such as the board ID, software version, and the information of your WAN connection such as the upstream rate and the LAN IPv4 address.

5.1.2 WAN

Choose **Device Info > WAN** and the following page appears.

Interface	Description	Type	VioreHoods	Igmp	HAT	Firewall	Status	IPv4 Address	Connected Time
3000	ppone 0 0 25	PPPOE	Desabled	Disabled	Emabled	Disabled	Unconfigured	0.0.0.0	1

Figure 8 WAN information

This page displays the information of the WAN interface, such as the connection status, IPv4 address, and connected time.

5.1.3 Statistics

5.1.4 LAN

Choose **Device Info > Statistics > LAN** and the following page appears.

Statistics -- LAN

Interface	Receive	ed			Transmitted					
	Bytes Pkts Errs Drops E				Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops		
eth0	0	0	0	0	35438	438	0	0		
eth1	326032	2753	0	0	2153026	2837	0	0		
eth2	0	0	0	0	35438	438	0	0		
eth3	0	0	0	0	35438	438	0	0		
wlan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Reset Statistics

Figure 9 LAN statistical information

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the recevied and transmitted data packets of the Ethernet and wireless interfaces.

Click Reset Statistics to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.5 WAN Service

Choose **Device Info > Statistics > WAN Service** and the following page appears.

Statistics -- WAN

Interface	Description	Connected Time		Rece	ived	l	Ti	ransı	nitte	d
			Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops	Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_35	/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Reset Statistics

Figure 10 Statistical information of WAN service

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the recevied and transmitted data packets of the WAN interface.

Click **Reset Statistics** to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.6 xTM

Choose **Device Info > Statistics > xTM** and the following page appears.



Figure 11 xTM statistical information

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the recevied and transmitted data packets at the xTM interfaces.

Click the **Reset** button to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.7 xDSL

Choose **Device Info > Statistics > xDSL** and the following page appears.

Synchronized Time:		
Number of Synchronizations	: 0	
Mode:		
Traffic Type:		
Status:	Disabled	
Link Power State:		
	Downstream	Upstream
Line Coding(Trellis):		
SNR Margin (0.1 dB):		
Attenuation (0.1 dB):		
Output Power (0.1 dBm):		
Attainable Rate (Kbps):		
Rate (Kbps):		
Super Frames:		
Super Frame Errors:		
RS Words:		
RS Correctable Errors:		
RS Uncorrectable Errors:		
HEC Errors:		
OCD Errors:		
LCD Errors:		
Total Cells:		
Data Cells:		
Bit Errors:		
Total ES:		
Total SES:		
Total UAS:		

xDSL BER Test

Reset Statistics

Figure 12 xDSL statistical information

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the recevied and transmitted data packets of the xDSL interfaces.

Click xDSL BER Test to test the xDSL Bit Error Rate.

Click Reset Statistics to restore the values to zero and recount them.

xDSL BER Test

Click **xDSL BER Test** to perform a bit error rate (BER) test on the DSL line. The test page is as follows:

ADSL BER Test - Start

The ADSL Bit Error Rate (BER) test determines the quality of the ADSL connection. The test is done by transferring idle cells containing a known pattern and comparing the received data with this known pattern to check for any errors.

Select the test duration below and click "Start".

Tested Time (sec): 20

Start Close

Figure 13 ADSL BER test

The **Tested Time (sec)** can be 1, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 180, 240, 300, or 360. Select a time in the drop-down list and click **Start**. The following pages appear.

ADSL BER Test - Running

The xDSL BER test is in progress. The connection speed is 0 Kbps. The test will run for seconds.

Click "Stop" to terminate the test.



Figure 14 ADSL BER test - running

When the ADSL BER test completes, the following page appears.

ADSL BER Test - Result

The ADSL BER test completed successfully.

Test Time (sec):	20	
Total Transferred Bits:	0x00000001B69B580	
Total Error Bits:	0x00000000000000000	
Error Ratio:	0.00e+00	



Figure 15 ADSL BER test result

Note:

If the BER reaches e-5, you cannot access the Internet.

5.1.8 Route

Choose **Device Info > Route** and the following page appears.

Device Info -- Route

Flags: U - up, ! - reject, G - gateway, H - host, R - reinstate

D - dynamic (redirect), M - modified (redirect).

Destination	Destination	Subnet Mask	Flag	Metric	Service	Interface
192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0		br0

Figure 16 Route table

In this page, you can view the route table information.

5.1.9 ARP

Choose **Device Info > ARP** and the following page appears.

Device Info -- ARP

IP address	Flags	HW Address	Device
192.168.1.2	Complete	00:22:b0:68:de:69	br0

Figure 17 ARP table

In this page, you can view the MAC address and IP address information of the device connected to the router

5.1.10 DHCP

Choose **Device Info > DHCP** and the following page appears.

Device Info -- DHCP Leases



Figure 18 DHCP list

In this page, you can view the host name, the IP address assigned by the DHCP server, the MAC address this is corresponding to the IP address, and the DHCP lease time.

5.2 Advanced Setup

Choose **Advanced Setup** and the submenus of **Advanced Setup** are shown as below:

Advanced Setup Layer2 Interface WAN Service IAN NAT Security Parental Control **Quality of Service** Routing DNS DSI UPnP **DNS Proxy** Packet Acceleration Interface Grouping Multicast

Figure 19 Submenus of advance setup

5.2.1 Layer2 Interface

ATM Interface

Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface , and the following page appears.

DSL ATM Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSL ATM interfaces. tink Connection Queun Group Interface Vpi Vci Cabegory IP QuS Remove katoncy Турю Model Weight. Precedence PathG OSR DefautWode Embled

Add Remove

Figure 20 DSL ATM interface configuration

In this page, you can add or remove the DSL ATM Interfaces.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.



Figure 21 ATM PVC configuration

In this page, you can set the VPI and VCI values, and select the DSL latency, link type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.), connection mode, encapsulation mode, service category, and IP QoS scheduler algorithm.

- VPI (Virtual Path Identifier): The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, and its valid value is from 0 to 255.
- VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier): The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 are reserved for known protocols).
- Select DSL Latency: You may select Path0 and Path1.

- Select DSL Link Type: You may select EoA (it is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge), PPPoA, or IPoA.
- Select Connection Mode: You may select the Default Mode or the VLAN MUX Mode.
- Encapsulation Mode: You may select LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING or VC/MUX in the drop-down list.
- Service Category: you may select UBR Without PCR, UBR With PCR,
 CBR, Non Realtime VBR or Realtime VBR in the drop-down lsit.
- Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm: You may select Strict Priority and Weighted Fair Queuing.

Note:

QoS cannot be set for CBR and Realtime VBR.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to make the settings take effect. See the following figure:



Figure 22 Adding a DSL ATM interface

If you want to remove this Interface, please select the **Remove** check box that is corresponding to the selected interface and then click the **Remove** button.

ETH Interface

Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ETH Interface , and the following page appears.

ETH WAN Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure ETH WAN interfaces.

Allow one ETH as layer 2 wan interface.



Figure 23 ETH WAN interface configuration In this page, you can add or remove the ETH WAN interfaces. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

ETH WAN Configuration

This screen allows you to configure a ETH port .

Select a ETH port:



Select Connection Mode

- Default Mode Single service over one connection
- VLAN MUX Mode Multiple Vlan service over one connection



Figure 24 Configuring a ETH WAN interface

In this page, select a ETH port and a proper connection mode, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to make the settings take effect. See the following figure:

ETH WAN Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure ETH WAN interfaces.

Allow one ETH as layer 2 wan interface.





Figure 25 Adding a ETH WAN interface

If you want to remove this Interface, please select the **Remove** check box that is corresponding to the selected interface and then click the **Remove** button.

5.2.2 WAN Service

Choose **Advance Setup > WAN Service**, and the following page appears.

Wide Area Network (WAII) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.



Figure 26 WAN service configuration

In this page, you are allowed to add, remove, or edit a WAN service.

Adding a PPPoE WAN Service

This section describes the steps for adding the pppoe_0_0_35 (PPPoE mode) service.

Step1 In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATM configuration for this WAN service.)

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

```
Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set
```

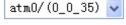




Figure 27 WAN service interface configuration (PPPoE)

Step2 In this page, you can select a ATM Interface for the WAN service. After selecting the ATM interface, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- O IP over Ethernet
- O Bridging

Enter Service Description: pppoe_0_0_35

Back Next

Figure 28 WAN service configuration (PPPoE)

Step3 In this page, select the WAN service type to be PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE). Click Next to display the following page.

PPP Username and Password FFP usually requires that you have a user name and password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and pessword that your ISP has provided to you. PPP Username: PPP Password: PPPOE Service Name: Authentication Method: AUTO Config ReepAlive Enable Fallcone NAT Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer) FF IF education Etable Firewall Use Static IPy# Address Enable PPF Debug Mode □ Bridge PPPoS Frames Between WAN and Local Ports Multicast Proxy Enable 3GNP Mulbered Proxy Back Next

Figure 29 PPP username and password (PPPoE)

Step4 In this page, you can modify the PPP username, PPP password, PPPoE service name and authentication method.

- **PPP Username:** The correct user name provided by your ISP.
- PPP Password: The correct password provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE Service Name: If your ISP provides it to you, please enter it. If not, do not enter any information.
- Authentication Method: The value can be AUTO, PAP, CHAP, or MSCHAP.
 Usually, you can select AUTO.
- Config KeepAlive: Whether to let the PPPoE dial-up keep alive.
- Enable Fullcone NAT: NAT is one where all requests from the same internal IP address and port are mapped to the same external IP address and port.
 Furthermore, any external host can send a packet to the internal host, by sending a packet to the mapped external address.
- Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer): If this function is enabled, you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the modem does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the modem automatically stops the PPPOE connection. Once it detects the flow (like access to a webpage), the modem restarts the PPPoE dialup. If this function is disabled, the modem performs PPPoE dial-up all the time. The PPPoE connection does not stop, unless the modem is powered off and DSLAM or uplink equipment is abnormal.
- PPP IP extension: If you want to configure DMZ Host, you should enable it first.
- Enable Firewall: If you want WAN connection to be safer, you should enable firewall.
- Use Static IPv4 Address: If this function is disabled, the modem obtains an IP address assigned by an uplink equipment such as BAS, through PPPoE dial-up. If this function is enabled, the modem uses this IP address as the WAN IP address.
- Enable PPP Debug Mode: Enable or disable this function.
- Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports: Enable or disable this function.
- Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy:if you want PPPoE mode to support IPTV, enable it.

Step5 After setting the parameters, click **Next** to display the following page.



Figure 30 Routing-default gateway (PPPoE)

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DRS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces DR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served an system dan servers but any one will be used according to the priority with the first being the largest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is cominded. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

obb()	7			
		10		
		41		
		tatic ons t		

Back, Nort

Figure 31 DNS server configuration(PPPoE)

Step7 In this page, you may obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter the static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must manually enter the static DNS server addresses. Click Next, and the following page appears.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoE
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

 ${\it Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. {\it Click "Back" to make any modifications.}}$

Back Apply/Save

Figure 32 PPPoE summary

Step8 In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoE settings. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

Wide Area Betwork (WAR) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.



Figure 33 Completing the settings of PPPoE WAN service

Adding a MER (IPoE) WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the ipoe_0_0_36 (MER mode) service.

Step1 In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a ATM configuration for this WAN service.)

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

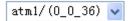




Figure 34 WAN service interface configuration (IPoE)

Step2 Select an ATM Interface, for example, atm1/(0_0_36), and then click Next to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- O PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- IP over Ethernet
- Bridging

Enter Service Description: ipoe_0_0_36

Back Next

Figure 35 WAN service configuration (IPoE)

Step3 In this page, select the WAN service type to be IP over Ethernet, and r the service description. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

		to configure the WAN IP settings. is chosen, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in IPoE mode.
If "Use the following Static	IF address" is chose	m, enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask and interface gateway
Obtain an IP address a	utomatically	
Option 55 Request List :	111	(e.g:1,3,6,12)
Option 58 Renewal Time:	in .	(hour)
Option 59 Rebinding Time:		(hour)
Option 68 Vendor ID:		
Option 61 IAID:		(8 hexadecimal digits)
Option 61 DUID:		(hexadecimal digit)
Option 125:	① Disable	O Enable
 Use the following State 	c IP address:	
WAN IP Address:		
WAN Subnet Mask:		
WAN geteway IP Address:		

Figure 36 WAN IP settings (IPoE)

Step4 In this page, you may themodify the WAN IP settings. You may select obtain an IP address automatically or manually enter the IP address provided by your ISP. Click **Next** and the following page appears.

Note:

If selecting **Obtain an IP address automatically**, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in MER mode.

If selecting **Use the following Static IP address**, please enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask and gateway IP address.



Figure 37 Network address translation settings (IPoE)

Step5 In this page, you can set the network address translation settings,for example, enabling NAT, enabling firewall, and enabling IGMP multicast.

After finishing setting, click **Next** and the following page appears.

befault galleway returface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the processy with the fault being the legist and the last one the lowest princity if the WAN interface is connected. Fronty priler can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Available Routed WAN

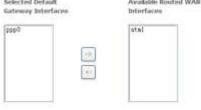


Figure 38 Routing-default gateway (IPoE)

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DRS Server Configuration Select DRS Server Interface from available WWI interfaces OR enter static DRS server IF addresses for the system, In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with POA or static (PoS protocol is configured, Static DRS server IP addresses must be entered. DRS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAII interfaces served as system this servers that only one will be used according to the priority with the first service the logic and the logic one the lowest priority if the WAII interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them track in again.

Bacil Next

Figure 39 DNS server configuration (IPoE)

Step7 In this page, you may obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must enter the static DNS server addresses. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoE
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 40 IPoE summary

Step8 In this page, it displays the information about the IPoE settngs. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

Wide Area Hetwork (WAH) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAR service over a selected interface.



Add Remove

Figure 41 Completing the settings of IPoA WAN service

Adding a PPPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the pppoa_0_0_37 (PPPoA mode) service.

Step1 Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface to dsipaly the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page. In this page, you need to add a PVC for PPPoA mode. Click the Add button in the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page to display the following page.

ATM PVC Configuration This screen allows you to configure on ATM PVC identifier (VFI and VCD), select OSL latency, select a service categoryS. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the checkbex to enable it. VPI: (0-255) VC3: [32-65535] 27 Select DSL Latency Patrici. El-Paths Select DSL Link Type (EaA is for PPPsE, IPsE, and Sndge.) @ PPPsA O Fox Encapsulation Mode: WC/MIX TER Without PCR. Service Offingery: Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm @ Strict Priority Precedence of the default queue: 6 (knowst)

Weighted Fair Queuing

Weight Value of the default queue: [1-63] MPAAL Group Procedence:

Figure 42 ATM PVC configuration (PPPoA)

Apply/Save

Step2 Select the DSL link type to be PPPoA, and select the encapsulation mode to be VC/MUX (according to the uplink equipment). After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to apply the setings, and the following page appears.

Interface	Vpi	Vei	DSI Labinocy	Category	tink Type	Connection Mode	III Quis	Scheduler Alg	Quoque Weight	Group Procedence	Remove
atroll	n	35	Famil	188.	£0A	Outhuithods	Ennitried	SP	1.	0.80	D
atm1	0	36	FWH0	ORK	Eah	DefautMode	Enabled	9	1		D
attrs2	D	37	Pathit	UBR	PHYSA	Defaulthode	Drebbied	57	1		10

OSI. ATM Interface Conflouration

Figure 43 Adding a DSL ATM interface for PPPoA service

Step3 Choose WAN Service and click Add to display the following page. WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

Figure 44 WAN service interface configuration (PPPoA)

Step4 Select the proper interface for the WAN service, and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description: pppoa_0_0_37



Figure 45 WAN service configuration (PPPoA)

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click **Next** to display the following page.

PPP Username and Pa	ssword		
	t you have a user name and pa t your ISP has provided to you.	asword to establish your connection. In the boxes below	v, enter the user
PPP Dermane: STP Persward: Authentication Method:	AUYO		
Enable Pulicane NA	T		
Dial on demand (w	th de timeaut timer)		
Enable Firewall			
Use Static IPo4 Add	tress		
Enable FFF Debug I	Node		
Multicast Proxy			
☐ Enable IGMF Multic	ast Proxy		
		Back Next	

Figure 46 PPP username and password (PPPoA)

Step6 In this page, you can enter the PPP username and PPP password provided by your ISP. Select the authentication method according to your requirement. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.



Sack [feed]

Figure 47 Routing-default gateway (PPPoA)

Step7 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DHS Server Interface from owelegie WAN interfaces OR other state: DRS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with Pick or state: PRE protocol is configured, State: DRS server IP addresses must be entered.

DHS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dis servers but only one will be used according to the proofs with the first being the freget and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be charged by remaining all and ladding them back in again.

×0	_	pppoul	
	9		
Use the folio	owing Static DHS	IP address:	
mary DNS serve	ic.		

Figure 48 DNS server configuration (PPPoA)

Back Not

Step8 In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter the static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must enter the static DNS server addresses. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

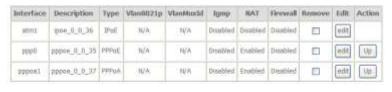
Back Apply/Save

Figure 49 PPPoA summary

Step9 In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoA settngs.Click Apply/Save to apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

Wide Area Hetwork (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.



Add Remove

Figure 50 Completing the settings of PPPoA WAN service

Adding an IPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the ipoa_0_0_38 (IPoA mode).

Step1 Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface to dsipaly the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page. In this page, you need to add a PVC for IPoA mode. Click the Add button in the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page to display the following page.



Figure 51 ATM PVC configuration (IPoA)

Step2 Select the DSL link type to be IPoA, and select the encapsulation mode to be LLC/SNAP-ROUTING (according to the uplink equipment). After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to display the following page.

DSL ATM Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSI, ATM interfaces. Link Connection Scheduler nst. Osiessie George Interface Vpi Vci Catagory IP Quá Semove Alg Latency Type Mode Weight Precedence NBR DefaultHode Enabled intin0 0 PathO Enh SP 8: Dertin. 36 PathG USR Epk DefaultMode Enabled SB п 70 37 Paths UER PPPGA DefaultMode SP 8 win2 Enabled 38 Pathit UNIX DefaultMode Emabled E1 **States** Pak 527 Add Remove

Figure 52 Adding a DSL ATM interface for IPoA service

Step3 Choose **WAN Service** and click **Add** to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

Figure 53 WAN service interface configuration (IPoA)

Next

Back

Step4 Select the proper interface for the WAN service ,and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description: ipoa_0_0_38

Figure 54 WAN service configuration (IPoA)

Back

Next

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click Next to display the following page. WAN IP Settings Enter information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings. WAN IP Address: 0.0.0.0 WAN Subnet Mask: Back Next

Figure 55 WAN IP settings (IPoA)

Step6 In this page, enter the WAN IP address and the WAN subnet mask provided by your ISP and then click Next to display the following page.

Network Address Translation Settings
Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN). IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Retwork (UAN).
☐ Euroble NAT
finable firewall
ISMP Multicast
Enable IGMP Mylticest
Rack Noot
Figure 56 Network address translation settings (IPoA)

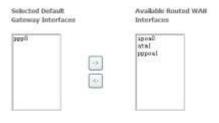
In this page, Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

If you do not want to enable NAT, and wish the user of modem to access the Internet normally, you need to add a route on the uplink equipment. Otherwise, the access to the Internet fails. Normally, please enable the NAT function.

Step7 After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

Routing - Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the preserve with the first being the legistrant to last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.



Book Next

Figure 57 Routing-default gateway (IPoA)

Step8 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DRS Server Configuration

Select DBS Server Interface from excelleble With interfaces CR enter state; DRS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if any a study FVC with Flork or state: First protocol in configured, State; DRS server IP addresses must be entered.

DRS Server Interfaces can have multiple WINA interfaces serve will as updarm that servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higgest and the lest one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by remaining all and adding Serve back in again.

Use the following Static DBS IP address:	mp1		
Promary DNS server:	·		
titeary SNS server:			
Trickly DNS server:			
		NS IP address:	

Figure 58 DNS server configuration (IPoA)

Step9 In this page, you should use a static DNS IP address for IPoA mode.

Select the proper DNS server interface and enter the primary DNS server and the secondary DNS server. Click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoA
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Back Apply/Save

Figure 59 IPoA summary

Step10 In this page, it displays the information about the IPoA settngs. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

Wide Area Betwork (WAII) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlantiti21g	Vlamblacht	agmp	MAT	Frewall	Remove	felk	Action
atm1	pne_0_0_36	Pol	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Desabled		edit	
ipoa6	poa_0_0_38	PoA	N/A	31/2A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	0	adit	
pap0	pppne_0_0_35	PPPoE	NA	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled		edit	-Up
pppoa1	ppgoa_0_0_37	PPPnA	N/A:	36/A	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	0	edit	Op-

Add Remove

Figure 60 Completing the settings of IPoA WAN service

Adding a Bridge WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the br_0_0_39 (Bridge mode) service.

Step1 In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATM

configuration for this WAN service.) Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set





Figure 61 WAN service interface configuration (bridge)

Step2 Select the proper ATM Interface, for example atm3/(0_0_39) and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- O PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- O IP over Ethernet
- Bridging

Enter Service Description: br_0_0_39



Figure 62 WAN service configuration (bridge)

Step3 In this page, you can select the WAN service type, and modify the service description. After finishing setting, click Next to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	Bridge
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Not Applicable
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Back Apply/Save

Figure 63 Bridge summary

Step4 In this page, it displays the information about the bridge settings. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings, and then the following page

appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	Vlambbadd	tynp	BAT	Firewall	Remove	£dit	Action
atm1.	ipoe_0_0_36	⊮uE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	D	edit	
(pag0	ipoa_0_0_38	PuA	N/A	H/A.	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled		edit	
atm3	br_0_0_39	Bridge	N/A	H/A	Distabled	Disabled	Disabled		0.00	
ррр0	рррое_0_0_35	PPFOE	N/A	N/A.	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled		edit	Up:
pppost	pppoo_0_0_37	PPPDA	N/A	N/A.	Onebled	Enabled	Disabled		edit	Up.

Add Remove

Figure 64 Completing the settings of bridge WAN service

5.2.3 LAN Configuration

Choose **Advanced Setup > LAN**, and the following page appears.



Figure 65 LAN setup

In this page, you can configure an IP address for the DSL router, enable IGMP snooping, enable the LAN side firewall, enable or disable the DHCP server, edit the DHCP option, configure the DHCP advanced setup and set the binding between a MAC address and an IP address.

IP Address: 192.168.1.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Figure 66 Configuring the IP address of the DSL router

In this page, you can modify the IP address of the device. The preset IP address is 192 168 1 1

Enabling IGMP Snooping

IGMP snooping enables the router to forward multicast traffic intelligently, instead of flooding all ports in the VLAN. With IGMP snooping, the router listens to IGMP membership reports, queries and leave messages to identify the switch ports that are members of multicast groups. Multicast traffic will only be forwarded to ports identified as members of the specific multicast group or groups.

	Enable IGMP Snooping
0	Standard Mode
0	Blocking Mode

Figure 67 Configuring the IGMP snooping

In this page, you can enable the IGMP snooping and select the proper mode for IGMP snooping.

Enabling the LAN Side Firewall

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host in the LAN.



Figure 68 Setting the LAN side firewall

In this page, you can enable or disable the LAN side firewall.

Configuring the DHCP Server

Disable DHCP Server

Enable DHCP Server

Start IP Address: 192.168.1.2

End IP Address: 192.168.1.254

Leased Time (hour): 24

Figure 69 Setting the DHCP server

If you enable the DHCP sever, the clients will automatically acquire the IP address from the DHCP server. If the DHCP server is disabled, you need to manually set the start IP address, end IP address and the lease time for the clients in the LAN.

Editing the DHCP Option

Click the **Edit DHCP Option** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Option Setup** page.



Figure 70 Configuring the DHCP options

In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP options, and these options will be sent to the DHCP client.

Editing the DHCP Option60

Click the **Edit DHCP Option60** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Option60 Setup** page.

OHEP OPTION 60 SETUP

Thu page allow you to setup their option oil, the drep server will assign one to address based on you seeting to drep client.

EHEP OPTION 66 TABLE:

State device Classification would reliable Address man Address through the County Setup County Setup County Co

Figure 71 Configuring the DHCP60 options

In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP60 options.

Configuring the DHCP Static IP Lease List

The lease list of static IP address can reserve the static IP addresses for the hosts with the specific MAC addresses. When a host whose MAC address is in the lease list of static IP address requests the DHCP server for an IP address, the DHCP server assigns the reserved IP address to the host.



Figure 72 DHCP static lease list

Click the **Add Entries** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Static IP Lease** page.

DHCP Static IP Lease

Enter the Mac address and Static IP address then click Apply/Save .

MAC Address:	
IP Address:	

Apply/Save

Figure 73 Adding an entry of DHCP static IP lease list

In this page, enter the MAC address of the LAN host and the static IP address that is reserved for the host, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

Configuring the Second IP Address and Subnet Mask for a LAN Interface

In the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup page, you are allowed to set the second IP address and the subnet mask for a LAN interface.

✓ Configure the second I	P Address and Subnet Ma	sk for LAN interface
IP Address:		
Subnet Mask:		
		Apply/Save

Figure 74 Setting the second IP address and subnet mask

After enabling Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface, enter an IP address and a subnet mask for the LAN interface.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

5.2.4 NAT

Note:

The NAT information is not displayed in the bridge mode.

Virtual Servers

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host on the LAN. The virtual server can create a channel that can pass through the firewall. In that case, the host on the Internet can communicate with a host on your LAN within certain port range.

Choose Advanced Setup > NAT > Virtual Servers, and the following page appears. BAT - Virtual Servers Setup Virtual Server allows you to direct incoming traffic from WAN side (identified by Protocol and External port) to the Internal server with private IP address on the LAN side. The Internal port is required only if the external port reads to be converted to a different port number used by the server on the LAN side. A maximum 32 entries can be configured. External Port External Port Protocol Internal Port Internal Port Server IP Foul Short Address Interface

Figure 75 Virtual server setup

In this page, you are allowed to add or remove a virtual server entry.

To add a virtual server, do as follows:

Click the Add button to display the following page.

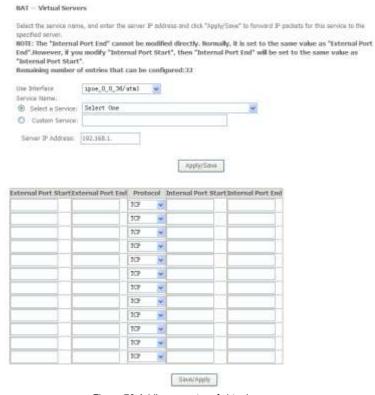


Figure 76 Adding an entry of virtual server

- Use interface: Select an interface that you want to configure.
- Select a Service: Select a proper service in the drop-down list.
- Custom Server: Enter a new service name to establish a user service type.
- Server IP Address: Assign an IP address to virtual server.

- External Port Start: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- External Port End: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- Protocol: You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP in the drop-down list.
- Internal Port Start: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- Internal Port End: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.

After finishing setting, click Save/Apply to save and apply the settings.

Port Triggering

Some applications need some ports to be opened in the firewall for the remote access. When an application initializes a TCP/UDP to connect to a remote user, port triggering dynamically opens the open ports of the firewall.

Choose Advanced Settings > NAT > Port Triggering, and the following page appears.

HAT - Port Triggering Sutup

Some applications require that specific parts in the Reuten's followed be queried for eccess by the remain parties. Port Trigger dynamically opens up the "Open Parts" in the frewall when an application on the LAN initiates a TCP/UDP committion to a remate party using the "Triggering Parts". The Reuter allows the remate party from the WAN side to establish new connections book to the application on the LAN side using the "Open Parts". A maximum 32 entries can be configured.



Figure 77 Port triggering setup

In this page, you may add or delete an entry of port triggering. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

RAT - Port Triggering

Some applications such as general, index confirmating, remete access applications and others require that specific ports in the floatists frewall be opered for access by the applications. You can configure the part settings from this screen by selecting an westing application or creating your own (Custom application) and click "Save/Apply" to add it.

Remaining number of entries that can be configured: 32

Sissi Interface ipos_D_0_36/atml Application Name: Select Our Select an application: O Custom application Apply/Savn Trigger Port Start Trigger Port End Trigger Protocol/Open Port Start/Open Port End/Open Protocol TOP TCP TOP **TCP** TOP TCP TCP TCF TCF **TOP** TCF TCP TOP DOP TOP TOP

Figure 78 Adding an entry of port triggering

Servi/Apply

- **Use interface**: Select an interface that you want to configure.
- Select an application: Select a proper application in the drop-down list.
- Custom application: Manually define an application.
- Trigger port Start: The start port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- Trigger port End: The end port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- Trigger Protocol: Select the application protocol. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.
- Open Port Start: The start port number that is opened to WAN.
- Open Port End: The end port number that is opened to WAN.
- Open Protocol: Select the proper protocol that is opened to WAN. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.

After finishing setting, click Save/Apply to apply the settings.

Note:

You can use a single port number, several port numbers separated by commas, port blocks consisting of two port numbers separated by a dash, or any combination of these, for example 80, 90-140, 180.

DMZ Host

DMZ allows all the ports of a PC on your LAN to be exposed to the Internet. Set the IP address of the PC to be DMZ host, so that the DMZ host will not be blocked by firewall

Choose **Advanced Setup > NAT > DMZ host** to display the following page.



Figure 79 DMZ host

In this page, enter the IP address of the DMZ host.

After finishing the settings, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

If you want to clear the DMZ function of the host, please delete the IP address of the host in the field of **DMZ Host IP Address**, and then click the **Apply/Save** button.

5.2.5 Security

By default, the firewall is enabled. The firewall is used to block the file transmission between the Internet and your PC. It serves as a safety guard and permits only the authorized files to be sent to the LAN.

Note:

If the DSL router is configured to be bridge mode, IP filtering is disabled and the IP filtering interface does not appear.

Outgoing IP Filtering Setup

When the outgoing IP filtering settings is enabled on the DSL router, the security functions for the local network are enabled at the same time.

Choose Security > IP Filtering > Outgoing and the following page appears.



Figure 80 Outgoing IP filtering setup

By default, all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is allowed, but some IP traffic can be blocked by setting filters.

In this page, you can add or remove the outgoing IP filtering rules.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.



Figure 81 Adding an IP outgoing filtering rule

In this page, you can create a filter rule to identify the outgoing IP traffic by specifying a new filter name and at least one condition.

- Filter Name: Set the filter name
- IP Version: Select the proper IP version in the drop-down list.
- Protocol: Select a protocol that needs to be filtered.
- Source IP address [/prefix length]: Set the range of local IP address.
- Source Port (port or port: port): Set the local port.
- Destination IP address [/prefix length]: Set the range of IP address of the exterior network
- Destination Port (port or port: port): Set the port of the exterior network.
 After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and activate the filtering rule.

Incoming IP Filtering Setup

The incoming IP filter is used to block and permit the IP packet transmisstion from the internet

Choose Security > IP Filtering > Incoming and the following page appears.



Figure 82 Incoming IP filtering setup

In this page, you can add or remove the incoming IP filtering rules. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

Add IP Filter -- Incoming The screen allows you to create a fifter rule to identify incoming IF traffic by specifying a new fifter name and at least one condition helow. All of the specified conditions in this filter rule must be satisfied for the rule to take effect. Click 'Apply'Save' to save and activate the filter. Filler Name: F Version: IPv4 Protocol Source IP address[/prefix length]: Source Port (part or port port): Destination IP address[/prefix length]: Destination Part (part or port part): WAII Interfaces (Configured in Routing mode and with firewall enulsed) and LAII Interfaces Select one or more WAN/LAN interfaces displayed below to apply this rule. Select All E 1r0/hr0

Figure 83 Adding an IP incoming filtering rule

In this page, you can create a filter rule to identify the incoming IP traffic by specifying a new filter name and at least one condition, and you must select at least one WAN interface for the rule.

- Filter Name: Set the filter name.
- IP Version: Select the proper IP version in the drop-down list.
- Protocol: Select a protocol that needs to be filtered.
- Source IP address [/prefix length]: Set the range of local IP address.
- Source Port (port or port: port): Set the local port.
- Destination IP address [/prefix length]: Set the range of IP address of the exterior network.
- **Destination Port (port or port: port)**: Set the port of the exterior network. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and activate the filtering rule.

MAC Filtering Setup

In some cases, you may want to manage Layer2 MAC address to block or permit a computer within the home network. When you enable MAC filter rules, the DSL router serves as a firewall that works at layer 2.

Note:

MAC filtering is only effective on ATM PVCs configured in bridge mode. If the ATM PVCs are configured in other routing modes (such as PPPoE mode), the **MAC** Filtering Setup page does not be configured.

Choose **Security** > **MAC Filtering** and the following page appears.



Add MAC filter

"MAC Fitnering is only effective on ATM PVCs configured in Bridge mode. FORWARDED means that all MAC layer frames will be FORWARDED except those maching with any of the specified or laise in the following table. BLOCKED means that of MAC layer forces will be BLOCKED except these matching with any of the specified rules in the following table.

MAC Filtering Policy For Each Interface(maximum 32 entries):

WARNING: Changing from one policy to another of an interface will cause all defined rules for that interface to be REMOVED AUTOMATICALLY! You will need to create new rules for the new policy.



Choese Add or Remove to configure MAC filtering rules.



Figure 84 MAC filtering setup

In this page, you can add or remove the MAC filtering rule. You may change the MAC filtering policy from **FORWARDED** to **BLOCKED** by clicking the **Change Policy** button

Create a filter to identify the MAC layer frames by specifying at least one condition below. If multiple conditions are specified, all of

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

Protocul Type:		
Destination MAC Address:		
Source MAC Address:		
Frame Direction:	LAMC=>BAH	
WAR Interfaces (Configure	d in Bridge mode unity)	
br_0_0_39/sta3		

Figure 85 Adding a MAC filter

- Protocol Type: Select the proper protocol type.
- Destination MAC Address: Enter the destination MAC address.

- Source MAC Address: Enter the source MAC address.
- Frame Direction: The direction of transmission frame.
- WAN Interface (Configured in bridge mode only): Select the proper WAN interface in the drop-down list.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the filtering rule.

5.2.6 Parental Control

Time Restriction

Choose Advanced Setup > Parental Control > Time Restriction, and the following page appears.

Access Time Restriction - A maximum 16 entries can be configured.



Figure 86 Time restriction setup

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

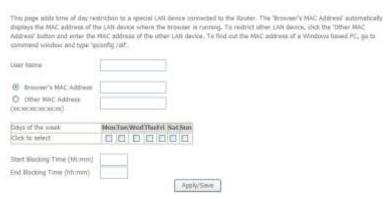


Figure 87 Adding a time restriction rule

This page is used to control the time restriction to a special LAN device that connects to the DSL router. In this page, se the user name and configure the time settings. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.7 Quality of Service

Enabling QoS

Choose Advance Setup > Quality of Service and the following page appears.

QoS — Queue Management Configuration

If Enable QoS checkbox is selected, choose a default DSCP mark to eutomatically mark locarring traffic without reference to a perfecular classifier. Click 'Apply/Save' button to save it.

Note: If Enable Qos checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces.

Note: The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Figure 88 QoS queue management configuration

Select Enable QoS to enable QoS and configure the default DSCP mark.

QoS — Queue Management Configuration

If Enable QoS checkbox is selected, choose a default DSCP mark to submatically mark incoming traffic without reference to a particular classifier. Click 'Apply/Save' button to save it.

Note: The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Note: If Enable Qos checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces.



Figure 89 Enabling QoS

In this page, enable the QoS function and select the default DSCP mark. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

Note:

If the **Enable Qos** checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces. The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Queue Config

Choose **Advanced Setup > Quality of Service > Queue Config**, and the following page appears.

QoS Queun Sintup

In ATM mode, maximum 15 queues can be configured.

In PTM mode, maximum it queues can be configured.

For each Ethermat interface, maximum 4 queues can be configured.

If you disable WWW function in Wireless Page, queues related to wireless will not take effects.

The QoS function has been disabled. Queues would not take effects.

Namo	Key	Swinefaces	Scheduler Alg	Precedence	Weight	DSL Latinocy	PTM Priority	Enable	Remove
WMM Voice Priority	t	W00	50	i				trobled	
WMM Voice Priority	z	witt	51	2				Enabled	
WMM Video Priumy	3	w/0	58	3				Enabled	
WMM Video Priority	4	1600	SP	4				trabled	
WMM Best Effort	3	witt	SF					Enabled	
WMM Background	+	WID	SF					Enabled	
V/MM Deriground	7	WID	SP	7				Enabled	
WWM Best Effort	8	m/0	SP	1				Enabled	
Default Quoue	33	26110	SP	8		Fatts0		D	
Default Queue	24	atrett	SP	0		Path0		D	
Default Queue	36	atrv2	SP	- 1		Fathû .		п	
Defeuit Queue	37	QueO	50	3		Petit		D	
Default Queue	38	atrick	51			Pathi		D	

Add Enable Remove

Figure 90 QoS queue setup

In this page, you can enable, add or remove a QoS rule.

Note:

The lower integer value for precedence indicates the higher priority.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

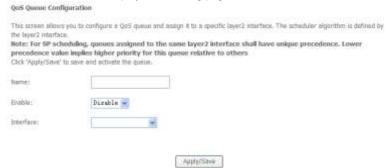


Figure 91 Adding a QoS queue

- Name: Enter the name of QoS gueue.
- Enable: Enable or disable the QoS queue.
- Interface: Select the proper interface for the QoS gueue.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

QoS Classification

Choose Advanced Setup > Quality of Service > Qos Classification and the following page appears.



Figure 92 QoS classification setup

In this page, you can enable, add or remove a QoS classification rule. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

and optionally everwrite the IF header DSCF byte, A rule or	en halflic, aways queue which defines the precedence and the nexts of a class rame and at least one condition below. All of of for the rule to take effect. Class 'Apply Saws' to save and ac	the
Traffic Class Name:		
Rule Order:	Last -	
Role Status:	Enable 💌	
Specify Classification Ofitaria A blank criteron indicates it is not used for classification.		
Class Street/ace:	LAN	
Ether Type:		
Source MAC Address:		
Source MAC Most:		
Destination MAC Address:		
Destination NAC Made		
Frame size rage for Bridged interface(FRGME:TO):		
Specify Classification Results Must salect a classification quasa, A blank mark or tag only	means no change.	
Assign Classification Quesur:	*	
Mark Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCF):	9	
Mark 800-1y promity:		
Tag VLAX ID (0-4194):		

Figure 93 Adding a QoS classification rule

In this page, enter the traffic name, select the rule order and the rule status, and specify the classification criteria and the classification results.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.8 Routing

Default Gateway

Choose Advanced Setup > Routing > Default Gateway, and the following page appears.

Routing -- Default Gateway Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them book in again.

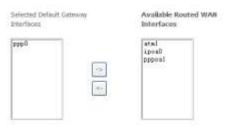


Figure 94 Default gateway setup

In this page, you can modify the default gateway settings.

Select a proper WAN interface in the drop-down list of **Selected WAN Interface** as the system default gateway.

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

Static Route

Choose **Advanced Setup > Routing > Static Route** and the following page appears.

Routing -- Static Route (A maximum 32 entries can be configured)



Figure 95 Static routing setup

In this page, you can add or remove a static routing rule of IPV4. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

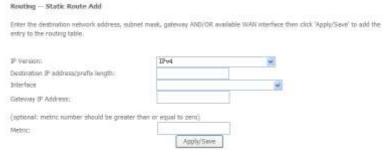


Figure 96 Adding a static routing rule

- IP Version: Select the IP version to be IPv4.
- Destination IP address/prefix length: Enter the destination IP address.
- Interface: select the proper interface for the rule.
- Gateway IP Address: The next-hop IP address.
- Metric: The metric value of routing.

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

5.2.9 DNS

DNS Server

Choose Advanced Setup > DNS > DNS Server and the following page appears.

1985 Server Configuration

Figure 97 DNS server configuration

Adply/Save

Select DNS Server Interface from meetable WAN interfaces DR arter static DRS server IP addresses for the system. It ATH mode, if only a onigle PVC with PAA or catic: PVC protect of iconfigured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered. DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces are served as system the server but only make the usual according to

In this page, you can select a DNS server interface from the available interfaces, manually enter the DNS server addresses, or obtain the DNS address from a WAN interface.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.10 DSL

Choose Advanced Setup > DSL and the following page appears.

DSL Settings

Select the modulation below.

- ✓ G.Dmt Enabled
- ✓ G.lite Enabled
- ▼ T1.413 Enabled
- ✓ ADSL2 Enabled
- ✓ AnnexL Enabled
- ✓ ADSL2+ Enabled
- AnnexM Enabled

Select the phone line pair below.

- Inner pair
- Outer pair

Capability

- ✓ Bitswap Enable
- SRA Enable

Apply/Save Advanced Settings

Figure 98 DSL settings

In this page, you can set the DSL settings. Usually, you do not need to modify the factory default settings.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.11 UPnP

Choose **Advanced Setup > UPnP** and the following page appears.

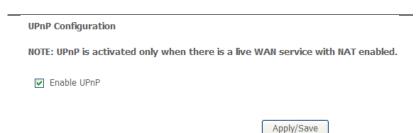


Figure 99 UPnP configuration

In this page, you can enable or disable the UPnP function.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.12 DNS Proxy

Choose **Advanced Setup > DNS Proxy** and the following page appears.

DNS Proxy Configuration

☑ Enable DNS Proxy	
Host name of the Broadband Router:	Broadcom
Domain name of the LAN network:	Home

Apply/Save

Figure 100 DNS proxy configuration

In this page, you can enable or disable the DNS proxy function.

After enabling the DNS proxy function, enter the host name of the broadband router and the domain name of the LAN network, and then click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.13 Packet Acceleration

Choose Advanced Setup > Packet Acceleration and the following page appears.

Packet Acceleration



Apply/Save

Figure 101 Packet Acceleration

In this page, you can enable or disable Packet Flow Accelerator.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.14 Interface Grouping

Choose **Advanced Setup > Interface Grouping** and the following page appears.

Interface Grouping - A maximum 16 entries can be configured

Interface Grouping supports multiple parts to PVC, and bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network. To support this feature, you must create imapping groups with appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the Add button. The Remove button will remove the grouping and add the ingrouped interfaces to the Default group. Daily the default group be IP interface.

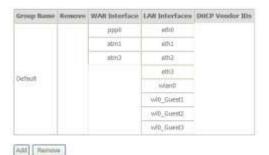


Figure 102 Interface grouping configuration

Interface grouping supports multiple ports to PVC and bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network. To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with the appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the **Add** button. The **Remove** button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the default group. Only the default group has IP interface.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

Interface grouping Configural	Son
To create a new interface group: 3. Enter the Group name and the	group name must be unique and select either Z. (dynamic) or J. (static) below:
	LAN clears to a WARE treorises in the new group add the SHCP ventor ID string. By configuring a short request with the specified ventor ID (OHCP option 60) will be decided an IP address from the
	able reterface list and add if to the grouped wherface for using the arrow haltons to create the ste that these clients may obtain public IP addresses:
4. Click Apply/Seve button to make	is the changes affective immediately
IMPORTANT If a vendor ID is o modern to allow it to obtain a	configured for a specific client dirvice, please REBOOT the client device attached to the n appropriate IP address.
Group Name:	
WAN Interface used in the gr	coupling Igon_0_0_35/stal
Grouped LAW Interfaces	Available LAN Interfaces
(2) (4)	ethi eth2 eth3 eth3 vlam0 vl.Cometi vl.Gometi vl.Gomet2 vl.Gomet3
Automotically Add Cleots With the following DHCP Vendor IDs	-
	<u> </u>
	Apply/Sees

Figure 103 Adding a new interface group

In this page, please follow the on-screen configuration steps to configure the parameters of the interface grouping.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.15 Multicast

Choose Advanced Setup > Multicast and the following page appears.

IGMP Configuration

Enter IGMP protocol configuration fields if you want modify default values shown below.

Default Version:	3
Query Interval (s):	125
Query Response Interval (1/10s):	100
Last Member Query Interval (1/10s):	10
Robustness Value:	2
Maximum Multicast Groups:	25
Maximum Multicast Data Sources (for IGMPv3):	10
Maximum Multicast Group Members:	25
Fast Leave Enable:	✓
LAN to LAN (Intra LAN) Multicast Enable:	✓

Apply/Save

Figure 104 Multicast configuration

In this page, you can configure the multicast parameters of the IPv4. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.3 Wireless

Choose Wireless and the submenus of Wireless are shown as below:

Wireless
Basic
Security
MAC Filter
Wireless Bridge
Advanced
Station Info

Figure 105 Submenus of wireless settings

5.3.1 Basic Settings

Choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to display the following page.

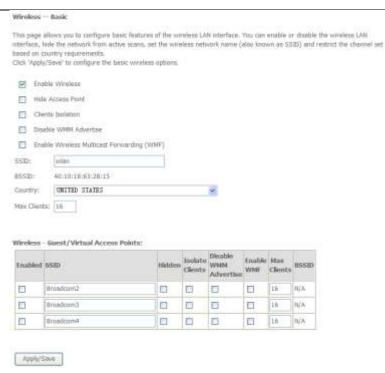


Figure 106 Wireless basic configuration

This page allows you to configure the basic features of the wireless LAN interface.

- Enable Wireless: Enable or disable the wireless function.
- Hide Access Point: if you want to hide any access point for your router, select this option, and then a station cannot obtain the SSID through the passive scanning.
- Clients Isolation: When many clients connect to the same access point, they can access each other. If you want to disable the access between the clients that connect to the same access point, you can select this option.
- Disable WMM Advertise: After enabling this option, the transmission performance multimedia of the voice and video data can be improved.

- Enable Wireless Multicast Forwarding (WMF): After enabling this option, the transmission quality of video service such as IPTV can be improved.
- SSID: For the security reason, you should change the default SSID to a
 unique name.
- BSSID: Display the MAC address of the wireless interface.
- Country: The name of the country with which your gateway is configured.
 This parameter further specifies your wireless connection. For example, The channel will adjust according to nations to adapt to each nation's frequency provision.
- Max Clients: Specify the maximum wireless client stations to be enabled to link with AP. Once the clients exceed the max vlaue, all other clients are refused. The value of maximum clients is 16.
- Wireless Guest/Virtual Access Points: If you want to make Guest/Virtual network function be available, you have to check those boxes in the table below. In the current software version, three virtual access points can be configured.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save the basic wireless settings and make the settings take effect.

5.3.2 Security

Choose Wireless > Security to display the following page.

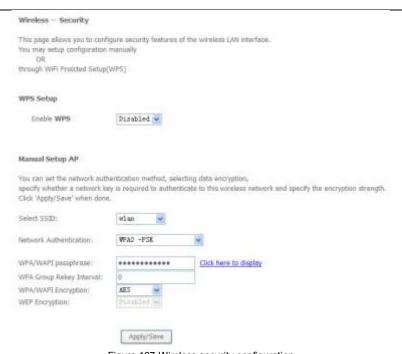


Figure 107 Wireless security configuration

This page allows you to configure the security features of the wireless LAN interface. In this page, you can configure the network security settings by the Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) method or setting the network authentication mode.

WPS Setup



Figure 108 WPS setup

There are 2 primary methods used in the Wi-Fi Protected Setup:

- PIN entry, a mandatory method of setup for all WPS certified devices.
- Push button configuration (PBC), an actual push button on the hardware or through a simulated push button in the software. (This is an optional method on wireless client).

If you are using the PIN method, you will need a Registrar (access point/wireless router) to initiate the registration between a new device and an active access point/wireless router. (**Note:** The PBC method may also need a Registrar when used in a special case where the PIN is all zeros)

In order to use the push-button for WPS authentication, you must ensure that the network card support the function. If it supports, you need not to do any configuration. You can press the WPS button directly to enable the WPS function.

Manual Setup AP

This page provides 9 types of network authentication modes, including Open, Shared, 802.1X, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA2/WPA, and Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK.

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption,

specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
Click 'Apply/Save' when done.



Figure 109 Manual setup AP

- Open Mode

Manual Setup Alf

You can set the network authentication method, selecting date encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength; Click 'Apply/Saw! when dane.

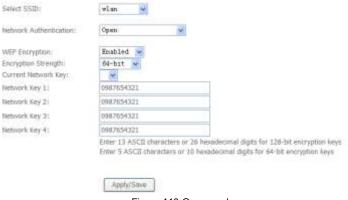


Figure 110 Open mode

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the Open mode.

- WEP Encryption: Enable or disable WEP encryption. After enabling this function, you can set the encryption strength, current network key, and network keys.
- Encryption Strength: You can set 64-bit or 128-bit key.
- Current Network Key: The current key that you use.
- Network Key1/2/3/4: Set the network key. If it is 128-bit key, you need to enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits. For the 64-bit key, you need to enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits.

- Shared Mode Manual Setup AP You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply'Save' when done. Select SSID: wlam Retwork Authentication: Shared WEP Encryption: Enabled . Encryption Strength: 64-bit Current Network Key! Network Key 1. 0907654321 Network Key 21 0007654321 Network Key 31 0987654321 Network Key 41 0987654321 Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys Apply/Sove Figure 111 Shared mode

The parameters' description of shared mode, please refer to the **Open Mode**.

- 802 1x

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Save' when done.



Figure 112 802.1x mode

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the 802.1X in the drop-down list.
- RADIUS Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
 RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- RADIUS Port: The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- RADIUS Key: Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WEP Encryption: You can only select Enabled.
- Encryption Strength: You can set 64-bit or 128-bit key.
- Current Network Key: The current key that you use.
- Network Key1/2/3/4: Set the network key. If it is 128-bit key, you need to enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits. For the 64-bit key, you need to enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits.

WPA Mode

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless betwork and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Seve' when done.



Figure 113 WPA mode

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA-PSK mode.
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- RADIUS Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
 RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- RADIUS Port: The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default
 port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- RADIUS Key: Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.
- WPA-PSK Mode

Manual Setup AP You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to outhenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Sevie' when done. Select SSID: With WPA-PSE WARPANE WITH STATE WIND WITH STATE WIND

Click here to display

Apply/Save

TEIP+AES

Figure 114 WPA-PSK mode

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA-PSK mode.
- WPA/WAPI passphrase: The key for WPA encryption. Click the Click here to display button to display the current key. The default key is 87654321.
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.
 - WPA2 Mode

WPA/WAPI passiphrase:

WEF Encryption:

WPA Group Rokey Etterval: WPA/WAPI Encryption:

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network subhardication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apoble'swe' when done.



Figure 115 WPA2 Mode

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA2 mode.
- WPA2 Preauthentication: Enable or disable pre-authentication.
- Network Re-auth Interval: Set the network re-auth interval
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- RADIUS Server IP Address: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
 RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- RADIUS Port: The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- RADIUS Key: Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.
 - WPA2-PSK



Figure 116 WPA2-PSK mode

The parameters' description of WPA2-PSK mode, please refer to the **WPA-PSK** mode.

Mixed WPA2/WPA

Manual Setup AP

	entication method, selecting data encryption, by is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength
Select SSID:	wlan 💌
Network Authentication:	Bixed WPA2/WPA
WPA2 Preauthentication:	Disabled 🐸
Network Re-auth Interval:	36000
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
RADIUS Server IP Address:	0.0.0.0
RADJUS Port.	1812
RADIUS Key:	
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	TKIP4AES w
WEP Encryption:	Disabled -

Figure 117 Mixed WPA2/WPA

The parameters' description of Mixed WPA2/WPA mode, please refer to the **WPA2** mode.

- Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK



Figure 118 Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK mode

The parameters' description of Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK mode, please refer to the WPA-PSK mode.

5.3.3 MAC Filter

Choose Wireless > MAC Filter to display the following page.

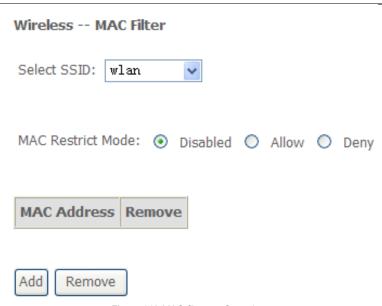


Figure 119 MAC filter configuration

This page is used to allow or reject the wireless clients to access the wireless network of the wireless router.

In this page, you can add or remove the MAC filters.

The MAC restrict modes include **Disabled**, **Allow**, and **Deny**.

- Disabled: Disable the wireless MAC address filtering function.
- Allow: Allow the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the MAC
 Address list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.
- Deny: Reject the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the MAC
 Address list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.

Click the Add button to display the following page.

Wireless MAC Filter	
	add the MAC address to the wireless MAC address filters.
MAC Address:	
	Apply/Save

Figure 120 Adding a MAC filter

In this page, enter the MAC address of the wireless client, and then click the Apply/Save button to add the MAC address to the MAC address list.

5.3.4 Wireless Bridge

Choose Wireless > Wireless Bridge to display the following page.

ick "Apply/Save" to configure the wi	ridges. Wait for fevo se releas bridge options.	conds to update.	
P Mode:	Access Point		
ridge Restrict:	Enabled 💌		
emote Bridges WAC Address:			
		H	

Figure 121 Wireless bridge configuration

This page allows you to configure the wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface.

- AP mode: you may select Access Point or Wireless Bridge.
- Bridge Restrict: Enable or disable the bridge restrict function.
- Remote Bridges MAC Address: Enter the remote bridge MAC address.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.3.5 Advanced Settings

Choose Wireless > Advanced to display the following page.

Wireless -- Advanced

This page alive you to configure advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select a particular channel on which to uperate, force the transmission rate to a particular speed, set the fragmentation threshold, set the RTS threshold, set the wakespireterion for clerits in power-save made, set the beacon interval for the access point, set XPress made and set whether short or long presentates are used.

Click 'Apply/Save' to configure the advanced wireless options.

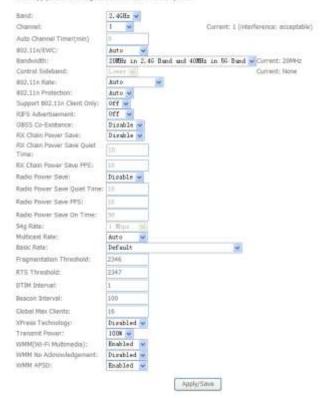


Figure 122 Wireless advanced settings

This page allows you to configure the advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. Usually, you do not need to change the settings in this page.

Note:

The advanced wireless setting is only for the advanced user. For the common user, do not change any settings in this page.

5.3.6 Station Info

Choose Wireless > Station Info to display the following page.

Wireless -- Authenticated Stations

This page shows authenticated wireless stations and their status.



Refresh

Figure 123 Station information

This page shows the authenticated wireless stations and their status.

5.4 Diagnostics

Choose **Diagnostics**, and the following page appears.

pppoe_0_0_35 Diagnostics Your modern is capeble of testing your DSL connection. The individual tests are listed below. If a test displays a fail status, click "Rerun Diagnostic Tests" at the bottom of this page to make sure the fast status is consistent. If the test continues to fail, click "Help" and follow the troubleshooting procedures. Test the consection to your local network Test your ethil Connection: FAIL Help Test your eth1 Connection: FAB Help Test your eth2 Connection: EAR Help Test your eth3 Connection: PASS Help Text your Wireless Connection: PASS Help Test the connection to your DSL service provider Test xDSL Synchronization: FAIL Heb Test ATM OAM F5 segment ping: Help Test ATM DAM 15 end to end ping: DIMARLED Heb Test the connection to your Internet service provider

DESABLED

DEVABLED

Test the assigned IP address:

Ping default gateway:

Ping primary Domain Rune: Server.

FAR Help

Host Cannecton

Test With QAM F4

Figure 124 Diagnostics configuration

Help

This page is used to test the connection to your local network, the connection to your DSL service provider, and the connection to your Internet service provider.

You may diagnose the connection by clicking the **Test** button or click the **Test With OAMF4** button.

5.5 Management

Test PPP server connection:

Test authentication with ISP:

Choose Management and the submenus of Management are shown as below:

Management
Settings
System Log
TR-069 Client
Internet Time
Access Control
Update Software
Reboot

Figure 125 Submenus of management

5.5.1 Settings

Backup

Choose **Management > Settings > Backup** to display the following page.

Settings - Backup

Backup Broadband Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.



Figure 126 Backup settings

In this page, click the **Backup Settings** button to save your router's settings to your local PC.

Update

Choose **Management > Settings > Update**, and the following page appears.

Tools -- Update Settings

Update Broadband Router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Settings File Name: Browse...

Update Settings

Figure 127 Update settings

In this page, click the **Browse...** button to select the correct new settings file, and then click the **Update Settings** button to update the router's settings.

Restore Default

Choose Management > Settings > Restore Default to display the following page.

Tools -- Restore Default Settings

Restore Broadband Router settings to the factory defaults.

Restore Default Settings

Figure 128 Restoring the default settings

In this page, click the **Restore default settings** button, and then system returns to the default settings.

5.5.2 System Log

Choose **Management > System Log** to display the following page.

System Log

The System Log dialog allows you to view the System Log and configure the System Log options.

Click 'View System Log' to view the System Log.

Click 'Configure System Log' to configure the System Log options.

View System Log Configure System Log

Figure 129 System log

In this page, you are allowed to view the system log and configure the system log.

View System Log

Click the **View System Log** button to display the following page.

System Log



Figure 130 Viewing the system log

In this page, you can view the system log.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh the system log. Click the **Close** button to exit.

Configuring the System Log

Click the **Configure System Log** button to display the following page.

System Log - Configuration

If the log mode is enabled, the system will begin to log all the selected events. For the Log Level, all events above or equal to the selected level will be logged. For the Dispfey Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displayed. If the selected mode is "Nemster" or "Stith," events will be sent to the specified it address and UCP part of the remate system selected mode is "Local or "Seth," events will be recorded in the local memory.

Select the desired values and click 'Apply/Save' to configure the system log options,



Figure 131 Configuring the system log

In this page, you can set 3 types of system log modes, including **Local**, **Remote**, and **Both**

- Local: When selecting Local, the events are recorded in the local memory.
- Remote: When selecting Remote, the events are sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server.
- Both: When selecting Both, the events are recorded in the local memory or sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server.

After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to save and apply the settings.

Note:

If you want to log all the events, you need to select the **Debugging** log level.

5.5.3 TR-69 Client

Choose **Management > TR-069Client** to display the following page.



Figure 132 TR-069 client configuration

WAN Management Protocol (TR-069) allows a Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device.

In this page, you may configure the parameters such as the ACS URL, ACS password, and connection request user name.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.5.4 Internet Time

Choose **Management > Internet Time** to display the following page.

Time settings This page allows you to the modem's time configuration. Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers

Figure 133 Time settings

Apply/Save

In this page, you may configure the router to synchronize its time with the Internet time servers.

After enabling **Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers**, the following page appears.

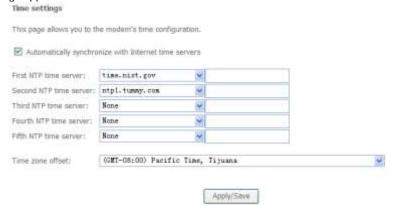


Figure 134 Setting the time server

In this page, set the proper time servers, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.5.5 Access Control

Passwords

Choose **Management > Access Control > Passwords**, and the following page appears.

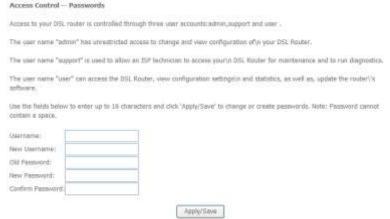


Figure 135 Modifying the password

In the page, you can modify the passwords of different users.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

Services

Choose **Management > Access Control > Services Control** and the following page appears.

Access Control -- Services

Services access control list (SCL) enable or disable the running services.

Services	LAN	WAN	Port
HTTP	✓ enable	enable	80
TELNET	☑ enable	enable	23
FTP	☑ enable	enable	21
TFTP	☑ enable	enable	69
ICMP	✓ enable	enable	0

Apply/Save

Figure 136 Services control

In this page, you can enable or disable the different types of services.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

Note:

The WAN information is not displayed in the bridge mode.

5.5.6 Update Software

Choose **Management > Update Software**, and the following page appears.

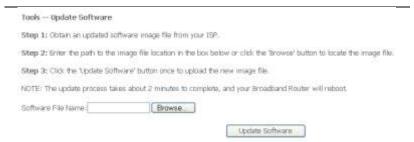


Figure 137 Updating software

If you want to upload the software, click the **Browse...** button to choose the new software, and then click the **Update Software** button.

Note:

When software update is in progress, do not shut down the router. After software update completes, the router automatically reboots.

Please make sure that the new software for updating is correct, and do not use other software to update the router.

5.5.7 Reboot

Choose **Management > Reboot** and the following page appears.

Click the button below to reboot the router.



Figure 138 Rebooting the router

In this page, click the **Reboot** button, and then the router reboots.

6 Q&A

(1) Q: Why all the indicators are off?

A: Check the following:

- The connection between the power adaptor and the power socket.
- The status of the power switch.
- (2) Q: Why the LAN indicator is off?

A: Check the following:

- The connection between the ADSL router and your computer, hub, or switch.
- The running status of your PC, hub, or switch.
- (3) Q: Why the DSL indicator is off?
 - A: Check the connection between the "Line" port of router and the wall jack.
- (4) Q: Why Internet access fails while the DSL indicator is on?
 - A: Check whether the VPI, VCI, user name, and password are correctly entered.
- (5) **Q**: Why I fail to access the web configuration page of the DSL router?
 - A: Choose Start > Run from the desktop, and ping 192.168.1.1 (IP address of the DSL router). If the DSL router is not reachable, check the type of the network cable, the connection between the DSL router and the PC, and the TCP/IP configuration of the PC.
- (6) Q: How to load the default settings after incorrect configuration?
 - A: To restore the factory default settings, turn on the device, and press the reset button for about 1 second, and then release it. The default IP address and the subnet mask of the DSL router are 192.168.1.1 and 255.255.255.0, respectively.
 - User/password of super user: admin/gvt12345
 - User/password of common user: user/user

FCC Information

This equipment complies with CFR 47, Part 15.19 of the FCC rules. Operation of the equipment is subject to the following conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received; including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter

NOTE: THE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY RADIO OR TV INTERFERENCE CAUSED BY UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATIONS TO THIS EQUIPMENT. SUCH MODIFICATIONS COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Requirements, Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- ---Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- ---Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- ---Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- ---Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Regulatory information / Disclaimers

Installation and use of this Wireless LAN device must be in strict accordance with the instructions included in the user documentation provided with the product. Any changes or modifications (including the antennas) made to this device that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of this device, or the substitution of the connecting cables and equipment other than manufacturer specified. It is the responsibility of the user to correct any interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment. Manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors will assume no liability for any damage or violation of government

CAUTION: To maintain compliance with FCC's RF exposure guidelines, this equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body. Use on the supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations.

MPE Statement (Safety Information)

Your device contains a low power transmitter. When device is transmitted it sends out Radio Frequency (RF) signal.