SR510N

User Manual

VER: 1.0

Contents

1	Safe	ty Preca	utions	1
2	Over	view		2
	2.1	Appli	cation	2
	2.2	Featu	ıres	3
	2.3	Stand	lards Compatibility and Compliance	4
3	Hard	lware De	scription and Installation	5
	3.1	Hard	ware Description	5
		3.1.1	Front Panel	5
		3.1.2	Rear Panel and Side Panel	6
	3.2	Hard	ware Installation	7
		3.2.1	Choosing the Best Location for Wireless Operation	7
		3.2.2	Connecting the Device	8
4	PC N	Vetwork (Configuration and Login	10
	4.1	PC N	etwork Configuration	10
	4.2	Loggi	ing In to the DSL Router	12
5	Web	-Based N	Management	13
	5.1	Devic	e Information	13
		5.1.1	Summary	14
		5.1.2	WAN	15
		5.1.3	Statistics	16
		5.1.4	LAN	16
		5.1.5	WAN Service	16
		5.1.6	xTM	17
		5.1.7	xDSL	17
		5.1.8	Route	20
		5.1.9	ARP	21
		5.1.10	DHCP	21
	5.2	Adva	nced Setup	21
		5.2.1	Layer2 Interface	22
		5.2.2	WAN Service	26
		5.2.3	3G WAN Service	51
		5.2.4	LAN Configuration	55

i

	5.2.5	NAT	61
	5.2.6	Security	65
	5.2.7	Parental Control	68
	5.2.8	Quality of Service	70
	5.2.9	Routing	74
	5.2.10	DNS	78
	5.2.11	DSL	79
	5.2.12	UPnP	80
	5.2.13	DNS Proxy	81
	5.2.14	Print Server	81
	5.2.15	DLNA	82
	5.2.16	Packet Acceleration	83
	5.2.17	Storage Service	83
	5.2.18	Interface Grouping	
	5.2.19	IP Tunnel	
	5.2.20	IPSec	
	5.2.21	Certificate	90
	5.2.22	Power Management	94
	5.2.23	Multicast	95
5.3	Wirele	9SS	
	5.3.1	Basic Settings	97
	5.3.2	Security	98
	5.3.3	MAC Filter	106
	5.3.4	Wireless Bridge	107
	5.3.5	Advanced Settings	108
	5.3.6	Station Info	111
	5.3.7	Fault Management	111
5.4	Manag	gement	112
	5.4.1	Settings	113
	5.4.2	System Log	114
	5.4.3	SNMP Agent	115
	5.4.4	TR-69 Client	116
	5.4.5	Internet Time	116
	5.4.6	Access Control	118



	5.4.7	Update Software	119
	5.4.8	Reboot	120
6	Q&A		120

iii

1 Safety Precautions

Read the following information carefully before operating the device. Please follow the following precaution items to protect the device from risks and damage caused by fire and electric power:

- Use volume labels to mark the type of power.
- Use the power adapter that is packed within the device package.
- Pay attention to the power load of the outlet or prolonged lines. An overburden power outlet or damaged lines and plugs may cause electric shock or fire accident. Check the power cords regularly. If you find any damage, replace it at once.
- Proper space left for heat dissipation is necessary to avoid any damage caused by overheating to the device. The holes on the device are designed for heat dissipation to ensure that the device works normally. Do not cover these heat dissipation holes.
- Do not put this device close to a place where a heat source exits or high temperature occurs. Avoid the device from direct sunshine.
- Do not put this device close to a place where is over damp or watery. Do not spill any fluid on this device.
- Do not connect this device to any PC or electronic product, unless our customer engineer or your broadband provider instructs you to do this, because any wrong connection may cause any power or fire risk.

1

• Do not place this device on an unstable surface or support.

2 Overview

The xDSL Router integrates wireless LAN, USB, service into one unit. It is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective xDSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet and 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n wireless network. The Router combines high-speed xDSL Internet connection, Ethernet uplink, IP routing for the LAN and wireless connectivity in one package. It is usually preferred to provide high access performance applications for the individual users, the SOHOs, and the small enterprises. The Router supports 3G WAN service.

The Router is easy to install and use. The Router connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The xDSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. You can connect the Ethernet interface of WAN to Internet with Ethernet cable for ETH uplink. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet by a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, packet filtering and port redirection, can help protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from outside your network.

Network and Router management is done through the web-based management interface that can be accessed through the local Ethernet using any web browser. You may also enable remote management to enable configuration of the Router via the WAN interface.

2.1 Application

- Home gateway
- SOHOs
- Small enterprises
- Higher data rate broadband sharing
- Audio and video streaming and transfer
- PC file and application sharing
- Network and online gaming
- USB storage
- 3G WAN service

2.2 Features

- User-friendly GUI for web configuration
- Several pre-configured popular games. Just enable the game and the port settings are automatically configured.
- Compatible with all standard Internet applications
- Industry standard and interoperable DSL interface
- Simple web-based status page displays a snapshot of system configuration, and links to the configuration pages
- Downloadable flash software updates
- Support for up to 8 permanent virtual circuits (PVC)
- Support for up to 8 PPPoE sessions
- Support RIP v1 & RIP v2
- WLAN with high-speed data transfer rates, compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n
- Optimized Linux 2.6 Operating System
- IP routing and bridging
- Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) and digital subscriber line (DSL) support
- Packet Transfer Mode (PTM)
- Ethernet (ETH) Transfer Mode
- Point-to-point protocol (PPP)
- Network/port address translation (NAT/PAT)
- Quality of service (QoS)
- Wireless LAN security: WPA, 802.1x, RADIUS client
- Universal plug-and-play(UPnP)
- File server for network attached storage (NAS) devices
- Print server
- Web filtering
- Management and control
- Web-based management (WBM)
- Command line interface (CLI)
- TR-069 WAN management protocol
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
- Remote update
- System statistics and monitoring
- DSL router is targeted at the following platforms: DSL modems, wireless access points and bridge.

4

2.3 Standards Compatibility and Compliance

- Support application level gateway (ALG)
- ITU G.992.1 (G.dmt)
- ITU G.992.2 (G.lite)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)
- ITU G.992.3 (ADSL2)
- ITU G.992.5 (ADSL2+)
- ITU G.993.1 (VDSL)
- ITU G993.2 (VDSL2)
- 3G (WCDMA, CDMA2000, TD-SCDMA)
- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11n

3 Hardware Description and Installation

Note:

The figures in this document are for reference only.

3.1 Hardware Description

3.1.1 Front Panel

Power	DSL	Internet	WAN	LAN1	LAN2	LAN3	LAN4	WLAN	WPS	USB1	USB2	TEL1	TEL2	PSTN
\cap	\cap	\cap	\cap	\cap	\cap							\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
	\bigcirc													

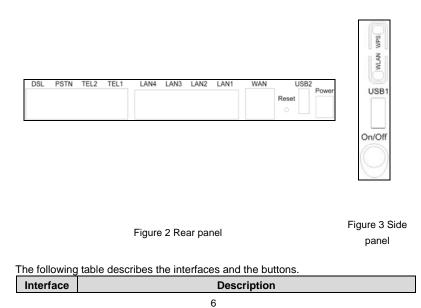
Figure 1 Front panel

The following table describes the indicators on the front panel.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description					
		On	The device is powered on and the device operates					
	Green	011	normally.					
Power	Green	Blink	The software is upgrading.					
Power		Off	The device is powered off.					
	Red	On	The device is initiating.					
		Blink	The software is upgrading.					
		On	DSL link has established.					
DSL	Green	Blink	The DSL line is training.					
		Off	Device is powered off.					
		On	Internet is synchronized successfully in the route					
	Green	On	mode.					
Internet		Blink	Internet data is being transmitted.					
		Off	Ethernet interface is disconnected.					
	Red	On	Authentication has failed.					
		On	The Ethernet interface is connected.					
LAN	Green	Blink	Data is being transmitted through the Ethernet					
1/2/3/4	Green	DIINK	interface.					
		Off	The Ethernet interface is disconnected.					
USB1	Green	On	The connection of 3G or USB flash disk has					

	User Manual							
Indicator	icator Color Status Description							
			established.					
		Blink	Data is being transmitted.					
		Off	No signal is detected.					
	Green	On	WLAN is enabled.					
WLAN		Dlink	Data is being transmitted through the wireless					
WLAN		Blink	interface.					
		Off	WLAN is disabled.					
		0.1	Connection succeeds under Wi-Fi Protected					
		On	Setup.					
WPS	Green	Dial	Negotiation is in progress under Wi-Fi Protected					
		Blink	Setup.					
		Off	Wi-Fi Protected Setup is disabled.					

3.1.2 Rear Panel and Side Panel



Interfect	Description
Interface	Description
DSL	RJ-11 port. Connect the router to DSL connector or splitter through
DOL	telephone cable.
PSTN	RJ-11 FXO port. Connect the router to the PSTN line with telephone
FOIN	cable.
TEL1/2	RJ-11 FXS port, using the telephone cable to connect the telephone
IELI/Z	set.
LAN 4~1	RJ-45 port, for connecting the router to a PC or another network
LAN 4~1	device.
WAN	For connecting Ethernet cable to provide Ethernet uplink.
Deast	Press the button for at least 1 second and then release it. System
Reset	restores the factory default settings.
USB1	USB port, for connecting the 3G network card or other USB storage
0301	devices.
Power	Power interface, for connecting the power adapter.
On/Off	Power switch.
WLAN	WLAN switch, for enabling or disabling the WLAN function.
	This button is used for enabling WPS PBC mode. If WPS is enabled,
WPS	press this button, and then the wireless router starts to accept the
	negotiation of PBC mode.

Marning:

Do not press the **Reset** button unless you want to clear the current settings. The **Reset** button is in a small circular hole on the rear panel. If you want to restore the default settings, please press the **Reset** button gently for 1 second with a fine needle inserted into the hole and then release the button. The system reboots and returns to the factory defaults.

3.2 Hardware Installation

3.2.1 Choosing the Best Location for Wireless Operation

Many environmental factors may affect the effective wireless function of the DSL Router. If this is the first time that you set up a wireless network device, read the following information:

The access point can be placed on a shelf or desktop, ideally you should be able to see the LED indicators in the front, as you may need to view them for troubleshooting. Designed to go up to 100 meters indoors and up to 300 meters outdoors, wireless LAN lets you access your network from anywhere you want. However, the numbers of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through limit signal range. Typical ranges vary depending on types of materials and background RF noise in your home or business.

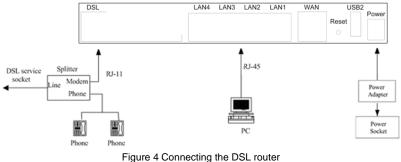
3.2.2 Connecting the Device

Step 1 Connect the DSL port of the router and the Modem port of the splitter with a telephone cable; connect the phone to the phone port of the splitter through a cable; and connect the incoming line to the Line port of the splitter.

The spliiter has three ports:

- Line: Connect to a wall phone jack (RJ-11 jack)
- Modem: Connect to the Line interface of the router
- Phone: Connect to a telephone set
- Step 2 Connect the LAN port of the router to the network card of the PC through an Ethernet cable.
- **Step 3** Plug the power adapter to the wall outlet and then connect the other end of it to the **Power** port of the router.

The followig figure displays the connection of the DSL router, PC, and telephones.



Note:

If you use 3G WAN service, connect the 3G USB data card to the **USB** port of the router.

If you use the Ethernet uplink, connect the WAN interface that is defined to the Internet with Ethernet cable.

The xDSL uplink, 3G WAN service, and Ethernet uplink can not coexist.

4 PC Network Configuration and Login

4.1 PC Network Configuration

Each network interface on the PC should either be configured with a statically defined IP address and DNS address, or be instructed to automatically obtain an IP address using the network DHCP server. DSL router provides a DHCP server on its LAN and it is recommended to configure your LAN to automatically obtain its IP address and DNS server IP address.

The configuration principle is identical but should be carried out differently on each operating system.

The following displays the TCP/IP Properties dialog box on Windows XP.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties										
General	Alternate Configuration									
this cap	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.									
💿 O E	 Obtain an IP address automatically 									
- O Us	e the following IP address:									
IP ac	Idress:									
Subr	net mask:									
Defa	ult gateway:									
📀 Ot	otain DNS server address automatically									
-OUs	se the following DNS server addresses:									
Prefe	erred DNS server:									
Alten	nate DNS server:									
Advanced										
	OK Cancel									

Figure 5 IP and DNS configuration

TCP/IP configuration steps for Windows XP are as follows:

- Step 1 Choose Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.
- Step 2 Right-click the Ethernet connection icon and choose Properties.
- Step 3 On the General tab, select the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) component and click Properties.
- Step 4 The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window appears.

- Step 5 Select the Obtain an IP address automatically radio button.
- Step 6 Select the Obtain DNS server address automatically radio button.
- Step 7 If you want to set the IP address and subnet mask manually, you can set the IP address and subnet mask of the computer to 192.168.1.x and 255.255.255.0 respectively. The range for x is from 2 to 254.
- **Step 8** Click **OK** to save the settings.

4.2 Logging In to the DSL Router

To log in to the DSL router, do as follows:

- Step 1 Open a Web browser on your computer.
- Step 2 Enter *http://192.168.1.1* (the default IP address of the DSL router) in the address bar. The login page appears.
- Step 3 Enter the user name and the password. The default username and password of the super user are admin and admin. The username and password of the common user are user and user. You need not enter the username and the password again if you select the option
 Remember my password. It is recommended to change these default values after logging in to the DSL router for the first time.
- **Step 4** Click **OK** to log in to the Web page. Otherwise, please click **Cancel** to exit the login page.

Connect to 19	2.168.1.1	? 🛛
DSL Router		41 74
User name:	£	~
Password:		
	Remember my	password
	, <u></u>	
	ОК	Cancel

Figure 6 Login page

After logging in to the DSL router as a super user, you can query, configure, and modify all the settings, and diagnose the system

5 Web-Based Management

This chapter describes how to use Web-based management of the DSL router, which allows you to configure and control all of DSL router features and system parameters in a user-friendly GUI.

5.1 Device Information

Choose Device Info, and the submenus of Device Info are shown as below:

User Manual	
Device Info	
Summary	
WAN	
Statistics	
Route	
ARP	
DHCP	

14

5.1.1 Summary

_

Choose **Device Info > Summary**, and the following page appears.

```
User Manual
```

WW AT MUT A				
Kos	Device Info			
Device Info	Board ID:	9631	168_T132A_C	
Summary	Manufacturer:	Broa	idcom	-
WAN	Serial Number:	0210	018632680	
Statistics Route	Build Timestamp:	1112	228_1021	
ARP	Software Version:	4.12	L.02	
DHCP	Bootloader (CFE) Version:	1.0.3	38-112.37	
Advanced Setup Wireless	DSL PHY and Driver Version:	A2pv6F037.d24		
Voice	Wireless Driver Version:	5.100.138.11.cpe4.12		.12
Diagnostics	Voice Service Version:	V2.2	<u>,</u>	
Management	Uptime:	0D 0	H 30M 13S	
	This information reflects the of Line Rate - Upstream (Kbps): Line Rate - Downstream (Kbp		0	your WAN connecti
	LAN IPv4 Address:		192.168.1.1	
	Default Gateway:	_	152.100.1.1	
	Primary DNS Server:	_	0.0.0.0	
	Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0		
	, one correct		1992 1992 19	
	LAN IPv6 Address:			

This page displays the device information such as the board ID, software version, and the information of your WAN connection such as the upstream rate and the LAN address.

5.1.2 WAN

Choose Device Info > WAN and the following page appears. $_{\rm WAH\,\,Info}$

Interface	Description	Туре	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	Status	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	Connected Time
ppp0.1	pppoe_0_1_1	PPPoE	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Unconfigured	0.0.0		/

This page displays the information of the WAN interface, such as the connection status, and the IP address.

5.1.3 Statistics

5.1.4 LAN

Choose Device Info > Statistics > LAN and the following page appears. Statistics -- LAN

Interface	Receiv	/ed			Transmitted					
	Bytes Pkts Errs E		Drops	Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops			
eth0	0	0	0	0	9300	65	0	0		
eth1	74561	738	0	0	945911	1155	0	0		
eth2	0	0	0	0	9300	65	0	0		
eth3	0	0	0	0	9300	65	0	0		
wlan	0	0	0	0	5822	43	0	0		

Reset Statistics

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the received and transmitted data packets of the Ethernet and wireless interfaces. Click **Reset Statistics** to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.5 WAN Service

Choose Device Info > Statistics > WAN Service and the following page appears.

Interface	Description	Connected Time	Received			Transmitted				
			Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops	Bytes	Pkts	Errs	Drops
ppp0.1	pppoe_0_1_1	/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Reset Statistics

Statistics -- WAN

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the received and transmitted data packets of the WAN interface.

Click Reset Statistics to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.6 xTM

Choose **Device Info > Statistics > xTM** and the following page appears.

Port	In	Out	In	Out	In OAM	Out OAM	In ASM	Out ASM	In Packet	In Cell	
Number	Octets	Octets	Packets	Packets	Cells	Cells	Cells	Cells	Errors	Errors	
Reset											

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the received and transmitted data packets at the xTM interfaces.

Click the Reset button to restore the values to zero and recount them.

5.1.7 xDSL

Choose Device Info > Statistics > xDSL and the following page appears.

Statistics xDSL	
-----------------	--

Synchronized Time:	
Number of Synchronization	s: 0
Mode:	
Traffic Type:	
Status:	Disabled
Link Power State:	
	Downstream Upstream
Line Coding(Trellis):	
SNR Margin (0.1 dB):	
Attenuation (0.1 dB):	
Output Power (0.1 dBm):	
Attainable Rate (Kbps):	
Rate (Kbps):	
Super Frames:	
Super Frame Errors:	
RS Words:	
RS Correctable Errors:	
RS Uncorrectable Errors:	
HEC Errors:	
OCD Errors:	
LCD Errors:	
Total Cells:	
Data Cells:	
Bit Errors:	
T-1-150.	
Total ES:	
Total SES:	
Total UAS:	

xDSL BER Test	Reset Statistics

18

In this page, you can view the statistical information about the recevied and transmitted data packets of the xDSL interfaces. Click **xDSL BER Test** to test the xDSL Bit Error Rate.

Click Reset Statistics to restore the values to zero and recount them.

xDSL BER Test

Click **xDSL BER Test** to perform a bit error rate (BER) test on the DSL line. The test page is as follows:

ADSL BER Test - Start

The ADSL Bit Error Rate (BER) test determines the quality of the ADSL connection. The test is done by transferring idle cells containing a known pattern and comparing the received data with this known pattern to check for any errors.

Select the test duration below and click "Start".

Tested Time (sec): 20 💌



The **Tested Time (sec)** can be 1, 5, 10, 20, 60, 120, 180, 240, 300, or 360. Select a time in the drop-down list and click **Start**. The following pages appear.

ADSL BER Test - Running

The xDSL BER test is in progress. The connection speed is 0 Kbps. The test will run for seconds.

Click "Stop" to terminate the test.



When the ADSL BER test completes, the following page appears.

ADSL BER Test - Result

The ADSL BER test completed successfully,

Test Time (sec):	20
Total Transferred Bits:	0x00000001B69B580
Total Error Bits:	0x00000000000000000
Error Ratio:	0.00e+00



Note:

If the BER reaches e-5, you cannot access the Internet.

5.1.8 Route

Choose Device Info > Route and the following page appears. Device Info -- Route

Flags: U - up, ! - reject, G - gateway, H - host, R - reinstate

D - dynamic (redirect), M - modified (redirect).

Destination	Destination	Subnet Mask	Flag	Metric	Service	Interface
192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0		br0

In this page, you can view the route table information.

5.1.9 ARP

Choose **Device Info > ARP** and the following page appears.

Device Info -- ARP

IP address	Flags	gs HW Address				
192.168.1.25	Complete	00:1d:0f:19:91:c1	br0			

In this page, you can view the MAC address and IP address information of the device connected to the router.

5.1.10 DHCP

Choose Device Info > DHCP and the following page appears.

Device Info -- DHCP Leases

Hostname	MAC Address	IP Address	Expires In
gjdoc-d0cf4a448	08:00:27:75:75:2c	192.168.1.2	22 hours, 10 minutes, 8 seconds

In this page, you can view the host name, the IP address assigned by the DHCP server, the MAC address this is corresponding to the IP address, and the DHCP lease time.

5.2 Advanced Setup

Choose Advanced Setup and the submenus of Advanced Setup are shown as below:

User Manual Advanced Setup Layer2 Interface WAN Service 3G Wan Service LAN NAT Security Parental Control Quality of Service Routing DNS DSL UPnP **DNS Proxy** Print Server DLNA Packet Acceleration Storage Service Interface Grouping **IP Tunnel IPSec** Certificate **Power Management** Multicast

5.2.1 Layer2 Interface

5.2.1.1 ATM Interface

Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface . In this page, you can add or remove to configure DSL ATM Interfaces.

K.									DSL ATM Interface (Configuration					
Device Info								Choose Ac	d, or Remove to config	pure DSL ATM in	terfaces				
Advanced Setup Layer2 Interface ATM Interface PTM Interface		Inte	rface	Vpi V	/d L	DSL Latency	Catego	ry Rate (cells/s)	Sustainable Cell	Max Burst Size(bytes)	Link Type	Conn Mode	JP QoS	MPAAL Prec/Alg/Wght	Remove
ETH Interface WAN Service 3G Wan Service									Add Rem	ove					
Click Add to add ATM Interface and the following page appears.															
ATM PVC Co	nfigu	ırat	ion												
This screen a	llows	you	ı to	conf	igu	ire a .	ATM I	PVC.							
VPI: 0	[0-2	255]]												
VCI: 35]	6EI	535]	1											
	_[32	-055	155]	J											
Select DSL L	atenc	y													
Path0 (F	ast)														
Path1 (Ir	nterle	ave	d)												
			1												
Select DSL Lin EoA PPPoA IPoA 	пк ⊤у	pe (EoA	is f	or F	PPPol	E, IPol	E, and Br	idge.)						
Encapsulation	ı Mod	e:				LL	C/SN/	AP-BRID	ING 🔽						
Service Categ	jory:					UB	R ₩i†	thout P	IR 🗸						
Select Schedu Weighted Weighted	l Roui	nd R	Robii	n)f E	qual	Prece	dence as	the Default	Queue					
Default Queue	e Wei	ight:	:			1		[1-63]							
Default Queue	e Pre	cede	ence	2:		8		[1-8] (lo	wer value, h	igher pri	ority))			
										5 1					
VC WRR Weig	ght:					1		[1-63]							
VC Precedence	ce:					8		[1-8] (lo	wer value, h	igher pri	ority))			
Note: VC sche For single que For multi-que	eue V	/Ċ, t	he o	defa	ult (queu	e prec	edence	and weight v	vill be use	ed fo	r arbi		1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	VC's.
									Back	Appl	y/Sa	ve			

In this page, you can enter this PVC (VPI and VCI) value, and select DSL link type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.), encapsulation mode, service category.

- VPI (Virtual Path Identifier): The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, and its valid value is from 0 to 255.
- VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier): The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 are reserved for known protocols).
- DSL Link Type: EoA (it is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge), PPPoA, or IPoA
- Encapsulation Mode: LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING, or VC/MUX
- Service Category: UBR Without PCR, UBR With PCR, CBR, Non Realtime VBR, Realtime VBR.
- Select Scheduler for Queues of Equal Precedence as the Default Queue: Weighted Round Robin or Weighted Fair Queuing.

Click Apply/Save to save the configuration, and return the following page:

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSL ATM interfaces.												
Interface	Vpi	Vci	DSL Latency	Category	Peak Cell Rate (cells/s)	Sustainable Cell Rate(cells/s)	Max Burst Size(bytes)	Link Type	Conn Mode	IP QoS	MPAAL Prec/Alg/Wght	Remove
atm0	0	36	Path0	UBR				EoA	VlanMuxMode	Support	8/WRR/1	
	Add Remove											

If you want to remove this Interface, please select the **Remove** check box and click **Remove**.

5.2.1.2 PTM Interface

Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > PTM Interface, and the following page appears. In this page, you can add or remove to configure PTM WAN Interfaces.

intenaces.						
Koz		DSL P	TM Interface	Configuration		
	C	hoose Add, or F	emove to confi	gure DSL PTM i	nterfaces.	
Device Info						
Advanced Setup	Interface	DSL Latency	PTM Priority	Conn Mode	IP OoS	Remove
Layer2 Interface		,				
ATM Interface	ptm0	Path0	Normal&High	VlanMuxMode	Support	
PTM Interface				1		
ETH Interface			Add Rem	01/0		
WAN Service			ridd litem	ove		

Click Add and the following page appears.

User	Manua
------	-------

This screen allows you to configure a PTM flow.
Select DSL Latency
Path0 (East)

the queue value. Click Apply/Save to save configuration.

Path1 (Interleaved)
 Select Scheduler for Queues of Equal Precedence as the Default Queue
 Weighted Round Robin
 Weighted Fair Queuing
 Default Queue Weight:

 [1-63]
 [1-8] (lower value, higher priority)

 Default Queue Shaping Rate:

 [Kbits/s] (blank indicates no shaping)
 Default Queue Shaping Burst Size:
 [000] [bytes] (shall be >=1600)

Back Apply/Save In this page, you can select scheduler for queues of equal precedence and enter

5.2.1.3 ETH Interface

PTM Configuration

Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ETH Interface, and the following page appears. In this page, you can add or remove to configure ETH WAN Interfaces.



ETH WAN Configuration

This screen allows you to configure an ETH port .

1						
50	loct.	an	-	n.	<u></u>	PT -
00	lect	an		Ľ	v	

е	t	h0/eth0 🔽
Back		Apply/Save

In this page, you can select a ETH port. Click Apply/Save to save configuration.

Note:

If ETH Interface is selected, there are two WAN service types (PPPoE and IPoE).

5.2.2 WAN Service

Choose Advanced Setup > WAN Service, and the following page appears. Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Туре	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit	Action
ppp0.1	pppoe_0_1_1	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		edit	Up

Add	Remove
-----	--------

In this page, you are allowed to add, remove, or edit a WAN service.

Note:

If PTM Interface is selected, there are three WAN service types: PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), IP over Ethernet, Bridging. And the corresponding configurations of PTM WAN service are same as the configurations of ATM WAN service.

5.2.2.1 Adding a PPPoE WAN Service

This section describes the steps for adding the PPPoE WAN service.

	User Manual					
Step1	In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add					
	button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATN					
	or PTM interface for this WAN service.)					
	WAN Service Interface Configuration					
	Select a layer 2 interface for this service					
I	Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)					
	For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)					
	Where portId=0> DSL Latency PATH0					
	portId=1> DSL Latency PATH1					
	portId=4> DSL Latency PATH0&1					
	low =0> Low PTM Priority not set					
	low =1> Low PTM Priority set					
	high =0> High PTM Priority not set					
	high =1> High PTM Priority set					
	atm0/(0_0_36) 🗸					
	Back					

Step2In this page, you can select a ATM Interface for the WAN service. After
selecting the ATM interface, click Next to display the following page.

User	Manual
------	--------

WAN Service Configuration	
Select WAN service type: PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) IP over Ethernet Bridging	
Enter Service Description: pppoe_0_0_36	
For tagged service, enter valid 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q V For untagged service, set -1 to both 802.1P Priority and 802	
Enter 802.1P Priority [0-7]:	-1
Enter 802.1Q VLAN ID [0-4094]:	-1
Network Protocal Selection:(IPV6 Only not support) IPV4 Only	
	Back Next

Step3In this page, select the WAN service type to be PPP over Ethernet
(PPPoE). Click Next to display the following page.

PPP usually requires that you have a user name and password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and password that your ISP has provided to you.

PPP	Username:					
PPP	Password:					
PPPo	E Service Name:					
Auth	entication Method:	AUTO	~			
MTU	[576-1500]:	1492				
	Enable Fullcone N	AT				
	Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer)					
	PPP IP extension					
	Use Static IPv4 Address					
	Enable PPP Debug Mode					
	Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports					
Mult	ticast Proxy					
	Enable IGMP Mult	icast Proxy				
			Back Next			

PPP Username and Password

- **Step4** In this page, you can modify the PPP username, PPP password, PPPoE service name and authentication method.
- PPP Username: The correct user name provided by your ISP.
- **PPP Password:** The correct password provided by your ISP.
- **PPPoE Service Name:** If your ISP provides it to you, please enter it. If not, do not enter any information.
- Authentication Method: The value can be AUTO, PAP, CHAP, or MSCHAP. Usually, you can select AUTO.
- Enable Fullcone NAT:. NAT is one where all requests from the same internal IP address and port are mapped to the same external IP address and port. Furthermore, any external host can send a packet to the internal host, by sending a packet to the mapped external address.
- Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer): If this function is enabled, you
 need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the modem
 does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the modem automatically
 stops the PPPoE connection. Once it detects the flow (like access to a
 webpage), the modem restarts the PPPoE dialup. If this function is disabled,
 the modem performs PPPoE dial-up all the time. The PPPoE connection

does not stop, unless the modem is powered off and DSLAM or uplink equipment is abnormal.

- PPP IP extension: If you want to configure DMZ Host, you should enable it first.
- Use Static IPv4 Address: If this function is disabled, the modem obtains an IP address assigned by an uplink equipment such as BAS, through PPPoE dial-up. If this function is enabled, the modem uses this IP address as the WAN IP address.
- Enable PPP Debug Mode: Enable or disable this function.
- Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports: Enable or disable this function.
- Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy: If you want PPPoE mode to support IPTV, enable it.

Step5 After setting the parameters, click **Next** to display the following page. Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Gateway Interfaces	Available Routed WAN Interfaces
>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	ppp1.1
	Back

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

1	2	٢	٦
	2	Ļ	

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server Interfaces		Available WAN Interfaces
ppp0.1		ppp1.1
	->	
	<-	
		Back

Step7In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected
WAN interface. Click Next, and the following page appears.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoE
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

 Back
 Apply/Save

 Apply/Save
 Apply/Save

Step8	In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoE settngs. Click
	Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

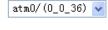
5.2.2.2 Adding a MER (IPoE) WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the MER WAN service.

Step1 In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a ATM or PTM interface for this WAN service.) WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci) For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low) Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0 portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1 portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1 low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set high =1 --> High PTM Priority set



Back Next

Step2 Select an ATM Interface, and then click **Next** to display the following page.

User Manual
WAN Service Configuration
Select WAN service type: O PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) IP over Ethernet O Bridging
Enter Service Description: ipoe_0_0_36
For tagged service, enter valid 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN ID. For untagged service, set -1 to both 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN
Enter 802.1P Priority [0-7]:
Enter 802.1Q VLAN ID [0-4094]:
Network Protocal Selection:(IPV6 Only not support)

Step3 In this page, select the WAN service type to be IP over Ethernet, enter the service description for this service. After finishing setting, click $\ensuremath{\textbf{Next}}$ to display the following page.

ID.

Back Next

-1 -1

Enter information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings. Notice: If "Obtain an IP address automatically" is chosen, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in IPoE mode. If "Use the following Static IPv4/IPv6 address" is chosen, enter the WAN IPv4/IPv6 address, subnet mask/prefix Length and interface gateway.

⊙ Obtain an IP address au	tomatically	
Option 55 Request List :		(e.g:1,3,6,12)
Option 58 Renewal Time:		(hour)
Option 59 Rebinding Time:		(hour)
Option 60 Vendor ID:		
Option 61 IAID:		(8 hexadecimal digits)
Option 61 DUID:		(hexadecimal digit)
Option 125:	 Disable 	🔘 Enable
Option 125: Ouse the following Static	•	○ Enable
	•	○ Enable
O Use the following Static	•	O Enable
○ Use the following Static WAN IP Address:	•	O Enable
O Use the following Static WAN IP Address: WAN Subnet Mask:	•	O Enable
© Use the following Static WAN IP Address: WAN Subnet Mask: WAN gateway IP Address:	•	O Enable

Step4 In this page, you may modify the WAN IP settings. You may select obtain an IP address automatically or manually enter the IP address provided by your ISP. Click Next and the following page appears.

Note:

WAN IP Settings

If selecting **Obtain an IP address automatically**, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in MER mode.

If selecting **Use the following Static IP address**, please enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask and gateway IP address.

Network Address Translation Setti	ngs			
Network Address Translation (NAT) allo computers on your Local Area Network	ows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple (LAN).			
Enable NAT ONLY IF REQUIRED DISABLES NET	WORK ACCELERATION AND SOME SECURITY			
Enable Firewall				
IGMP Multicast Enable IGMP Multicast				
	Back			
Step5 In this page, you can set the network address translation settings,for example, enabling NAT, enabling firewall, and enabling IGMP multicast. After finishing setting, click Next and the following page appears. Routing Default Gateway				
Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.				
Selected Default Gateway Interfaces	Available Routed WAN Interfaces			
ppp0. 1	atm0.1			
→ <				

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

Back Next

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DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server Interfaces		Available WAN Interfaces
ppp0.1		atm0.1
	->	
	<-	
		Back

Step7 In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoE
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

 Back
 Apply/Save

Step8In this page, it displays the information about the IPoE settings.Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

5.2.2.3 Adding a PPPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the PPPoA WAN service.

Step1Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface to
dsipaly the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page. In this page, you
need to add a PVC for PPPoA mode. Click the Add button in the DSL
ATM Interface Configuration page to display the following page.



ATM PVC Configuration

This screen allows you to configure	a ATM PVC.
VPI: 0 [0-255] VCI: 37 [32-65535]	
Select DSL Latency Path0 (Fast) Path1 (Interleaved)	
Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPF © EoA @ PPPoA © IPoA	PoE, IPoE, and Bridge.)
Encapsulation Mode:	VC/MUX
Service Category:	UBR Without PCR 💌
Select Scheduler for Queues of Equa Weighted Round Robin Weighted Fair Queuing	al Precedence as the Default Queue
Default Queue Weight:	1 [1-63]
Default Queue Precedence:	8 [1-8] (lower value, higher priority)
VC Precedence: Note: VC scheduling will be SP amo For single queue VC, the default que	[1-63] 8 [1-8] (lower value, higher priority) ng unequal precedence VC's and WRR among equal precedence VC's. eue precedence and weight will be used for arbitration. nce and weight will be used for arbitration.
	Back Apply/Save
Step2 Select the DSL li	ink type to be PPPoA, and select the encapsulation

Step2 Select the DSL link type to be PPPoA, and select the encapsulation mode to be VC/MUX (according to the uplink equipment). After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to apply the setings.

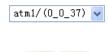
-	3	c	Э
ċ)	¢	2

Step3 Choose WAN Service and click Add to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci) For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low) Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0 portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1 portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1 low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set high =1 --> High PTM Priority set



Next

Step4 Select the proper interface for the WAN service, and then click Next to display the following page.
 WAN Service Configuration

Back

Enter Service Description: pppoa_0_0_37	
Network Protocal Selection:(IPV6 Only not support)	
	Back Next

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click **Next** to display the following page.



PPP usually requires that you have a user name and password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and
password that your ISP has provided to you.

PP Username:	test			
PPP Password:	••••]		
uthentication Method:	AUTO			*
NTU[576-1500]:	1492			
 Enable Fullcone N 	AT	_		
ONLY TE REQUIRED	DISABLES NETWORK A	CCELERATION	AND SOME	SECUR

Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer)

- Chan	011 001		. (
Use	Static	IPv4	Addres	s	

PPP Username and Password

Enable PPP Debug Mode

Multicast Proxy

Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy

Back	1	Next	

- PPP Username: The correct user name provided by your ISP.
- PPP Password: The correct password provided by your ISP.
- Authentication Method: The value can be AUTO, PAP, CHAP, or MSCHAP. Usually, you can select AUTO.
- Enable Fullcone NAT:. NAT is one where all requests from the same internal IP address and port are mapped to the same external IP address and port. Furthermore, any external host can send a packet to the internal host, by sending a packet to the mapped external address.
- Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer): If this function is enabled, you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the modem does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the modem automatically stops the PPPoA connection. Once it detects the flow (like access to a webpage), the modem restarts the PPPoA dialup. If this function is disabled, the modem performs PPPoA dial-up all the time. The PPPoA connection does not stop, unless the modem is powered off and DSLAM or uplink equipment is abnormal.
- PPP IP extension: If you want to configure DMZ Host, you should enable it first.
- Use Static IPv4 Address: If this function is disabled, the modem obtains an IP address assigned by an uplink equipment such as BAS, through PPPoA

dial-up. If this function is enabled, the modem uses this IP address as the WAN IP address.

- Enable PPP Debug Mode: Enable or disable this function.
- Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy: If you want PPPoE mode to support IPTV, enable it.

Step6 In this page, you can enter the PPP username and PPP password provided by your ISP. Select the authentication method according to your requirement. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Gateway Interfaces	Available Routed WAN Interfaces
ppp0.1	pppoal
	Back Next

Step7 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server Interfaces		Available WAN Int	terfaces
ppp0.1		pppoa1	
	->		
	<-		
		Back	Next

Step8 In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ISP}}$.

Connection Type:	PPPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Back Apply/Save

Step9 In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoA settings.Click Apply/Save to apply the settings. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

5.2.2.4 Adding an IPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the IPoA WAN service.

Step1Choose Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface to
dsipaly the DSL ATM Interface Configuration page. In this page, you
need to add a PVC for IPoA mode. Click the Add button in the DSL ATM
Interface Configuration page to display the following page.

ATM PVC Configuration

This screen allows you to configure a ATM PVC.		
VPI: 0 [0-255] VCI: 38 [32-65535]		
Select DSL Latency ✓ Path0 (Fast) Path1 (Interleaved)		
Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.) © EoA © PPPoA © IPoA		
Encapsulation Mode:		
Service Category: UBR Without PCR 🗸		
Select Scheduler for Queues of Equal Precedence as the Default Queue Weighted Round Robin Weighted Fair Queuing		
Default Queue Weight: 1 [1-63]		
Default Queue Precedence: 8 [1-8] (lower value, higher priority)		
VC WRR Weight: 1 [1-63]		
VC Precedence: 8 [1-8] (lower value, higher priority)		
Note: VC scheduling will be SP among unequal precedence VC's and WRR among equal precedence VC's. For single queue VC, the default queue precedence and weight will be used for arbitration. For multi-queue VC, its VC precedence and weight will be used for arbitration.		
Back Apply/Save		
Step2 Select the DSL link type to be IPoA, and select the encapsulation mode		
to be LLC/SNAP-ROUTING (according to the uplink equipment). After		
finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to save the settings.		

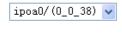
 $\label{eq:step3} Step3 \qquad \mbox{Choose WAN Service} \ \mbox{and click } \ \mbox{Add} \ \mbox{to display the following page}.$

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WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci) For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low) Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0 portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1 portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1 low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set high =1 --> High PTM Priority set



Back

Step4 Select the proper interface for the WAN service ,and then click Next to display the following page.

Next

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description: ipoa_0_0_38

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click **Next** to display the following page.

Back

Next

WAN IP Settings

information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings.

WAN IP Address:	0.0
WAN Subnet Mask:	0.0
Primary DNS server:	0.0
Secondary DNS server:	

0.0.0.0
0.0.0.0
0.0.0.0

Back		Next
------	--	------

Step6 In this page, enter the WAN IP address, the WAN subnet mask, and primary DNS server provided by your ISP and then click **Next** to display the following page.

Network Address Translation Settings

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

~	Enable NAT
~	Enable Fullcone NAT
O	NLY IF REQUIRED DISABLES NETWORK ACCELERATION AND SOME SECURITY
	Enable Firewall
IGM	P Multicast
	Enable IGMP Multicast

Back	Next
------	------

In this page, Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

If you do not want to enable NAT, and wish the user of modem to access the Internet normally, you need to add a route on the uplink equipment. Otherwise, the access to the Internet fails. Normally, please enable the NAT function.



Step7 After finishing setting, click Next to display the following page. Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Gateway Interfaces	Available Routed WAN Interfaces
ppp0.1	ipoa0
	Back Next

Step8 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

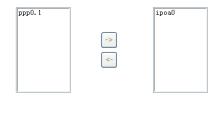
DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server Available WAN Interfaces





Step9 In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be e	ffective.	Click "Back" to r	nake any modifications.
	Back	Apply/Save]

Step10 In this page, it displays the information about the IPoA settings. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

5.2.2.5 Adding a Bridge WAN service

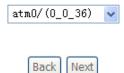
This section describes the steps for adding the Bridge WAN service.

Step1 In the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup page, click the Add button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATM or PTM interface for this WAN service.) Click the Add button to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci) For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low) Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0 portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1 portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1 low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set high =1 --> High PTM Priority set



Step2 Select the proper ATM Interface and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN	Service	Cont	figura	tion
-----	---------	------	--------	------

Select WAN service type: O PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) O IP over Ethernet O Bridging

Enter Service Description: br_0_0_36

For tagged service, enter valid 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN ID. For untagged service, set -1 to both 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN ID.

Enter 802.1P Priority [0-7]: Enter 802.1Q VLAN ID [0-4094]:

-1
-1

Back	Next

Step3 In this page, you can select the WAN service type, and modify the service description for this service. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	Bridge
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Not Applicable
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Step4 In this page, it displays the information about the bridge settings. Click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings. You can modify the settings by clicking the Back button if necessary.

5.2.3 3G WAN Service

Choose Advanced Setup > 3G WAN Service , and the following page appears.

	Choos		le Area Netv Remove or Ec							face.		
Interface	Description	Туре	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit	Action
Interface	Description	Type	vianouzip	VIAIIMUXIU	rduib	N/A1	rirewali	IPVO	MIC	Remove	Eair	ACTION

This page is used to configure 3G connection. If you want to access the Internet through 3G connection, a 3G network card is required. Connect the 3G network card to the USB interface of the Router.

- Information: Click it to display the information of the 3G network card.
- Pin Manage: Click it to configure the 3G PIN.
- Upload Driver: For a un-support USB dongle, click it to upload the new driver for supporting the USB. The driver is a text file.

Click Pin Manage, and the following page appears.

User	Manual	
------	--------	--

3G PIN Configuration

when

This section allows you to configure the 3G's SIM card Lock/Unlock and the 3G's SIM card pin code.

SIM	card's status is : lock disable
0	Enable PIN protect
۲	Disable PIN protect
	Unlock with PIN code
	Unlock with PUK & PIN
\circ	Change PIN code
Ente	r PIN code: Remain times: 3
Sut	Cancel
•	Enable PIN protect: If you enable it, you need to enter the PIN code
	rebooting or inserting the card to the USB interface.
•	Linlock with PIN code: If you disable it you need to enter PIN code

- Unlock with PIN code: If you disable it, you need to enter PIN code when using 3G.
- Unlock with PUK & PIN: If you disable it, you need to enter PUK code when failing to enter the PIN code for 3 times.
- Change PIN code: Choose it to change the PIN code.

After proper settings, click **Submit** to take the settings in to effect.

Click Add in the WAN Service For 3G Moblie Setup to display the following page.

		3G USB n	nobile modem setup
Enable US	B Modem		
User Name:	any]	
Password:	•••]	
Authentication Method:	AUTO	*	
APN:]	
Dial Number:]	
Idle time(in sec.):	360]	
	Dial on demand		
Dial Delay(in sec.):	10]	
Default WAN			
Connection Select:	DSL OR ETHERNET	*	
Select.			
WAN backup m	echanism: 💿 DSL 🔇) IP connectivity	
Apply/Save	Auto Setting]	

In this page, you are allowed to configure the settings of the 3G USB modem.

- Enable USB Modem: If you want to access the Internet through the 3G network card, you must enable the USB modem.
- User Name: Username provided by your 3G ISP.
- Password: Password provided by your 3G ISP.
- Authentication Method: Select a proper authentication method in the dropdown list. You can select Auto, PAP, CHAP, or MSCHAP.
- **APN:** APN (Access Point Name) is used to identify the service type. Enter the APN provided by your 3G ISP.
- Dial Number: Enter the dial number provided by your 3G ISP.

- Idle time (in sec.): If no traffic for the preset time, the 3G will disconnect automatically.
- Net Select: Select the 3G network that is available. You may select EVDO, WCDMA, CDMA2000, TD-SCDMA, GSM, or Auto.
- **Dial on demand**: Within the preset minutes, if the modem does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the modem automatically stops the 3G connection. Once it detects the flow (like access to a webpage), the modem restarts the 3G dialup.
- Dail Delay (in sec.): The 3G delays dial after the DSL is disconnected.
- **Default WAN Connection Select**: You can select DSL or 3G from the drop-down list.
- WAN back mechanism: The 3G connection is backup for the DSL connection.
 - **DSL**: If the DSL is disconnected, the 3G starts to dial.
 - IP connectivity: If the system fails to ping the specified IP address, the 3G starts to dial.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save the settings. You may also click the **auto setting** button to automatically configure the 3G connection.

After clicking the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Apply/Save}}$ button, the following page appears. <code>modem status: Unconfigured</code>

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service For 3G Moblie Setup Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service For 3G Moblie interface.												
Interface	Description	Туре	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit	Action
ppp3g0	mobile	mobile	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		edit	Dial
Add Remove Information Pin Manage Upload Driver												

If the 3G network card is installed, you may click the button on the **Action** column to establish or disconnect the 3G connection.

Note:

When there is no DSL WAN connection, insert the 3G network card, and then system will perform dial-up automatically. If the DSL WAN connection and the 3G connection coexist, the DSL WAN connection takes priority over the 3G

connection. When the DSL WAN connection starts to perform dial-up, the 3G connection will be disconnected. If the DSL WAN connection has established, you may manually to perform 3G dial-up, and then the DSL WAN connection will be disconnected.

5.2.4 LAN Configuration

Choose Advanced Setup > LAN, and the following page appears. Local Area Network (LAN) Setup

Configure the Broadband Router IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface. GroupName Default 💌

IP Address:	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Enable IGMP Snoopir	ıg
○ Standard Mode Stocking Mode	
Enable LAN side firev	vall
O Disable DHCP Server	
● Enable DHCP Server	
Start IP Address:	192.168.1.2
End IP Address:	192.168.1.254
Primary DNS server:	192.168.1.1
Secondary DNS server:	192.168.1.1
Leased Time (hour):	24
Static IP Lease List: (A r	naximum 32 entries can be configured)
Edit DHCP C	ption 60 Edit DHCP Option DHCP Advance setup
MAC Address	IP Address Remove
Add Entries	Remove Entries

Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface

Apply/Save

In this page, you can configure an IP address for the DSL router, enable IGMP snooping, enable or disable the DHCP server, edit the DHCP option, configure the DHCP advanced setup and set the binding between a MAC address and an IP address.

Configuring the Private IP Address for the DSL Router

IP Address:	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0

In this page, you can modify the IP address of the device. The preset IP address is 192.168.1.1.

Enabling IGMP Snooping

IGMP snooping enables the router to forward multicast traffic intelligently, instead of flooding all ports in the VLAN. With IGMP snooping, the router listens to IGMP membership reports, queries and leave messages to identify the switch ports that are members of multicast groups. Multicast traffic will only be forwarded to ports identified as members of the specific multicast group or groups.



Enabling the LAN Side Firewall

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host in the LAN.

Enable LAN side firewall

In this page, you can enable or disable the LAN side firewall.

Configuring the DHCP Server

\odot	Enable DHCP Server	
	Start IP Address:	192.168.1.2
	End IP Address:	192.168.1.254
	Leased Time (hour):	24

If you enable the DHCP sever, the clients will automatically acquire the IP address from the DHCP server. If the DHCP server is disabled, you need to manually set the start IP address, end IP address and the lease time for the clients in the LAN.

Editing the DHCP Option60

Click the Edit DHCP Option60 button in the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup page to display the DHCP Option60 Setup page.

This page allow you to setup dhcp option 60, the dhcp server will assign one ip address based on you setting to dhcp client.
DHCP OPTION 60 TABLE:
State/deviceClassName/vendorId/minAddress/maxAddress/dnsPrimary/dnsSecondary/subnetMask/gateWay/dhcpLeaseTime
Add Edit Delete Return

In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP60 options.

Editing the DHCP Option

Click the Edit DHCP Option button in the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup page to display the DHCP Option Setup page.

DHCP OPtion Setup

This page allows you to configurate the DHCP OPTION. These options will be sent to DHCP client. You can difine at most 30 options. State Code Value Pool



In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP options, and these options will be sent to the DHCP client.



DHCP Advanced Setup

Click the **DHCP Advance Setup** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the following page. In this page, you can enable or disable DHCP for every LAN interface.

DHCP Advance Setup

This page allows you to enable or disable dhcp for every lan interface. You must enable **lan ports**.

State Interface					
	eth0				
~	eth1				
	eth2				
~	eth3				
	eth4				
	wl0				
	wl0.1				
~	wl0.2				
	wl0.3				

Configuring the DHCP Static IP Lease List

The lease list of static IP address can reserve the static IP addresses for the hosts with the specific MAC addresses. When a host whose MAC address is in the lease list of static IP address requests the DHCP server for an IP address, the DHCP server assigns the reserved IP address to the host.

MAC Address	IP Address	Remove
Add Entries	Remove I	Entries

Click the Add Entries button in the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup page to display the DHCP Static IP Lease page.



	User Manual
DHCP Static IP Lease	
Enter the Mac address and	d Static IP address then click Apply/Save .
MAC Address:	
IP Address:	
	Apply/Save
n this page, enter the MAC	C address of the LAN host and the static IP address that

Configuring the Second IP Address and Subnet Mask for a LAN Interface

In the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup page, you are allowed to set the second IP address and the subnet mask for a LAN interface.

is reserved for the host, and then click the Apply/Save button to apply the settings.

Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface

IP Address:	192.168.249.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.252

After enabling **Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface**, enter an IP address and a subnet mask for the LAN interface. After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

5.2.4.1 IPv6 Auto-configuration

Click Advanced Setup > LAN >IPv6 Autoconfig, and the following page appears.

	5 LAN Auto Configuration
Note	
	Stateful DHCPv6 is supported based on the assumption of prefix length less than 64. Interface ID does support ZERO COMPRESSION "::". Please enter the complete information. For exampe: Please enter
	:0:2" instead of "::2".
2:	Unique local address must start with "fd". The prefix and the address must be in same network.
	Enable Unique Local Addresses And Prefix Advertisement
0	Randomly Generate
0	Statically Configure
	Address: (e.g: fd80::1/64)
	(e.g: 1080::1/04)
	Prefix: (e.g: fd80::/64)
	Preferred Life Time (hour):
	Valid Life Time (hour):
IPv	5 LAN Applications
~	Enable DHCPv6 Server and RADVD
	Stateless
ŏ	Stateful
\sim	State Interface ID: 0:0:0:2
	End interface ID: 0:0:0:254
	Leased Time (hour): 24
V	Enable MLD Snooping
\circ	Standard Mode
۲	Blocking Mode
	Save/Apply

In this page, you can set an IP address for the DSL IPv6 router, enable the DHCPv6 server, enable RADVD and enable the MLD snooping function.

• Enable DHCPv6 Server: WIDE-DHCPv6 is an open-source implementation of dynamic host configuration protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) originally developed by the KAME project. The implementation mainly complies with the following standards: RFC3315, RFC3319, RFC3633, RFC3646, RFC4075, RFC 4272 etc.

- Enable RADVD: The router advertisement daemon (RADVD) is run by Linux or BSD systems acting as IPv6 routers. It sends router advertisement messages, specified by RFC2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a router solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6 stateless auto-configuration.
- Enable MLD Snooping: Multicast Listener Discovery Snooping (MLD Snooping) is an IPv6 multicast constraining mechanism that runs on Layer 2 devices to manage and control IPv6 multicast groups. By analyzing received MLD messages, a Layer 2 device running MLD Snooping establishes mappings between ports and multicast MAC addresses and forwards IPv6 multicast data based on these mappings.

After finishing setting, click the Save/Apply button to apply the settings.

5.2.5 NAT

5.2.5.1 Virtual Servers

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host on the LAN. The virtual server can create a channel that can pass through the firewall. In that case, the host on the Internet can communicate with a host on your LAN within certain port range.

Choose Advanced Setup > NAT > Virtual Servers, and the following page appears.

NAT -- Virtual Servers Setup

Virtual Server allows you to direct incoming traffic from WAN side (identified by Protocol and External port) to the Internal server with private IP address on the LAN side. The Internal port is required only if the external port needs to be converted to a different port number used by the server on the LAN side. A maximum **32** entries can be configured.

Server	External Port Start	External Port End	Protocol	Internal Port Start	Internal Port End	Server IP Address/Hostname	WAN	LAN	Enable/Disable	Remove
name	FOIL Start	FOICEIIG		Forestare	FOILEIIG	Address/Hoschanie	Internace	соорьаск		

Add Save/Apply Remove

In this page, you are allowed to add or remove a virtual server entry. To add a virtual server, do as follows:

Step 1 Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

|--|

Select the service name, and enter the server JP address and click "Apply/Save" to forward JP packets for this service to the specified server. NOTE: The "Internal Port End" cannot be modified directly. Normally, it is set to the same value as "External Port End".However, if you modify "Internal Port Start", then "Internal Port End" will be set to the same value as "Internal Port Start". Remaining number of entries that can be configured:32

Use Interface		pppoe_0	1_1/ppp	p0.1 🗸						
Service Name					-					
Select a :	Service:	Select (ne					*		
O Custom	Service:									
Enable L	AN Loopl	back								
Server IP Ac	ldress/H	ostname:	192.168	3.1.						
Status:		~								
						Apply	/Save			
External Por	t Start	External P	ort End	Proto	ocol	Internal Port	Star	Internal	Port E	nd
				TCP	~					
				TCP	~]
				TCP	~]
				TCP	~]
				TCP	~]
				TCP						

	TCP 🔽	
	TCP 🔽	
		Save/Apply

- Use interface: Select an interface that you want to configure. •
- Select a Service: Select a proper service in the drop-down list.
- Custom Server: Enter a new service name to establish a user service type. •
- Server IP Address: Assign an IP address to virtual server. •
- External Port Start: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- External Port End: When selecting a service, the port number will . automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- Protocol: You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP in the drop-down list.
- Internal Port Start: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.

- Internal Port End: When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- Step 2 After finishing setting, click Save/Apply to save and apply the settings.

5.2.5.2 Port Triggering

Some applications need some ports to be opened in the firewall for the remote access. When an application initializes a TCP/UDP to connect to a remote user, port triggering dynamically opens the open ports of the firewall.

Choose **Advanced Settings > NAT > Port Triggering**, and the following page appears.

NAT -- Port Triggering Setup

Some applications require that specific ports in the Router's firewall be opened for access by the remote parties. Port Trigger dynamically opens up the 'Open Ports' in the firewall when an application on the LAN initiates a TCP/UDP connection to a remote party using the 'Triggering Ports'. The Router allows the remote party from the WAN side to establish new connections back to the application on the LAN side using the 'Open Ports'. A maximum **32** entries can be configured.

Application Name	Trigger			Open				
	Protocol	Port Range		Protocol	Port Range		WAN Interface	Remove
		Start	End	Protocol	Start	End		

Add	Remove
-----	--------

In this page, you may add or remove an entry of port triggering. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

NAT -- Port Triggering

Some applications such as games, video conferencing, remote access applications and others require that specific ports in the Router's frewall be opened for access by the applications. You can configure the port settings from this screen by selecting an existing application or creating your own (Custom application) and click "Save/Apply" to add it. Remaining number of entries that can be configured:32

 Select an 	Application Name: Select an application:		Select One				*				
Custom application:											
					_		_				
					1	Apply/Sav	е				
rigger Port S	Start Trigger	Port End	Trigger	Protoco	Open P	ort Star	t Open Po	ort End Open F	Proto		
			TCP	~				TCP	~		
			TCP	*				TCP	~		
			TCP	~				TCP	~		
			TCP	~				TCP	~		
			TCP	*	-			TCP	~		
			TCP	~				TCP	~		
			TCP	~				TCP	~		
			TCP	~	-			TCP	~		

• Use interface: Select an interface that you want to configure.

- Select an application: Select a proper application in the drop-down list.
- **Custom application:** Manually define an application.
- Trigger port Start: The start port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- Trigger port End: The end port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- Trigger Protocol: Select the application protocol. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.
- Open Port Start: The start port number that is opened to WAN.
- Open Port End: The end port number that is opened to WAN.
- **Open Protocol:** Select the proper protocol that is opened to WAN. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.

After finishing setting, click **Save/Apply** to apply the settings.

Note:

You can use a single port number, several port numbers separated by commas, port blocks consisting of two port numbers separated by a dash, or any combination of these, for example 80, 90-140, 180.

5.2.5.3 DMZ Host

DMZ allows all the ports of a PC on your LAN to be exposed to the Internet. Set the IP address of the PC to be DMZ host, so that the DMZ host will not be blocked by firewall.

Choose Advanced Setup > NAT > DMZ host to display the following page. NAT -- DMZ Host

The Broadband Router will forward IP packets from the WAN that do not belong to any of the applications configured in the Virtual Servers table to the DMZ host computer.

Enter the computer's IP address and click 'Apply' to activate the DMZ host.					
Clear the IP address field and click 'Apply' to deactivate the \ensuremath{DMZ} host.					
DMZ Host IP Address:	192.168.1.11				

Enable LAN Loopback

Apply/Save

In this page, enter the IP address of the DMZ host.

After finishing the settings, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings. If you want to clear the DMZ function of the host, please delete the IP address of the host in the field of **DMZ Host IP Address**, and then click the **Apply/Save** button.

5.2.6 Security

Firewall

Choose Security > Firewall and the following page appears.

Firewall Table
name interface type defaultaction bytes pkts
Firewall's Rule Table



Add Firewall Add Kule Modify Firewall Modify Rule Cuncel Remove Firewall Remove Fule

Click **Modify Firewall** or **Remove Firewall** to modify or remove the firewall. And click **Modify Rule** or **Remove Rule** to modify or remove the rule.

	User Manual							
Click Add	l Firewall, a	and th		page a firewall	ppears.			
	a Firewall h	ave a	number of Rul	e which de	efine the beh	nive of mat	ch item	
name:		int	erface WAN		🖌 type I	N 🔽 de	faultaction Perr	nit 🗸
• nar	ne : The nai	me of	firewall.					
• inte	erface: You	can :	select LAN	or WAN	from the d	rop-dowi	n list.	
• typ	e: You can	selec	t IN or OUT	from th	e drop-dov	vn list.		
● def	aultaction	You	can select l	Permit o	or Drop from	m the dro	po-down list	ł.
					•		•	
		the f		~~ ~~~~	~~~			
	I Rule , and	the i		irewall Table				
					tion bytes pkts			
			test ppp0.1	DI Permit	0 0			
enabled	Protocol Action Reject	tType Icn		vall's Rule T		ess destMask de	stPortRange bytes p	okts
	Add Firewall Sav	wéápply	Modify Firewall	Nodify Rul		enove Firewall	Renove Rule	
N	а	Firewall	have a number of l	Rule which def	ine the behive of	match item		
Notes:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e						
 When Proto when Action Only when I 	col is 'ICMP', one o h is 'Reject', one o 'rotocol is 'TCP', m	f RejectT ay Reject	e to be selected; ype to be selected; Type select 'top-re	eset";				
enabled								
Protocol origIPAddress:	×	Action origMask	Permit 🛩	RejectType origStartPort		 IcmpType origEndPort 		¥
destIPAddress:		destMask		destStartPort		destEndPort		í

- **enabled**: Select the check box to enable the firewall rule.
- **Protocol**: You can select **UDP**, **TCP**, or **ICMP** from the drop-down list.
- Action: You can select Permit, Drop, or Reject from the drop-down list.
- **RejectType**: You can select the reject type, when you select **Reject** as the action.
- **IcmpType**: You can select the type of ICMP packet, when you select ICMP as the protocol.
- origIPAddress: The original IP address.
- origMask: The original subnet mask.
- origStartPort: The original start port.
- origEndPort: The original end port.

- destIPAddress: The destination IP address.
- **destMask**: The destination subnet mask.
- destStartPort: The destination start port.
- **destEndPort**: The destination end port.

After finishing setting, click Save&Apply to save and activate the rule.

MAC Filtering Setup

In some cases, you may want to manage Layer2 MAC address to block or permit a computer within the home network. When you enable MAC filter rules, the DSL router serves as a firewall that works at layer 2.

Note:

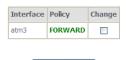
MAC filtering is only effective on ATM PVCs configured in bridge mode.

Choose **Security** > **MAC Filtering** and the following page appears. MAC Filtering Setup

"MAC Filtering is only effective on ATM PVCs configured in Bridge mode. FORWARDED means that all MAC layer frames will be FORWARDED except those matching with any of the specified rules in the following table. BLOCKED means that all MAC layer frames will be BLOCKED except those matching with any of the specified rules in the following table.

MAC Filtering Policy For Each Interface(maxinum 32 entries):

WARNING: Changing from one policy to another of an interface will cause all defined rules for that interface to be REMOVED AUTOMATICALLY! You will need to create new rules for the new policy.



Change Policy

Choose Add or Remove to configure MAC filtering rules.

Interface Protocol Destination MAC Source MAC Frame Direction Remove



1 0 / 3	add or remove the MAC filtering rule. You may change the MAC FORWARDED to BLOCKED by clicking the Change Policy					
Click the Add button t Add MAC Filter	o display the following page.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AC layer frames by specifying at least one condition below. If multiple conditions are ct. Click 'Apply' to save and activate the filter.					
Protocol Type:	×					
Destination MAC Address:						
Source MAC Address:						
Frame Direction:	LAN<=>WAN V					
WAN Interfaces (Configured in Bridge mode only)						
br_0_0_39/atm3 🖌						
	Apply/Save					

- Protocol Type: Select the proper protocol type.
- Destination MAC Address: Enter the destination MAC address.
- Source MAC Address: Enter the source MAC address.
- Frame Direction: The direction of transmission frame.
- WAN Interface (Configured in bridge mode only): Select the proper WAN interface in the drop-down list.

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the filtering rule.

5.2.7 Parental Control

Time Restriction

Choose Advanced Setup > Parental Control > Time Restriction, and the following page appears. Access Time Restriction -- A maximum 16 entries can be configured.

Username MAC Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun Start Stop Remove

Add Remove

Click the Add button to display the following page.

the LAN device where the brow	striction to a special UAI device connected to the Router. The 'Browser's MAC Address' automatically displays the MAC address of war is running. To restrict other LAN device, click the 'Other MAC Address' button and enter the MAC address of the other LAN ddress of a Windows based PC, go to command window and type 'pconfig /all'.
User Name	
 Browser's MAC Address 	00:1d:0f:19:91:c1
Other MAC Address (x00000000000000)	
Days of the week	Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun
Click to select	
Start Blocking Time (hh:mm)	
End Blocking Time (hh:mm)	

This page is used to control the time restriction to a special LAN device that connects to the DSL router. In this page, se the user name and configure the time settings.

Apply/Save

After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to save and apply the settings.

Url Filter

Access Time Restriction

Click **Advanced Setup** > **Parental Control** > **Url Filter**, and the following page appears.

URL Filter -- Please select the list type first then configure the list entries. Maximum 100 entries can be configured.

URL List Type: 🔿 Exclude 🔿 Include



Thisp age is used to prevent the LAN users from accessing some Websites in the WAN.

In this page, you may select the **Exclude** URL list type or the **Include** URL list type. If you select the **Exclude** URL list type, it means that the URLs in the list are not accessible. If you select the select the **Include** URL list type, you are allowed to access the the URLs in the list.

Click the Add button to display the following page.

	User Manual
Parental Control URL Filte	er Add
Enter the URL address and por	t number then click 'Apply/Save' to add the entry to the URL filter.
URL Address:	
Port Number:	(Default 80 will be applied if leave blank.)
	Apply/Save

In this page, enter the URL address and its corresponding port number. For example, enter the URL address *http://www.google.com* and the port number **80**, and then click the **Apply/Save** button. See the following figure:

URL Filter -- Please select the list type first then configure the list entries. Maximum 100 entries can be configured.

URL List Type: 💿 Exclude 🔘 Include

Address	Port	Remove			
http://www.google.com	80				
Add Remove					

5.2.8 Quality of Service

Enabling QoS

Choose Advance Setup > Quality of Service and the following page appears. $_{\rm QoS-}$ Queue Management Configuration

If Enable QoS checkbox is selected, choose a default DSCP mark to automatically mark incoming traffic without reference to a particular classifier. Click 'Apply/Save' button to save it.

Note: If Enable Qos checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces.

Note: The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Enable QoS



⁷⁰

Select **Enable QoS** to enable QoS and configure the default DSCP mark.

If Enable QoS checkbox is selected, choose a default DSCP mark to automatically mark incoming traffic without reference to a particular classifier. Click 'Apply/Save' button to save it.

Note: If Enable Qos checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces.

Note: The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Enable QoS

Select Default DSCP Mark No Change (-1)

Apply/Save

In this page, enable the QoS function and select the default DSCP mark. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

Note:

If the **Enable Qos** checkbox is not selected, all QoS will be disabled for all interfaces. The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

Queue Configuration

Choose Advanced Setup > Quality of Service > QoS Queue, and the following page appears.

QoS Queue Setup

In ATM mode, maximum 16 queues can be configured. In PTM mode, maximum 8 queues can be configured. For each 2thernet interface, maximum 3 queues can be configured. To add a queue, click the Add button. To remove queues, check their remove-checkboxes, then click the **Remove** button. The **Fanobe** button will scen through every queues in the table. Queues with enable-checkbox checked will be enabled. Queues with enable-checkbox un-checked will be disabled.

will be disabled. The enable-checkbox also shows status of the queue after page reload. If you disable WMM function in Wireless Page, queues related to wireless will not take effects

The QoS function has been disabled. Queues would not take effects.

Name	Кеу	Interface	Qid	Prec/Alg/Wght	DSL Latency	PTM Priority	Shaping Rate (bits/s)	Burst Size (bytes)	Enable	Remove
WMM Voice Priority	1	w10	0	1/SP					Enabled	
WMM Voice Priority	2	wi0	0	2/SP					Enabled	
WMM Video Priority	3	w10	0	3/SP					Enabled	
WMM Video Priority	4	w10	0	4/SP					Enabled	
WMM Best Effort	5	w10	0	5/SP					Enabled	
WMM Background	6	wi0	0	6/SP					Enabled	
WMM Background	7	vv10	0	7/SP					Enabled	
WMM Best Effort	8	vv10	0	8/SP					Enabled	
Default Queue	34	ptm0	1	8/WRR/1	Path0	Low				

Add Enable Remove

In this page, you can enable, add or remove a QoS rule.

Note:

The lower integer value for precedence indicates the higher priority.

Click the Add button to display the following page. **QoS Queue Configuration**

This screen allows you to configure a QoS queue and add it to a selected layer2 interface.

Name:		
Enable:	Disable 💌	
Interface:	~	
	Арр	ly/Save

Name: Enter the name of QoS queue. •

- Enable: Enable or disable the QoS queue.
- Interface: Select the proper interface for the QoS queue.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

QoS Classification

Choose Advanced Setup > Quality of Service > Qos Classification and the following page appears.

QoS C	lassific	ation 8	setup -	 maximur 	n 32 rules	can be config	ured.											
To rem The En The en If you o	able bu able-ch disable 1	es, che itton w eckbox WMM fi	ck their ill scan also sh unction	through ev lows status in Wireless	ery rules in of the rule Page, clas	then click the R the table. Rules after page relos sification relates ation rules wo	s with enable-ch ad. d to wireless wi	ll not ta	ike effects		abled. R	tules with	h enable	-checkb	iox un-ch	ecked wi	II be disa	ibled.
						CLASSIFIC	ATION CRITER	IA					C	LASSI	FICATIO	N RESUL	TS	
Class Name	Order			SrcMAC/ Mask	DstMAC/ Mask	SrcIP/ PrefixLength	DstIP/ PrefixLength	Proto	SrcPort	DstPort		802.1P Check			802.1P Mark	Rate Limit (kbps)	Enable	Remove
							Add	Enable	Remo	ive								

In this page, you can enable, add or remove a QoS classification rule. Click the ${\bf Add}$ button to display the following page.

U	lser	Manua	al

Add Network Traffic Class Rule This screen creates a traffic class rule to classify the ingress traffic into a priority queue and optionally mark the DSCP or Ethernet priority of the packet. Click 'Apply/Save' to save and activate the rule. Traffic Class Name: Last Last 🗸 Rule Order: Rule Status: Specify Classification Criteria (A blank criterion indicates it is not used for classification.) Class Interface: LAN Ether Type: ~ Source MAC Address Source MAC Mask: Destination MAC Address: Destination MAC Mask: Specify Classification Results (A blank value indicates no operation.) Specify Class Queue (Required): - Packets classified into a queue that exit through an interface for which the queue is not specified to exist, will instead egress to the default queue on the interface. ~ ~ Mark 802.1p priority: - Class non-vlan packets egress to a non-vlan interface will be tagged with VID 0 and the class rule p-bits. - Class vlan packets egress to a non-vlan interface will have the packet p-bits re-marked by the class rule p-bits. No additional vlan tag is added. - Class non-vlan packets egress to a vlan interface will be tagged with the interface VID and the class rule p-bits. - Class vlan packets egress to a vlan interface will be additionally tagged with the packet VID, and the class rule p-bits. Set Rate Limit: [Kbits/s] Apply/Save

5.2.9 Routing

Default Gateway

Choose Advanced Setup > Routing > Default Gateway, and the following page appears.

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lou	ting	 De	raul	E (iat	ew	ay	

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Gateway	Available Routed WAN
Interfaces	Interfaces
ppp0	atm2 ipoa0 pppoa1 ppp3g0

TODO: IPV6 ********** Select a preferred wan interface as the system default IPv6 gateway.

Selected WAN Interface pppoe_0_0_35/ppp0 🗸



In this page, you can modify the default gateway settings.

Select a proper WAN interface in the drop-down list of **Selected WAN Interface** as the system default gateway.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

Static Route

Choose Advanced Setup > Routing > Static Route and the following page appears.

Routing -- Static Route (A maximum 32 entries can be configured)



In this page, you can add or remove a static routing rule. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

J

Enter the destination network address, subnet mask, gateway AND/OR available WAN interface then click 'Apply/Save' to add the entry to the routing table.

IP Version:	IPv4	~
Destination IP address/prefix length:		
Interface:		*
Gateway IP Address:		
(optional: metric number should be greater than	or equal to zero)	
Metric:	Apply/Save	

- IP Version: Select the IP version.
- Destination IP address/prefix length: Enter the destination IP address.
- Interface: select the proper interface for the rule.
- Gateway IP Address: The next-hop IP address.
- Metric: The metric value of routing.
- After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

Policy Routing

Routing -- Static Route Add

Choose **Advanced Setup** > **Routing** > **Policy Routing** and the following page appears.

Policy Routing Setting -- A maximum 8 entries can be configured.

Policy Name	Source IP	LAN Port	WAN	Default GW	Remove
	ſ	Add Rem	010		
	ť	Kenn	love		

In this page, you can add or remove a static policy rule. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

table

	me, policies, and WAN in	terface then click "Apply/Save" to ad lefault gateway must be configured.	
Policy Name:]	
Physical LAN Port: Source IP:		8	•
Use Interface:	pppoe_0_1_1/ppp0.1 💊	•	
Default Gateway:			

In this page, enter the policy name, source IP and default gateway, and select the physical LAN port and interface.

Apply/Save

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

RIP

Choose Advanced Setup > Routing > RIP and the following page appears. Routing -- RIP Configuration

NOTE: RIP CANNOT BE CONFIGURED on the WAN interface which has NAT enabled (such as PPPoE).

To activate RIP for the WAN Interface, select the desired RIP version and operation and place a check in the 'Enabled' checkbox. To stop RIP on the WAN Interface, uncheck the 'Enabled' checkbox. Click the 'Apply/Save' button to star/stop RIP and save the configuration.

Interface	Version		Operation Er	abled
atm2	2	~	Passive 🗸	
ipoa0	2	~	Passive 🗸	
atm4	2	~	Passive 🗸	

Apply/Save

In this page, if you want to configure an individual interface, select the desired RIP version and operation, and then select the **Enabled** checkbox for the interface. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.10 DNS

DNS Server

Choose Advanced Setup > DNS > DNS Server and the following page appears.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered. DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

OSelect DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server Interfaces	Available WAN Interfaces
ppp0. 1	
O Use the following Static DNS IP	address:
Primary DNS server:	
Secondary DNS server:	
	Apply/Save

In this page, you can select a DNS server interface from the available interfaces, manually enter the DNS server addresses, or obtain the DNS address from a WAN interface.

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

Dynamic DNS

Choose Advanced Setup > DNS > Dynamic DNS and the following page appears.

The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname in any of the many domains, allowing your Broadband Router to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet.

Choose Add or Remove to configure Dynamic DNS.





In this page, you are allowed to modify the DDNS settings. Click the **Add** button to display the following page. Add Dynamic DNS

This page allows you to add a Dynamic DNS address from DynDNS.org or TZO.

D-DNS provider	DynDNS. org 🗸
Hostname Interface	pppoe_0_1_1/ppp0.1
DynDNS Settings Username	
Password	
	Apply/Save

- D-DNS provider: Select a proper DDNS server in the drop-down list.
- Hostname: It is the domain name and it can be modified.
- Interface: The interface that the packets pass through on the DSL router.
- **Username:** Enter the username for accessing the DDNS management interface.
- **Password:** Enter the password for accessing the DDNS management interface.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.11 DSL

Choose **Advanced Setup** > **DSL** and the following page appears. In this page, you can view the DSL settings. Usually, you can keep this factory default setting. The modem negotiates the modulation mode with the DSLAM. If you select **VDSL2 Enabled** check box, you can set the VDSL2 parameters on the right area.

User Manual			
DSL Settings			
Select the modulation below.	Select the profile below.		
G.Dmt Enabled	🗌 8a Enabled		
G.lite Enabled	8b Enabled		
T1.413 Enabled	8c Enabled		
ADSL2 Enabled	🗌 8d Enabled		
AnnexL Enabled	12a Enabled		
ADSL2+ Enabled	12b Enabled		
AnnexM Enabled	☑ 17a Enabled		
VDSL2 Enabled	30a Enabled		
	US0		
	✓ Enabled		
Select the phone line pair below.			
 Inner pair 			
Outer pair			
Capability			
☑ Bitswap Enable			
SRA Enable			
	Apply/Save Advanced Settings		
In this page, you can set the DSL s	ettings. Usually you do not need to modify the		

In this page, you can set the DSL settings. Usually, you do not need to modify the factory default settings.

After finishing setting, click $\ensuremath{\textbf{Apply/Save}}$ to save and apply the settings.

5.2.12 UPnP

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Choose Advanced Setup > UPnP and the following page appears.

UPNP (Cont	igur	at	on

NOTE: UPnP is activated only when there is a live WAN service with NAT enabled.

Enable UPnP

Apply,	/Save
--------	-------

Apply/Save

In this page, you can enable or disable the UPnP function. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.13 DNS Proxy

Choose Advanced Setup > DNS Proxy and the following page appears. DNS Proxy Configuration

Enable DNS Proxy	
Host name of the Broadband Router:	Broadcom
Domain name of the LAN network:	Home

In this page, you can enable or disable the DNS proxy function.

After enabling the DNS proxy function, enter the host name of the broadband router and the domain name of the LAN network, and then click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.14 Print Server

Choose Advanced Setup > Printer Server and the following page appears.

Print Server settings	
This page allows you to enable / disable printer support.	
Enable on-board print server.	
Apply/Save	

In this page, you can enable or disable the printer server. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.2.15 DLNA

Choose Advanced Setup > DLNA and the following page appears. Digital Media Server settings

This page allows you to enable / disable digital media server support.

Enable on-board digital media server.

Apply/Save

In this page, select the **Enable on-board digital media server** check box, and the following page appears. In this page, enter the media library path to run digital media server.

Digital Media Server se	ettings	
This page allows you to e	enable / disable digital med	lia server support.
🗹 Enable on-board digit	tal media server.	
Media Library Path	/mnt/dlna	
		Apply/Save
5.2.16 Packet Accele	ration	

Choose **Advanced Setup > Packet Acceleration** and the following page appears. In this page, you can enable packet flow accelerator.

Packet Acceleration

Enable Packet Flow Accelerator



5.2.17 Storage Service

Storage Device Info

Choose Advanced Setup > Storage Service > Storage Device Info and the following page appears.

Storage Service

The Storage service allows you to use Storage devices with modem to be more easily accessed

Volumename PhysicalMedium FileSystem Total Space Used Space

This page is used to display the information of the storage device that connects to the DSL router.



5.2.18 Interface Grouping

Choose Advanced Setup > Interface Grouping and the following page appears. Interface Grouping -- A maximum 16 entries can be configured

Interface Grouping supports multiple ports to PVC and bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network. To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the Add button. The Remove button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the Default group. Only the default group has IP interface.

Group Name	Remove	WAN Interface	LAN Interfaces
		ppp0.1	eth0
			eth1
			eth2
Default			eth3
Delault			wlan0
			wl0_Guest1
			wl0_Guest2
			wl0_Guest3

Add Remove

Interface grouping supports multiple ports to PVC and bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network. To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with the appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the **Add** button. The **Remove** button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the default group. Only the default group has IP interface. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

Interface grouping configuration	
To create a new interface group: 1. Enter the Group name and the group na	me must be unique.
 Select interfaces from the available inter the required mapping of the ports. 	rface list and add it to the grouped interface list using the arrow buttons to create
3.Click Save/Apply button to make the char	nges effective immediately.
Group Name:	pppoe_0_1_1/ppp0.1 V
Grouped LAN	Available LAN
Interfaces	Interfaces
·> ··	eth0 eth1 eth2 eth3 wlan0 wl0_Guest1 wl0_Guest2 wl0_Guest3

Apply/Save

In this page, please follow the on-screen configuration steps to configure the parameters of the interface grouping.

After finishing setting, click Apply/Save to save and apply the settings.

5.2.19 IP Tunnel

5.2.19.1 IPv6 in IPv4

 $\label{eq:choose} Choose \ \mbox{Advanced Setup > IP Tunnel > IPv6inIPv4} and the following page appears. The default value is IPv6 in IPv4 information.$

IP Tunneling -- 6in4 Tunnel Configuration

Name WAN LAN Dynamic IPv4 Mask Length 6rd Prefix Border Relay Address Re	emove
--	-------

Add Remove

Click Add and the following page IP Tunneling 6in4 Tunnel Config	e appears. In this page, you can add a new tunnel. uration
Currently, only 6rd configuration is su	pported.
Tunnel Name Mechanism: Associated WAN Interface: Associated LAN Interface: Manual Automatic	6RD V LAN/br0 V
IPv4 Mask Length: 6rd Prefix with Prefix Length: Border Relay IPv4 Address:	Apply/Save
IP Tunneling — 6in4 Tunnel Configuration	
Currently, only Grd configuration is supported. Tunnel Name Mechanism: Associated WAN Interface: Associated LAN Interface: Manual O Automatic	tunnel4 6RD v pppoe_0_1_1. 3333/ppp0. 1 v LAN/br0 v
IPv4 Mask Length: 6rd Prefix with Prefix Length: Border Relay IPv4 Address:	24 2002::/64 10.10.10.11

After proper settings, click $\ensuremath{\textbf{Apply/Save}}$ and the following page appears.

86

Apply/Save

Name	WAN	LAN	Dynamic	IPv4 Mask Length	6rd Prefix	Border Relay Address	Remove
tunnel4	ppp0.1	bro	Static	24	2002::/64	10.10.10.11	

Remove

5.2.19.2 IPv4 in IPv6

Choose	Advanced	Setup	>	IP	Tunnel	>	IPv4inIPv6	and	the	following	page
appears.											

IP Tunneling -- 4in6 Tunnel Configuration

	Name	WAN	LAN	Dynamic	Remote IPv6 Address	Remove
				Add	Remove	
Click Add and the follo of IPv4 in IPv6. IP Tunneling 4in6 Tunn	01	0		rs. In this	page, you can add	a new tunr
Currently, only DS-Lite conf	iguratior	ı is sup	ported			
Tunnel Name						

Tunnel Name	
Mechanism:	DS-Lite 🗸
Associated WAN Interface:	*
Associated LAN Interface:	LAN/br0 🗸
 Manual O Automatic 	
Remote IPv6 Address:	Apply/Save

5.2.20 **IPSec**

Choose Advanced Setup > IPSec and the following page appears.

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Add, remove or enable/disable IPSec tunnel connections from this page.

IPSec Tunnel Mode Connections

Connection Name	Remote Gateway	Local Addresses	Remote Addresses	Remove
111	10.10.10.10	192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0	192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0	
222	20.20.20.20	192.168.1.2	192.168.3.0/255.255.255.0	
333	30.30.30.30	192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0	192.168.6.1	

Add	Remove
-----	--------

In this page, you can add or remove the IPSec tunnel connections. Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

IPSec Settings	
IPSec Connection Name	new connection
Tunnel Mode	ESP 🗸
Remote IPSec Gateway Address (IPv4 address in dotted decimal)	0.0.0.0
Tunnel access from local IP addresses	Subnet 🗸
IP Address for VPN	0.0.0.0
IP Subnetmask	255.255.255.0
Tunnel access from remote IP addresses	Subnet 🗸
IP Address for VPN	0.0.0.0
IP Subnetmask	255.255.255.0
Key Exchange Method	Auto(IKE) 🐱
Authentication Method	Pre-Shared Key 🗸 🗸
Pre-Shared Key	key
Perfect Forward Secrecy	Disable 💌
Advanced IKE Settings	Show Advanced Settings
	Apply/Save

In this page, set the parameters such as the IPSec connection name, tunnel mode, and remote IPSec gateway address.

If you need to configure the advanced settings of this IPSec tunnel connection, please click the **Show Advanced Settings** button to display the other parameters. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

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5.2.21 Certificate

Local

Choose Advanced Setup > Certificate > local and the following page appears. Local Certificates

Add, View or Remove certificates from this page. Local certificates are used by peers to verify your identity. Maximum 4 certificates can be stored. Notice:Import and Remove Certificate need reboot the gateway

	Name	In Use	Subject	Туре	Action
Creat	e Certific	ate Requ	iest		Import C

In this page, you can acquire the local certificate by creating a certificate request or importing a certificate. You may also create or remove a certificate.

Creating a New Certificate Request

Click the **Create Certificate Request** button to display the following page. Create new certificate request

To generate a certificate signing request you need to include Common Name, Organization Name, State/Province Name, and the 2-letter Country Code for the certificate.

Certificate Name:	test	
Common Name:	test	
Organization Name:	test	
State/Province Name:	guangdong	
Country/Region Name:	CN (China)	•

Apply

In this page, please set the following parameters.

- Certificate name: Set the certificate name.
- Common Name: The common name is the "fully qualified domain name," (or FQDN) used for DNS lookups of your server (for example, www.mydomain.com). Browsers use this information to identify your Web site. Some browsers will refuse to establish a secure connection with your site if the server name does not match the common name in the certificate. Please do not include the protocol symbol "http://" or any port numbers or

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~	~

pathnames in the common name. Do not use wildcard characters such as * or ?, and do not use an IP address.

- Organization Name: The name of the organization to which the entity belongs (such as the name of a company).
- State/Province Name: This is the name of the state or province where your organization's head office is located. Please enter the full name of the state or province.
- Country/Region Name: This is the two-letter ISO abbreviation for your country (for example, GB for the United Kingdom).

After finishing setting, click the **Apply** button to apply the settings.

Certificate signing request Certificate signing request successfully created. Note a request is not yet functional - have it signed by a Certificate Authority and load the signed certificate to this device.

Name	test	
Туре	request	
Subject	CN=test/O=test/ST=guangdong/C=CN	
Signing Request	<pre>HITE;CB6ALEADA/MQ0wCvTDVQQDEwR0ZXNONQ0wCvTDVQQKEwR0ZXNONRIwEAYD WQQIEwIndWruZRvObacxCAJBgNVBAYTAkNONIGfMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GN ADCB3QRBqClNyqDx3gt1p16ufx+RA00WH2Q67+fy36IUhbSEG1kNcdEMnaUNOb4 isL664xXP+Gu+gEs+pg04aA6XjvT4k0ZskhXID6r41zvIhnftAdnNzOH+nQkUT IRE;JADTefaXSkemVshjF7C1cvHH1Cu5XNKFFGvrtF7FKhU1dWDAABbAAw DQTJKoItwoRAQEEDQADgYEAL9VxsVI2XLDPYNzA1E6QiiSVRQg2Z/GiirG7B2+6 bK2V1euq010FQvkzrNEqA04DcAb+qkI2JBp6KqotucYTKHfvHf//naSM51pzH8wN YLw9+2L+DYCaSN6P4b3Cfa6qvfo6xqiRmqA31XvFW1u11dhw9VaUbs13jDZj7x0f QFk=END CERTIFICATE REQUEST</pre>	

The certificate request needs to be submitted to a certificate authority, which will sign the request. Then the signed certificate needs to be loaded to the DSL router. Click Load Signed Certificate in this page, and the following page appears.



User Manual		
Load certificate		-
Paste signed certificate.		
Certificate Name:	test	
	BEGIN CERTIFICATE <insert certificate="" here=""> END CERTIFICATE</insert>	
Certificate:		

Apply

In this page, paste the signed certificate, and then click the **Apply** button. A new certificate is created.

• Importing an Existing Local Certificate

To import an existing certificate, click the **Import Certificate** button to display the following page.

User Manua

Import certificate		
Enter certificate name, paste	certificate content and private key.	
Certificate Name:	BEGIN CERTIFICATE <insert certificate="" here=""> END CERTIFICATE</insert>	<
Certificate:		
Private Key:	BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY (ansert private key here) END RSA PRIVATE KEY	

Apply

In this page, paste the certificate and the private key. Finally, click the **Apply** button to import the certificate.

Trusted CA

Choose Advanced Setup > Certificate > Trusted CA and the following page appears.



Add, View or Remove certificates from this page. CA certificates are used by you to verify peers' certificates. Maximum 4 certificates can be stored. Notice:Import and Remove Certificate need reboot the gateway

Trusted CA (Certificate Authority) Certificates

Name	Subject	Туре	Action
acscert	O=Grupo Telefonica/O=TME/ST=A78923125/L=PZ. DE LA INDEPENDENCIA 6 28001 MADRID/CN=CA Telefonica Moviles Espana SA	са	View Remove
	Import Certificate		

In this page, you may import or remove a CA certificate. Click the **Import Certificate** button to display the following page. Import CA certificate

Enter certificate name and pa Notice: If certificate use for t	este certificate content. 7069, the Certificate Name must be "acscert"
Certificate Name:	BEGIN CERTIFICATE <insert certificate="" here=""> END CERTIFICATE</insert>
Certificate:	

In this page, enter the certificate name and paste the certificate content. Finally, click the **Apply** button to import the certificate.

Apply

5.2.22 Power Management

Choose **Advanced Setup** > **Power Management** and the following page appears. This page allows control of Hardware modules to evaluate power consumption. Use the control buttons to select the desired option.

This page allows control of Hardware modules to evaluate power consumption. Use the control buttons to select the desired option, click Apply and check the status response.

MIPS CPU Clock divider when Id	lle
Enable Status: Enabled	
Wait instruction when Idle	
Enable Status: Enabled	
DRAM Self Refresh	
Enable Status: Enabled	
Ethernet Auto Power Down	Number of ethernet interfaces in:
Enable Status: Enabled	Full power mode: 1 Low power mode: 4
	Apply refresh

After proper configurations, click $\ensuremath{\textbf{Apply}}$ to take the configurations effect.

5.2.23 Multicast

Power Management

Choose Advanced Setup > Multicast and the following page appears.

IGMP Configuration

Enter IGMP protocol configuration fields if you want modify default values shown below.

Default Version:	3
Query Interval (s):	125
Query Response Interval (1/10s):	100
Last Member Query Interval (1/10s):	10
Robustness Value:	2
Maximum Multicast Data Sources (for IGMPv3):	10
Fast Leave Enable:	 Image: A start of the start of
Mebership Join Immediate (IPTV):	

MLD Configuration

Enter MLD protocol (IPv6 Multicast) configuration fields if you want modify default values shown below.

Default Version:	2
Query Interval (s):	125
Query Response Interval (1/10s):	100
Last Member Query Interval (1/10s):	10
Robustness Value:	2
Maximum Multicast Data Sources (for mldv2):	10
Fast Leave Enable:	
	Apply/Save

In this page, you can configure the multicast parameters. After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings.

5.3 Wireless

Choose $\ensuremath{\textbf{Wireless}}$ and the submenus of $\ensuremath{\textbf{Wireless}}$ are shown as below:

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User Manual	
Wireless	
Basic	
Security	
MAC Filter	
Wireless Bridge	
Advanced	
Station Info	

5.3.1 Basic Settings

Choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to display the following page. In this page, the figure in the right area is 2-dimensional code. It includes the wireless SSID and password. You can obtain the wireless SSID and password through scanning this figure. Wireless -- Basic

This page allows you to configure basic features of the vireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the vireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the vireless network name (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on country requirements. Click 'Apply/Save' to configure the basic vireless options.

V	Enable	le Wireless	
	Hide A	Access Point	
	Clients	ts Isolation	<u> 法</u> 投资 [
	Disable	le WMM Advertise	回路影响
	Enable Wireless Multicast Forwarding (WMF)		
SSID:		WLAN_2680	
BSSI):	02:10:18:63:26:81	
Count	try:	UNITED STATES	
Max (Clients:	16	

Wireless - Guest/Virtual Access Points:

Enabled	SSID	Hidden		Enable WMF	Max Clients	BSSID
	WLAN_Guest1				16	N/A
	WLAN_Guest2				16	N/A
	WLAN_Guest3				16	N/A

Apply/Save

This page allows you to configure the basic features of the wireless LAN interface.

- Enable Wireless: Enable or disable the wireless function.
- Hide Access Point: if you want to hide any access point for your router, select this option, and then a station cannot obtain the SSID through the passive scanning.
- Clients Isolation: When many clients connect to the same access point, they can access each other. If you want to disable the access between the clients that connect to the same access point, you can select this option.
- **Disable WMM Advertise:** After enabling this option, the transmission performance multimedia of the voice and video data can be improved.
- Enable Wireless Multicast Forwarding (WMF): After enabling this option, the transmission quality of video service such as IPTV can be improved.
- **SSID**: For the security reason, you should change the default SSID to a unique name.
- **BSSID:** Display the MAC address of the wireless interface.
- Country: The name of the country with which your gateway is configured. This parameter further specifies your wireless connection. For example, The channel will adjust according to nations to adapt to each nation's frequency provision.
- Max Clients: Specify the maximum wireless client stations to be enabled to link with AP. Once the clients exceed the max vlaue, all other clients are refused. The value of maximum clients is 16.
- Wireless Guest/Virtual Access Points: If you want to make Guest/Virtual network function be available, you have to check those boxes in the table below. In the current software version, three virtual access points can be configured.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save the basic wireless settings and make the settings take effect.

5.3.2 Security

Choose Wireless > Security to display the following page.

You may setup configuration m	re security features of the wireless LAN interface. anually
OR	
through WiFi Protcted Setup(W	PS)
Note: When both STA PIN and . "allow" chosen, WPS2 will be d	Authorized MAC are empty, PBC is used. If Hide Access Point enabled or Mac filter list is empty with isabled
WPS Setup	
Enable WPS	Enabled 🔽
Add Client (This feature is	available only when WPA-PSK(WPS1), WPA2 PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
	O Push-Button Add Enrollee
	CEnter STA PIN OUse AP PIN
Set WPS AP Mode	Configured
Set WFS AF Mode	courtearea 🔹
Setup AP (Configure all se	curity settings with an external registar)
Device PIN	21422775 <u>Help</u>
	Config AP
Manual Setup AP	
	ntication method, selecting data encryption, is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
Click 'Apply/Save' when done.	
Select SSID:	WLAN_2680 🗸
Network Authentication:	Open 💌
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 💌
	Apply/Save

This page allows you to configure the security features of the wireless LAN interface. In this page, you can configure the network security settings by the Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) method or setting the network authentication mode.

WPS Setup

Wireless -- Security

User Manual			
	WPS Setup		
	Enable WPS	Enabled V	
	Add Client (This feature i	s available only when WPA-PSK(WPS1), WPA2 PSK or OPEN mode is configured) O Push-Button O Enter STA PIN O Use AP PIN Add Enrollee	
	Set WPS AP Mode	Configured V	
Setup \ensuremath{AP} (Configure all security settings with an external registar)			
	Device PIN	18481389 <u>Help</u>	
		Config AP	

There are 2 primary methods used in the Wi-Fi Protected Setup:

- PIN entry, a mandatory method of setup for all WPS certified devices.
 - Enter STA PIN: If you select it, you need to enter the station PIN from client.
 - Use AP PIN: The PIN is generated by AP.
- Push button configuration (PBC), an actual push button on the hardware or through a simulated push button in the software. (This is an optional method on wireless client).

If you are using the PIN method, you will need a Registrar (access point/wireless router) to initiate the registration between a new device and an active access point/wireless router. (**Note:** *The PBC method may also need a Registrar when used in a special case where the PIN is all zeros*)

In order to use the push-button for WPS authentication, you must ensure that the network card support the function. if it supports, you need not to do any configuration. You can press the WPS button directly to enable the WPS function.

Manual Setup AP

This page provides 9 types of network authentication modes, including Open, Shared, 802.1X, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA2/WPA, and Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK.

Manual	Setup	AP
--------	-------	----

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Save' when done.

Select SSID:	WLAN_0001 💌
Network Authentication:	Open 💌
WEP Encryption:	Öpen Shared 802.1X WPA WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK WFA2-PSK Mixed WPA2/WPA Mixed WPA2/WPA -PSK
- Open Mode	
Network Authentication:	Open 🗸
WEP Encryption: Encryption Strength: Current Network Key:	Enabled V 64-bit V
Network Key 1:	0987654321
Network Key 2:	0987654321
Network Key 3:	0987654321
Network Key 4:	0987654321
	Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys

Apply/Save

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the Open mode.
- WEP Encryption: Enable or disable WEP encryption. After enabling this function, you can set the encryption strength, current network key, and network keys.
- Encryption Strength: You can set 64-bit or 128-bit key.
- Current Network Key: The current key that you use.
- Network Key1/2/3/4: Set the network key. If it is 128-bit key, you need to enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits. For the 64-bit key, you need to enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits.

- Shared Mode	
Network Authentication:	Shared 🗸
WEP Encryption:	Enabled V
Encryption Strength:	64-bit 🗸
Current Network Key:	✓
Network Key 1:	0987654321
Network Key 2:	0987654321
Network Key 3:	0987654321
Network Key 4:	0987654321
	Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys



The parameters' description of shared mode, please refer to the **Open Mode**.

- 802.1x	
Network Authentication:	802.1X
RADIUS Server IP Address:	0.0.0
RADIUS Port:	1812
RADIUS Key:	
WEP Encryption:	Enabled 💌
Encryption Strength:	64-bit 💌
Current Network Key:	2 🗸
Network Key 1:	0987654321
Network Key 2:	0987654321
Network Key 3:	0987654321
Network Key 4:	0987654321
	Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys

- Apply/Save
- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the 802.1X in the drop-down list.



- **RADIUS Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server. RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- **RADIUS Port:** The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- **RADIUS Key:** Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WEP Encryption: You can only select Enabled.
- Encryption Strength: You can set 64-bit or 128-bit key.
- Current Network Key: The current key that you use.
- Network Key1/2/3/4: Set the network key. If it is 128-bit key, you need to enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits. For the 64-bit key, you need to enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits.

- WPA Mode

Network Authentication:	WPA 🗸
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
RADIUS Server IP Address:	0.0.0.0
RADIUS Port:	1812
RADIUS Key:	
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	TKIP+AES 🗸
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 🗸

- **Select SSID:** Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA-PSK mode.
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- **RADIUS Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server. RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- **RADIUS Port:** The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- **RADIUS Key:** Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.

¹⁰³

- WPA-PSK Mode	
Network Authentication:	WPA-PSK
WPA/WAPI passphrase:	Click here to display
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
WPA/WAPI Encryption: WEP Encryption:	TKIP+AES V Disabled V
	Apply/Save

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA-PSK mode.
- WPA/WAPI passphrase: The key for WPA encryption. Click the Click here to display button to display the current key. The default key is 87654321.
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.

- WPA2 Mode

Network Authentication:	WPA2 🗸
WPA2 Preauthentication:	Disabled 🐱
Network Re-auth Interval:	36000
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
RADIUS Server IP Address:	0.0.0.0
RADIUS Port:	1812
RADIUS Key:	
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	AES 😽
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 🗸

- Select SSID: Select a SSID for configuring the security settings.
- Network Authentication: Select the WPA2 mode.

Apply/Save

- WPA2 Preauthentication: Enable or disable pre-authentication.
- Network Re-auth Interval: Set the network re-auth interval.
- WPA Group Rekey Interval: Setting the interval for renewing key.
- **RADIUS Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server. RADIUS server is used to authenticate the hosts on the wireless network.
- **RADIUS Port:** The port number that the RADIUS server uses. The default port number is 1812. You may change it according to the server setting.
- **RADIUS Key:** Set the RADIUS key for accessing the RADIUS server.
- WPA/WAPI Encryption: You may select AES, or TKIP+AES.

- WPA2-PSK

Network Authentication:	WPA2 -PSK 🐱
WPA/WAPI passphrase:	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	AES 🗸
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 🗸
	Apply/Save

The parameters' description of WPA2-PSK mode, please refer to the $\ensuremath{\textbf{WPA-PSK}}$ mode.

105

- Mixed WPA2/WPA

Network Authentication:	Mixed WPA2/WPA 🛛 🗸
WPA2 Preauthentication:	Disabled 🗸
Network Re-auth Interval:	36000
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
RADIUS Server IP Address:	0.0.0.0
RADIUS Port:	1812
RADIUS Key:	
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	TKIP+AES 🐱
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 🗸
	Apply/Save

The parameters' description of Mixed WPA2/WPA mode, please refer to the **WPA2 mode**.

- Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK	
Network Authentication:	Mixed WPA2/WPA -PSK 🐱
WPA/WAPI passphrase:	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0
WPA/WAPI Encryption:	TKIP+AES 🗸
WEP Encryption:	Disabled 🗸
	Apply/Save

The parameters' description of Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK mode, please refer to the **WPA-PSK mode**.

5.3.3 MAC Filter

Choose Wireless > MAC Filter to display the following page. Wireless -- MAC Filter

Select SSID: WLAN_OC	01 🔽				
MAC Restrict Mode: 🤇	Disabled	0	Allow	0	Deny
MAC Address Remo	ove				
Add Remove					

This page is used to allow or reject the wireless clients to access the wireless network of the wireless router.

In this page, you can add or remove the MAC filters.

The MAC restrict modes include Disabled, Allow, and Deny.

- **Disabled**: Disable the wireless MAC address filtering function.
- Allow: Allow the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the MAC
 Address list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.
- Deny: Reject the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the MAC Address list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.

Click the Add button to display the following page.

Wireless -- MAC Filter

Enter the MAC address and click 'Apply/Save' to add the MAC address to the wireless MAC address filters.

MAC Address:	

In this page, enter the MAC address of the wireless client, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to add the MAC address to the MAC address list.

Apply/Save

5.3.4 Wireless Bridge

Choose **Wireless > Wireless Bridge** to display the following page. Wireless -- Bridge

This page allows you to configure wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select Wireless Bridge (also known as Wireless Distribution System) to disable access point functionality. Selecting Access Point enables access point functionality. Wireless bridge functionality will still be available and wireless stations will be able to associate to the AP. Select Disabled in Bridge Restrict which disables wireless bridge restriction. Any wireless bridge will be granted access. Selecting Enabled or Enabled(Scan) enables wireless bridge restriction. Only those bridges selected in Remote Bridges will be granted access. Click "Apply/Save" to update the remote bridges. Wait for few seconds to update. Click" "Apply/Save" to configure the wireless bridge options.

AP Mode:	Access Point
Bridge Restrict:	Enabled 🗸
Remote Bridges MAC Address:	
	Refresh Apply/Save

This page allows you to configure the wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface.

- AP mode: you may select Access Point or Wireless Bridge.
- Bridge Restrict: Enable or disable the bridge restrict function.
- Remote Bridges MAC Address: Enter the remote bridge MAC address.

After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to save and apply the settings.

5.3.5 Advanced Settings

Choose **Wireless** > **Advanced** to display the following page. This page allows you to configure the advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. Usually, you do not need to change the settings in this page.

Wireless -- Advanced This page allws you to configure advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select a particular channel on which to operate, force the transmission rate to a particular speed, set the fragmentation threshold, set the RTS threshold, set the wakeup interval for clients in power-save mode, set the beacon interval for the access point, set XPress mode and set whether short or long preambles are used. Click 'Apply/Save' to configure the advanced wireless options.

Band:	2.4GHz 🗸			
Channel:	Auto 🗸	Current: 1 (i	nterference: acceptable)	
Auto Channel Timer(min)	0			
802.11n/EWC:	Auto 🗸			
Bandwidth:	40MHz in Bot	h Bands	 Current: 40MHz 	
Control Sideband:	Lower 🗸		Current: Lower	
802.11n Rate:	Auto	*		
802.11n Protection:	Auto 🖌			
Support 802.11n Client Only:	Off 🖌			
RIFS Advertisement:	Off 🖌			
OBSS Co-Existance:	Disable 🐱			
RX Chain Power Save:	Disable 🐱		Power Save status:	Full Power
RX Chain Power Save Quiet Time:	10			
RX Chain Power Save PPS:	10			
54g Rate:	1 Mbps 🗸			
Multicast Rate:	Auto 🖌			
Basic Rate:	Default	*		
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346			
RTS Threshold:	2347			
DTIM Interval:	1			
Beacon Interval:	100			
Global Max Clients:	16			
XPress Technology:	Enable 🗸			
Transmit Power:	100% 🗸			
WMM(Wi-Fi Multimedia):	Enabled 🗸			
WMM No Acknowledgement:	Disabled 🗸			
WMM APSD:	Enabled 🖌			
		Apply/Save		



- Band: You can select 2.4GHz or 5GHz.
- **Channel:** Fill in the appropriate channel to correspond with your network settings. All devices in your wireless network must use the same channel in order to work correctly. This router supports auto channeling functionality.
- Auto Channel Timer(min): Specifies the timer of auto channelling.
- 802.11n/EWC: Select disable 802.11n or Auto.
- Bandwidth: Select the bandwidth for the network. You can select 20MHz in Both Bands, 20MHz in 2.4G Band and 40MHz in 5G Band, or 40MHz in Both Bands.
- Control Sideband: If you select 20MHz in Both Bands or 20MHz in 2.4G Band and 40MHz in 5G Band, the service of control sideband does not work. When you select 40MHz in Both Bands as the bandwidth, the following page appears. Then you can select Lower or Upper as the value of sideband. As the control sideband, when you select Lower, the channel is 1~7. When you select Upper, the channel is 5~11.

Channel:	1	Current: 1	
Auto Channel Timer(min)	0		
802.11n/EWC:	Auto	•	
Bandwidth:	40MHz in Both Bands		Current: 20MHz
Control Sideband:	Lower	•	Current: None
802.11n Rate:	Lower		
802.11n Protection:	Upper		

- 802.11n Rate: Select the transmission rate for the network. The rate of data transmission should be set depending on the speed of your wireless network. You can select from a range of transmission speeds, or you can select Auto to have the Router automatically use the fastest possible data rate and enable the Auto-Fallback feature. Auto-Fallback will negotiate the best possible connection speed between the Router and a wireless client. The default value is Auto.
- 802.11n Protection: The 802.11n standards provide a protection method so 802.11b/g and 802.11n devices can co-exist in the same network without "speaking" at the same time.
- Support 802.11n Client Only: Only stations that are configured in 802.11n mode can associate.
- Multicast Rate: Select the multicast transmission rate for the network. The rate of data transmission should be set depending on the speed of your wireless network. You can select from a range of transmission speeds, or you can select Auto to have the Router automatically use the fastest possible data rate and enable the Auto-Fallback feature. Auto-Fallback will negotiate the best possible connection speed between the Router and a wireless client. The default value is Auto.
- Basic Rate: Select the basic transmission rate ability for the AP.

- Fragmentation Threshold: Packets that are larger than this threshold are fragmented into multiple packets. Try to increase the fragmentation threshold if you encounter high packet error rates. Do not set the threshold too low, since this can result in reduced networking performance.
- RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2347.Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor reductions are recommended. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor reduction of the default value, 2347, is recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The Router sends Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission. The RTS Threshold value should remain at its default value of 2347.
- DTIM Interval: (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) Enter a value between 1 and 255 for the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM.) A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.
- Beacon Interval: A beacon is a packet of information that is sent from a connected device to all other devices where it announces its availability and readiness. A beacon interval is a period of time (sent with the beacon) before sending the beacon again. The beacon interval may be adjusted in milliseconds (ms). Default (100) is recommended.
- XPress Technology: Select Enable or Disable. This is a special accelerating technology for IEEE802.11g. The defaule is Disabled.
- Transmit Power: Adjust the transmission range here. This tool can be helpful for security purposes if you wish to limit the transmission range.
- WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia): Select whether WMM is enable or disabled. Before you disable WMM, you should understand that all QoS queues or traffic classes relate to wireless do not take effects.
- WMM No Acknowledgement: Select whether ACK in WMM packet. By default, the 'Ack Policy' for each access category is set to Disable, meaning that an acknowledge packet is returned for every packet received. This provides a more reliable transmission but increases traffic load, which decreases performance. To disable the acknowledgement can be useful for Voice, for example, where speed of transmission is important and packet loss is tolerable to a certain degree.
- WMM APSD: APSD is short for automatic power save delivery, Selecting enable will make it has very low power consumption. WMM Power Save is an improvement to the 802.11e amendment adding advanced power management functionality to WMM.

Click **Apply/Save** to configure the advanced wireless options and make the changes take effect.

Note:

The advanced wireless setting is only for the advanced user. For the common user, do not change any settings in this page.

5.3.6 Station Info

 $\label{eq:choose} Choose \ \mbox{Wireless} > \mbox{Station Info} \ \mbox{to display the following page}.$

Wireless -- Authenticated Stations

This page shows authenticated wireless stations and their status.

MAC	Associated	Authorized	SSID	Interface
(null)			WLAN_28EE	wlo

Refresh

5.3.7 Fault Management

Note:

The Fault Management is only available for VDSL PTM

Click **Diagnostics > Fault Management**, and the following page appears.

802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management						
This diagnostic is only used for VDSL PTM mode.						
Maintenance Domain (MD) Level:	2 🗸					
Destination MAC Address:						
802.1Q VLAN ID: [0-4095]	0					
VDSL Traffic Type:	Inactive					
Test the connection to another	r Maintenance End P	Point (MEP)				
Loopback Message (LBM):						
Find Maintenance End Points (MEPs)						
Linktrace Message (LTM):						

Set MD Level Send Loopback Send Linktrace

5.4 Management

Choose Management and the submenus of Management are shown as below:

Management Settings System Log SNMP Agent TR-069 Client Internet Time Access Control Update Software Reboot

5.4.1 Settings

Backup

CI	Choose Management > Settings > Backup to display the following page.			
	Settings - Backup			
	Backup Broadband Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.			

In this page, click the **Backup Settings** button to save your router's settings to your local PC.

Update

Choose Management > Settings > Update, and the following page appears.

Tools -- Update Settings

Update Broadband Router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Settings File Name:	Browse	

Update Settings

Backup Settings

In this page, click the **Browse...** button to select the correct new settings file, and then click the **Update Settings** button to update the router's settings.

Restore Default

Choose Management > Settings > Restore Default to display the following page. Tools -- Restore Default Settings

Restore Broadband Router settings to the factory defaults.

<u></u>				_
	Restore	Default	Settinas	

In this page, click the **Restore default settings** button, and then system returns to the default settings.

5.4.2 System Log

System Log

Choose Management > System Log to display the following page.

The System Log dialog allows you to view the System Log and configure the System Log options.

Click 'View System Log' to view the System Log.

Click 'Configure System Log' to configure the System Log options.



In this page, you are allowed to configure the system log and view the security log. Configuring the System Log

Click the **Configure System Log** button to display the following page.

1
If the log mode is enabled, the system will begin to log all the selected events. For the Log Level, all events above or equal to the selected level will be logged. For the Display Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displayed. If the selected mode is Remote' or Both, 'events will be sent to the specified IP address and UCP port of the remote syslog server. If the selected mode is 'Local' or 'Both,' events local memory.
Select the desired values and click 'Apply/Save' to configure the system log options.
Log: Olisable O Enable
Log Level: Debugging Deplay Level: Error Mode: Local Remote Both
Apoly/Save

In this page, you can set 3 types of system log modes, including **Local**, **Remote**, and **Both**.

- Local: When selecting Local, the events are recorded in the local memory.
- Remote: When selecting Remote, the events are sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server.
- Both: When selecting Both, the events are recorded in the local memory or sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings. **Note:**

If you want to log all the events, you need to select the **Debugging** log level.

View System Log

Click the View System Log button to display the following page.

System Log



In this page, you can view the system log. Click the **Refresh** button to refresh the system log. Click the **Close** button to exit.

5.4.3 SNMP Agent

Choose Management > SNMP Agent, and the following page appears.

SNMP - Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in this device.

Select the desired values and click 'Apply' to configure the SNMP options.

SNMP Agent 💿 Disable 🔿 Enable

Read Community:	public	
Set Community:	private	
System Name:	Broadcom	
System Location:	unknown	
System Contact:	unknown	
Trap Manager IP:	0.0.0.0	
		Save/Apply

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in this device.

1	1	5

User Manu	ıal
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In this page, you may enable or disable the SNMP agent and set the parameters such as the read community, system name and trap manager IP. After finishing setting, click the **Save/Apply** button to save and apply the settings.

5.4.4 TR-69 Client

Choose **Management > TR-069Client** to display the following page. TR-069 client - Configuration

WAN Management Protocol (TR-069) allows a Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device.

Select the desired values and click 'Apply/Save' to configure the TR-069 client options.

Inform	⊙ Disable ○ Enable
Inform Interval:	300
ACS URL:	
ACS User Name:	admin
ACS Password:	••••
WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:	Any_WAN 🗸
Display SOAP messages on serial console	● Disable ○ Enable
Connection Request Authentication	
Connection Request User Name:	admin
Connection Request Password:	• • • • •
Connection Request Port:	30005
Connection Request URL:	
	Apply/Save GetRPCMethods

WAN Management Protocol (TR-069) allows an Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device. In this page, you may configure the parameters such as the ACS URL, ACS password, and connection request user name.

After finishing setting, click the Apply/Save button to save and apply the settings.

5.4.5 Internet Time

Choose Management > Internet Time to display the following page.

Time set	1	Ì	ľ	1	g	S	ì
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

This page allows you to the modem's time configuration.

Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers

Apply/Save

In this page, you may configure the router to synchronize its time with the Internet time servers.

After enabling **Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers**, the following page appears.

Time settings

This page allows you to the modem's time configuration.

 $\ensuremath{\fbox{\ensuremath{\square}}}$ Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers

First NTP time server:	time.nist.gov 🗸 🗸 🗸	
Second NTP time server:	ntp1.tummy.com 🛛 🗸 🗸	
Third NTP time server:	None 😽	
Fourth NTP time server:	None 😽	
Fifth NTP time server:	None 🗸	

Current Router Time: Time zone offset:

Sat Nov 19 04:32:34 2011	
(GMT-08:00) Tijuana, Baja California	~

Apply/Save

117

In this page, set the proper time servers, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.4.6 Access Control

Passwords

Choose **Management > Access Control > Passwords**, and the following page appears.

Access Control -- Passwords

Access to your DSL router is controlled through three user accounts:admin,support and user .

The user name "admin" has unrestricted access to change and view configuration of your DSL Router.

The user name "support" is used to allow an ISP technician to access your DSL Router for maintenance and to run diagnostics.

The user name "user" can access the DSL Router, view configuration settings and statistics, as well as, update the router's software.

Use the fields below to enter up to 15 characters and click 'Apply/Save' to change or create passwords. Note: Password cannot contain a space.

Username:	
New Username:	
Old Password:	
New Password:	
Confirm Password:	

Apply/Save

In the page, you can modify the username and password of different users. After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

Services

Choose Management > Access Control > Services Control and the following page appears.



Access Control -- Services

Services access control list (SCL) enable or disable the running services.

Services	LAN	WAN	Port
HTTP	🗹 enable	enable	80
TELNET	🗹 enable	enable	23
SSH	enable	enable	22
FTP	🗹 enable	enable	21
TFTP	🗹 enable	enable	69
ICMP	🗹 enable	enable	0
SNMP	🗹 enable	enable	161
SAMBA	🕑 enable	enable 🗌	445

Apply/Save

In this page, you can enable or disable the different types of services. After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.4.7 Update Software

Choose Management > Update Software, and the following page appears.

Tools Update Software	
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Step 1: Obtain an updated software image file from your ISP.

Step 2: Enter the path to the image file location in the box below or click the 'Browse' button to locate the image file.

Step 3: Click the 'Update Software' button once to upload the new image file.

NOTE: The update process takes about 2 minutes to complete, and your Broadband Router will reboot.

Software File Name:		Browse
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Update Software

If you want to upload the software, click the **Browse...** button to choose the new software, and then click the **Update Software** button.

Note:

When software update is in progress, do not shut down the router. After software update completes, the router automatically reboots.

Please make sure that the new software for updating is correct, and do not use other software to update the router.

5.4.8 Reboot

Choose Management > Reboot and the following page appears.

Click the button below to reboot the router.



In this page, click the Reboot button, and then the router reboots.

6 Q&A

- (1) **Q**: Why all the indicators are off?
 - A: Check the following:
 - The connection between the power adaptor and the power socket.
 - The status of the power switch.
- (2) Q: Why the LAN indicator is off?
 - A: Check the following:

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- The connection between the ADSL router and your computer, hub, or switch.
- The running status of your PC, hub, or switch.
- (3) Q: Why the DSL indicator is off?
 - A: Check the connection between the "DSL" port of router and the wall jack.
- (4) \mathbf{Q} : Why Internet access fails while the **DSL** indicator is on?
 - A: Check whether the VPI, VCI, user name, and password are correctly entered.
- (5) **Q**: Why I fail to access the web configuration page of the DSL router?
 - A: Choose Start > Run from the desktop, and ping 192.168.1.1 (IP address of the DSL router). If the DSL router is not reachable, check the type of the network cable, the connection between the DSL router and the PC, and the TCP/IP configuration of the PC.
- (6) **Q**: How to load the default settings after incorrect configuration?
 - A: To restore the factory default settings, turn on the device, and press the reset button for about 1 second, and then release it. The default IP address and the subnet mask of the DSL router are 192.168.1.1 and 255.255.255.0, respectively.
 - User/password of super user: admin/admin
 - User/password of common user: user/user

FCC - PART 68

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the bottom of the device of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format US: VW7DL01BSR510N and REN:0.11B for this equipment.

This equipment uses the following USOC jacks: RJ-11/RJ45/USB/Power Jacks !

A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by the ACTA. A compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided

with this product. It is designed to be connected to a compatible modular jack that is also compliant. See installation instructions for details.

REN (RINGER EQUIVALENT NUMBERS) STATEMENT

Notice: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.

If this equipment US: VW7DL01BSR510N causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment US ID, for repair or warranty information, please contact SmartRG,Inc. If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

Connection to party line service is subject to state tariffs. Contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information.

If your home has specially wired alarm equipment connected to the telephone line,

ensure the installation of this US: VW7DL01BSR510N does not disable your alarm equipment. If you have questions about what will disable alarm equipment, consult your telephone company or a qualified installer.

his product meets the applicable Industry Canada technical specifications. / Le présent matériel est conforme aux specifications techniques applicables d'Industrie Canada.

IC-CS03 statement

This product meets the applicable Industry Canada technical specifications. / Le présent matériel est conforme aux specifications techniques applicables d'Industrie Canada

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN: 0.03B) is an indication of the maximum number of devices allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination of an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the RENs of all the devices not exceed five. / L'indice d'équivalence de la sonnerie (IES) sert à indiquer le nombre maximal de terminaux qui peuvent être raccordés à une interface téléphonique. La terminaison d'une interface peut consister en une combinaison quelconque de dispositifs, à la seule condition que la somme d'indices d'équivalence de la sonnerie de tous les dispositifs n'excède pas cinq.

FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful

interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

—Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment and it also complies with Part 15 of the FCC RF Rules. This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. End-users and installers must be provide with antenna installation instructions and consider removing the no-collocation statement.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution!

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Canada Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause

interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

The device meets the exemption from the routine evaluation limits in section 2.5 of RSS 102 and compliance with RSS-102 RF exposure, users can obtain Canadian information on RF exposure and compliance.

Le dispositif rencontre l'exemption des limites courantes d'évaluation dans la section 2.5 de RSS 102 et la conformité à l'exposition de RSS-102 rf, utilisateurs peut obtenir l'information canadienne sur l'exposition et la conformité de rf.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

Cet émetteur ne doit pas être Co-placé ou ne fonctionnant en même temps qu'aucune autre antenne ou émetteur. Cet équipement devrait être installé et actionné avec une distance minimum de 20 centimètres entre le radiateur et votre corps.

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number, or model number if Category II) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le présent émetteur radio (identifier le dispositif par son numéro de certification ou son numéro de modèle s'il fait partie du matériel de catégorie I) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

CAUTION – To reduce the risk of fire use only No. 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

The allowed antenna type

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	T&W	800073110005	Dipole	R-SMA	2.23
2	T&W	800073110005	Dipole	R-SMA	2.23