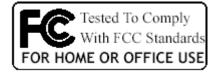
User's Manual

Version: 1.1

Wireless-G Router

4401, 4420A







Trademarks

Copyright @2005

Contents are subject to change without notice.

All trademarks belong to their respective proprietors.

Copyright Statement

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS OF PROPRIETARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION THAT IS THE PROPERTY OF THIS COMPANY. AND NO PART OF THIS DOCUMENTATION MAY BE REPRODUCED, STORED IN A RETRIEVAL SYSTEM OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRICAL OR MECHANICAL, BY PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR OTHERWISE, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THIS COMPANY.

INFORMATION TO USER

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- ---Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- ---Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- ---Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- ---Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Installation and use of this WLAN 11G AP ROUTER must be in strict accordance with the instructions included in the user documentation provided with the product. Any changes or modifications (including the antennas) made to this device that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of this device, or the substitution of the connecting cables and equipment other than manufacturer specified. It is the responsibility of the user to correct any interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment. Manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors will assume no liability for any damage or violation of government regulations arising from failing to comply with these guidelines.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement: This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Your device contains a low power transmitter. When device is transmitted it sends out Radio Frequency (RF) signal.

In order to maintain compliance with the FCC RF exposure guidelines, this equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

Use only with supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. "Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1-CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.	
the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. "Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1~CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. "Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1~CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. "Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1~CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. "Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1~CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	Use only with supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage
"Zoom Telephonics, Inc. declare that WLAN 888, (FCC ID:BDNWL1056) is limited in CH1~CH 11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	the transmitter and may violate i ee regulations.
11 by specified firmware controller in USA." The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	"7 TILL I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	11 by specified firmware controller in USA."
the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for	
	The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution
	the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for
Compinance could vota the user's authority to operate the equipment.	
	compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

WLAN 11G AP ROUTER must be installed and used in strict accordance with the instructions. This device complies with the following radio frequency and safety standards.

USA - Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

Europe- R&TTE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/CE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL of March 9, 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE)

CE Declaration of Conformity

For the following equipment:

WLAN 11G AP ROUTER

(Product Name)

WLAN 888

(Model Designation)

is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council (European parliament) Directive on the Approximation of the Laws of the Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility of Radio and Telecom device (1999/5/EC). For the evaluation regarding this Directive, the following standards were applied:

EN 300 328 V1.6.1 (2004-11)

EN 301 489-1 V1.4.1 (2002-08), EN 301 489-17 V1.2.1 (2002-08)

EN 60950-1: 2001

EU Countries Intended for Use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France (with Frequency channel restrictions), Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, Ireland, Poland, Czech Republic, Republic of Estonia, Republic of Cyprus, Republic of Hungary, Republic of Slovenia, Republic of Latvia, Republic of Lithuania, Slovak Republic, and Republic of Malta.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, and Switzerland.

EU Countries Not intended for use: None.

Potential restrictive use: France: Only channels 10,11,12, and 13

The channel identifiers, channel center frequencies, and regulatory domains of each 22-MHz-wide channel are shown in following Table.

Channel	Center			Regulatory	/ Domains		
Identifier	Frequency (MHZ)	Japan	ETSI	North America	Israel	France	Mexico
1	2412	V	V	V			
2	2417	V	V	V			
3	2422	V	V	V	V		
4	2427	V	V	V	V		
5	2432	V	V	V	V		
6	2437	V	V	V	V		
7	2442	V	V	V	V		
8	2447	V	V	V	V		
9	2452	V	V	V	V		
10	2457	V	V	V		V	V
11	2462	V	V	V		V	V
12	2467	V	V			V	
13	2472	V	V			V	
14	2484	V					

Table of Contents

R	EVIS	ION HISTORY	I
Т	ERM	INOLOGY	II
1	IN	TRODUCTION	
	1.1	PACKAGE CONTENTS	
	1.2	PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS	
	1.3	PRODUCT FEATURES	
	1.4	FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION	
	1.5	REAR PANEL DESCRIPTION	4
2	IN	STALLATION	6
	2.1	HARDWARE INSTALLATION	6
	2.2	SOFTWARE INSTALLATION	6
3	SC	OFTWARE CONFIGURATION	7
	3.1	PREPARE YOUR PC TO CONFIGURE THE WLAN 11G AP ROUTER	
	3.2	CONNECT TO THE WLAN 11G AP ROUTER	
	3.3	MANAGEMENT AND CONFIGURATION ON THE WLAN 11G AP ROUTER	9
	3.3	3.1 Status	9
	3.3	3.2 Setup Wizard	11
		I Operation Mode	11
		II Time Zone Setting	12
		III LAN Interface Setup	12
		IV WAN Interface Setup	13
		V Wireless Basic Settings	13
		VI Wireless Security Setup	14
	3.3	3.3 Operation Mode	14
	3.3	3.4 Wireless - Basic Settings	15
	3.3	3.5 Wireless - Advanced Settings	16
	3.3	3.6 Wireless - Security Setup	18
		I WEP Key Setup	20
	3.3	3.7 Wireless - Access Control	21
	3.3	3.8 WDS Settings	22

	I	WDS Security Setup	23
	II	WDS AP Table	24
	3.3.9	Site Survey	25
	3.3.10	LAN Interface Setup	25
	3.3.11	WAN Interface Setup	27
	I	Static IP	27
	II	DHCP Client	28
	III	PPPoE	30
	IV	PPTP	32
	3.3.12	Firewall - Port Filtering	33
	3.3.13	Firewall - IP Filtering	34
	3.3.14	Firewall - MAC Filtering	35
	3.3.15	Firewall - Port Forwarding	36
	3.3.16	Firewall - DMZ	38
	3.3.17	VPN Setting	38
	I	VPN Setup - Edit Tunnel	40
	II	Advanced IKE Setup	42
	3.3.18	Management - Statistics	43
	3.3.19	Management - DDNS	44
	3.3.20	Management - Time Zone Setting	45
	3.3.21	Management - Log	45
	3.3.22	Management - Upgrade Firmware	46
	3.3.23	Management Save/ Reload Settings	47
	3.3.24	Management - Password Setup	48
	3.3.25	Logout	48
4	FREO	UENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ)	50
		HAT AND HOW TO FIND MY PC'S IP AND MAC ADDRESS?	
		HAT IS WIRELESS LAN?	
		HAT ARE ISM BANDS?	
		DW DOES WIRELESS NETWORKING WORK?	
		HAT IS BSSID?	
		HAT IS ESSID?	
		HAT IS ESSID?HAT MAY CAUSES INTERFERENCE?	
		HAT ARE POTENTIAL FACTORS THAT MAY CAUSES INTERFERENCE?	
		HAT IS WEP?	
		HAT IS WEP?	
	4.1U W	HALIS FRAGMENT THRESHOLD /	ว ∠

4.11	WHAT IS RTS (REQUEST TO SEND) THRESHOLD?	53
4.12	WHAT IS BEACON INTERVAL?	53
4.13	WHAT IS PREAMBLE TYPE?	54
4.14	WHAT IS SSID BROADCAST?	54
4.15	WHAT IS WI-FI PROTECTED ACCESS (WPA)?	54
4.16	WHAT IS WPA2?	55
4.17	WHAT IS 802.1x AUTHENTICATION?	55
4.18	WHAT IS TEMPORAL KEY INTEGRITY PROTOCOL (TKIP)?	55
4.19	WHAT IS ADVANCED ENCRYPTION STANDARD (AES)?	55
4.20	WHAT IS INTER-ACCESS POINT PROTOCOL (IAPP)?	55
4.21	WHAT IS WIRELESS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (WDS)?	56
4.22	WHAT IS UNIVERSAL PLUG AND PLAY (UPNP)?	56
4.23	WHAT IS MAXIMUM TRANSMISSION UNIT (MTU) SIZE?	56
4.24	WHAT IS CLONE MAC ADDRESS?	56
4.25	WHAT IS DDNS?	56
4.26	WHAT IS NTP CLIENT?	56
4.27	WHAT IS VPN?	56
4.28	WHAT IS IPSEC?	57
5.1 E	XAMPLE ONE – PPPOE ON THE WAN	58
5.2 E	XAMPLE TWO – FIXED IP ON THE WAN	60

Revision History

DATE	REVISION OF USER'S MANUAL	FIRMWARE
2005/4/7	First release (Version 1.0)	V1.2.0
2005/6/15	Add product with SMA Antenna info	V1.2.x

Terminology

3DES	Triple Data Encryption Standard
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AP	Access Point
CCK	Complementary Code Keying
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/ Collision Avoidance
CSMA/CD	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/ Collision Detection
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name Server
DH	Diffie-Hellman Algorithm
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DSSS	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
EAP	Extensible Authentication Protocol
ESP	Encapsulating Security Payload
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IKE	Internet Key Exchange
IP	Internet Protocol
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC	Media Access Control
MD5	Message Digest 5
NAT	Network Address Translation
NT	Network Termination
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSD	Power Spectral Density
RF	Radio Frequency
SHA1	Secure Hash Algorithm
SNR	Signal to Noise Ratio
SSID	Service Set Identification
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol

TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
UPNP	Universal Plug and Play
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WDS	Wireless Distribution System
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access

1 Introduction

The WLAN 11G AP ROUTERE is an affordable IEEE 802.11b/g wireless LAN broadband router solution; setting SOHO and enterprise standard for high performance, secure, manageable and reliable WLAN.

This document describes the steps required for the initial IP address assign and other WLAN router configuration. The description includes the implementation of the above steps.

1.1 Package contents

The package of the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER includes the following items,

- ✓ The WLAN 11G AP ROUTER
- ✓ The AC to DC power adapter
- ✓ The Documentation CD
- ✓ 1.8M RJ-45 Cable Line

1.2 Product Specifications

WLAN 11G AP ROUTER
802.11b/g(Wireless), 802.3(10BaseT), 802.3u(100BaseT)
54Mbps(Wireless), 100Mbps(Ethernet)
CCK(802.11b), OFDM(802.11g)
2.4GHz – 2.4835 GHz ISM Band, DSSS
CCK:22.9 dBm, OFDM:17.71 dBm
802.11b -80 dBm@8%, 802.11g -68 dBm@5%
30 to 280 meters (depend on surrounding)
External Antenna
Power, Active (WLAN), Act/Link (Ethernet)
64 bit/ 128 bit WEP, WPA, WPA2, port filtering, IP filtering,
MAC filtering, port forwarding and DMZ hosting
One 10/100BaseT with RJ45 connector (WAN)
Four 10/100BaseT with RJ45 connectors (LAN)
9 V DC Power Adapter
0 ~ 50°C ambient temperature
-20 ~ 70°C ambient temperature
5 to 90 % maximum (non-condensing)
137 x 96 x 35 mm

1.3 Product Features

- Complies with IEEE 802.11b/g standard for 2.4GHz Wireless LAN.
- > Supports bridging, routing, VPN, WISP functions between wireless and wired Ethernet interfaces.
- Supports 64-bit and 128-bit WEP, WPA, WPA2 encryption/decryption function to protect the wireless data transmission.
- ➤ Supports IEEE 802.1x Authentication.
- Support Wi-Fi Protected Access Authentication with Radius and Pre-Shared Key mode.
- Supports Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP).
- Supports Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
- Supports IEEE 802.3x full duplex flow control on 10/100M Ethernet interface.
- > Supports DHCP server to provide clients auto IP addresses assignment.
- > Supports DHCP client for Ethernet WAN interface auto IP address assignment.
- > Supports static and dynamic IP routing.
- Supports PPPoE on Ethernet WAN interface.
- Supports clone MAC address function.
- Supports firewall security with port filtering, IP filtering, MAC filtering, port forwarding, trigger port and DMZ hosting functions.
- Supports WEB based management and configuration.
- > Supports PPTP Client on Ethernet WAN interface.
- Supports UPnP for automatic Internet access.
- Supports Dynamic DNS service.
- Supports NTP client service.
- Supports Log table and remote Log service.
- Support Setup Wizard mode.
- Supports Virtual Private Network (VPN) connection.
- Supports IPSEC tunnel encryption(3DES/AES128) and authentication(MD5/SHA1)
- > Supports WISP (Wireless ISP).

1.4 Front Panel Description

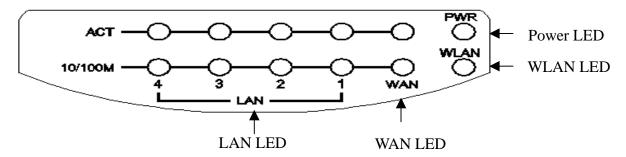


Figure 1 –WLAN 11G AP ROUTER Front Panel

State	Description
On	The WLAN11g Router is powered on.
Off	The WLAN 11G AP ROUTER is powered off.
Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the antenna.
Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the antenna.
Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the WAN interface.
Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the WAN interface.
On	Connection speed is 100Mbps on WAN interface.
Off	Connection speed is 10Mbps on WAN interface.
Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the LAN interface.
Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the LAN interface.
On	Connection speed is 100Mbps on LAN interface.
Off	Connection speed is 10Mbps on LAN interface.
	Off Flashing Off Flashing Off On Off Flashing Off On Off

1.5 Rear Panel Description

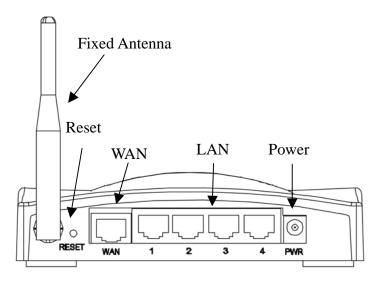


Figure 2 – WLAN 11G AP ROUTER Rear Panel (Fixed Antenna)

Interfaces	Description
1. Antenna	The Wireless LAN Antenna.
(Fixed)	(Figure 2)
2. Reset	Push continually the reset button 5 ~ 10 seconds to reset the configuration parameters to factory defaults.
3. WAN	The RJ-45 socket allows WAN connection through a Category 5 cable. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/full duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/802.3u respectively.
4. LAN	The RJ-45 sockets allow LAN connection through Category 5 cables. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/ full duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u respectively.
5. Power	The power jack allows an external DC +9 V power supply connection. The external AC to DC adaptor provide adaptive power requirement to the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.

2 Installation

2.1 Hardware Installation

- Step 1: Place the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER to the best optimum transmission location. The best transmission location for your WLAN 11G AP ROUTER is usually at the geographic center of your wireless network, with line of sign to all of your mobile stations.
- Step 2: Connect the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER to your wired network. Connect the Ethernet WAN interface of WLAN 11G AP ROUTER by category 5 Ethernet cable to your switch/ hub/ xDSL modem or cable modem. A straight-through Ethernet cable with appropriate cable length is needed.
- Step 3: Supply DC power to the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER. Use only the AC/DC power adapter supplied with the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER; it may occur damage by using a different type of power adapter.

The hardware installation finished.

2.2 Software Installation

There are no software drivers, patches or utilities installation needed, but only the configuration setting. Please refer to chapter 3 for software configuration.

Notice: It will take about 55 seconds to complete the boot up sequence after powered on the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER; Power LED will be active, and after that the WLAN Activity LED will be flashing to show the WLAN interface is enabled and working now.

3 Software configuration

There are web based management and configuration functions allowing you to have the jobs done easily.

The WLAN 11G AP ROUTER is delivered with the following factory default parameters on the Ethernet LAN interfaces.

Default IP Address: 192.168.1.254

Default IP subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

WEB login User Name: <*empty>*WEB login Password: <*empty>*

3.1 Prepare your PC to configure the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER

For OS of Microsoft Windows 95/98/Me:

1. Click the *Start* button and select *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*. The *Control Panel* window will appear.

Note: Windows Me users may not see the Network control panel. If so, *select* **View all Control Panel options** on the left side of the window

- 2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network* icon. The *Network* window will appear.
- 3. Check the installed list of *Network Components*. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
- 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
- 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
- 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
- 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
 - ✓ IP Address: **192.168.1.1**, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
 - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
- 8. Click OK and reboot your PC after completes the IP parameters setting.

For OS of Microsoft Windows 2000, XP:

1. Click the *Start* button and select *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*. The *Control*

Panel window will appear.

- 2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network and Dial-up Connections* icon. Move mouse and double-click the *Local Area Connection* icon. The *Local Area Connection* window will appear. Click *Properties* button in the *Local Area Connection* window.
- 3. Check the installed list of *Network Components*. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
- 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
- 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
- 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
- 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
 - ✓ IP Address: **192.168.1.1**, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
 - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
- 8. Click OK to completes the IP parameters setting.

For OS of Microsoft Windows NT:

- 1. Click the *Start* button and select *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*. The *Control Panel* window will appear.
- 2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network* icon. The *Network* window will appear. Click *Protocol* tab from the *Network* window.
- 3. Check the installed list of *Network Protocol* window. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
- 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
- 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
- 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
- 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
 - ✓ IP Address: **192.168.1.1**, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
 - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
- 8. Click OK to complete the IP parameters setting.

3.2 Connect to the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER

Open a WEB browser, i.e. Microsoft Internet Explore, then enter 192.168.1.254 on the URL to connect the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.

3.3 Management and configuration on the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER

3.3.1 Status

This page shows the current status and some basic settings of the device, includes system, wireless, Ethernet LAN and WAN configuration information.

This page shows the current state	us and some basic settings of the device.	
System		
Uptime	0day:0h:2m:21s	
Firmware Version	v1.2.0	
Wireless Configuration		
Mode	AP	
Band	2.4 GHz (B+G)	
SSID	MyWLAN	
Channel Number	11	
Encryption	Disabled	
BSSID	00:02:72:00:81:86	
Associated Clients	1	
TCP/IP Configuration		
Attain IP Protocol	Fixed IP	
IP Address	192.168.1.254	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.1.254	
DHCP Server	Enabled	
MAC Address	00:02:72:00:81:86	
WAN Configuration		
Attain IP Protocol	DHCP	
IP Address	192.168.0.107	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.0.10	

<u>Screen snapshot – Status</u>

Item	Description
System	
Uptime	It shows the duration since WLAN 11G AP ROUTER is powered on.
Firmware version	It shows the firmware version of WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.

Wireless configuration	n
Mode	It shows wireless operation mode
Band	It shows the current wireless operating frequency.
SSID	It shows the SSID of this WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
	The SSID is the unique name of WLAN 11G AP
	ROUTER and shared among its service area, so all
	devices attempts to join the same wireless network can
	identify it.
Channel Number	It shows the wireless channel connected currently.
Encryption	It shows the status of encryption function.
Associated Clients	It shows the number of connected clients (or stations, PCs).
BSSID	It shows the BSSID address of the WLAN 11G AP
	ROUTER. BSSID is a six-byte address.
LAN configuration	
IP Address	It shows the IP address of LAN interfaces of WLAN 11G
	AP ROUTER.
Subnet Mask	It shows the IP subnet mask of LAN interfaces of WLAN
	11G AP ROUTER.
Default Gateway	It shows the default gateway setting for LAN interfaces
	outgoing data packets.
DHCP Server	It shows the DHCP server is enabled or not.
MAC Address	It shows the MAC address of LAN interfaces of WLAN
	11G AP ROUTER.
WAN configuration	
Attain IP Protocol	It shows how the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER gets the IP
	address. The IP address can be set manually to a fixed
	one or set dynamically by DHCP server or attain IP by
	PPPoE / PPTP connection.
IP Address	It shows the IP address of WAN interface of WLAN 11G
	AP ROUTER.
Subnet Mask	It shows the IP subnet mask of WAN interface of WLAN
	11G AP ROUTER.
Default Gateway	It shows the default gateway setting for WAN interface
	outgoing data packets.
MAC Address	It shows the MAC address of WAN interface of WLAN

11G AP ROUTER.

3.3.2 Setup Wizard

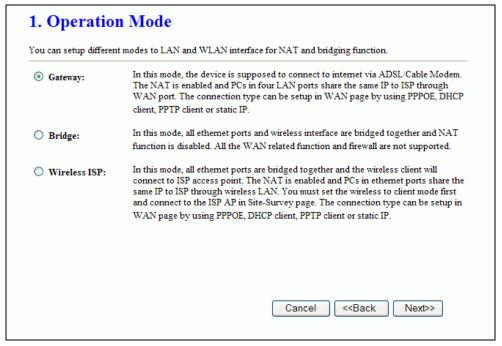
This page guides you to configure wireless broadband router for first time



Screen snapshot – Setup Wizard

I Operation Mode

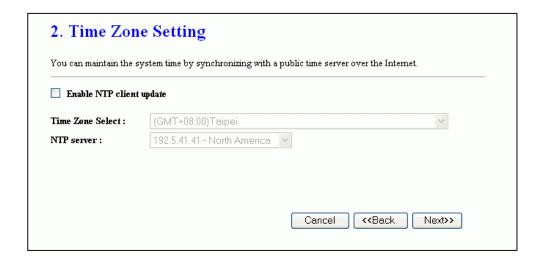
This page followed by Setup Wizard page to define the operation mode.



Screen snapshot – Operation Mode

II Time Zone Setting

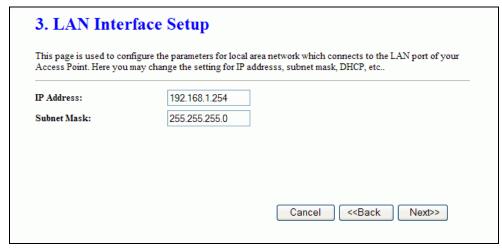
This page is used to enable and configure NTP client



<u>Screen snapshot – Time Zone Settings</u>

III LAN Interface Setup

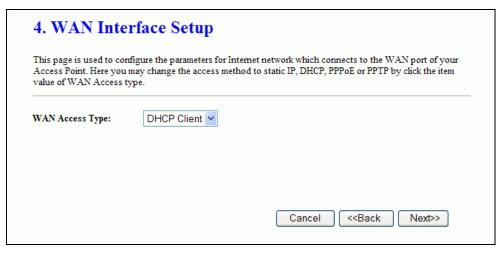
This page is used to configure local area network IP address and subnet mask



<u>Screen snapshot – LAN Interface Setup</u>

IV WAN Interface Setup

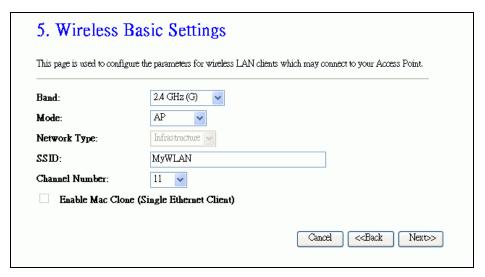
This page is used to configure WAN access type



<u>Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup</u>

V Wireless Basic Settings

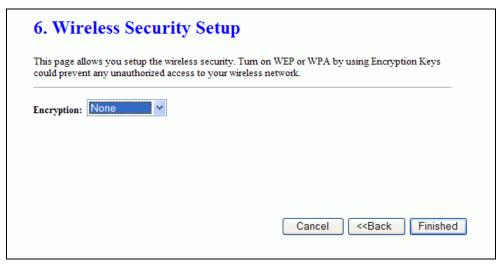
This page is used to configure basic wireless parameters like Band, Mode, Network Type SSID, Channel Number, Enable Mac Clone(Single Ethernet Client)



Screen snapshot – Wireless Basic Settings

VI Wireless Security Setup

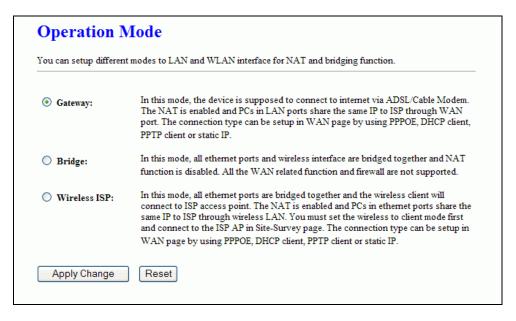
This page is used to configure wireless security



Screen snapshot – Wireless Security Setup

3.3.3 Operation Mode

This page is used to configure which mode wireless broadband router acts



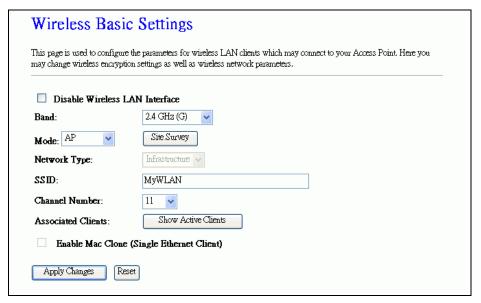
Screen snapshot – Operation Mode

Item	Description
Gateway	Traditional gateway configuration. It always connects
	internet via ADSL/Cable Modem. LAN interface, WAN

	interface, Wireless interface, NAT and Firewall modules are applied to this mode
Bridge	Each interface (LAN, WAN and Wireless) regards as bridge. NAT, Firewall and all router's functions are not supported
Wireless ISP	Switch Wireless interface to WAN port and all Ethernet ports in bridge mode. Wireless interface can do all router's functions
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the previous configuration setting.

3.3.4 Wireless - Basic Settings

This page is used to configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients that may connect to your Broadband Router. Here you may change wireless encryption settings as well as wireless network parameters.



<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Basic Settings</u>

Item	Description
Disable Wireless LAN	Click on to disable the wireless LAN data transmission.
Interface	
Band	Click to select 2.4GHz(B) / 2.4GHz(G) / 2.4GHz(B+G)

N. 6. 1	CI' 1 4 1 44 WI AN AD / CI' 4 / WDG / AD WDG
Mode	Click to select the WLAN AP / Client / WDS / AP+WDS
	wireless mode.
Site Survey	The Site Survey button provides tool to scan the wireless
	network. If any Access Point or IBSS is found, you could
	choose to connect it manually when client mode is
	enabled. Refer to 3.3.9 Site Survey.
SSID	It is the wireless network name. The SSID can be 32
	bytes long.
Channel Number	Select the wireless communication channel from
	pull-down menu.
Associated Clients	Click the Show Active Clients button to open Active
	Wireless Client Table that shows the MAC address,
	transmit-packet, receive-packet and transmission-rate for
	each associated wireless client.
Enable Mac Clone	Take Laptop NIC MAC address as wireless client MAC
(Single Ethernet Client	a) address. [Client Mode only]
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.5 Wireless - Advanced Settings

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless AN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your Access Point.	
Authentication Type:	Open System Shared Key Auto
Fragment Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)
RTS Threshold:	(0-2347)
Beacon Interval:	100 (20-1024 ms)
Data Rate:	Auto 💌
Preamble Type:	● Long Preamble Short Preamble
Broadcast SSID:	
IAPP:	
802.11g Protection:	● Enabled ODisabled

<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Advanced Settings</u>

Item	Description
Authentication Type	Click to select the authentication type in <i>Open System</i> ,
	Shared Key or Auto selection.
Fragment Threshold	Set the data packet fragmentation threshold, value can be
	written between 256 and 2346 bytes.
	Refer to 4.10 What is Fragment Threshold?
RTS Threshold	Set the RTS Threshold, value can be written between 0
	and 2347 bytes.
	Refer to 4.11 What is RTS(Request To Send) Threshold?
Beacon Interval	Set the Beacon Interval, value can be written between 20
	and 1024 ms.
	Refer to 4.12 What is Beacon Interval?
Data Rate	Select the transmission data rate from pull-down menu.
	Data rate can be auto-select, 11M, 5.5M, 2M or 1Mbps.
Preamble Type	Click to select the Long Preamble or Short Preamble
	support on the wireless data packet transmission.
	Refer to 4.13 What is Preamble Type?
Broadcast SSID	Click to enable or disable the SSID broadcast function.
	Refer to 4.14 What is SSID Broadcast?
IAPP	Click to enable or disable the IAPP function.
	Refer to 4.20 What is Inter-Access Point Protocol(IAPP)?

802.11g Protection	Protect 802.11b user.
Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.6 Wireless - Security Setup

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP, WPA, WPA2 by using encryption keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.



<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Security Setup</u>

Item	Description
Encryption	Select the encryption supported over wireless access. The
	encryption method can be None, WEP, WPA(TKIP),
	WPA2 or WPA2 Mixed
	Refer to 4.9 What is WEP?
	4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?
	4.16 What is WPA2(AES)?
	4.17 What is 802.1X Authentication?
	4.18 What is Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)?
	4.19 What is Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)?

Use 802.1x	While Encryption is selected to be WEP.
Authentication	Click the check box to enable IEEE 802.1x
	authentication function.
	Refer to 4.16 What is 802.1x Authentication?
WPA Authentication	While Encryption is selected to be WPA.
Mode	Click to select the WPA Authentication Mode with
	Enterprise (RADIUS) or Personal (Pre-Shared Key).
	Refer to 4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?
Pre-Shared Key Format	While Encryption is selected to be WPA.
	Select the Pre-shared key format from the pull-down
	menu. The format can be Passphrase or Hex (64
	characters). [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only]
Pre-Shared Key	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key)
Pre-Shared Key	
Pre-Shared Key Enable	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key)
	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only]
Enable	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2
Enable Pre-Authentication	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2 Mixed only, Enterprise only]
Enable Pre-Authentication Authentication	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2 Mixed only, Enterprise only] Set the IP address, port and login password information
Enable Pre-Authentication Authentication RADIUS Server	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2 Mixed only, Enterprise only] Set the IP address, port and login password information of authentication RADIUS sever.
Enable Pre-Authentication Authentication RADIUS Server	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2 Mixed only, Enterprise only] Set the IP address, port and login password information of authentication RADIUS sever. Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
Enable Pre-Authentication Authentication RADIUS Server Apply Changes	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only] Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2 Mixed only, Enterprise only] Set the IP address, port and login password information of authentication RADIUS sever. Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new configuration setting.

I WEP Key Setup

Wireless WEP Key Setup	
	the WEP key value. You could choose use 64-bit or 128-bit as the encryption ex as the format of input value.
Key Length:	64-bit 🕶
Key Format:	Hex (10 characters)
Default Tx Key:	Key 1 ✓
Encryption Key 1:	******
Encryption Key 2:	*******
Encryption Key 3:	******
Encryption Key 4:	*****
Apply Changes	Close Reset

Screen snapshot – WEP Key Setup

Item	Description
Key Length	Select the WEP shared secret key length from pull-down
	menu. The length can be chose between 64-bit and
	128-bit (known as "WEP2") keys.
	The WEP key is composed of initialization vector (24
	bits) and secret key (40-bit or 104-bit).
Key Format	Select the WEP shared secret key format from pull-down
	menu. The format can be chose between plant text
	(ASCII) and hexadecimal (HEX) code.
Default Tx Key	Set the default secret key for WEP security function.
	Value can be chose between 1 and 4.
Encryption Key 1	Secret key 1 of WEP security encryption function.
Encryption Key 2	Secret key 2 of WEP security encryption function.
Encryption Key 3	Secret key 3 of WEP security encryption function.
Encryption Key 4	Secret key 4 of WEP security encryption function.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Close	Click to close this WEP Key setup window.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the

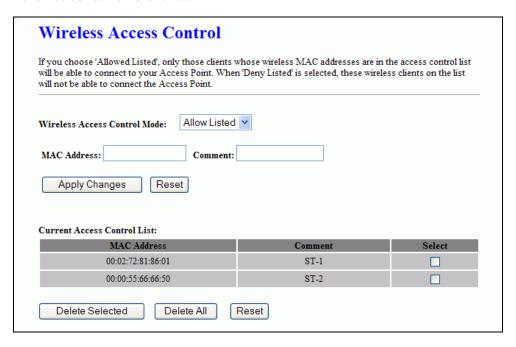
previous configuration setting.

WEP encryption key (secret key) length:

Leng Format	th 64-bit	128-bit
ASC	II 5 characters	13 characters
НЕ	X 10 hexadecimal codes	26 hexadecimal codes

3.3.7 Wireless - Access Control

If you enable wireless access control, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the access control list will be able to connect to your Access Point. When this option is enabled, no wireless clients will be able to connect if the list contains no entries.



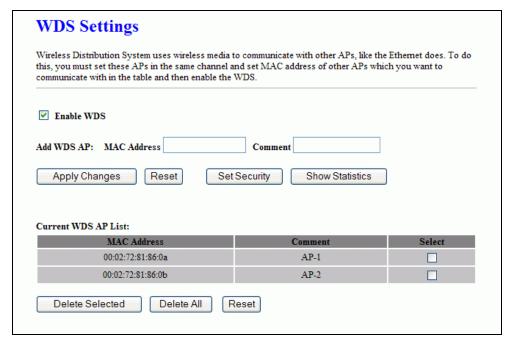
<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Access Control</u>

Item	Description
Wireless Access	Click the <i>Disabled</i> , <i>Allow Listed</i> or <i>Deny Listed</i> of drop
Control Mode	down menu choose wireless access control mode.
	This is a security control function; only those clients
	registered in the access control list can link to this
	WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address of client to register this WLAN

	11G AP ROUTER access capability.
Comment	Fill in the comment tag for the registered client.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the client to
	new configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Current Access Control	It shows the registered clients that are allowed to link to
List	this WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected clients that will be access
	right removed from this WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered clients from the access
	allowed list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.8 WDS Settings

Wireless Distribution System uses wireless media to communicate with other APs, like the Ethernet does. To do this, you must set these APs in the same channel and set MAC address of other AP that you want to communicate with in the table and then enable the WDS.



<u>Screen snapshot – WDS Setup</u>

Item	Description
Enable WDS	Click the check box to enable wireless distribution
	system. Refer to 4.21 What is Wireless Distribution
	System (WDS)?
MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address of AP to register the wireless
	distribution system access capability.
Comment	Fill in the comment tag for the registered AP.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the AP to new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Set Security	Click button to configure wireless security like
	WEP(64bits), WEP(128bits), WPA(TKIP), WPA2(AES)
	or <i>None</i>
Show Statistics	It shows the TX, RX packets, rate statistics
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected clients that will be removed
	from the wireless distribution system.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered APs from the wireless
	distribution system allowed list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

I WDS Security Setup

Requirement: Set [Wireless]->[Basic Settings]->[Mode]->AP+WDS

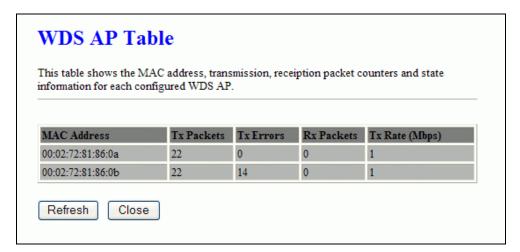
This page is used to configure the wireless security between APs. Refer to 3.3.6 Wireless Security Setup.

	p the wireless security for WDS. When enabled, you must make s adopted the same encryption algorithm and Key.
Encryption:	None
WEP Key Format:	ASCII (5 characters)
WEP Key:	*****
Pre-Shared Key Format:	Passphrase
Pre-Shared Key:	

Screen snapshot – WDS Security Setup

II WDS AP Table

This page is used to show WDS statistics



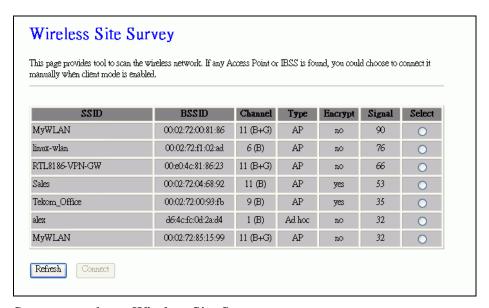
Screen snapshot – WDS AP Table

Item	Description
MAC Address	It shows the MAC Address within WDS.
Tx Packets	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the wireless
	LAN interface.
Tx Errors	It shows the statistic count of error sent packets on the
	Wireless LAN interface.
Rx Packets	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the
	wireless LAN interface.

Tx Rare (Mbps)	It shows the wireless link rate within WDS.
Refresh	Click to refresh the statistic counters on the screen.
Close	Click to close the current window.

3.3.9 Site Survey

This page is used to view or configure other APs near yours.



<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Site Survey</u>

Item	Description
SSID	It shows the SSID of AP.
BSSID	It shows BSSID of AP.
Channel	It show the current channel of AP occupied.
Type	It show which type AP acts.
Encrypt	It shows the encryption status.
Signal	It shows the power level of current AP.
Select	Click to select AP or client you'd like to connect.
Refresh	Click the <i>Refresh</i> button to re-scan site survey on the
	screen.
Connect	Click the <i>Connect</i> button to establish connection.

3.3.10 LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network that connects to the LAN ports of your WLAN 11G AP ROUTER. Here you may

change the setting for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

	re the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your change the setting for IP addresss, subnet mask, DHCP, etc
IP Address:	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DHCP:	Server 💌
DHCP Client Range:	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.200 Show Client
802.1d Spanning Tree:	Disabled 💌
Clone MAC Address:	00000000000

Screen snapshot – LAN Interface Setup

Item	Description
IP Address	Fill in the IP address of LAN interfaces of this WLAN
	11G AP ROUTER.
Subnet Mask	Fill in the subnet mask of LAN interfaces of this WLAN
	11G AP ROUTER.
Default Gateway	Fill in the default gateway for LAN interfaces out going
	data packets.
DHCP Server	Click to select Disabled, Client or Server in different
	operation mode of wireless broadband router.
DHCP Client Range	Fill in the start IP address and end IP address to allocate a
	range of IP addresses; client with DHCP function set will
	be assigned an IP address from the range.
Show Client	Click to open the Active DHCP Client Table window that
	shows the active clients with their assigned IP address,
	MAC address and time expired information. [Server
	mode only]
802.1d Spanning Tree	Select to enable or disable the IEEE 802.1d Spanning
	Tree function from pull-down menu.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?

Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.11 WAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for wide area network that connects to the WAN port of your WLAN 11G AP ROUTER. Here you may change the access method to *Static IP*, *DHCP*, *PPPoE* or *PPTP* by click the item value of **WAN Access Type**.

I Static IP

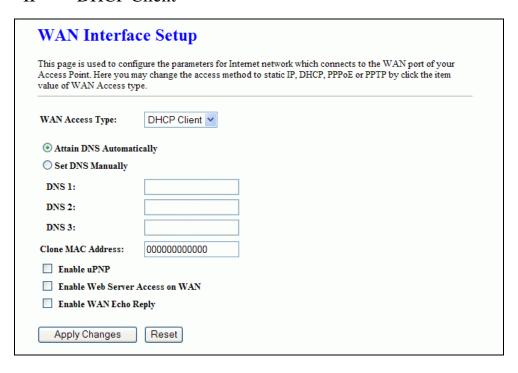
WAN Interface Setup This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the access method to static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the item	
e.	
Static IP 🔻	
172.1.1.1	
255.255.255.0	
172.1.1.254	
00000000000	
Access on WAN	
eply	
	gure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of my change the access method to static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the internet in the internet

<u>Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup – Static IP</u>

Item	Description
Static IP	Click to select Static IP support on WAN interface. There
	are IP address, subnet mask and default gateway settings
	need to be done.
IP Address	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill
	in the IP address for it.
Subnet Mask	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill

	in the subnet mask for it.
Default Gateway	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill
	in the default gateway for WAN interface out going data
	packets.
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from
Access on WAN	WAN side.
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Reply	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

II DHCP Client



<u>Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup – DHCP Client</u>

Click to select DHCP support on WAN interface for IP
address assigned automatically from a DHCP server.
Click to select getting DNS address for <i>DHCP</i> support.
Please select <i>Set DNS Manually</i> if the <i>DHCP</i> support is
selected.
Click to select getting DNS address for <i>DHCP</i> support.
Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.
Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.
Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
cloned. Refer to <u>4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?</u>
Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.
Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from
WAN side.
Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
configuration setting.
Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
previous configuration setting.

III PPPoE

$\underline{Screen\ snapshot-WAN\ Interface\ Setup-PPPoE}$

Item	Description
PPPoE	Click to select PPPoE support on WAN interface. There
	are user name, password, connection type and idle time
	settings need to be done.
User Name	If you select the PPPoE support on WAN interface, fill in
	the user name and password to login the PPPoE server.
Password	If you select the PPPoE support on WAN interface, fill in
	the user name and password to login the PPPoE server.
Connection Type	Select the connection type from pull-down menu. There
	are Continuous, Connect on Demand and Manual three
	types to select.
	Continuous connection type means to setup the
	connection through PPPoE protocol whenever this
	WLAN 11G AP ROUTER is powered on.
	Connect on Demand connection type means to setup the

	connection through PPPoE protocol whenever you send
	the data packets out through the WAN interface; there are
	a watchdog implemented to close the PPPoE connection
	while there are no data sent out longer than the idle time
	set.
	Manual connection type means to setup the connection
	through the PPPoE protocol by clicking the <i>Connect</i>
	button manually, and clicking the <i>Disconnect</i> button
	manually.
Idle Time	If you select the PPPoE and Connect on Demand
	connection type, fill in the idle time for auto-disconnect
	function. Value can be between 1 and 1000 minutes.
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is
	1400. Refer to 4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit
	(MTU) Size?
Attain DNS	Click to select getting DNS address for <i>PPPoE</i> support.
Automatically	Please select Set DNS Manually if the PPPoE support is
	selected.
Set DNS Manually	Click to select getting DNS address for Static IP support.
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from
Access on WAN	WAN side.
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Reply	
Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

IV PPTP

WAN Interface Setup This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the access method to static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the item value of WAN Access type.	
WAN Access Type:	PPTP V
IP Address:	172.1.1.2
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Server IP Address:	172.1.1.1
User Name:	
Password:	
MTU Size:	1400 (1400-1492 bytes)
• Attain DNS Automat	ically
O Set DNS Manually	
DNS 1:	
DNS 2:	
DNS 3:	
Clone MAC Address:	00000000000
Enable uPNP	
Enable Web Server	Access on WAN
Enable WAN Echo I	Reply
Apply Changes	Reset

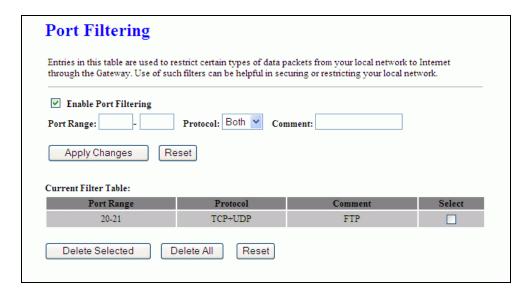
$\underline{Screen\ snapshot-WAN\ Interface\ Setup-PPTP}$

Item	Description
PPTP	Allow user to make a tunnel with remote site directly to
	secure the data transmission among the connection. User
	can use embedded PPTP client supported by this router to
	make a VPN connection.
IP Address	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the IP address for it.
Subnet Mask	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the subnet mask for it.
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the PPTP Server.
User Name	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the user name and password to login the PPTP server.

Password	f you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the user name and password to login the PPTP server.
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is
	1400. Refer to 4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit
	(MTU) Size?
Attain DNS	Click to select getting DNS address for PPTP support.
Automatically	Please select Set DNS Manually if the PPTP support is
	selected.
Set DNS Manually	Click to select getting DNS address for PPTP support.
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from
Access on WAN	WAN side.
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Reply	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.12 Firewall - Port Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

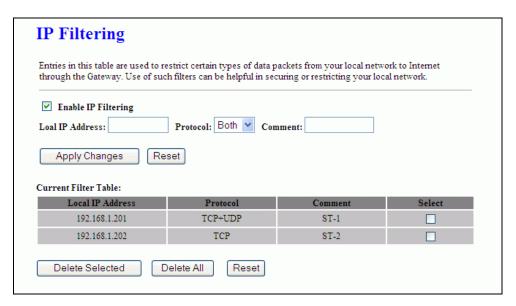


<u>Screen snapshot – Firewall - Port Filtering</u>

Item	Description
Enable Port Filtering	Click to enable the port filtering security function.
Port Range	To restrict data transmission from the local network on
Protocol	certain ports, fill in the range of start-port and end-port,
Comments	and the protocol, also put your comments on it.
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.
	Comments let you know about whys to restrict data from
	the ports.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the ports to
	port filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected port range that will be
	removed from the port-filtering list.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the
	port-filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.13 Firewall - IP Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.



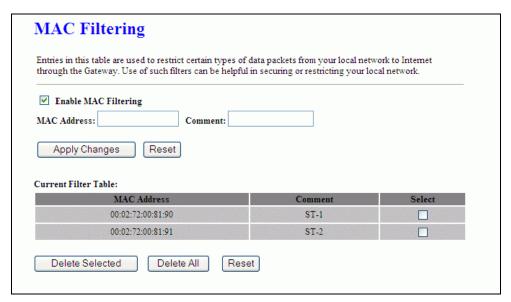
Screen snapshot – Firewall - IP Filtering

Item	Description
Enable IP Filtering	Click to enable the IP filtering security function.
Local IP Address	To restrict data transmission from local network on
Protocol	certain IP addresses, fill in the IP address and the
Comments	protocol, also put your comments on it.
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.
	Comments let you know about whys to restrict data from
	the IP address.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the IP address
	to IP filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected IP address that will be
	removed from the IP-filtering list.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the
	IP-filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.14 Firewall - MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be

helpful in securing or restricting your local network.



Screen snapshot – Firewall - MAC Filtering

Item	Description
Enable MAC Filtering	Click to enable the MAC filtering security function.
MAC Address	To restrict data transmission from local network on
Comments	certain MAC addresses, fill in the MAC address and your
	comments on it.
	Comments let you know about whys to restrict data from
	the MAC address.
Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to register the MAC
	address to MAC filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected MAC address that will be
	removed from the MAC-filtering list.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the
	MAC-filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.15 Firewall - Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall. These settings are only

necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Gateway's NAT firewall.

Entries in this table allow y the NAT firewall. These set mail server on the private lo	ttings are only necessa	ary if you wish to host s	ome sort of server like	
✓ Enable Port Forwarding	ng			
IP Address:	Protocol: Both	Port Range:	Comment:	
Apply Changes	Reset			
`urrent Port Forwarding T	able			
Current Port Forwarding T Local IP Address	able:	Port Range	Comment	Select
Current Port Forwarding T Local IP Address 192.168.1.201		Port Range	Comment FTP	Select

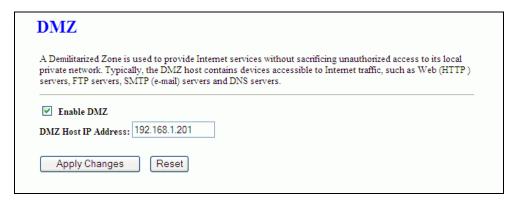
<u>Screen snapshot – Firewall - Port Forwarding</u>

Item	Description
Enable Port Forwarding	Click to enable the Port Forwarding security function.
IP Address	To forward data packets coming from WAN to a specific
Protocol	IP address that hosted in local network behind the NAT
Port Range	firewall, fill in the IP address, protocol, port range and
Comment	your comments.
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.
	The <i>Port Range</i> for data transmission.
	Comments let you know about whys to allow data
	packets forward to the IP address and port number.
Apply Changes	Click the $Apply\ Changes$ button to register the IP address
	and port number to Port forwarding list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected IP address and port number
	that will be removed from the port-forwarding list.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the
	port-forwarding list.

Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.16 Firewall - DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

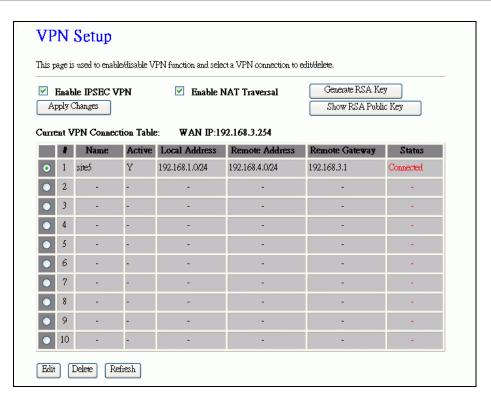


<u>Screen snapshot – Firewall - DMZ</u>

Item	Description
Enable DMZ	Click to enable the DMZ function.
DMZ Host IP Address	To support DMZ in your firewall design, fill in the IP address of DMZ host that can be access from the WAN interface.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the IP address of DMZ host.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the previous configuration setting.

3.3.17 VPN Setting

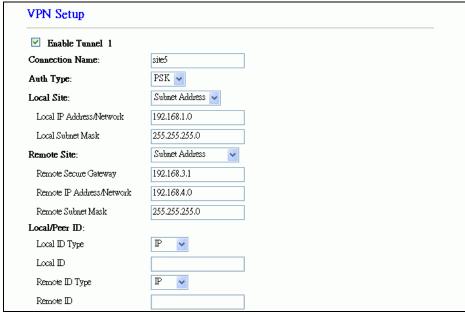
This page is used to show VPN connection table, configure IPSEC VPN, NAT Traversal, Generate RSA Key, Show RSA Public Key.



<u>Screen snapshot – VPN Setup</u>

Item	Description
Enable IPSEC VPN	Click to enable IPSEC VPN function. Refer to 4.27 What
	is VPN? and 4.28 What is IPSEC?
Enable NAT Traversal	Click to enable NAT Traversal function.
Generate RSA Key	Click to generate RSA key.
Show RSA Public Key	Click to show RSA public key that we generate.
Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to enable IPSEC VPN,
	NAT Traversal settings.
Current VPN	It shows current WAN interface information and VPN
Connection Table	connection table.
Edit	Click to enter the current VPN tunnel configuration page.
Delete	Click to delete the current VPN tunnel that radio button
	stay.
Refresh	Click to refresh the current VPN connection table.

I VPN Setup - Edit Tunnel



<u>Screen snapshot – VPN Setup-Edit-1</u>

Item	Description
Enable Tunnel #	Click to enable the IPSEC VPN current tunnel.
Connection Name	Assign the connection name tag.
Auth Type	Click to select PSK or RSA .
Local Site	Click to select Single Address or Subnet Address VPN
	connection.
Local IP	Fill in IP address or subnet address depends on which
Address/Network	Local Site option you choose.
Local Subnet Mask	Fill in the local subnet mask.
Remote Site	Click to select Single Address, Subnet Address, Any
	Address or NAT-TAny Address VPN remote connection.
Remote Secure	Fill in remote gateway IP address
Gateway	
Remote IP	Fill in IP address or subnet address depends on which
Address/Network	Remote Site option you choose.
Remote Subnet Mask	Fill in remote subnet mask
Local/Peer ID	Define IKE exchange information type
Local ID Type	Click to select <i>IP</i> , <i>DNS</i> or <i>E-mail</i> as local exchange type
Local ID	Fill in local ID except IP selected
Remote ID Type	Click to select <i>IP</i> , <i>DNS</i> or <i>E-mail</i> as remote exchange

typeRemote IDFill in remote ID except IP selected



<u>Screen snapshot – VPN Setup-Edit-2</u>

Item	Description
Key Management	Click to select <i>IKE</i> or <i>Manual</i> mode.
Advanced	Click <i>Advanced</i> button to configure more IKE settings.
Connection Type	Click to select <i>Initiator</i> or <i>Responder</i> mode.
Connect	Click to connect manually. [Responder mode only]
Disconnect	Click to disconnect manually. [Responder mode only].
ESP	Click to configure 3DES, AES128 or NULL encryption.
	Click to configure <i>MD5</i> or <i>SHA1</i> authentication.
PreShared Key	Fill in the key value. [IKE mode only]
Remote RSA Key	Fill in the remote gateway RSA key. [IKE mode only]
Status	It shows connection status. [IKE mode only]
SPI	Fill in Security Parameter Index value. [Manual mode
	only]
Encryption Key	Fill in encryption key. [Manual mode only]
Authentication Key	Fill in authentication key. [Manual mode only]
Apply Change	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save current tunnel settings.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the previous configuration setting.
Refresh	It shows the current connection status. [Manual mode
	only]
Back	It returns back to VPN Setup page.

II Advanced IKE Setup

This This page is used to provide advanced :	setting for IKE mode
Tunnel 1	
Phase 1:	
Negotiation Mode	Main mode
Encryption Algorithm	3DES 🔻
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 💌
Key Group	DH2(modp1024)
Key Life Time	3600
Phase 2:	
Active Protocol	ESP
Encryption Algorithm	3DES 🔻
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 💌
Key Life Time	28800
Ecapsulation	Tunnel mode
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)	ON 🔻

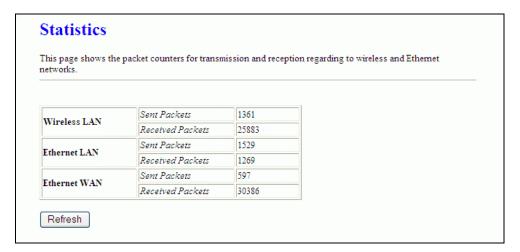
<u>Screen snapshot – Advanced VPN Settings for IKE</u>

Item	Description
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode	Main mode.
Encryption Algorithm	Click to select 3DES or AES128 encryption.
Authentication	Click to select MD5 or SHA1 authentication.
Algorithm	
Key Group	Click to select DH1(modp768), DH2(modp1024) or
	DH5(modp1536) key group. Default value is DH2
Key Life Time	Fill in the key life time value by seconds.
Phase 2	

Active Protocol	ESP.
Encryption Algorithm	Click to select 3DES, AES128 or NULL encryption.
Authentication	Click to select MD5 or SHA1 authentication.
Algorithm	
Key Life Time	Fill in the key life time value by seconds.
Encapsulation	Tunnel mode.
Perfect Forward	Click to select <i>ON</i> or <i>NONE</i> .
Secrecy (PFS)	
Ok	Click the Ok button to save current tunnel settings.
Cancel	Click the <i>Cancel</i> button to close current window without
	any changes.

3.3.18 Management - Statistics

This page shows the packet counters for transmission and reception regarding to wireless, Ethernet LAN and Ethernet WAN networks.



<u>Screen snapshot – Management - Statistics</u>

Item	Description
Wireless LAN	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the wireless
Sent Packets	LAN interface.
Wireless LAN	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the
Received Packets	wireless LAN interface.
Ethernet LAN	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the
Sent Packets	Ethernet LAN interface.
Ethernet LAN	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the

Received Packets	Ethernet LAN interface.
Ethernet WAN	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the
Sent Packets	Ethernet WAN interface.
Ethernet WAN	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the
Received Packets	Ethernet WAN interface.
Refresh	Click the refresh the statistic counters on the screen.

3.3.19 Management - DDNS

This page is used to configure Dynamic DNS service to have DNS with dynamic IP address.

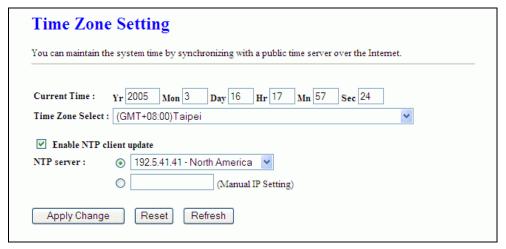


<u>Screen snapshot – Management – DDNS</u>

Item	Description
Enable DDNS	Click the checkbox to enable DDNS service. Refer to
	4.25 What is DDNS?
Service Provider	Click the drop down menu to pickup the right provider.
Domain Name	To configure the Domain Name.
User Name/Email	Configure User Name, Email.
Password/Key	Configure Password, Key.
Apply Change	Click the Apply Changes button to save the enable
	DDNS service.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.20 Management - Time Zone Setting

This page is used to configure NTP client to get current time.

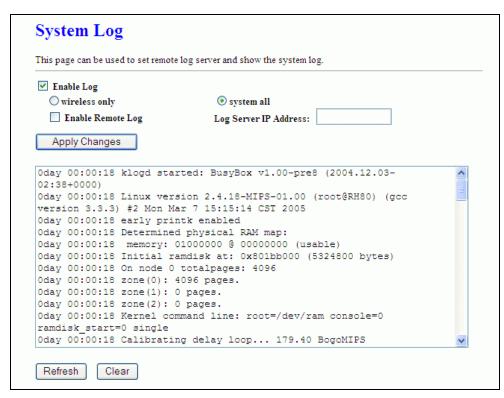


<u>Screen snapshot – Management – Time Zone Settings</u>

Item	Description
Current Time	It shows the current time.
Time Zone Select	Click the time zone in your country.
Enable NTP client	Click the checkbox to enable NTP client update. Refer to
update	4.26 What is NTP Client?
NTP Server	Click select default or input NTP server IP address.
Apply Change	Click the Apply Changes button to save and enable NTP
	client service.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Refresh	Click the refresh the current time shown on the screen.

3.3.21 Management - Log

This page is used to configure the remote log server and shown the current log.



Screen snapshot - Management - Log

Item	Description
Enable Log	Click the checkbox to enable log.
Wireless only	Only show wireless log
System all	Show all log of wireless broadband router
Enable Remote Log	Click the checkbox to enable remote log service.
Log Server IP Address	Input the remote log IP address
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save above settings.
Refresh	Click the refresh the log shown on the screen.
Clear	Clear log display screen

3.3.22 Management - Upgrade Firmware

This page allows you upgrade the Access Point firmware to new version. Please note, do not power off the device during the upload because it may crash the system.

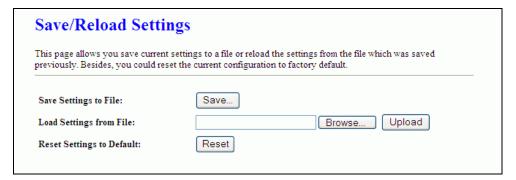


Screen snapshot – Management - Upgrade Firmware

Item	Description
Select File	Click the <i>Browse</i> button to select the new version of web
	firmware image file.
Upload	Click the <i>Upload</i> button to update the selected web
	firmware image to the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.23 Management Save/Reload Settings

This page allows you save current settings to a file or reload the settings from the file that was saved previously. Besides, you could reset the current configuration to factory default.



<u>Screen snapshot – Management - Save/Reload Settings</u>

Item	Description
Save Settings to File	Click the <i>Save</i> button to download the configuration
	parameters to your personal computer.
Load Settings from File	e Click the <i>Browse</i> button to select the configuration files
	then click the Upload button to update the selected

	configuration to the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER.
Reset Settings to	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to reset the configuration
Default	parameter to factory defaults.

3.3.24 Management - Password Setup

This page is used to set the account to access the web server of Access Point. Empty user name and password will disable the protection.

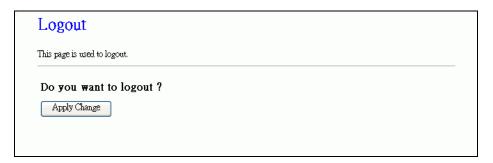
This page is used to set the a will disable the protection.	ccount to access the web server of Access Point. Empty user name and password
User Name:	
New Password:	
Confirmed Password:	

<u>Screen snapshot – Management - Password Setup</u>

Item	Description
User Name	Fill in the user name for web management login control.
New Password	Fill in the password for web management login control.
Confirmed Password	Because the password input is invisible, so please fill in
	the password again for confirmation purpose.
Apply Changes	Clear the <i>User Name</i> and <i>Password</i> fields to empty,
	means to apply no web management login control.
	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

3.3.25 Logout

This page is used to logout web management page. This item will be activated next time you login after you define user account and password.



<u>Screen snapshot – Logout</u>



<u>Screen snapshot – Logout - OK</u>

Item	Description
Apply Change	Click the <i>Apply Change</i> button, Then click <i>OK</i> button to
	logout.

4 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

4.1 What and how to find my PC's IP and MAC address?

IP address is the identifier for a computer or device on a TCP/IP network. Networks using the TCP/IP protocol route messages based on the IP address of the destination. The format of an IP address is a 32-bit numeric address written as four numbers separated by periods. Each number can be zero to 255. For example, 191.168.1.254 could be an IP address.

The MAC (Media Access Control) address is your computer's unique hardware number. (On an Ethernet LAN, it's the same as your Ethernet address.) When you're connected to the Internet from your computer (or host as the Internet protocol thinks of it), a correspondence table relates your IP address to your computer's physical (MAC) address on the LAN.

To find your PC's IP and MAC address,

- ✓ Open the Command program in the Microsoft Windows.
- ✓ Type in *ipconfig* /*all* then press the *Enter* button.
- Your PC's IP address is the one entitled IP Address and your PC's MAC address is the one entitled Physical Address.

4.2 What is Wireless LAN?

A wireless LAN (WLAN) is a network that allows access to Internet without the need for any wired connections to the user's machine.

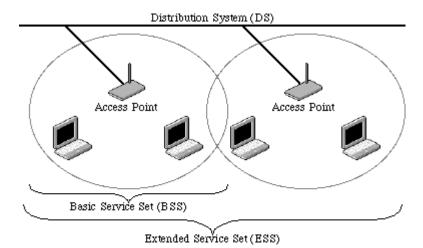
4.3 What are ISM bands?

ISM stands for Industrial, Scientific and Medical; radio frequency bands that the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) authorized for wireless LANs. The ISM bands are located at 915 +/- 13 MHz, 2450 +/- 50 MHz and 5800 +/- 75 MHz.

4.4 How does wireless networking work?

The 802.11 standard define two modes: infrastructure mode and ad hoc mode. In infrastructure mode, the wireless network consists of at least one access point connected to the wired network infrastructure and a set of wireless end stations. This configuration is called a Basic Service Set (BSS). An Extended Service Set (ESS) is a set of two or more BSSs forming a single subnetwork. Since most corporate WLANs require access

to the wired LAN for services (file servers, printers, Internet links) they will operate in infrastructure mode.



Example 1: wireless Infrastructure Mode

Ad hoc mode (also called peer-to-peer mode or an Independent Basic Service Set, or IBSS) is simply a set of 802.11 wireless stations that communicate directly with one another without using an access point or any connection to a wired network. This mode is useful for quickly and easily setting up a wireless network anywhere that a wireless infrastructure does not exist or is not required for services, such as a hotel room, convention center, or airport, or where access to the wired network is barred (such as for consultants at a client site).



Example 2: wireless Ad Hoc Mode

4.5 What is BSSID?

A six-byte address that distinguishes a particular a particular access point from others. Also know as just SSID. Serves as a network ID or name.

4.6 What is ESSID?

The Extended Service Set ID (ESSID) is the name of the network you want to access. It is used to identify different wireless networks.

4.7 What are potential factors that may causes interference?

Factors of interference:

- ➤ Obstacles: walls, ceilings, furniture... etc.
- > Building Materials: metal door, aluminum studs.
- Electrical devices: microwaves, monitors and electrical motors.

Solutions to overcome the interferences:

- ✓ Minimizing the number of walls and ceilings.
- ✓ Position the WLAN antenna for best reception.
- ✓ Keep WLAN devices away from other electrical devices, eg: microwaves, monitors, electric motors, ... etc.
- ✓ Add additional WLAN Access Points if necessary.

4.8 What are the Open System and Shared Key authentications?

IEEE 802.11 supports two subtypes of network authentication services: open system and shared key. Under open system authentication, any wireless station can request authentication. The station that needs to authenticate with another wireless station sends an authentication management frame that contains the identity of the sending station. The receiving station then returns a frame that indicates whether it recognizes the sending station. Under shared key authentication, each wireless station is assumed to have received a secret shared key over a secure channel that is independent from the 802.11 wireless network communications channel.

4.9 What is WEP?

An optional IEEE 802.11 function that offers frame transmission privacy similar to a wired network. The Wired Equivalent Privacy generates secret shared encryption keys that both source and destination stations can use to alert frame bits to avoid disclosure to eavesdroppers.

WEP relies on a secret key that is shared between a mobile station (e.g. a laptop with a wireless Ethernet card) and an access point (i.e. a base station). The secret key is used to encrypt packets before they are transmitted, and an integrity check is used to ensure that packets are not modified in transit.

4.10 What is Fragment Threshold?

The proposed protocol uses the frame fragmentation mechanism defined in IEEE 802.11 to achieve parallel transmissions. A large data frame is fragmented into several

fragments each of size equal to fragment threshold. By tuning the fragment threshold value, we can get varying fragment sizes. The determination of an efficient fragment threshold is an important issue in this scheme. If the fragment threshold is small, the overlap part of the master and parallel transmissions is large. This means the spatial reuse ratio of parallel transmissions is high. In contrast, with a large fragment threshold, the overlap is small and the spatial reuse ratio is low. However high fragment threshold leads to low fragment overhead. Hence there is a trade-off between spatial re-use and fragment overhead.

Fragment threshold is the maximum packet size used for fragmentation. Packets larger than the size programmed in this field will be fragmented.

If you find that your corrupted packets or asymmetric packet reception (all send packets, for example). You may want to try lowering your fragmentation threshold. This will cause packets to be broken into smaller fragments. These small fragments, if corrupted, can be resent faster than a larger fragment. Fragmentation increases overhead, so you'll want to keep this value as close to the maximum value as possible.

4.11 What is RTS (Request To Send) Threshold?

The RTS threshold is the packet size at which packet transmission is governed by the RTS/CTS transaction. The IEEE 802.11-1997 standard allows for short packets to be transmitted without RTS/CTS transactions. Each station can have a different RTS threshold. RTS/CTS is used when the data packet size exceeds the defined RTS threshold. With the CSMA/CA transmission mechanism, the transmitting station sends out an RTS packet to the receiving station, and waits for the receiving station to send back a CTS (Clear to Send) packet before sending the actual packet data.

This setting is useful for networks with many clients. With many clients, and a high network load, there will be many more collisions. By lowering the RTS threshold, there may be fewer collisions, and performance should improve. Basically, with a faster RTS threshold, the system can recover from problems faster. RTS packets consume valuable bandwidth, however, so setting this value too low will limit performance.

4.12 What is Beacon Interval?

In addition to data frames that carry information from higher layers, 802.11 includes management and control frames that support data transfer. The beacon frame, which is a type of management frame, provides the "heartbeat" of a wireless LAN, enabling

stations to establish and maintain communications in an orderly fashion.

Beacon Interval represents the amount of time between beacon transmissions. Before a station enters power save mode, the station needs the beacon interval to know when to wake up to receive the beacon (and learn whether there are buffered frames at the access point).

4.13 What is Preamble Type?

There are two preamble types defined in IEEE 802.11 specification. A long preamble basically gives the decoder more time to process the preamble. All 802.11 devices support a long preamble. The short preamble is designed to improve efficiency (for example, for VoIP systems). The difference between the two is in the Synchronization field. The long preamble is 128 bits, and the short is 56 bits.

4.14 What is SSID Broadcast?

Broadcast of SSID is done in access points by the beacon. This announces your access point (including various bits of information about it) to the wireless world around it. By disabling that feature, the SSID configured in the client must match the SSID of the access point.

Some wireless devices don't work properly if SSID isn't broadcast (for example the D-link DWL-120 USB 802.11b adapter). Generally if your client hardware supports operation with SSID disabled, it's not a bad idea to run that way to enhance network security. However it's no replacement for WEP, MAC filtering or other protections.

4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?

Wi-Fi's original security mechanism, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), has been viewed as insufficient for securing confidential business communications. A longer-term solution, the IEEE 802.11i standard, is under development. However, since the IEEE 802.11i standard is not expected to be published until the end of 2003, several members of the WI-Fi Alliance teamed up with members of the IEEE 802.11i task group to develop a significant near-term enhancement to Wi-Fi security. Together, this team developed Wi-Fi Protected Access.

To upgrade a WLAN network to support WPA, Access Points will require a WPA software upgrade. Clients will require a software upgrade for the network interface card, and possibly a software update for the operating system. For enterprise networks, an

authentication server, typically one that supports RADIUS and the selected EAP authentication protocol, will be added to the network.

4.16 What is WPA2?

It is the second generation of WPA. WPA2 is based on the final IEEE 802.11i amendment to the 802.11 standard.

4.17 What is 802.1x Authentication?

802.1x is a framework for authenticated MAC-level access control, defines Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) over LANs (WAPOL). The standard encapsulates and leverages much of EAP, which was defined for dial-up authentication with Point-to-Point Protocol in RFC 2284.

Beyond encapsulating EAP packets, the 802.1x standard also defines EAPOL messages that convey the shared key information critical for wireless security.

4.18 What is Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)?

The Temporal Key Integrity Protocol, pronounced tee-kip, is part of the IEEE 802.11i encryption standard for wireless LANs. TKIP is the next generation of WEP, the Wired Equivalency Protocol, which is used to secure 802.11 wireless LANs. TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a re-keying mechanism, thus fixing the flaws of WEP.

4.19 What is Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)?

Security issues are a major concern for wireless LANs, AES is the U.S. government's next-generation cryptography algorithm, which will replace DES and 3DES.

4.20 What is Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)?

The IEEE 802.11f Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP) supports Access Point Vendor interoperability, enabling roaming of 802.11 Stations within IP subnet.

IAPP defines messages and data to be exchanged between Access Points and between the IAPP and high layer management entities to support roaming. The IAPP protocol uses TCP for inter-Access Point communication and UDP for RADIUS request/response exchanges. It also uses Layer 2 frames to update the forwarding tables of Layer 2 devices.

4.21 What is Wireless Distribution System (WDS)?

The Wireless Distribution System feature allows WLAN AP to talk directly to other APs via wireless channel, like the wireless bridge or repeater service.

4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?

UPnP is an open networking architecture that consists of services, devices, and control points. The ultimate goal is to allow data communication among all UPnP devices regardless of media, operating system, programming language, and wired/wireless connection.

4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) Size?

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) indicates the network stack of any packet is larger than this value will be fragmented before the transmission. During the PPP negotiation, the peer of the PPP connection will indicate its MRU and will be accepted. The actual MTU of the PPP connection will be set to the smaller one of MTU and the peer's MRU. The default is value 1400.

4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?

Clone MAC address is designed for your special application that request the clients to register to a server machine with one identified MAC address.

Since that all the clients will communicate outside world through the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER, so have the cloned MAC address set on the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER will solve the issue.

4.25 What is DDNS?

DDNS is the abbreviation of Dynamic Domain Name Server. It is designed for user own the DNS server with dynamic WAN IP address.

4.26 What is NTP Client?

NTP client is designed for fetching the current timestamp from internet via Network Time protocol. User can specify time zone, NTP server IP address.

4.27 What is VPN?

VPN is the abbreviation of Virtual Private Network. It is designed for creating point-to point private link via shared or public network.

4.28 What is IPSEC?

IPSEC is the abbreviation of IP Security. It is used to transferring data securely under VPN.

5 Configuration Examples

5.1 Example One – PPPoE on the WAN

Sales division of Company ABC likes to establish a WLAN network to support mobile communication on sales' Notebook PCs. MIS engineer collects information and plans the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER implementation by the following configuration.

WAN configuration:

PPPoE

User Name	H890123456
Password	PW192867543210

LAN configuration

IP Address	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
DHCP Client Range	192.168.1.100 – 192.168.1.200

WLAN configuration

SSID	MyWLAN
Channel Number	11

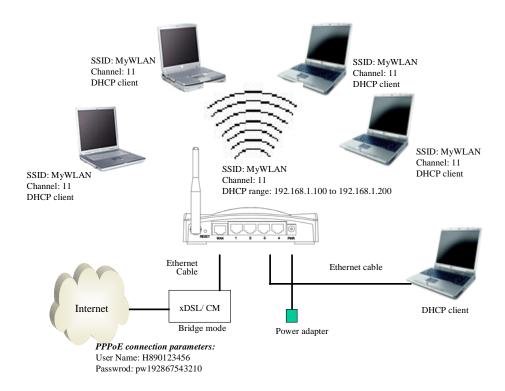


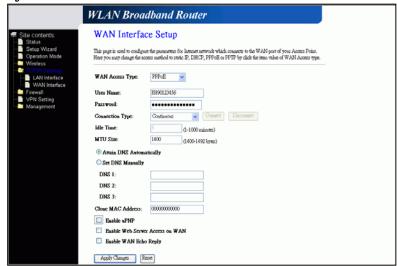
Figure 3 – Configuration Example One – PPPoE on the WAN

Configure the WAN interface:

PPPoE then enter the User Name
"H890123456" and Password
"PW192867543210", the password is encrypted to display on the screen.

Open WAN Interface

Setup page, select



Press

Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

Configure the LAN interface:

Open LAN Interface
Setup page, enter the IP
Address
"192.168.1.254",
Subnet Mask
"255.255.255.0",
Default Gateway
"0.0.0.0", enable DHCP
Server, DHCP client
range "192.168.1.100"
to "192.168.1.200".



Press

Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

Configure the WLAN interface:

Open WLAN
Interface Setup page,
enter the SSID
"MyWLAN",
Channel Number
"11".



Press

Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

5.2 Example Two – Fixed IP on the WAN

Company ABC likes to establish a WLAN network to support mobile communication on all employees' Notebook PCs. MIS engineer collects information and plans the WLAN 11G AP ROUTER implementation by the following configuration.

WAN configuration:

Fixed IP

IP Address	192.168.2.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.10
DNS Address	168.95.1.1

LAN configuration

IP Address	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.254
DHCP Client Range	192.168.1.100 – 192.168.1.200

WLAN configuration

SSID	MyWLAN
Channel Number	11

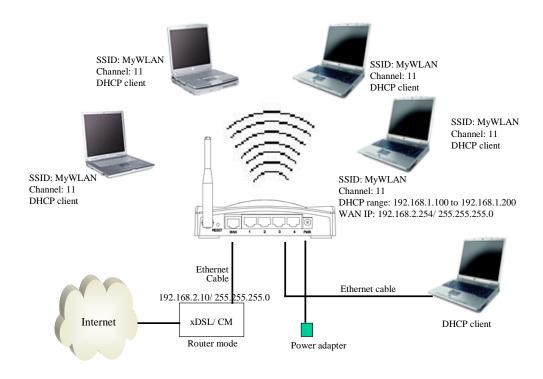


Figure 4 – Configuration Example Two – Fixed IP on the WAN

Configure the WAN interface:

Open WAN Interface Setup page, select Fixed IP then enter IP Address "192.168.2.254", subnet mask "255.255.255.0",

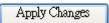
Default gateway

"192.168.2.10".

WAN Interface Setup This page is used to configure the parameters for latenet network which connects to the WAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the access method to static IP, DMCP, PFPoE or PFTP by click the item value of WAN Access typ WAN Access Type: Static IP IP Address 192.168.2.254 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway 192.168.2.10 DNS 1: 192.168.2.5 Clone MAC Address: 0000000000 Enable uPNP Enable Web Server Access on WAN Enable WAN Echo Reply Apply Changes Reset

WLAN Broadband Router

Press

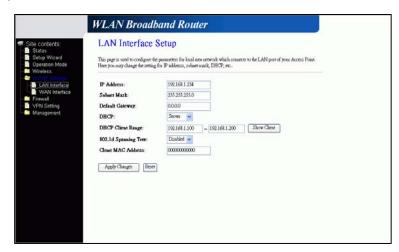


button to confirm the configuration setting.

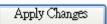
Configure the LAN interface:

Open LAN Interface Setup page, enter the IP Address "192.168.1.254", Subnet Mask "255.255.255.0", enable DHCP Server, DHCP client range "192.168.1.100" to

"192.168.1.200".



Press



button to confirm the configuration setting.

Configure the WLAN interface:

Open WLAN
Interface Setup page,
enter the SSID
"MyWLAN",
Channel Number
"11".



Apply Changes

Press

button to confirm the configuration setting.