

# Wireless MIMO LAN Card

- Wireless PC Card (CardBus)
- Wireless Mini PCI Module
- Wireless PCI Adapter

-  
IEEE 802.11b/g

## User Manual

# FCC Information to User

## FCC Caution

To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

## Regulatory Compliance Information

This section includes user requirements for operating this product in accordance with National laws for usage of radio spectrum and operation of radio devices. Failure of the end-user to comply with the applicable requirements may result in unlawful operation and adverse action against the end-user by the applicable National regulatory authority.

## FCC Requirements for Operation in the United States

### Radio Frequency Interference Warnings & Instructions

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following methods:

Model: Wireless

PC Card

FCC ID:

Model: Wireless Mini

PCI Adapter

FCC ID:

Model: Wireless PCI

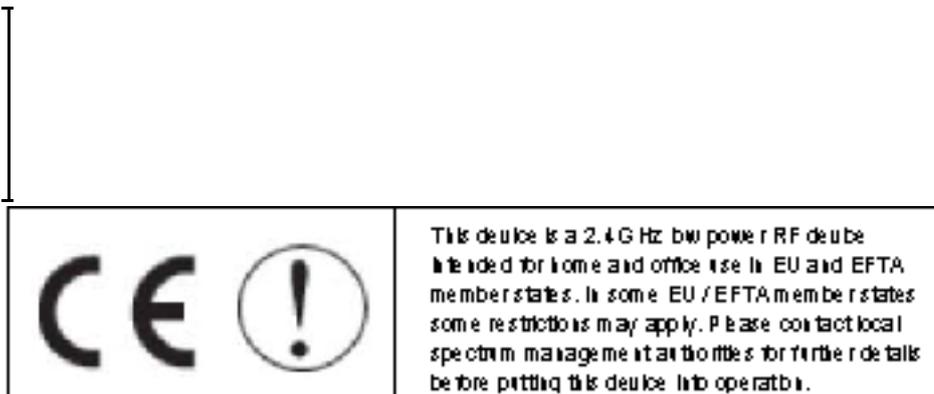
Adapter

FCC ID:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver
- Connect the equipment into an electrical outlet on a circuit different from that which the radio receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Modifications made to the product could void the user's right to operate the equipment.

## Europe - EU Declaration of Conformity



Note: CE certificate is not applied for module.

## R&TTE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/CE OF THE

EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL of March 9, 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) As of April 8, 2000.

## Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

## Requirements For Operation in the European Community

### Countries of Operation and Conditions of Use in the European Community

The user should run the utility program provided with this product to check the current channel of operation and confirm that the device is operating in conformance with the spectrum usage rules for European Community countries as described in this section. This device is intended to be operated in all countries of the European Community.

### Operation Using 2.4 GHz Channels in France

The following radio channel usage limitations apply in France.

The radio spectrum regulator in France, Autorité de regulation des telecommunications (ART), enforces the following rules with respect to use of 2.4GHz spectrum in various locations in France. Please check ART's web site for latest requirements for use of the 2.4GHz band in France: <http://www.art-telecom.fr/eng/index.htm>.

This device is a 2.4 GHz low power RF device intended for home and office use in EU and EFTA member states. In some EU / EFTA member states some restrictions may apply. Please contact local spectrum management authorities for further details before putting this device into operation.

When operating in the following metropolitan regions (départements) in France, this device may be operated under the following conditions:

- Indoors using any channel in the 2.4-2.4835 GHz band (Channels 1-13)
- Outdoors using channels in the 2.4-2.454 GHz band (Channels 1-7)

When operating outside of the following regions (départements) in France such as Guadeloupe, Martinique, St Pierre et Miquelon, Mayotte, this product can be operated under the following conditions:

- Indoors using any channel in the 2.4-2.4835 GHz band (Channels 1-13)
- Outdoors using any channel in the 2.4-2.4835 GHz band (Channels 1-13)

When operating outside of the following regions (départements) in France such as Réunion and Guyana, this product can be operated under the following conditions:

- Indoors using any channel in the 2.4-2.4835 GHz band (Channels 1-13)
- Outdoors using channels in the 2.420-2.4835 GHz band (Channels 3-13)

Please refer to the ART web site for further details.

Metropolitan Regions:

01	Ain	36	Indre	69	Rhône
02	Aisne	37	Indre et Loire	70	Haute Saône
03	Allier	39	Jura	71	Saône et Loire
05	Hautes Alpes	41	Loir et Cher	72	Sarthe
08	Ardennes	42	Loire	75	Paris
09	Ariège	45	Loiret	77	Seine et Marne
10	Aube	50	Manche	78	Yvelines
11	Aude	54	Meurthe et Moselle	79	Deux Sèvres
12	Aveyron	55	Meuse	82	Tarn et Garonne
16	Charente	57	Moselle	84	Vaucluse
19	Corrèze	58	Nièvre	86	Vienne
2A	Corse Sud	59	Nord	88	Vosges
2B	Haute Corse	60	Oise	89	Yonne
21	Côte d'Or	61	Orne	90	Territoire de Belfort
24	Dordogne	63	Puy de Dôme	91	Essonne
25	Doubs	64	Pyrénées Atlantique	92	Hauts de Seine
26	Drôme	65	Hautes Pyrénées	93	Seine St Denis
27	Eure	66	Pyrénées Orientales	94	Val de Marne
32	Gers	67	Bas Rhin		
35	Ille et Vilaine	68	Haut Rhin		

Important Note:

A WLAN device operating according to Section 15.247 on Channels 1-11 between 2400-2483.5 MHz must not have any user controls or software to allow the device to operate on channels 12 and 13 which are outside of the allowed USA band. Therefore, the function of country code selections already be disable on the device.

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

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## 1.1 Preface

The Wireless LAN Card frees you from traditional Ethernet wiring and helps you connect to an existing wireless network for sharing your broadband cable or DSL Internet access. It is designed for computers running Microsoft® Windows® 98SE, ME, 2000 and XP operating systems. Its auto-sensing capability allows high packet transfer at up to 54 Mbps for maximum throughput or dynamic range shifting to lower speeds due to distance or operating limitations in an environment with a lot of electromagnetic interference. The power saving capability eliminates from wasting power especially in Laptop PC. This card complies with 2.4GHz IEEE 802.11b/g standards and can protect data integrity with enterprise-level WPA security. With the additional software AP function, you can easily convert your PC into an Access Point virtually. You can setup this card as a Client Station or an Access Point via a powerful WLAN management software utility stored in the packaged CD. This accommodating dual-functionality makes it your best choice to cooperate with a PC with no cabling hassle.

## 1.2 Key Features

- Operate at 2.4GHz unlicensed frequency with data transmission rate up to 54Mbps
- IEEE standards support: IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g
- Advanced security features including WEP, WPA
- 32-bit CardBus / Mini PCI type IIIB / 32-bit PCI Rev. 2.2 interface
- Full-featured WLAN management software utility
- Compatible with Windows 98SE, ME, 2000 and XP

## 1.3 Kit Contents

- Wireless LAN Card (PC Card (CardBus) / Mini PCI Module / PCI Adapter)
- Set-up CD with user manual & software utility

## 1.4 System Requirements

A computer must be at least equipped with the following requirements:

- available PC Card slot / Mini PCI slot / PCI slot
- CD-ROM drive
- Microsoft® Windows® 98SE, ME, 2000 or XP operating system
- Pentium® II 450MHz or faster processor

- 64 Mbytes RAM
- 50 Mbytes free hard disk space

## 1.5 LED Definition

- Ready: lit when the card is plugged in and ready to transmit or receive
- Link/Act: lit when the card is wirelessly connected; flash when it is transmitting or receiving

Note: Mini PCI Module has no LED indicators; PCI Adapter only has Link/Act LED.

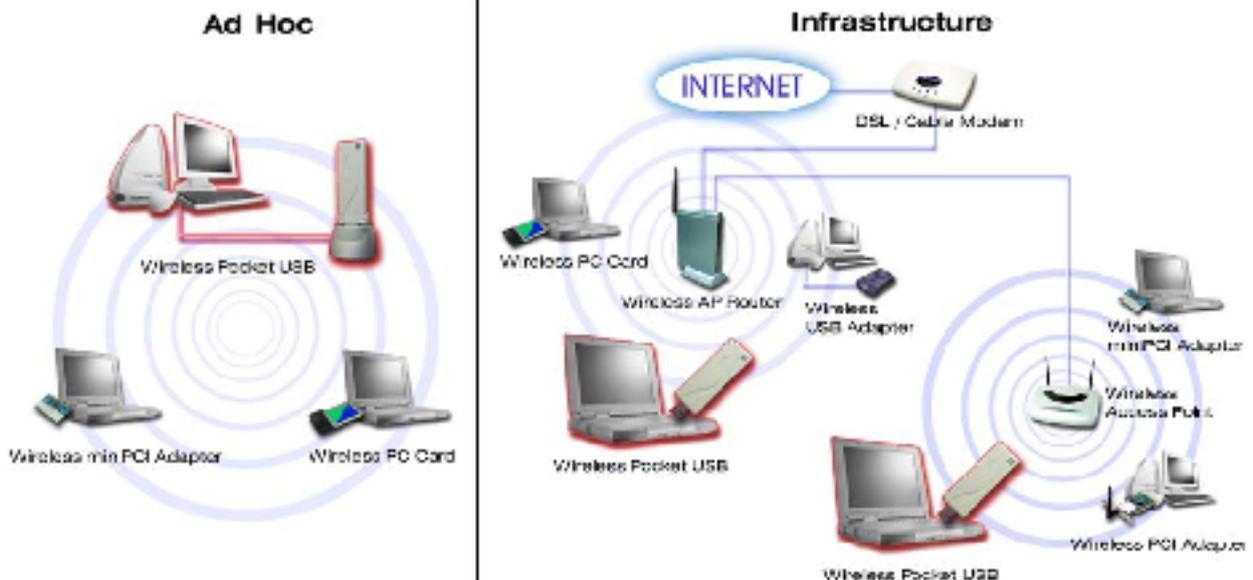


## 1.6 Two Basic Operating Modes

This card can be operated in the following two basic modes:

1. Infrastructure Mode: An 802.11 networking framework in which devices and computers communicate with each other by first going through an Access Point (AP). For example, this mode is used when computers in a house connect to an AP that is attached to a router that lets multiple computers share a single Cable or DSL broadband Internet connection.
2. Ad Hoc Mode: An 802.11 networking framework in which devices or computers communicate directly with each other, without the use of an AP. For example, Ad Hoc Mode is used when two Windows computers are configured with file and print sharing enabled and you want to exchange files directly between them.

Both of these configuration options are available with this card and are instructed in this user manual.



## 1.7 Location and Range

Computers can connect over wireless networks indoors at a range that vary significantly based on the physical location of the computer with this card. For best results, avoid potential sources of interference, such as: large metal surfaces, microwaves ovens or 2.4GHz cordless phones. In general, wireless devices can communicate through walls. However, if the walls are constructed with concrete, or have metal, or metal mesh, the effective range will decrease between the devices.

## Chapter 2 Basic Installation

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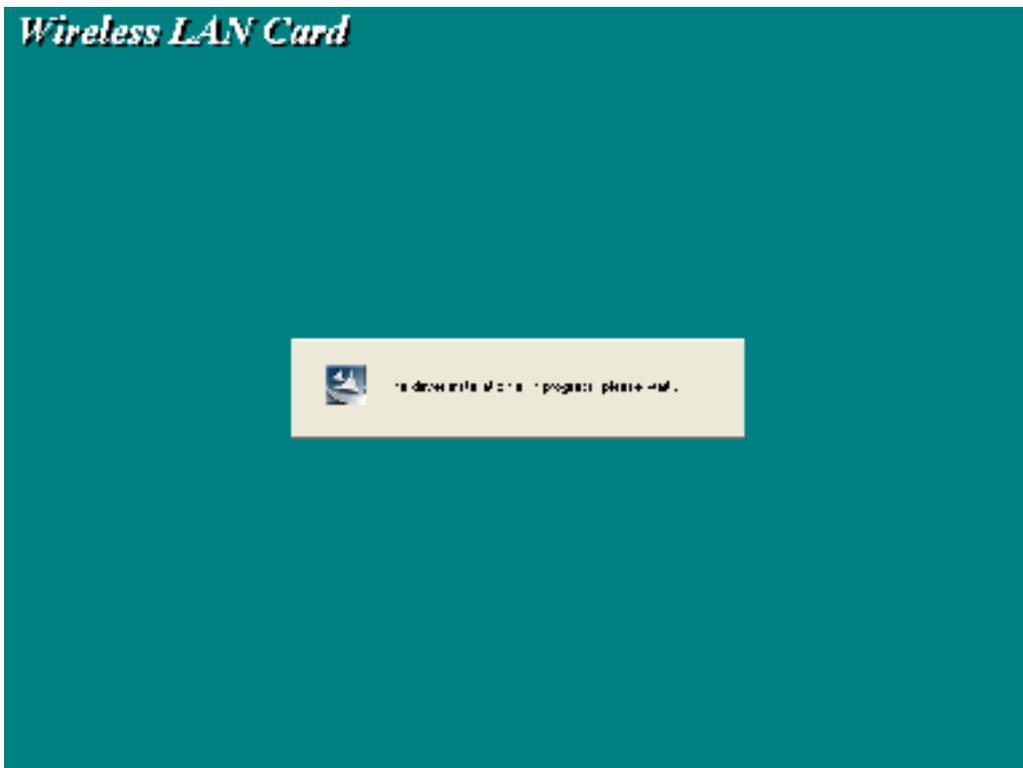
### 2.1 Install the Wireless LAN Card

1. Make sure this card is firmly installed in your PC.
2. Turn on your PC and log in the operating system.

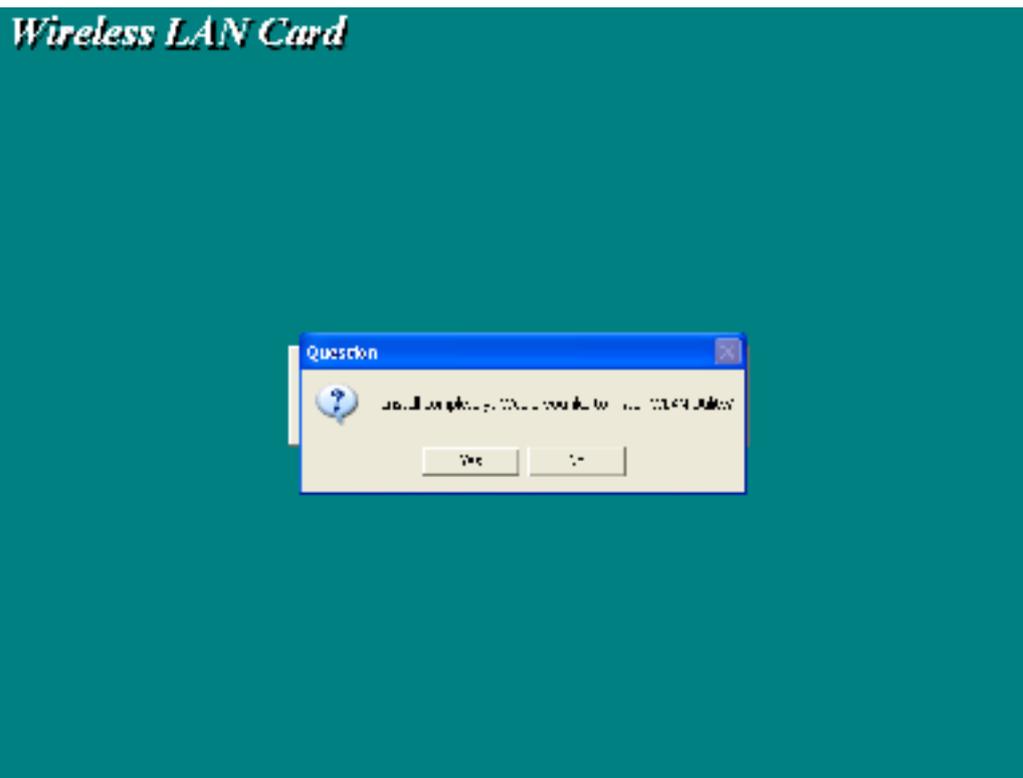
### 2.2 Install the Driver and Software Utility

1. Click "Cancel" to close the Find New Hardware diagram. Insert the packaged CD into your CD-ROM drive. The CD will automatically start to install the driver and utility into your PC.

## *Wireless LAN Card*



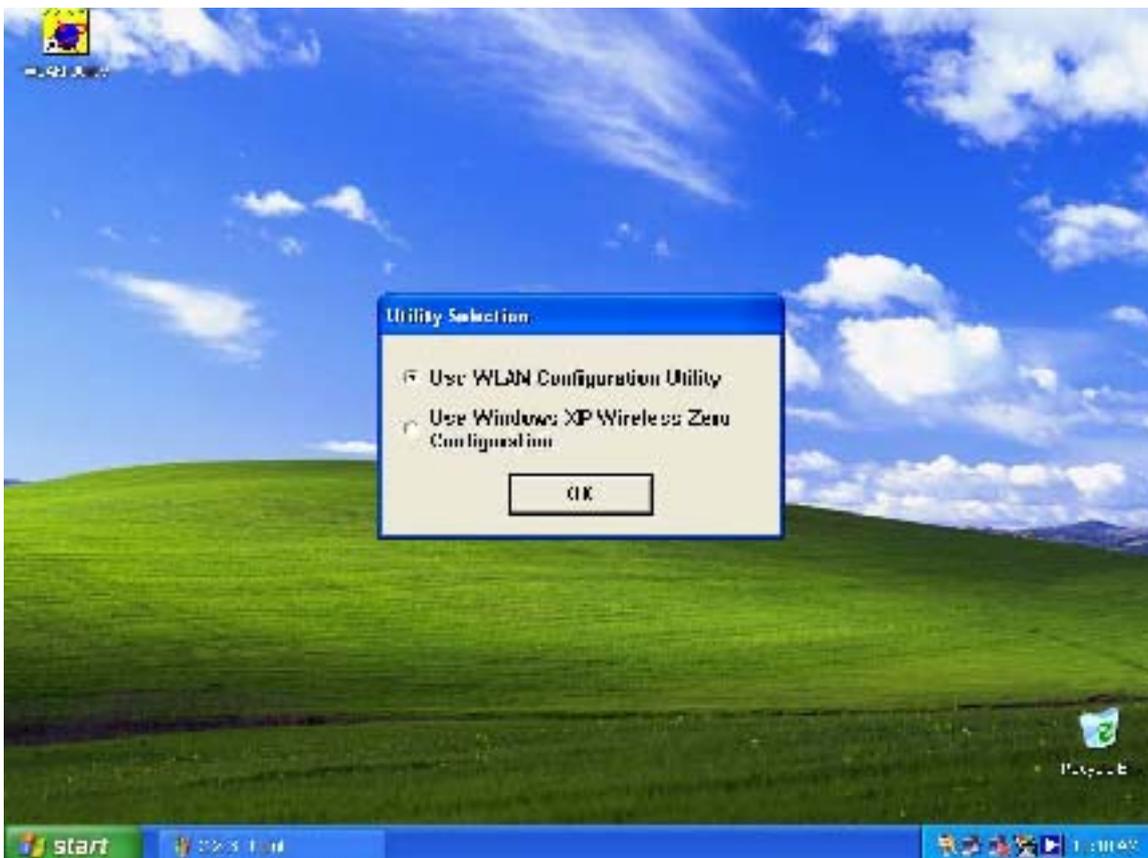
2. Click “Yes” to proceed the WLAN Utility installation.



3. Click “Finish” and the utility shortcut will appear on your desktop after a little while. Double click this shortcut.



4. For Windows XP users, you will be asked to select the software utility installed or the Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration. This manual instructs the former. (For better usage, please make sure that your Windows XP operating system has been installed Windows XP Service Pack 1a and Windows XP Support Patch for Wi-Fi Protected Access.)



5. You will see this card's system tray icon on the lower right portion of the Windows task bar.

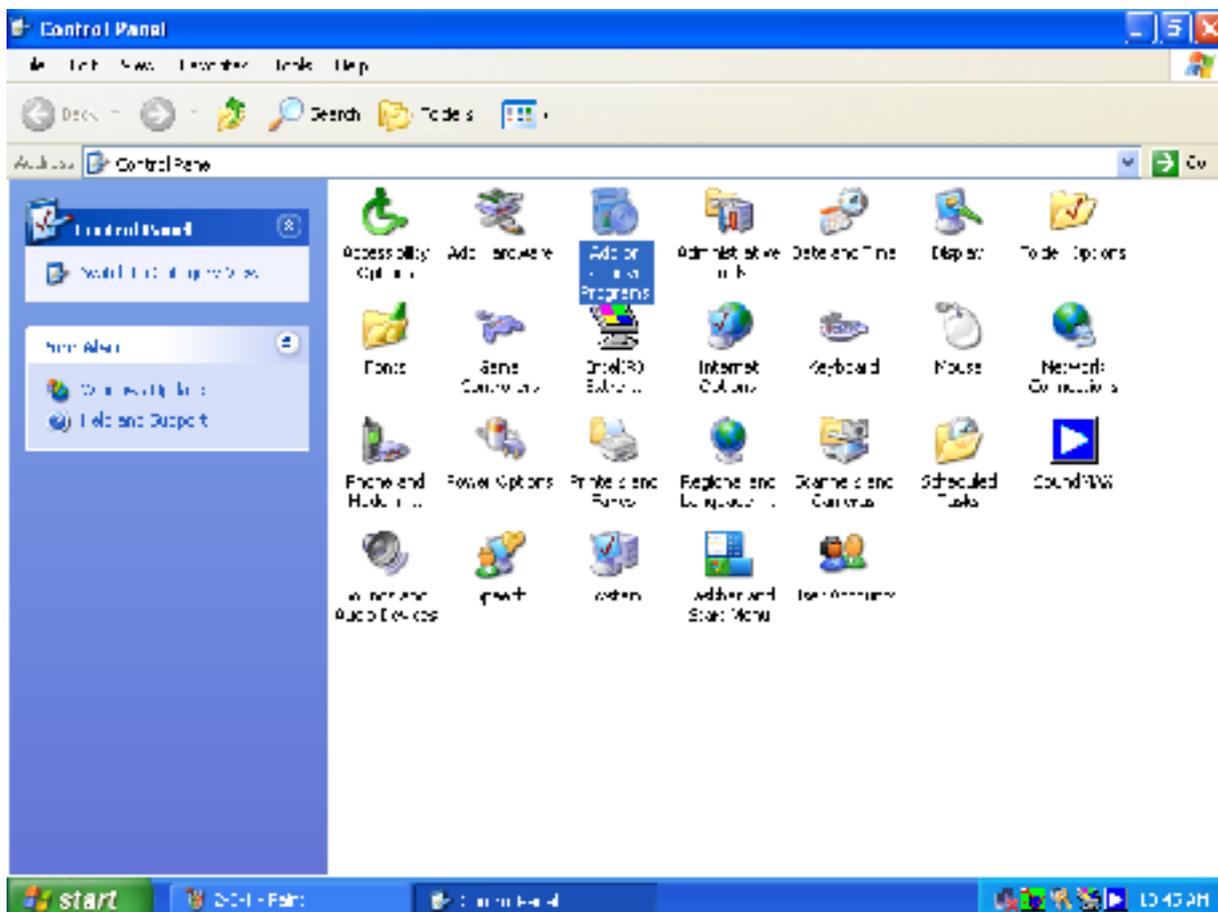


## 2.3 Uninstall the Driver and Software Utility

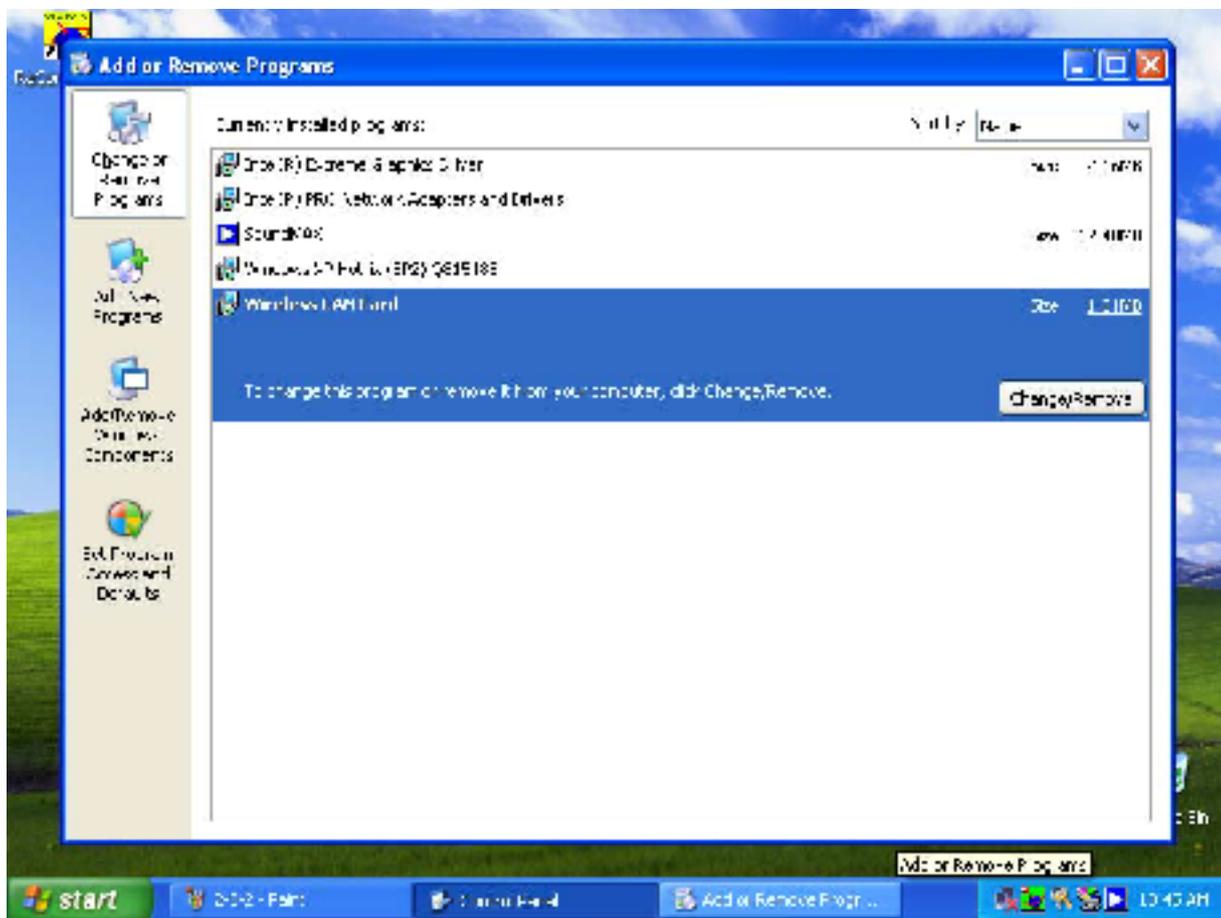
1. Open Control Panel.



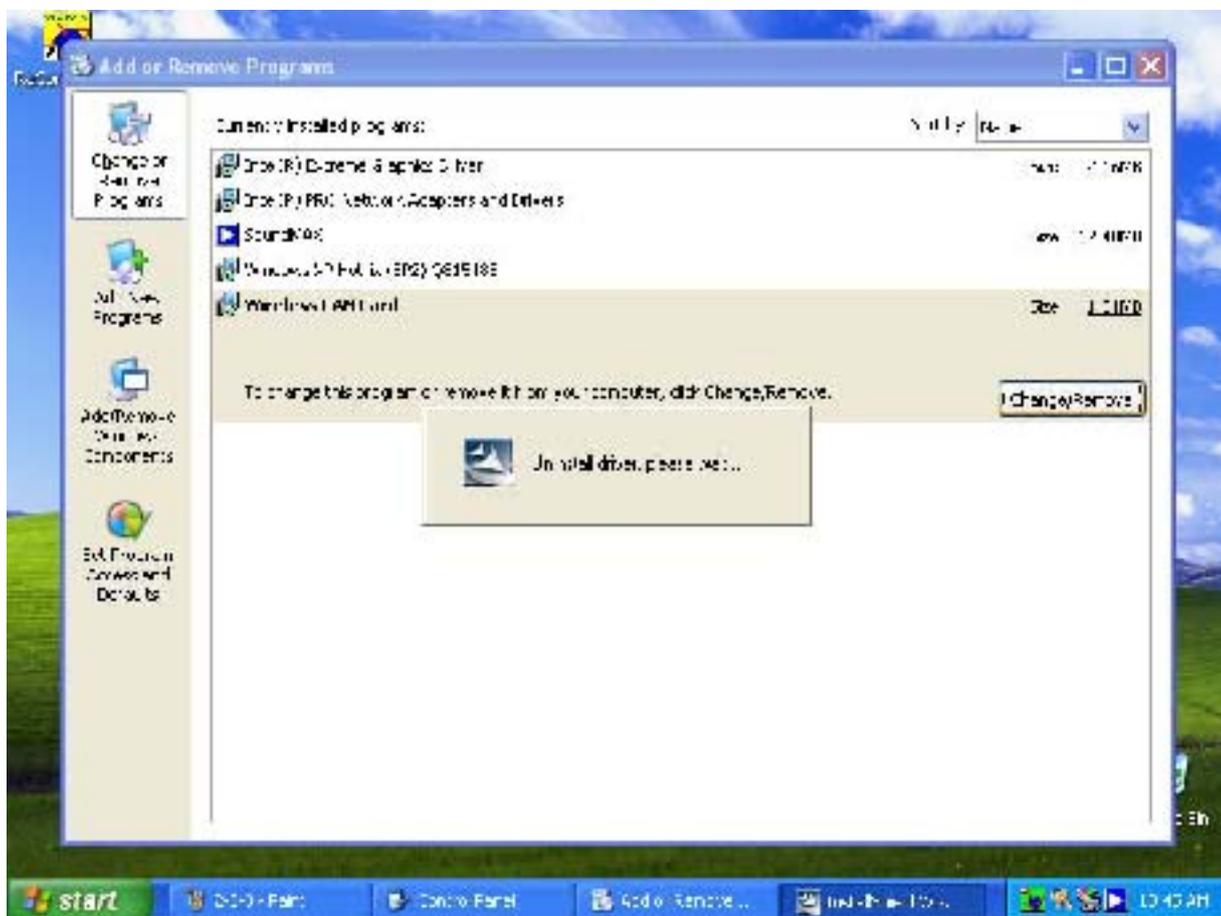
2. Double click Add or Remove Programs.



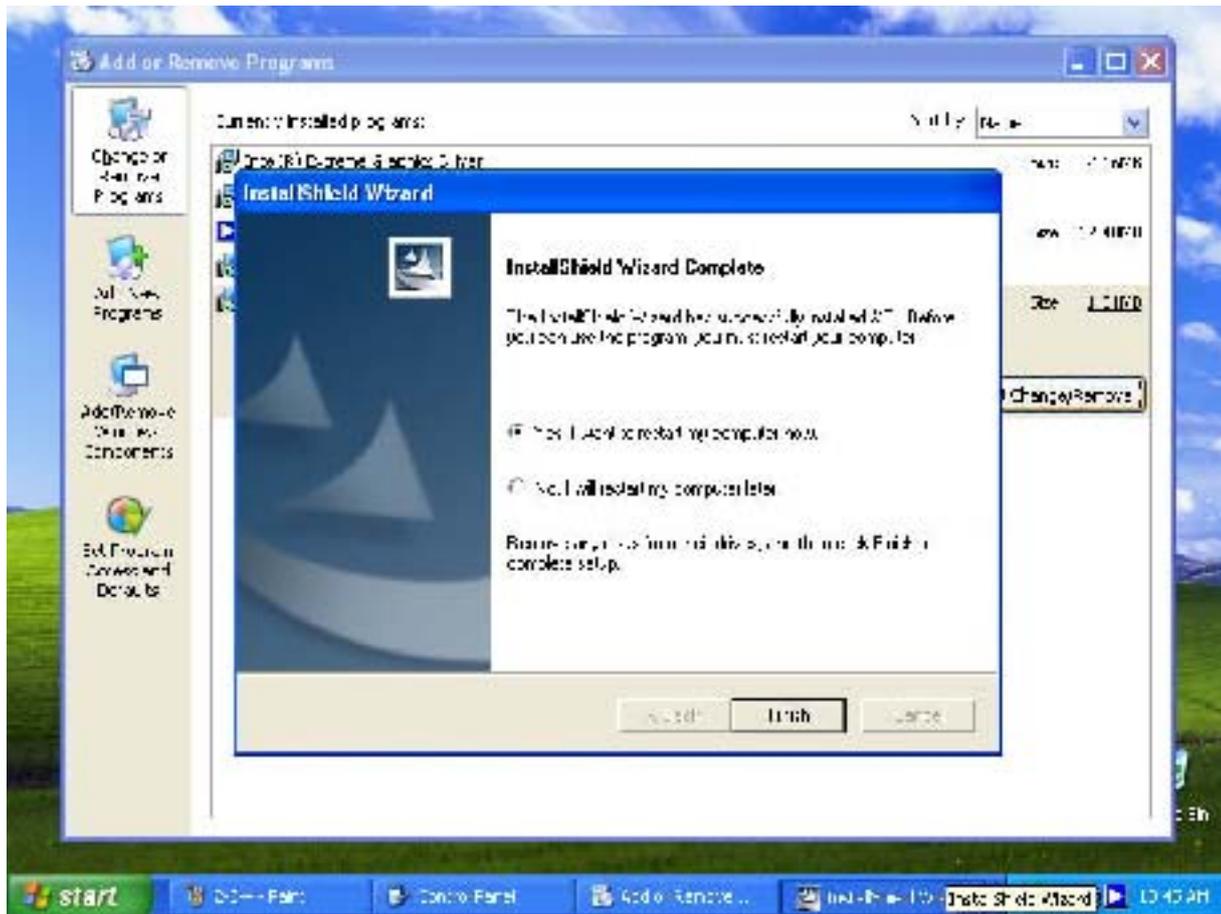
3. Select the Wireless LAN Card from the list.



4. Click the Change/Remove button.



5. Select Yes, I want to restart my computer now., and then click Finish.



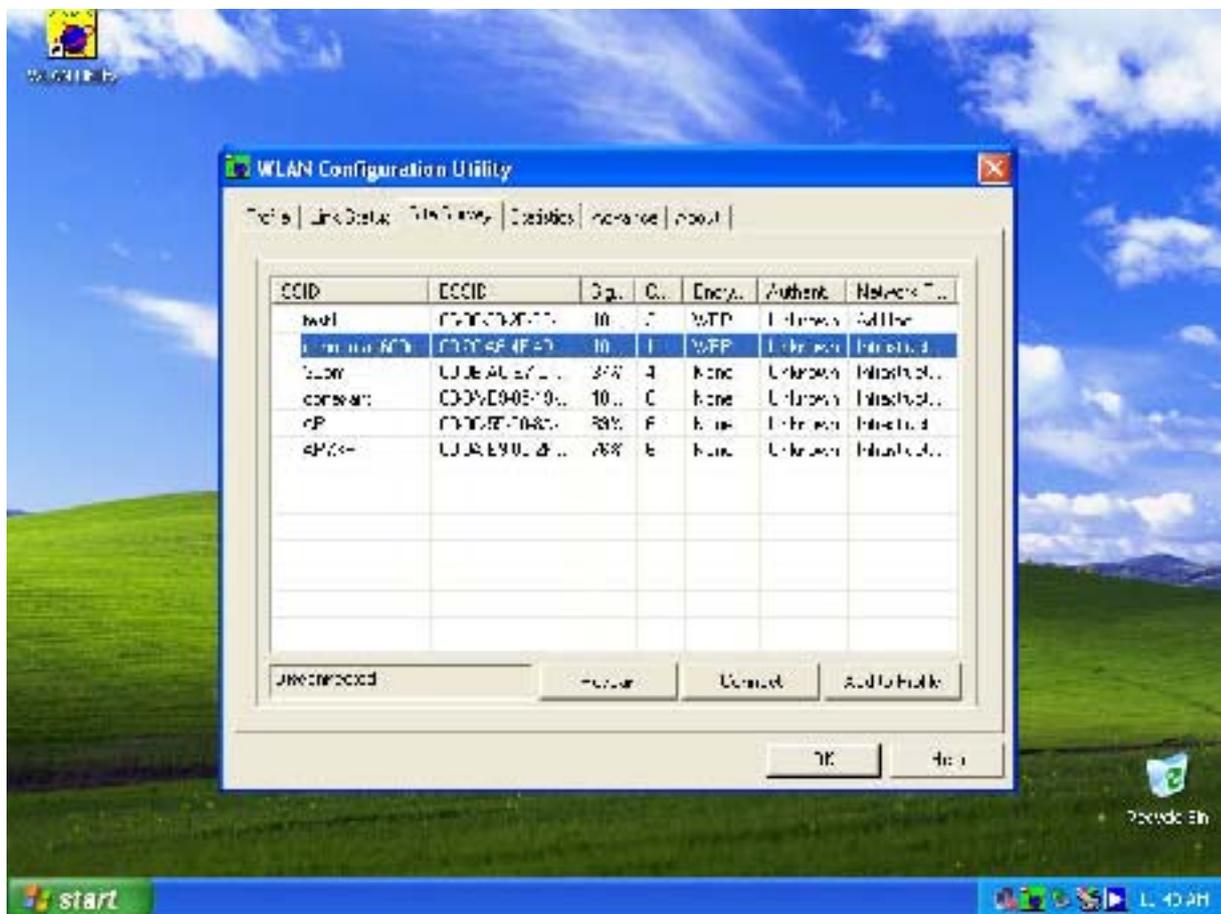
## Chapter 3 Quick Start to Join in a Wireless Network

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1. Double click the card's system tray icon to open the WLAN Configuration Utility.

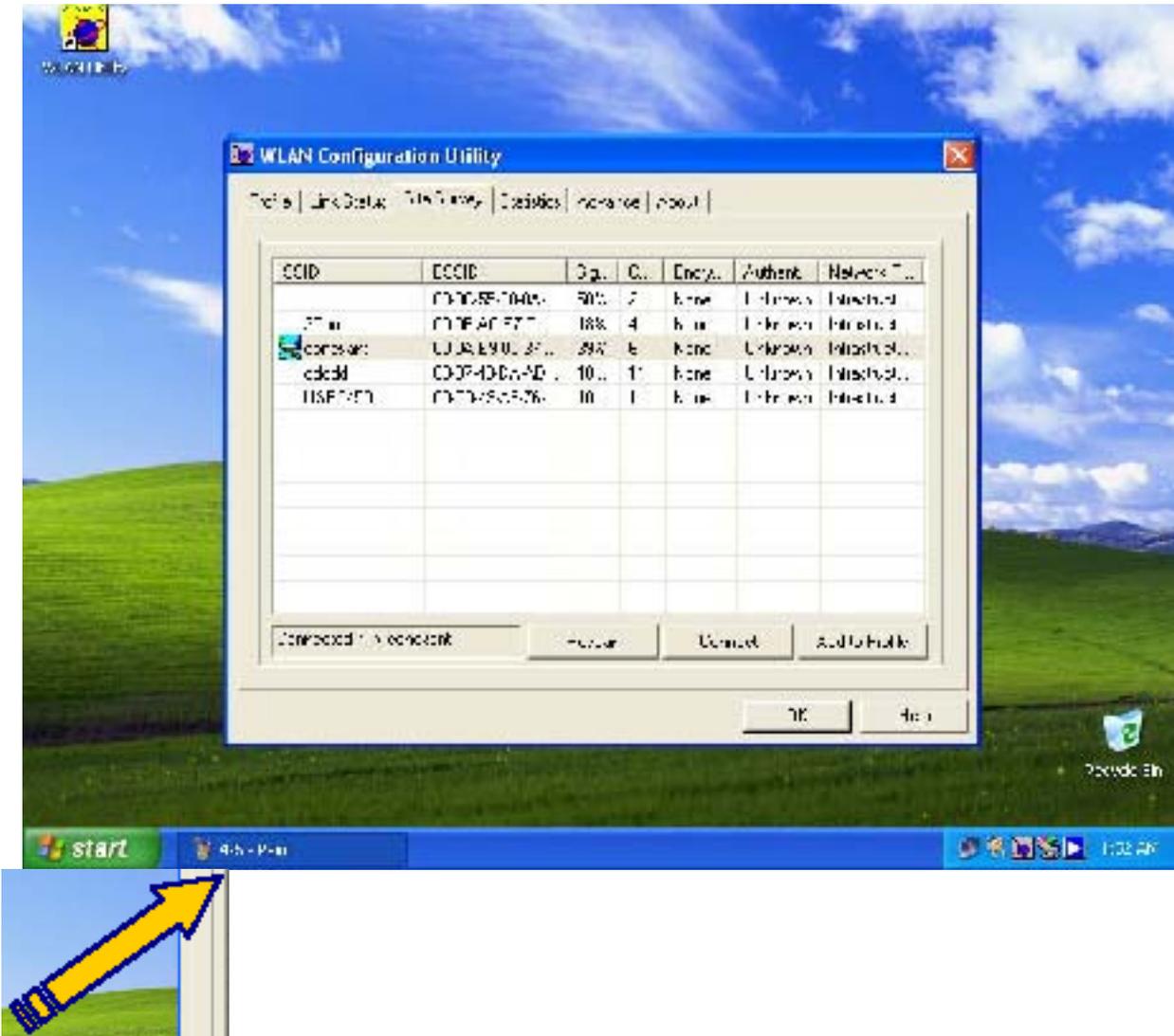


2. Click the Site Survey tab.



3. This card will auto-select the best wireless network to connect. You can also

select one network with strongest signal and no security, and click the Connect button. A Connected icon will appear when the card is linked to the selected network.



4. Refer to [Chapter 5 Configuration](#) for more configuration details.

## Chapter 4 Software Utility -WLAN Configuration Utility

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### 4.1 Overview

Profiles: A set of preset system parameters, or “snapshots”, of the available APs within a wireless network. You can record these “snapshots”. After this card is connected to an AP, you can save the system parameters as these specific profiles. It significantly minimizes access time to the same wireless network while this card is initializing.

Link Status: A status screen that tells you information of this card and link condition of the current network.

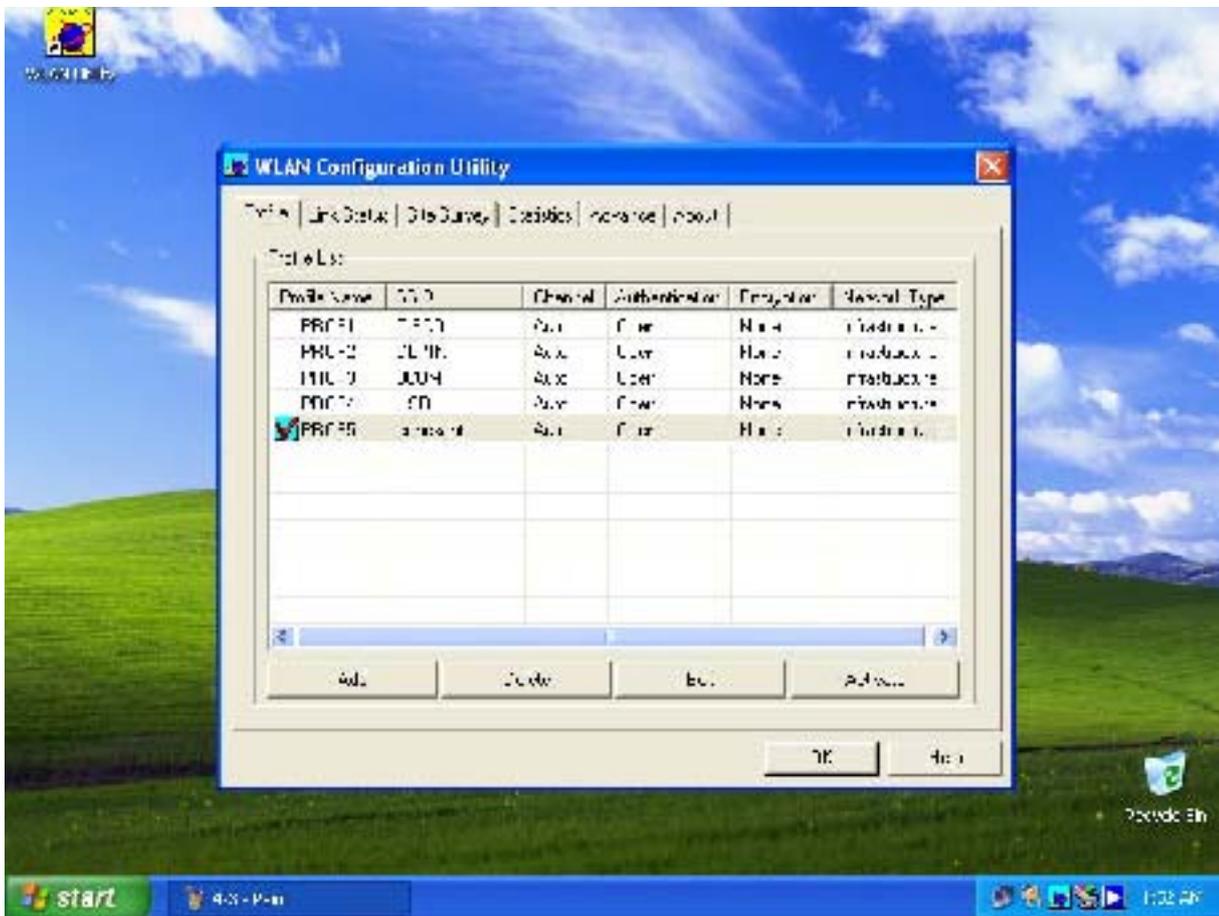
Site Survey: Initiate a survey of the current available wireless networks and display these APs, the Ad Hoc stations, and their associated information.

Statistics: Monitor the card's current traffic activity when connected to a wireless network.

Advance: Configure advanced operation parameters and display extra options. Note that some options are not supported currently.

About: Hardware information of this card and its software elements. \_

### 4.2 Profiles Tab



#### 4.2.1 Profiles List Section

Profile Name: List all profiles you named.

SSID: The specific name of each AP or Ad Hoc station in your profiles.

Channel: Current channel adopted by this network.

Authentication: The authentication type adopted by each AP or Ad Hoc station.

Encryption: The encryption type adopted by each AP or Ad Hoc station.

Network Type: Infrastructure mode or Ad Hoc mode.

#### 4.2.2 Buttons

Add: Define a new profile. Refer to [4.8 Profile](#).

Delete: Delete a profile.

Edit: Alter an existing profile.

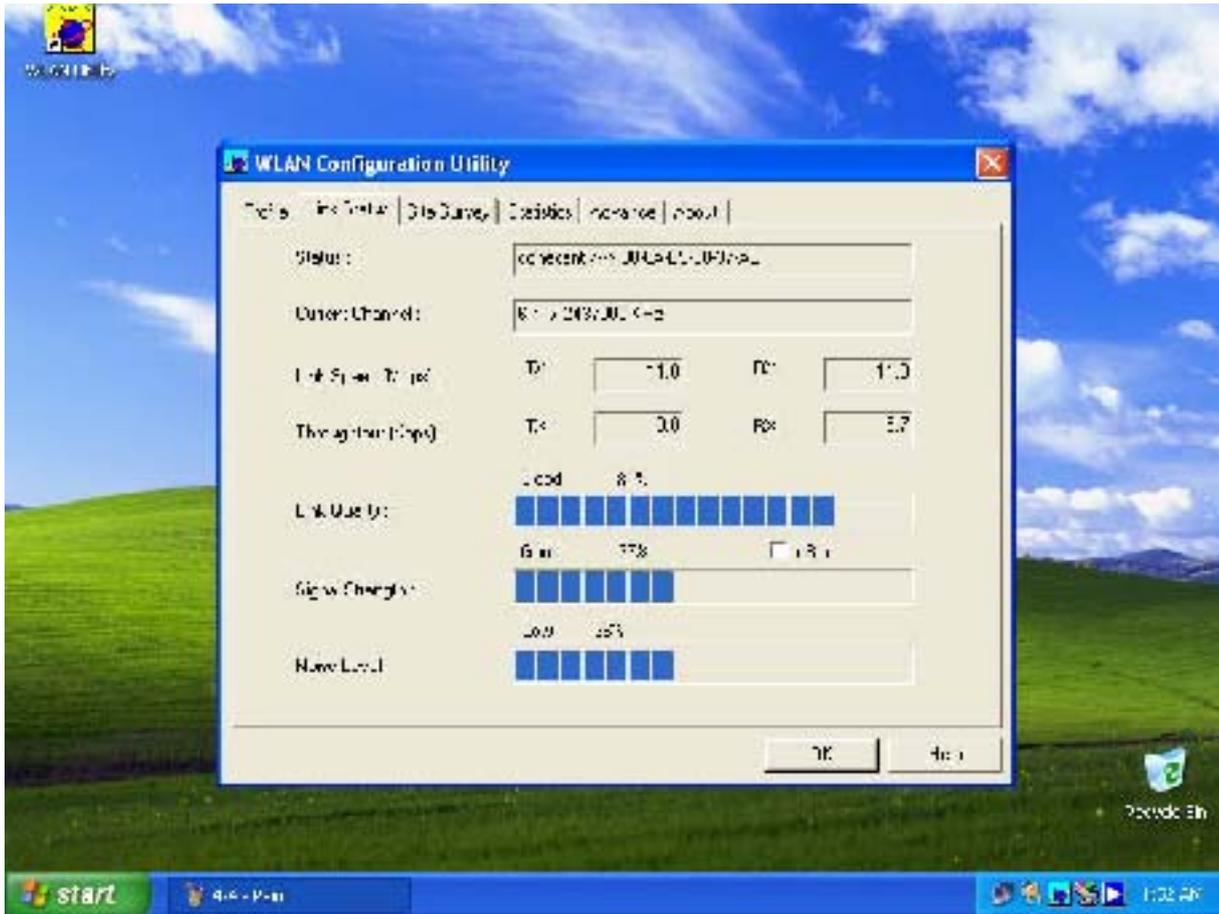
Activate: Connect the card to the selected network. \_

#### 4.2.3 Icon

 Connected: Connection built with this specified network.

 Disconnected: Fail to build connection with this specified network. \_

### 4.3 Link Status Tab



Status: SSID and BSSID of the currently connected network.

Current Channel: Current channel and its corresponding frequency.

Link Speed (Mbps): The data transfer speed adopted by this network (measured in Mbits per second).

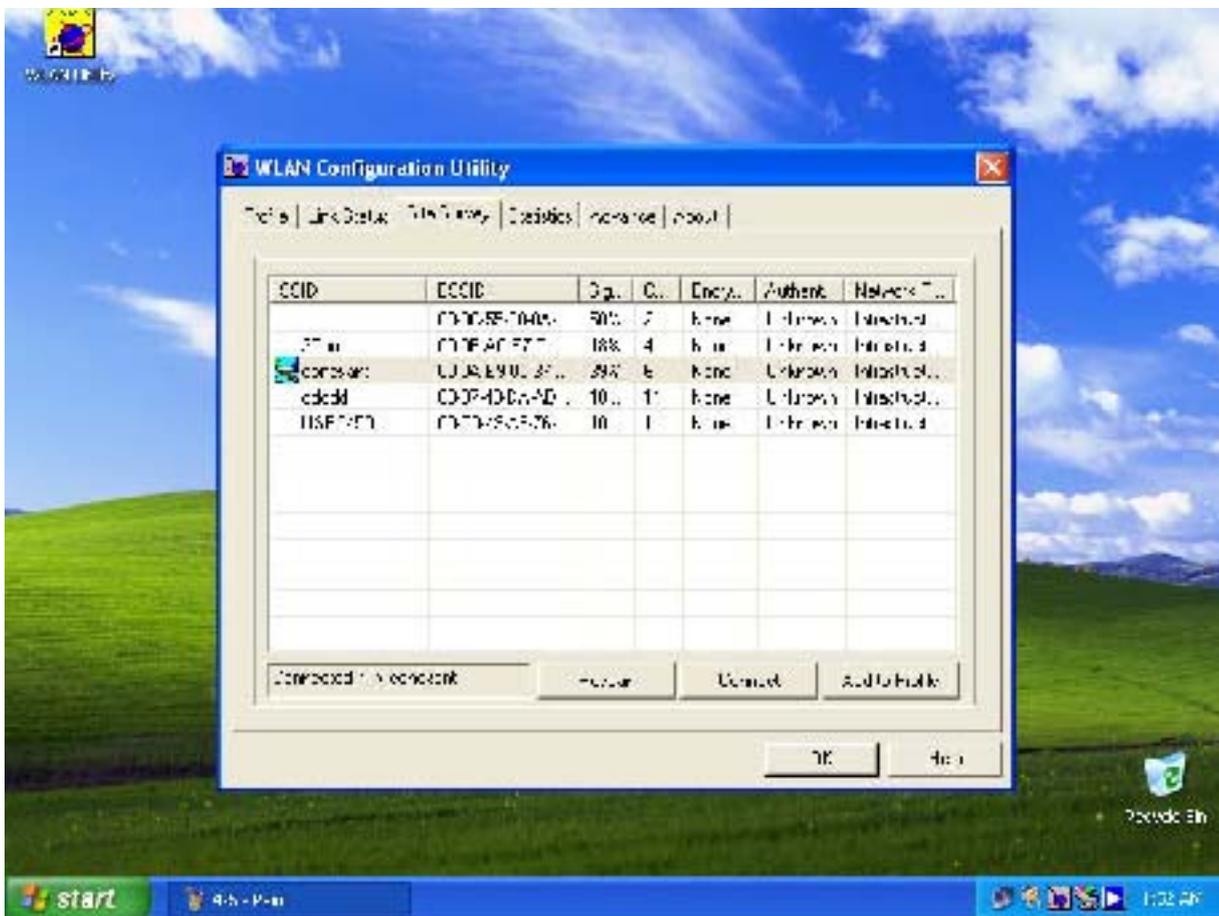
Throughput (Kbps): Current transmit rate (TX) and receive rate (RX) (measured in Kbits per second).

Link Quality: Throughput Level where 100% equals the maximum connection quality.

Signal Strength: The receive signal strength level. Check the dBm checkbox to display in dBm format.

Noise Level: Current interference level where 0% equals the best connection quality.

### 4.4 Site Survey Tab



#### 4.4.1 Site Section

SSID: The name of each AP or Ad Hoc station.

BSSID: The MAC address of SSID.

Signal: Indicate each associated network's link quality measured in percentage.

Channel: Current channel adopted by this network.

Encryption: The encryption type adopted by each AP or Ad Hoc station.

Authentication: The authentication type adopted by each AP or Ad Hoc station.

Network Type: Infrastructure mode or Ad Hoc mode.

#### 4.4.2 Buttons

Rescan: Update associated networks.

Connect: Connect to the selected network.

Add to Profile: Save the selected network connection status into a profile. Refer to [4.8 Add Profile.](#)

#### 4.4.3 Icons

 Connected: Connection built with this specified network. A status bar on the left-bottom side of the window will show the connected SSID.

## 4.5 Statistics Tab



### 4.5.1 Transmit Statistics Section

Frames Transmitted Successfully: The number of successfully transmitted frames.

Frames Transmitted Successfully without Retry: The number of successfully transmitted frames without any retry.

Frames Transmitted Successfully after Retry: The number of successfully transmitted frames with one or more retries.

Frames Fail to Receive ACK After all Retries: The number of unsuccessfully transmitted frame with many retries.

RTS Frames Successfully Receive CTS: The number of successfully received the CTS (Clear To Send) response after this card sends out the RTS (Request To Send) message.

RTS Frames Fail to Receive CTS: The number of unsuccessfully received the CTS response after this card sends out the RTS message.

### 4.5.2 Receive Statistics Section

Frames Received Successfully: The number of successfully received frames.

Frames Received with CRC Error: The number of received frames with CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Checking) error.

Frames Dropped due to Out-of-Resource: The number of dropped frames.

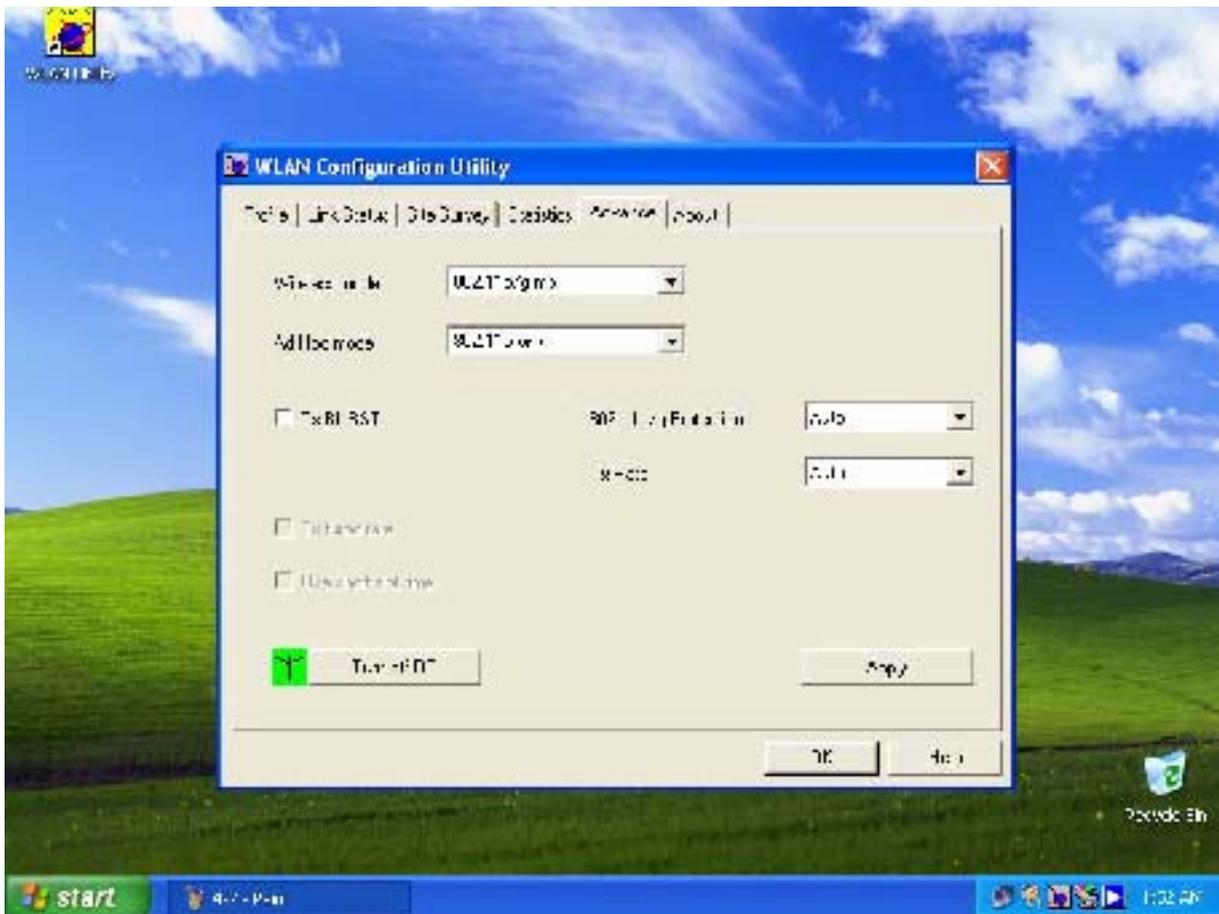
Duplicate Frames Received: The number of duplicate frames.

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#### 4.5.3 Button

Reset Counter: Restart the displayed statistics.

### 4.6 Advance Tab



#### 4.6.1 Drop Menu Section

Wireless mode: Choose 802.11b only mode or 802.11b/g mix mode.

Ad Hoc mode: When starting Ad Hoc network, you can specify 802.11b only mode or 802.11b/g mix mode.

802.11b/g Protection: 802.11b uses CCK modulation and 802.11g uses CCK-compatible OFDM modulation. Enable this to prevent the data collision in the concurrent 802.11b/g network. Auto (auto-detect) selection is recommended.

Tx Rate: The selected link rate.

#### 4.6.2 Checkbox Section

Tx BURST: Check to enable the card to transmit more data in a frame interval.

Tx turbo rate: Enhance the data rate transmitted up to 72/100Mbps. This checkbox

is currently disabled.

Use short slot time: Enhance the data rate with Short Slot Time mechanism. This checkbox is currently disabled.

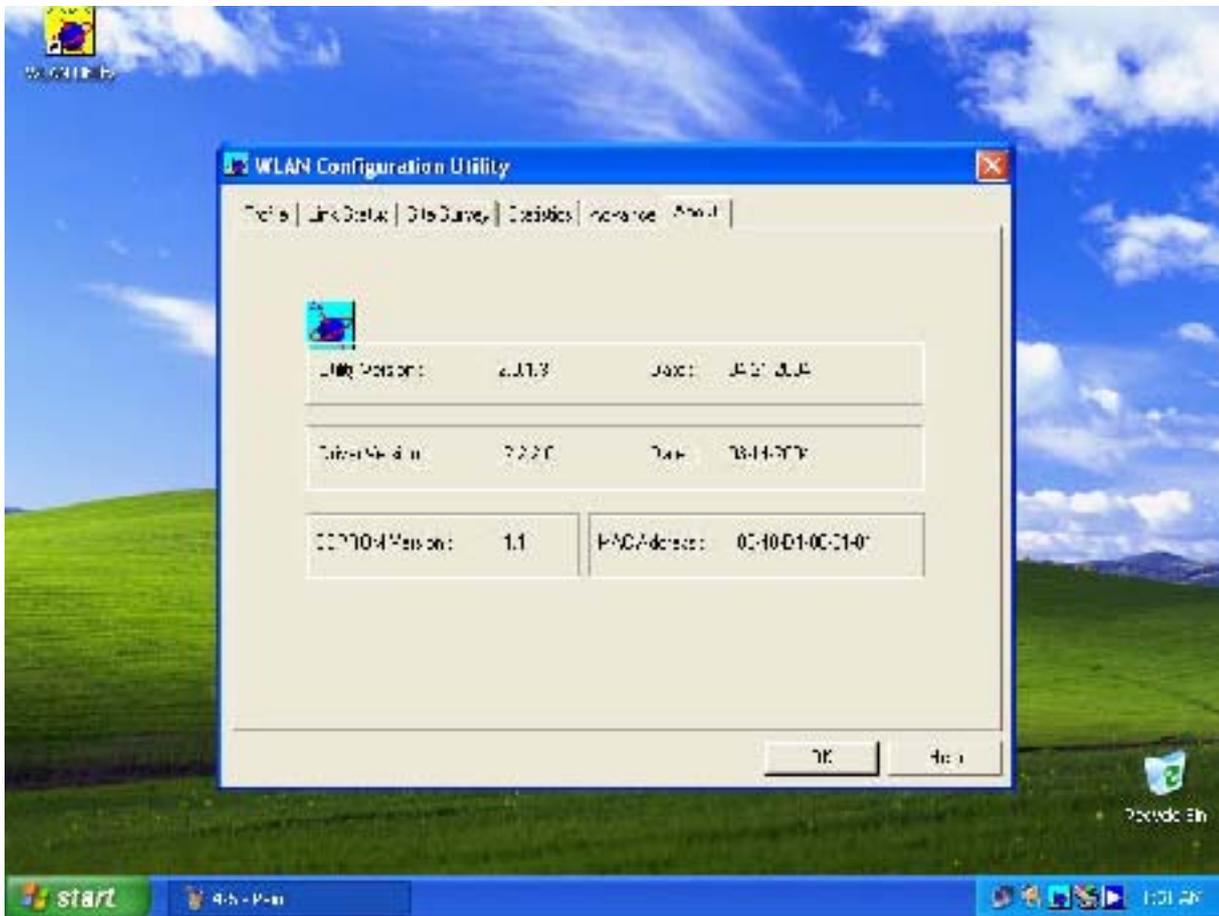
#### 4.6.3 Icons & Buttons Section

Radio On: Enable radio transmission.

Radio Off: Disable radio transmission.

Apply: Confirm your settings.

#### 4.7 About Tab



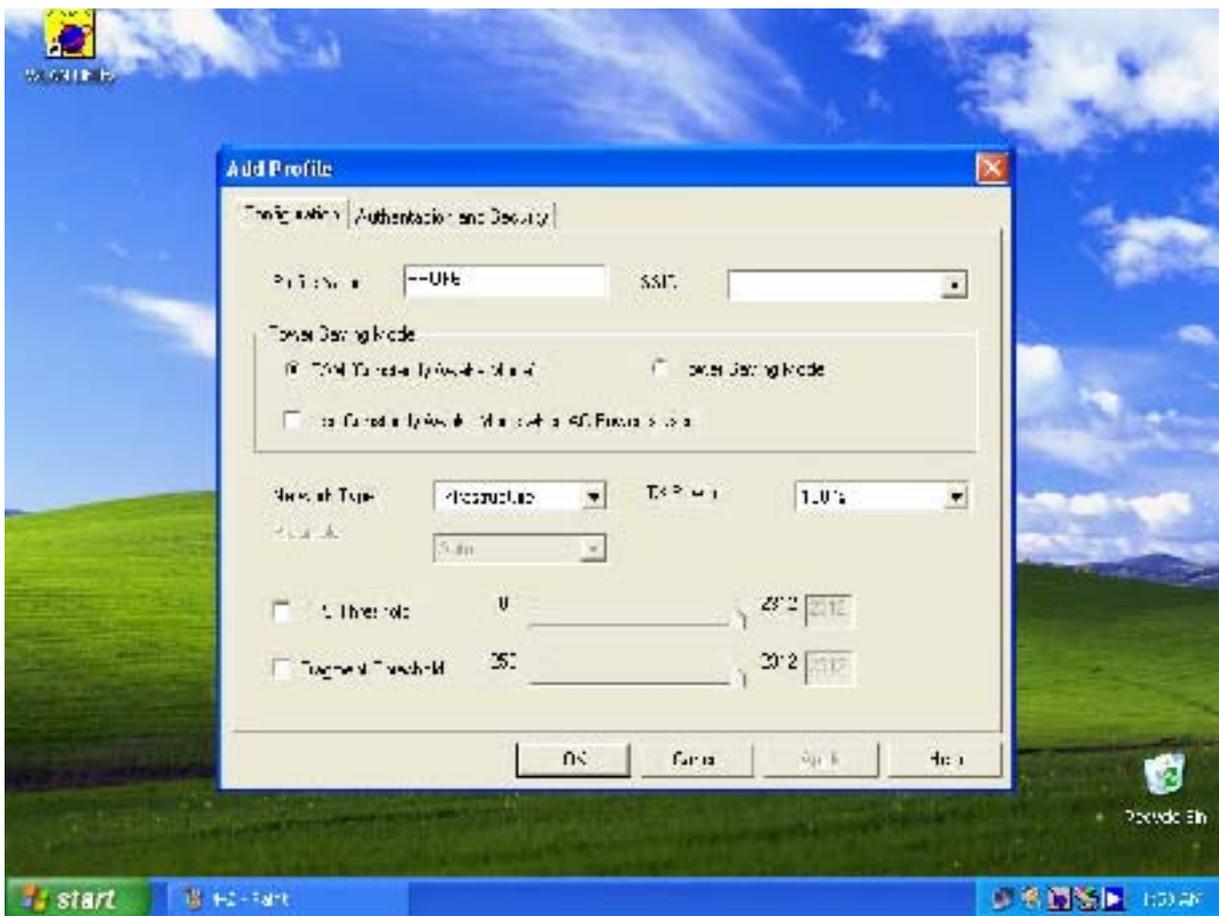
Utility Version: Version and released date of this card's utility.

Driver Version: Version and released date of this card's driver.

EEPROM Version: Version of this card's firmware.

MAC Address: MAC address of this card.

#### 4.8 Add Profile



#### 4.8.1 Configuration Tab

Profile Name: Specify a name for this profile.

SSID: Specify a network name identified in the wireless network.

Power Saving Mode: Select one power save scheme from CAM (Constantly Awake Mode) (No power save option adopted by the card.) and Power Saving Mode

(Power Save option adopted by the card). Check Use Constantly Awake Mode when AC Power is used as long as your PC uses external power supply. This setting will affect the battery life of the host of the card.

Network Type: Select Infrastructure mode or Ad Hoc mode adopted by this network.

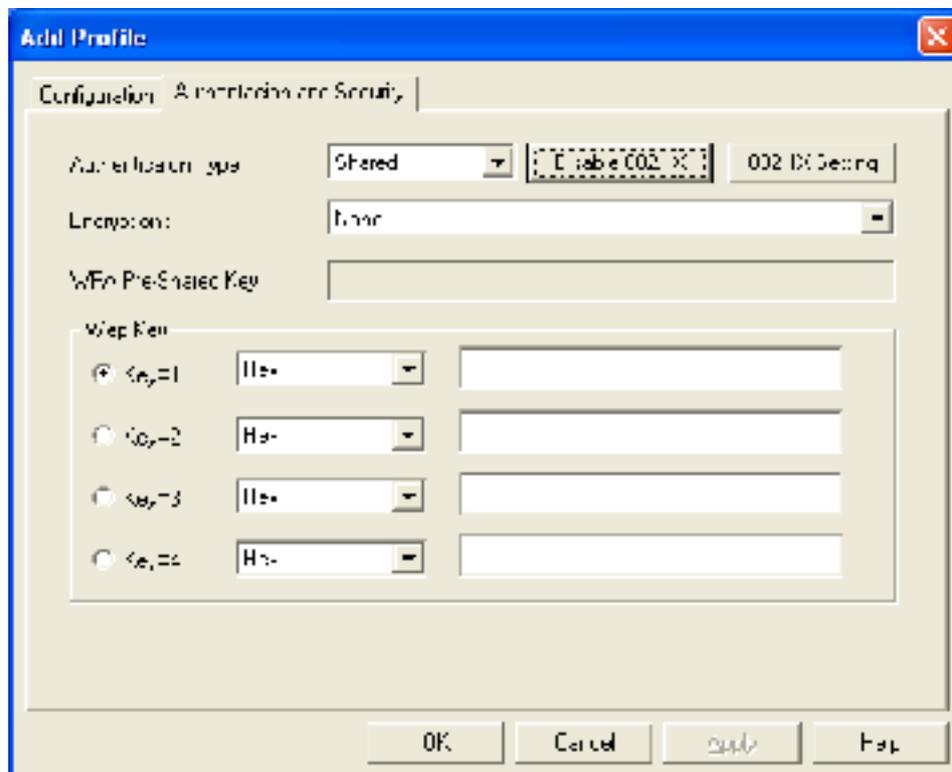
TX Power: Select the transmit power of this card. 100% is recommended.

Preamble: Select the length of the CRC block for communication between the AP and this card. Make sure to select the appropriate preamble type the same as AP's. High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type. Auto (follow AP's preamble type) selection is recommended. This field is supported only in Infrastructure mode and currently disabled.

RTS Threshold: Designed to prevent the Hidden Node issue, a problem happens in the wireless network when two wireless adapters served by the same AP can't communicate each other or have collision. Normally, the value of RTS Threshold is needless to change. The default value is 2312.

Fragment Threshold: Enable to increase the transmission efficiency by split mechanism. The default value is 2312.

#### 4.8.2 Authentication & Security Tab

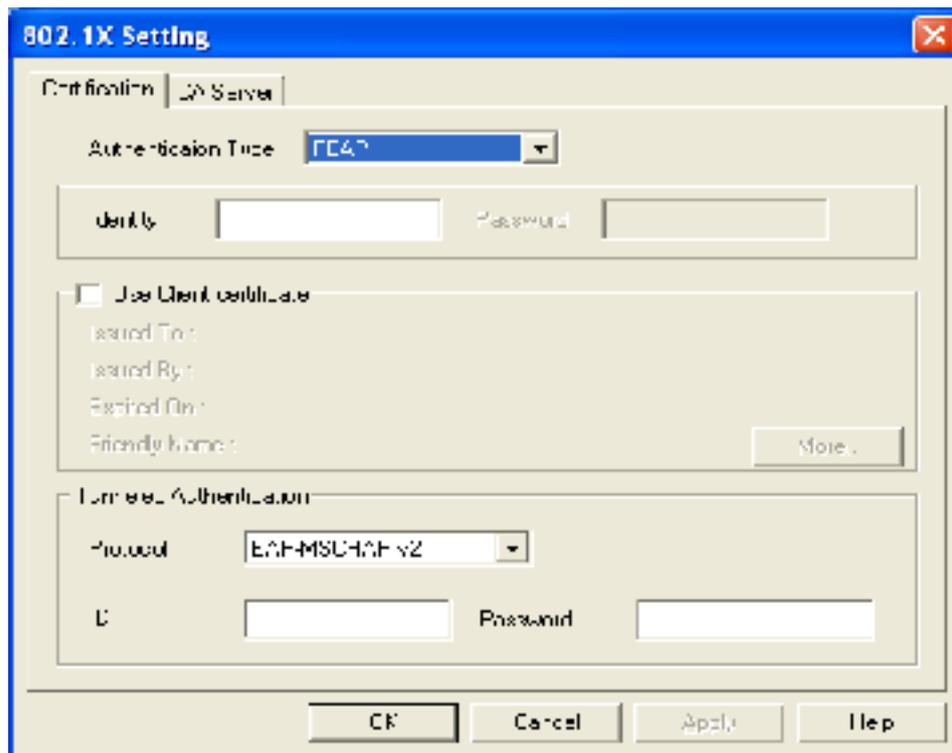


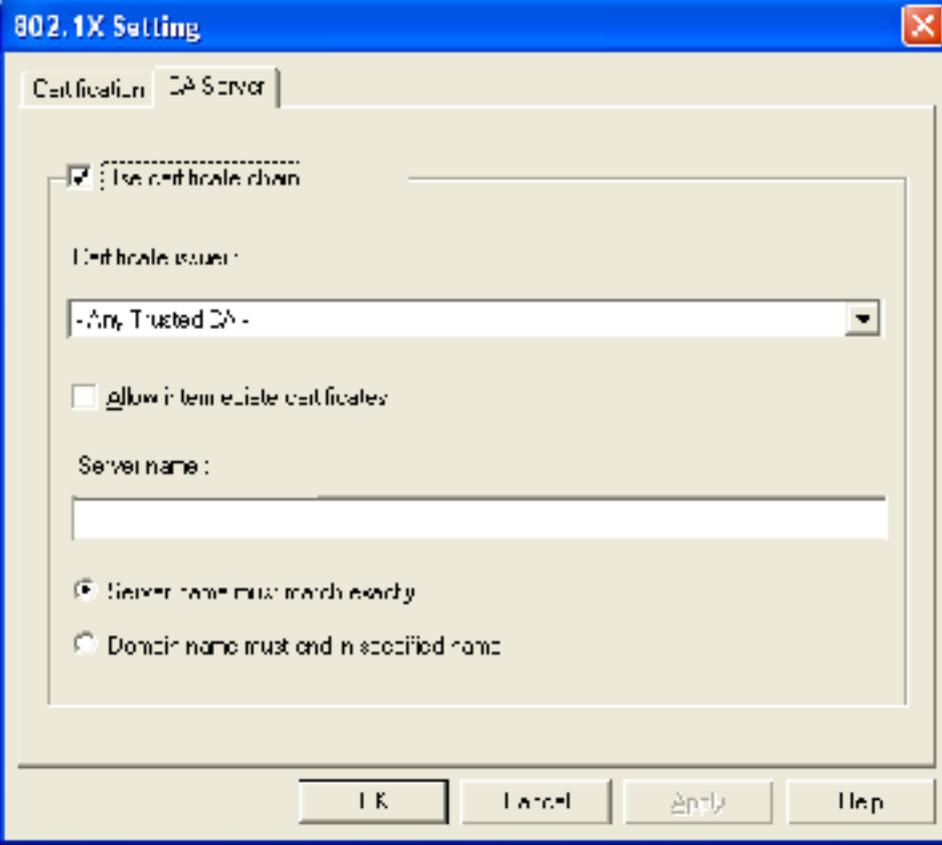
Authentication Type: Select the Authentication type adopted by the network. These types include None, Shared, WPA and WPA-PSK.

Disable 802.1X: When the above authentication type is None or Shared, the 802.1X choice is optional. When the above authentication type is WPA, the 802.1X is compulsory. When the above authentication type is WPA-PSK, the 802.1X is not

supported.

802.1X Setting: This button is enabled when you choose Open/Shared/WPA authentication types. Below table lists all different authentication types that you can use. Each type requires unique certificate or ID/password. You may need to consult the network administrator about the 802.1X settings adopted by the wireless network.





A: Use client certificate    B: Use server certificate    C: Type User/Password

802.11 Auth Type	802.1x Auth Type	Tunnel Auth	C	C + A	C + B	C + A + B	A	A + B
OPEN	PEAP	MSCHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		TLS/Smartcard		OK		OK		
		Token Card	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	TLS/Smartcard	No option					OK	OK
	TTLS	CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		PAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		EAP-MD5	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	LEAP	No option	OK					
MD5	No option	OK						
Shared <sup>1</sup>	PEAP	MSCHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		TLS/Smartcard		OK		OK		
		Token Card	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	TLS/Smartcard	No option					OK	OK
	TTLS	CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		PAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		EAP-MD5	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	LEAP	No option	OK					
MD5	No option	OK						
WPA	PEAP	MSCHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		TLS/Smartcard		OK		OK		
		Token Card	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	TLS/Smartcard	No option					OK	OK
	TTLS	CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		MS-CHAP v2	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		PAP	OK	OK	OK	OK		
		EAP-MD5	OK	OK	OK	OK		
	LEAP	No option	OK					
WPA-PSK	Passphrase key only							

Encryption: Select the Encryption type adopted by the network. These types include None, WEP, TKIP and AES.

WPA Pre-Shared Key: Input the key when using WPA-PSK authentication.

WEP Key: Define up to four keys as follows:

- Hex 、 40bits : 10 hexadecimal letters
- Hex 、 104bits : 32 hexadecimal letters

- ASCII、40bits : 5 ASCII letters

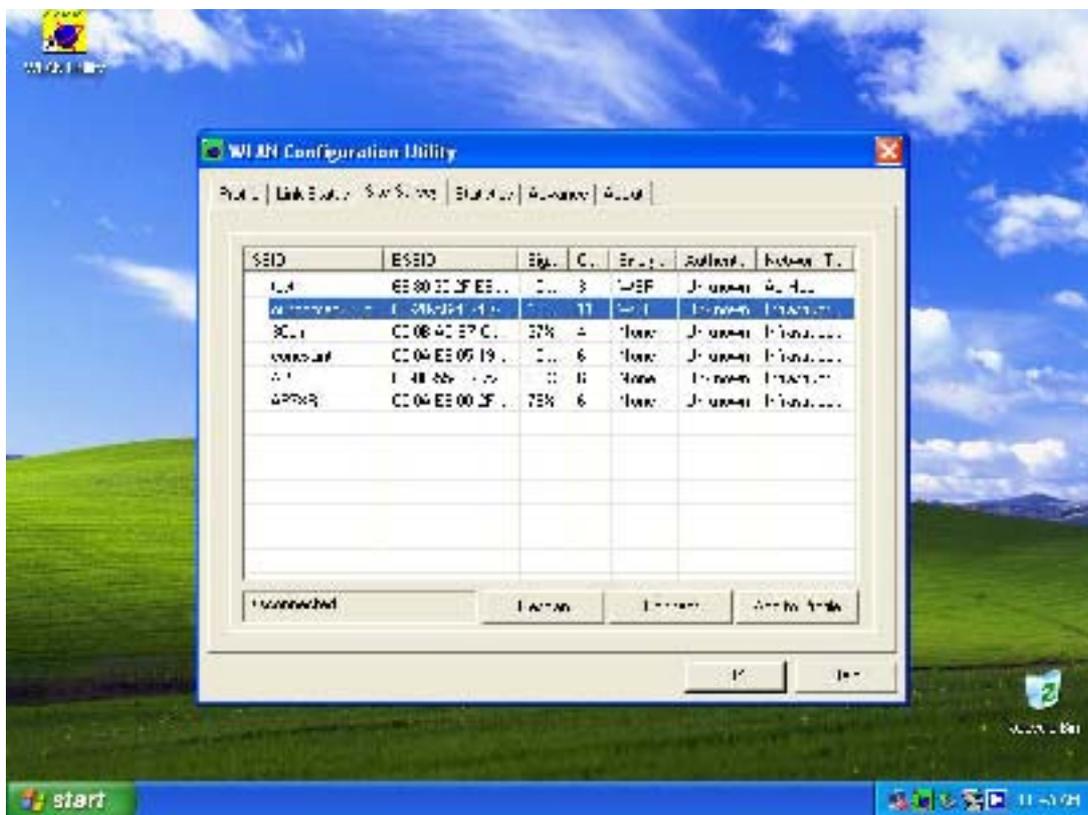
-   ASCII、104bits : 16 ASCII letters

## Chapter 5 Configuration

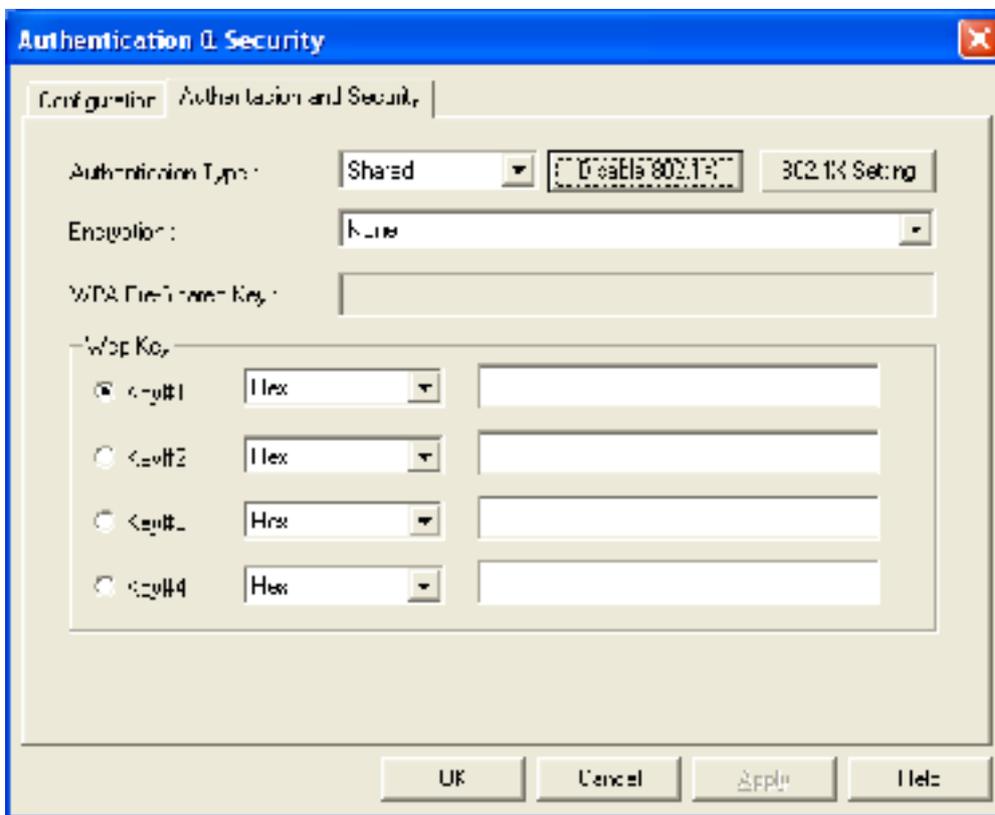
---

### 5.1 Connect to an Access Point in Infrastructure Mode

1. Refer to [Chapter 3 Quick Start to Join in a Wireless Network](#) to proceed step 1 ~ 2.
2. Select an AP that is in Infrastructure Mode and click the Connect button.



3. You may need to input security key when the selected AP is adopting wireless security algorithm such as WEP, WPA, etc.

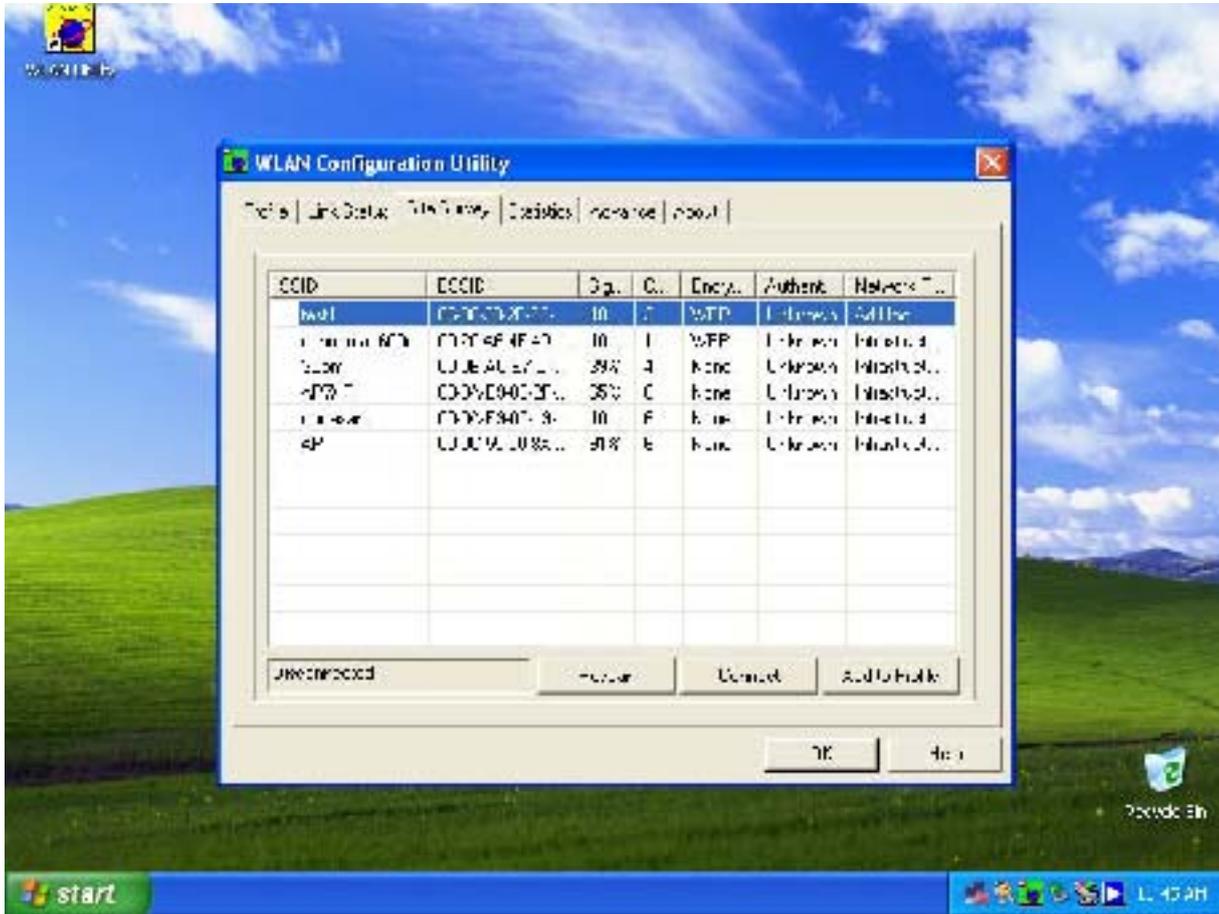


4. If the security key matches, a Connected icon will appear.

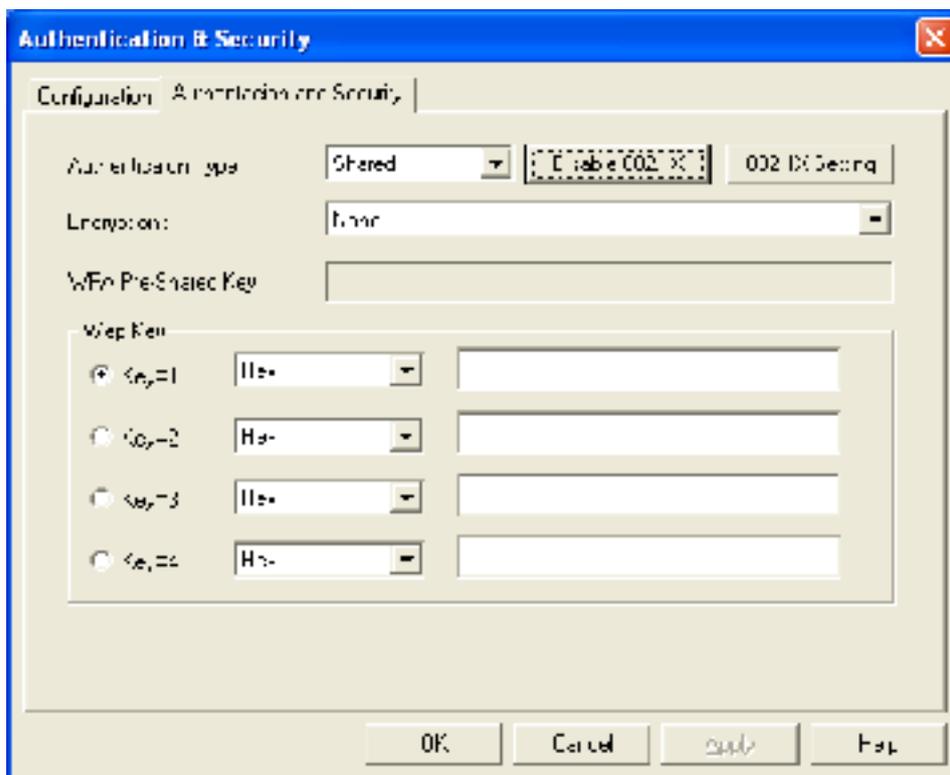


## 5.2 Connect to an Ad Hoc Station

1. Refer to [Chapter 3 Quick Start to Join in an Open Wireless Network](#) to proceed step 1 ~ 2.
2. Select a station that is in Ad Hoc mode and click the Connect button.



3. You will need to input the security key when the selected station is adopting wireless security algorithm such as WEP, WPA-PSK, etc.

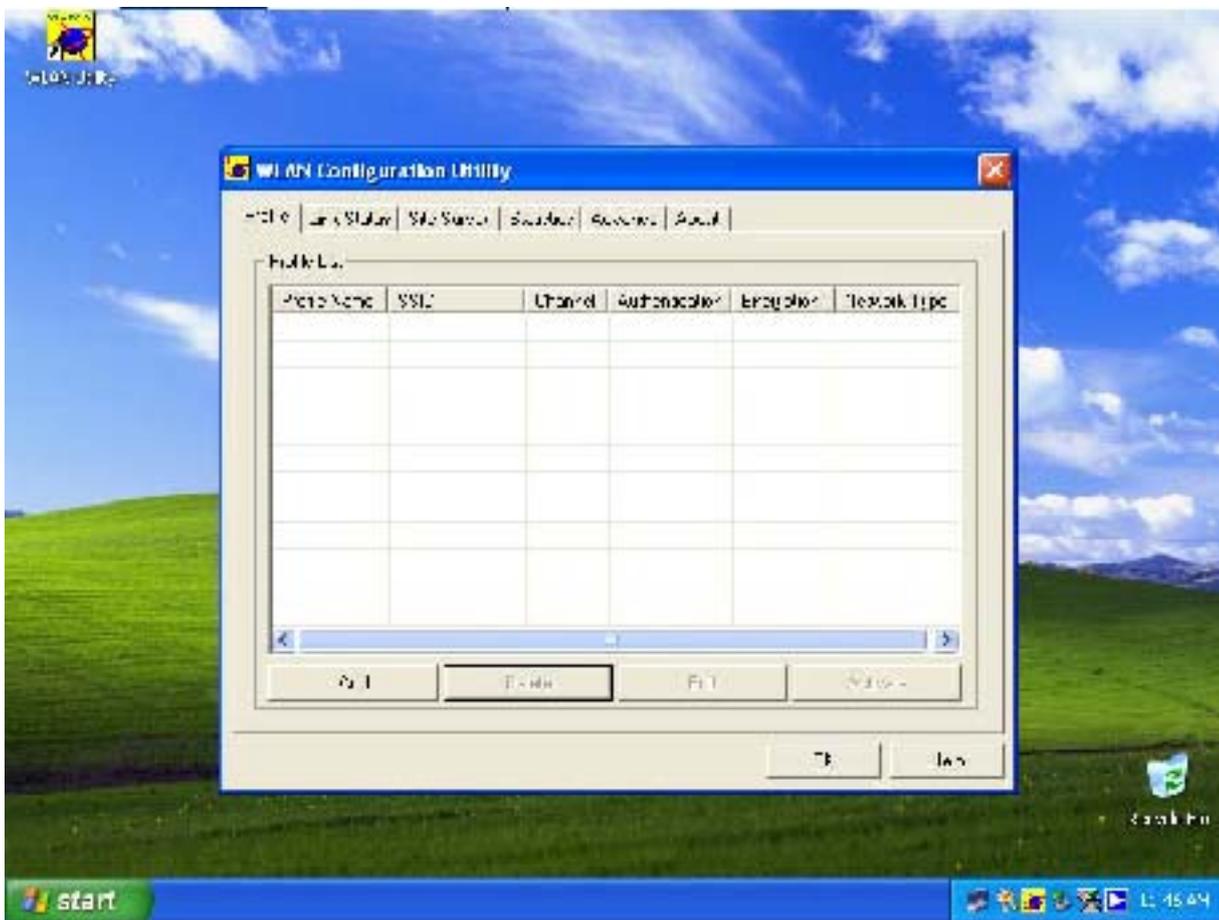


4. If the security key matches, a Connected icon will appear.

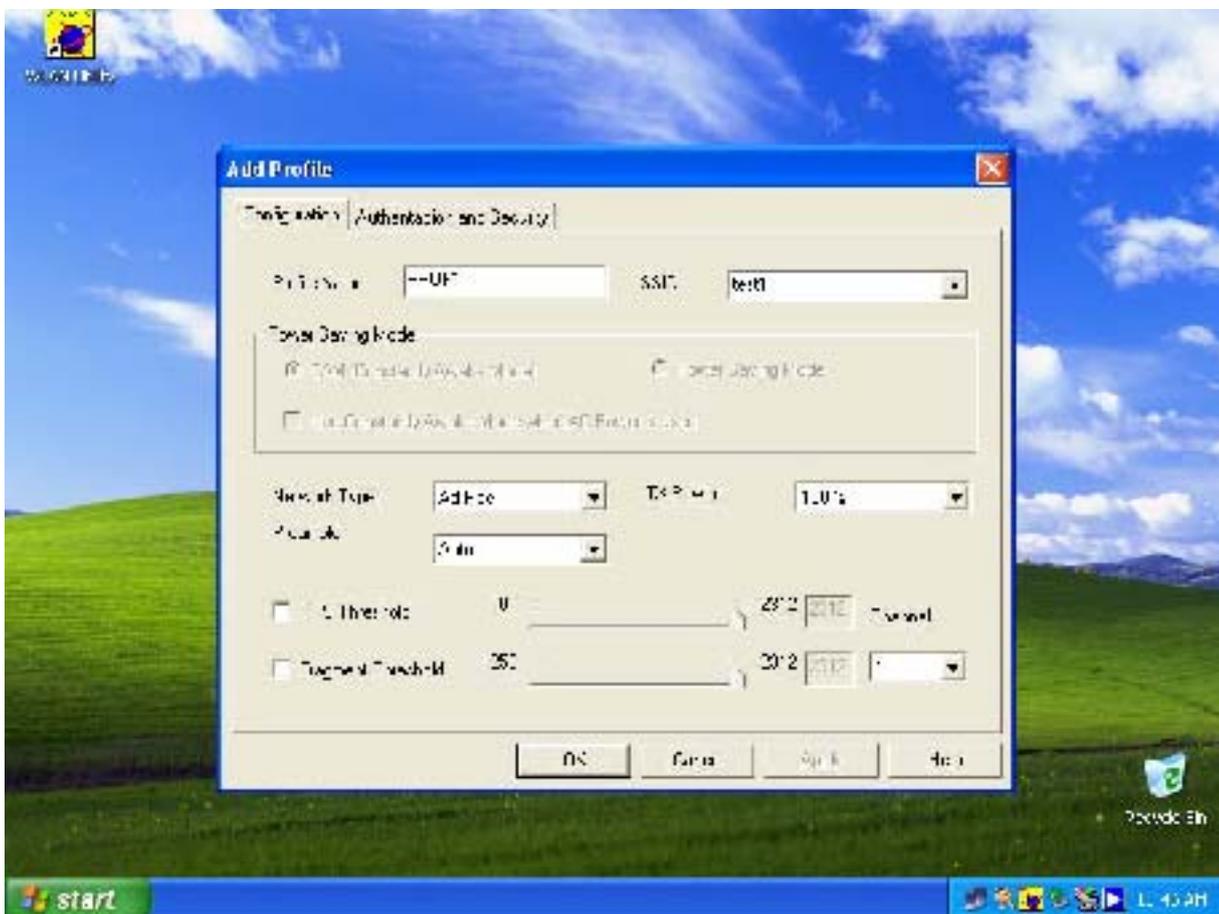


### 5.3 Start a New Ad Hoc Wireless Network

1. Refer to [4.8 Profile](#) to define a new profile.

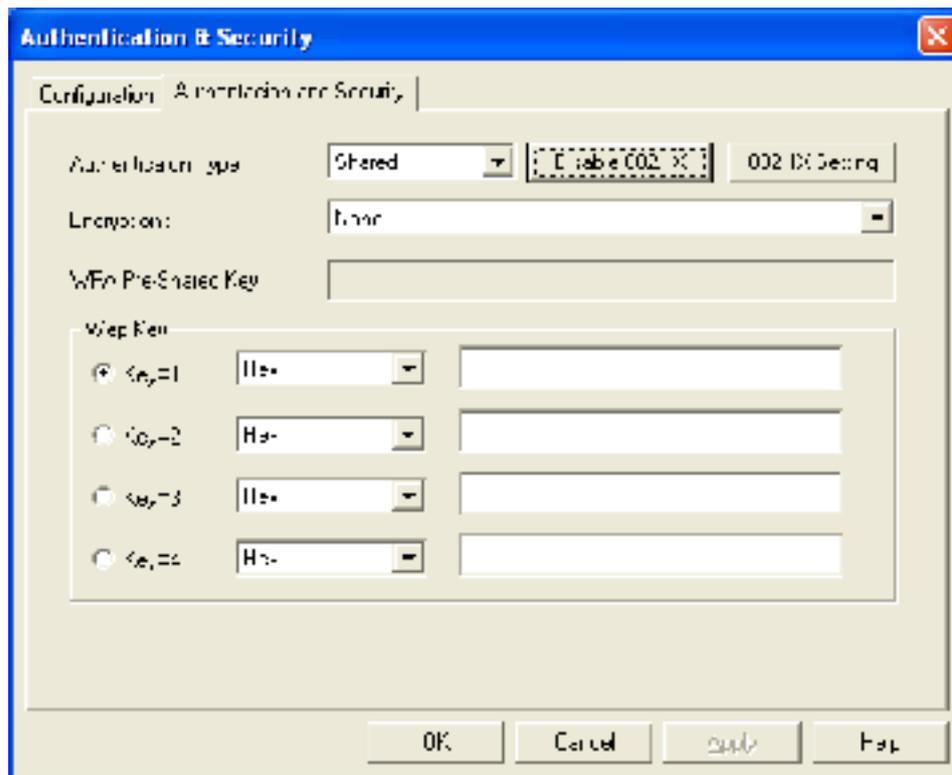


2. Assign a Profile Name and its SSID and select Ad Hoc network type.

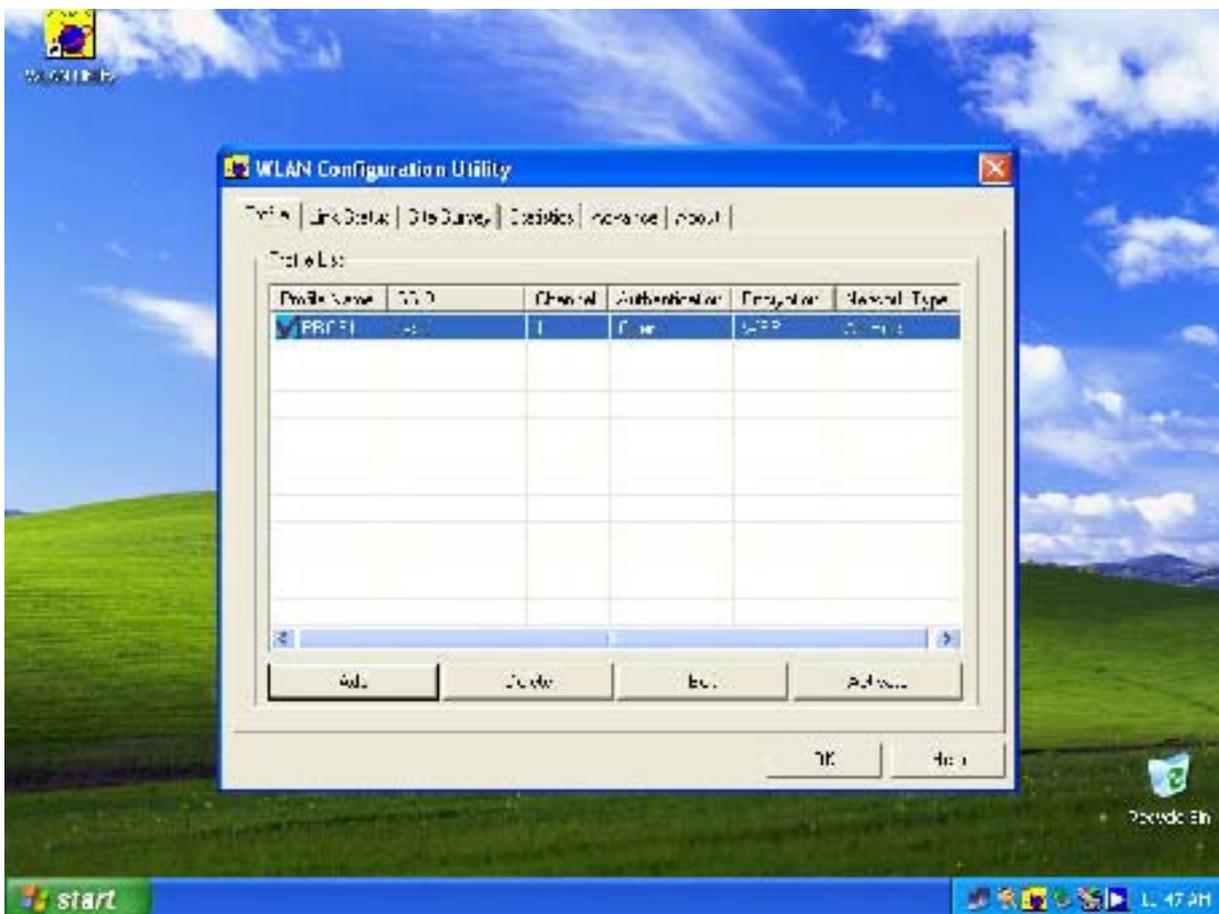


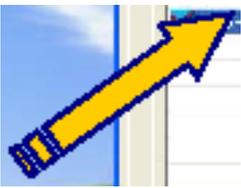
3. You can use WEP security algorithm and to do so, you will need to define at least

a set of 40/104bits security key.



4. Select this profile and click Activate. A new Ad Hoc wireless network starts now.





## Chapter 6 Activate the Software AP Function

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### 6.1 Introduction

These wireless card and adapter also support Software AP functions. In most cases, wireless PCI Adapter is best suited for this application. It can either be used as a wireless client, or activates the AP function to turn desktop PC into an AP. Additional WLAN SoftAP Configuration Utility facilitates the AP configuration as well as switches the card easily between a Client station and an AP. Before you start the Software AP function of this card, you must set a Bridge in your PC first. A Bridge can be set by the combination of your Ethernet network adapter and this Wireless LAN Card. This can be done in Windows XP since XP supports the Bridge Connections yet other operating systems don't.

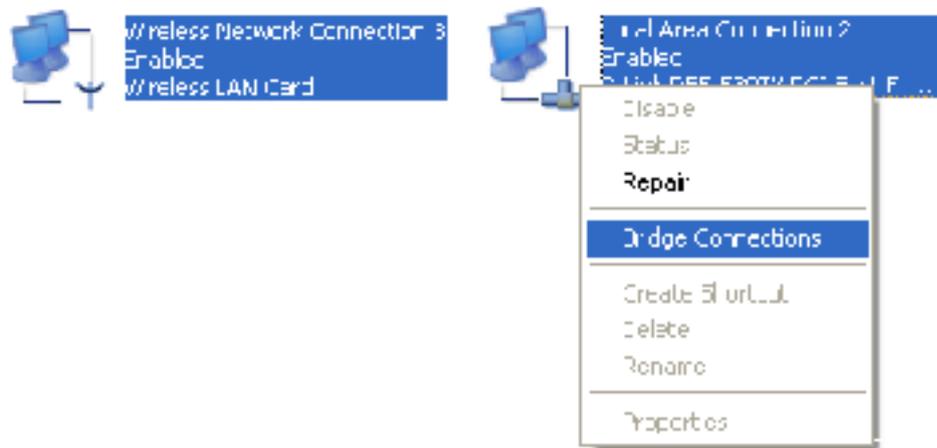
### 6.2 Bridge Connections

1. Make sure that your PC has equipped with an Ethernet network adapter that works well. Double click the network icon on your system tray.

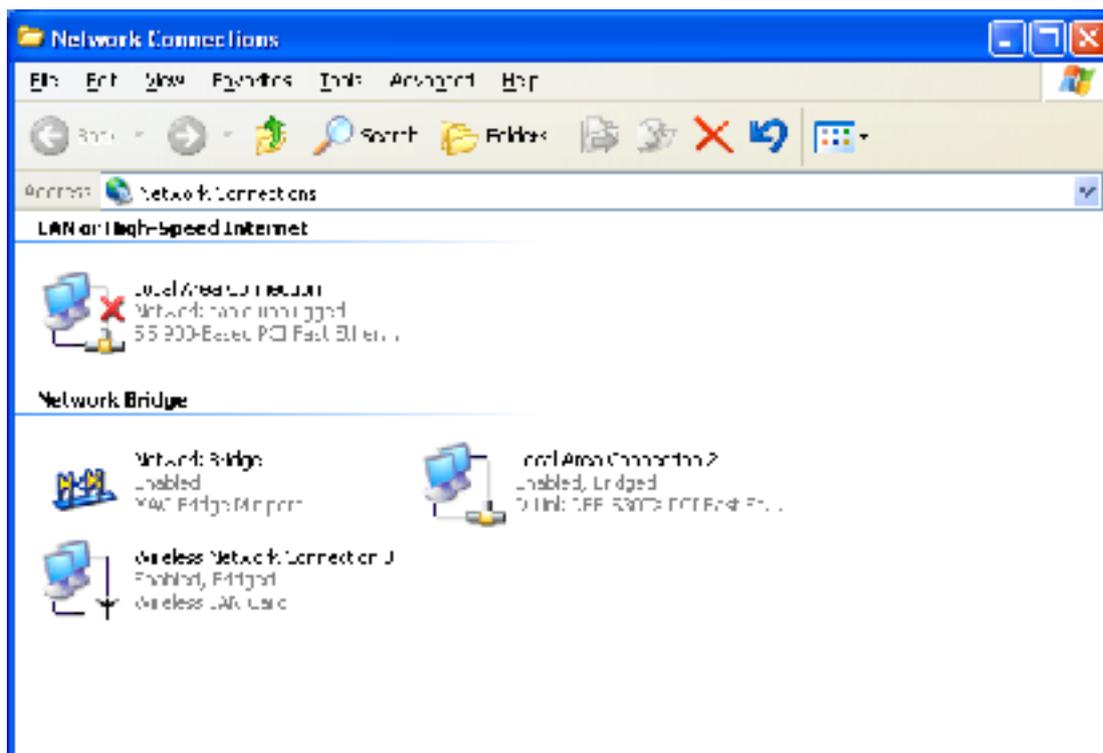


2. Make sure that either the Ethernet network adapter or the Wireless LAN Card is not disabled. Select both and click Bridge Connections.

### LAN or High-Speed Internet

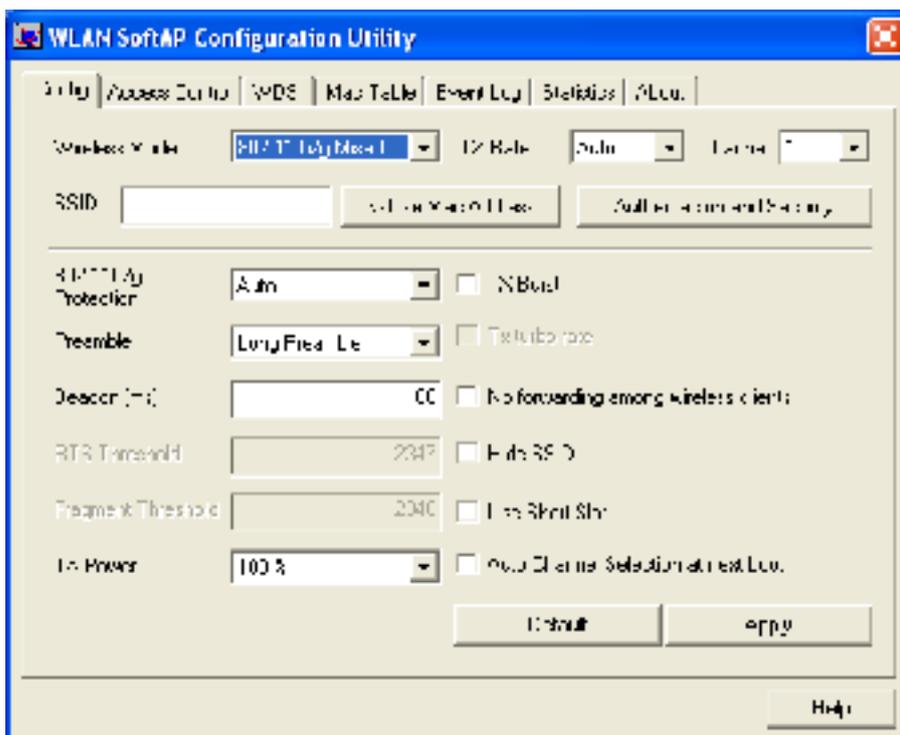


3. A new Network Bridge will appear after a while.



## Chapter 7 Software Utility - WLAN SoftAP Configuration Utility

### 7.1 Overview



Config: Configure operation parameters and display extra options. Note that some options are not supported currently.

Access Control: Control Client stations' access rights to this card.

WDS: Enable to wirelessly connect other APs to extend current wireless network.

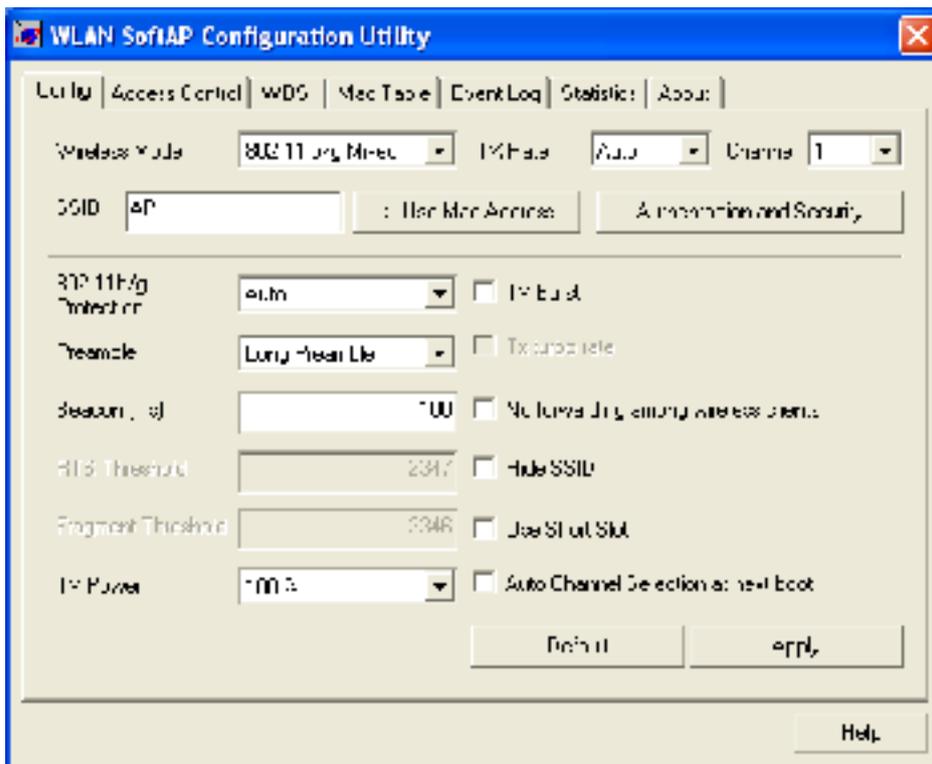
MAC Table: Show the MAC address of each connected station.

Event Log: Record the card's current traffic information.

Statistics: Monitor the card's current traffic activity.

About: Hardware information of this card and its software elements.

## 7.2 Config Tab



### 7.2.1 Config Tab

Wireless Mode: Select 802.11b mode or 802.11b/g mix mode.

TX Rate: Specify the data transfer rate. In 802.11b mode, the rate varies from 1 - 11Mbps; in 802.11b/g mix mode, the rate varies from 1 - 54Mbps.

Channel: Specify the channel.

SSID: The specific name of this card in the wireless network.

Use MAC Address: Click to use the MAC address of this card to be the SSID.

Security: Specify the security settings. Refer to [7.2.2 Security Button](#).

802.11b/g Protection: 802.11b uses CCK modulation and 802.11g uses CCK-compatible OFDM modulation. Enable this to prevent the data collision in the concurrent 802.11b/g network. Auto (auto-detect) selection is recommended.

802.11b TX Preamble: Select the length of the CRC block for communication between this card and other stations. High network traffic areas should use the

shorter preamble type.

Beacon Period (ms): Define the duration between beacon packets. \_

RTS Threshold: Designed to prevent the Hidden Node issue, a problem happens in the wireless network when two wireless adapters served by the same AP can't communicate each other or have collision.

Fragment Threshold: Increase the transmission efficiency by split mechanism. \_

Transmit Power: Select the transmit power options including Lowest, 25, 50, 75, 100(default). High transmit power allows the card to have better data transfer quality.

Enable TX Burst: Check to enable the card to transmit more data in a frame interval. \_

Use Turbo rate (72/100Mbps) when applicable: Enhance the data rate transmitted up to 72/100Mbps. This checkbox is currently disabled.

No forwarding among wireless clients: Click to define a client's data only transferred by AP and can't communication other clients to prevent packets from looping among wireless clients. \_

Hide SSID: Click to hide the SSID from broadcasting in a wireless network.

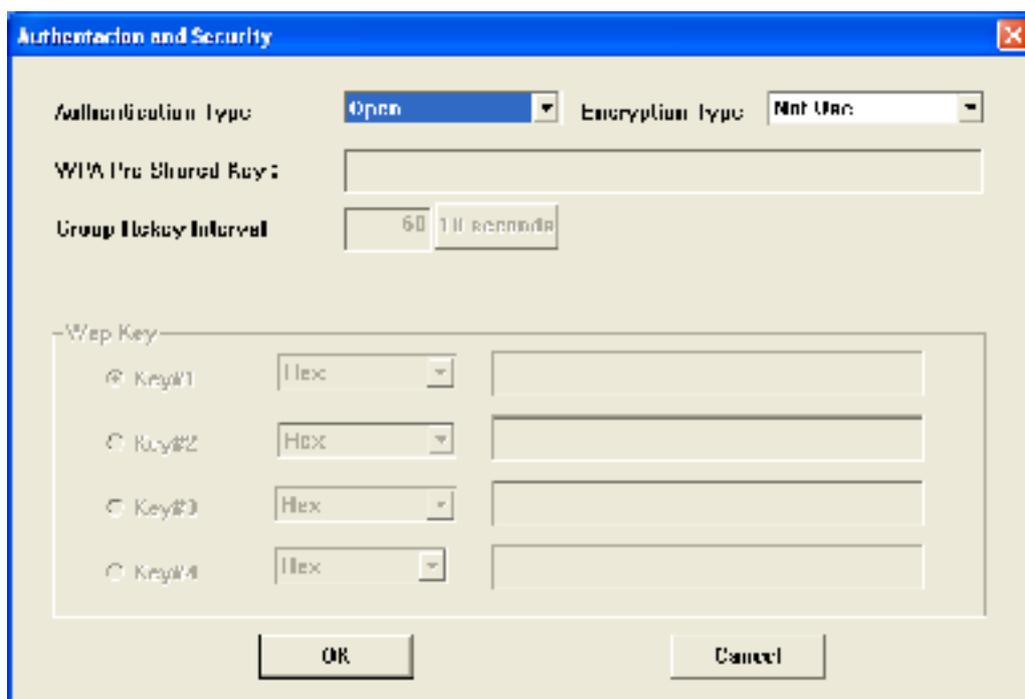
Use Short Slot Time when applicable: Click to enhance the maximum transmit power. \_

Auto Channel Selection at next boot: Click to select the best channel at next boot.

Default: Reset all settings. \_

Apply: Apply to new settings.

## 7.2.2 Security Button



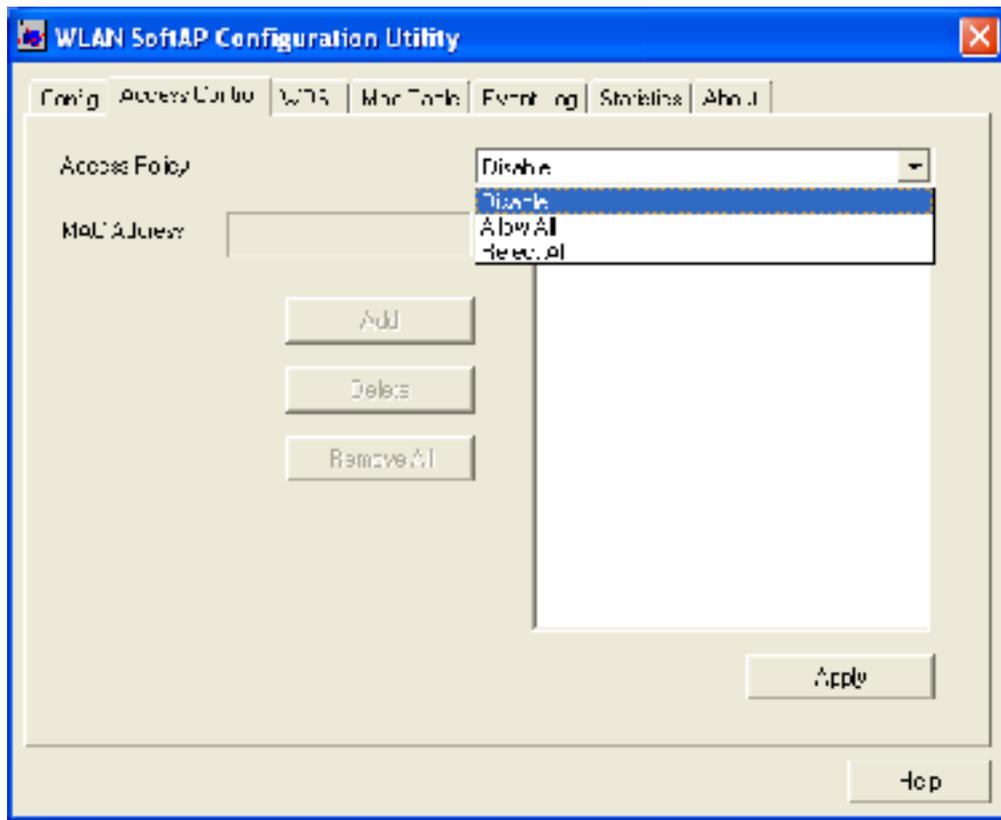
Authentication Type: Define an authentication type of a new wireless network.

Encryption Type: Define an encryption type of a new wireless network.\_

WPA Pre-Shared Key: Input a password varying 8 from 63 characters long when you are using WPA-PSK authentication.

WPA Group Rekey Interval: Select the time to regenerate a new PSK key.\_

### 7.3 Access Control Tab



Wireless Client Access Control Policy: Manage wireless client's access to this network.\_

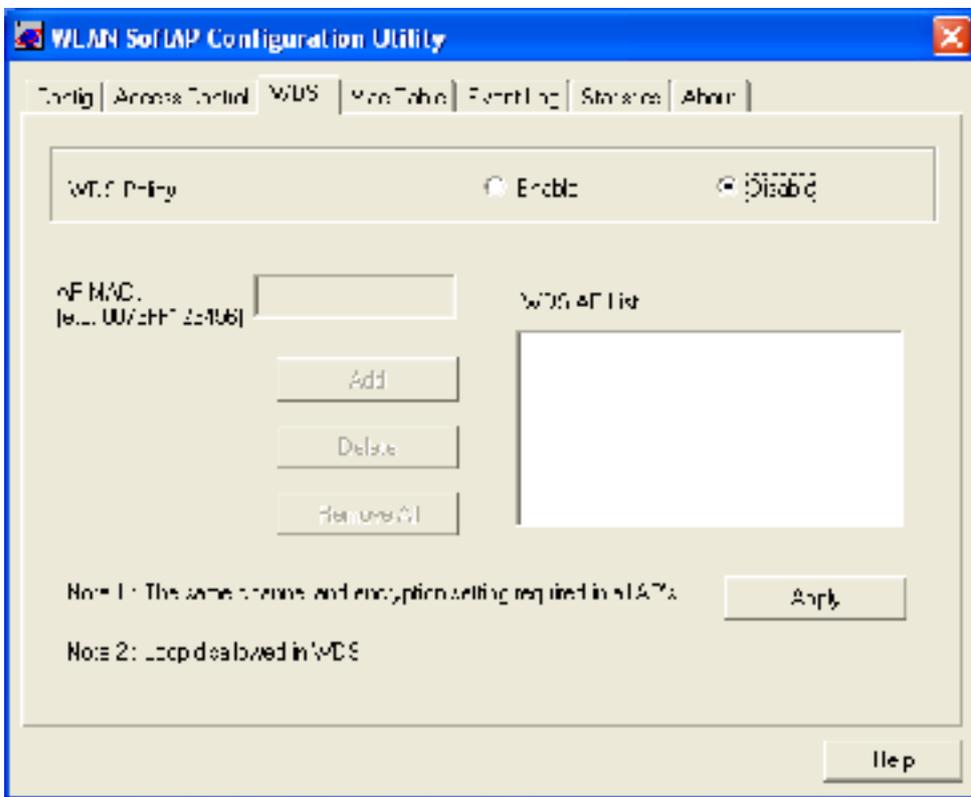
MAC Address: Input the MAC address of the wireless client.

Apply: After finishing your control policy, remember to click this button to apply to your new settings.

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### 7.4 WDS Tab



WDS control policy: Enable to wirelessly connect other APs to extend a wireless network that results in a so-called WDS (Wireless Distribution System).

WDS Key: A key used to communicate among all APs in the WDS.

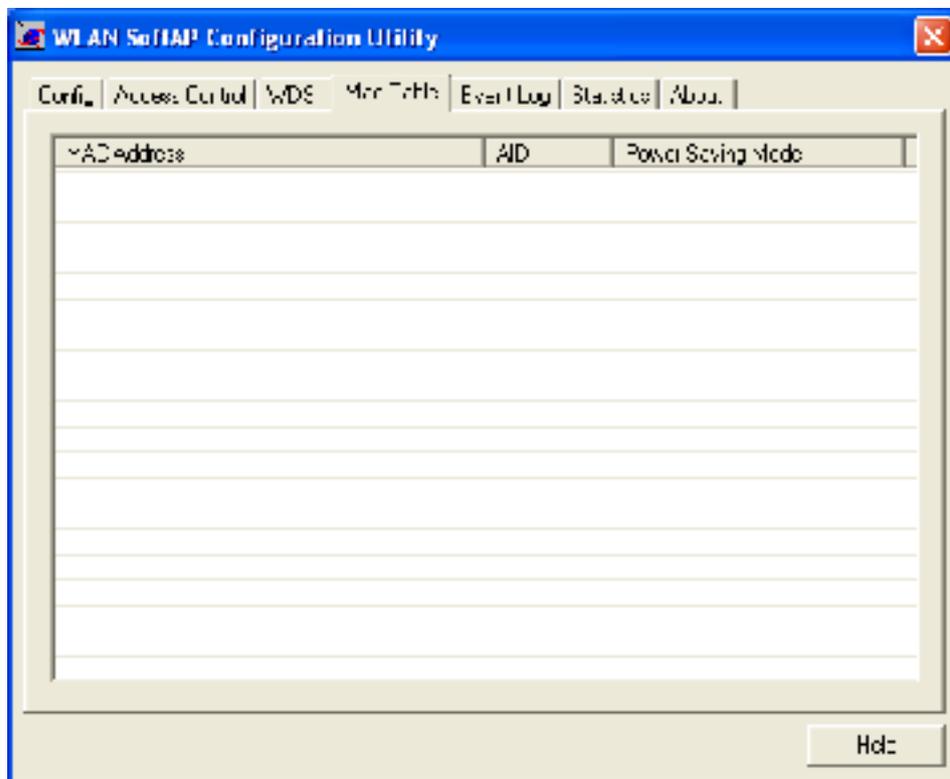
MAC Address: Input the MAC address of other AP. \_

Apply: After finishing your control policy, remember to click this button to apply to your new settings.

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## 7.5 MAC Table Tab

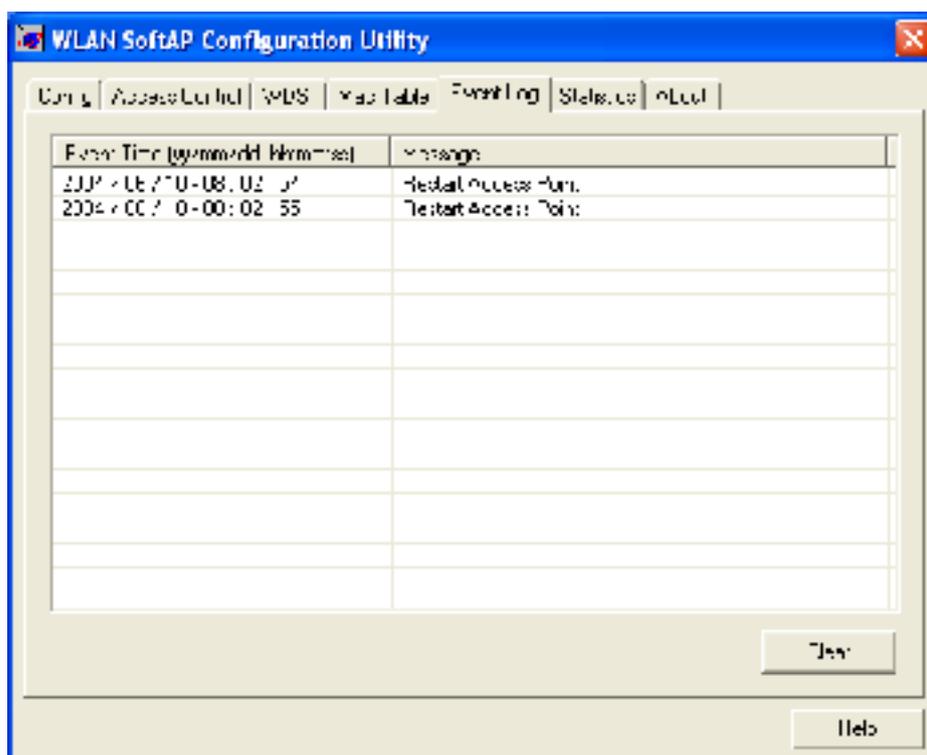


MAC ADDRESS: The MAC address of each associated client.

AID: The identified code issued to each associated client.

POWER SAVING: The power saving status of each associated client.

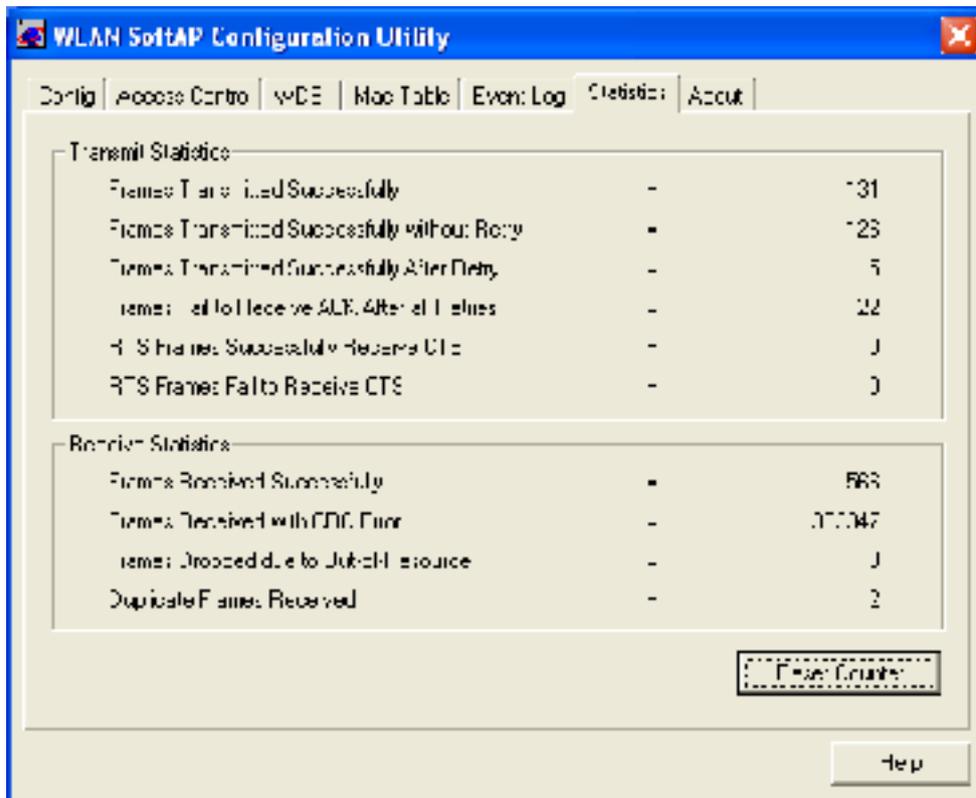
## 7.6 Event Log Tab



Event Time: The recorded time of every event.

MESSAGE: The message of every event.

## 7.7 Statistics Tab



### 7.7.1 Transmit Statistics Section

Frames Transmitted Successfully: The number of successfully transmitted frames.

Frames Transmitted Successfully without Retry: The number of successfully transmitted frames without any retry.

Frames Transmitted Successfully after Retry: The number of successfully transmitted frames with one or more retries.

Frames Fail to Receive ACK After all Retries: The number of unsuccessfully transmitted frame with many retries.

RTS Frames Successfully Receive CTS: The number of successfully received the CTS (Clear To Send) response after this card sends out the RTS (Request To Send) message.

RTS Frames Fail to Receive CTS: The number of unsuccessfully received the CTS response after this card sends out the RTS message.

### 7.7.2 Receive Statistics Section

Frames Received Successfully: The number of successfully received frames.

Frames Received with CRC Error: The number of received frames with CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Checking) error.

Frames Dropped due to Out-of-Resource: The number of dropped frames.

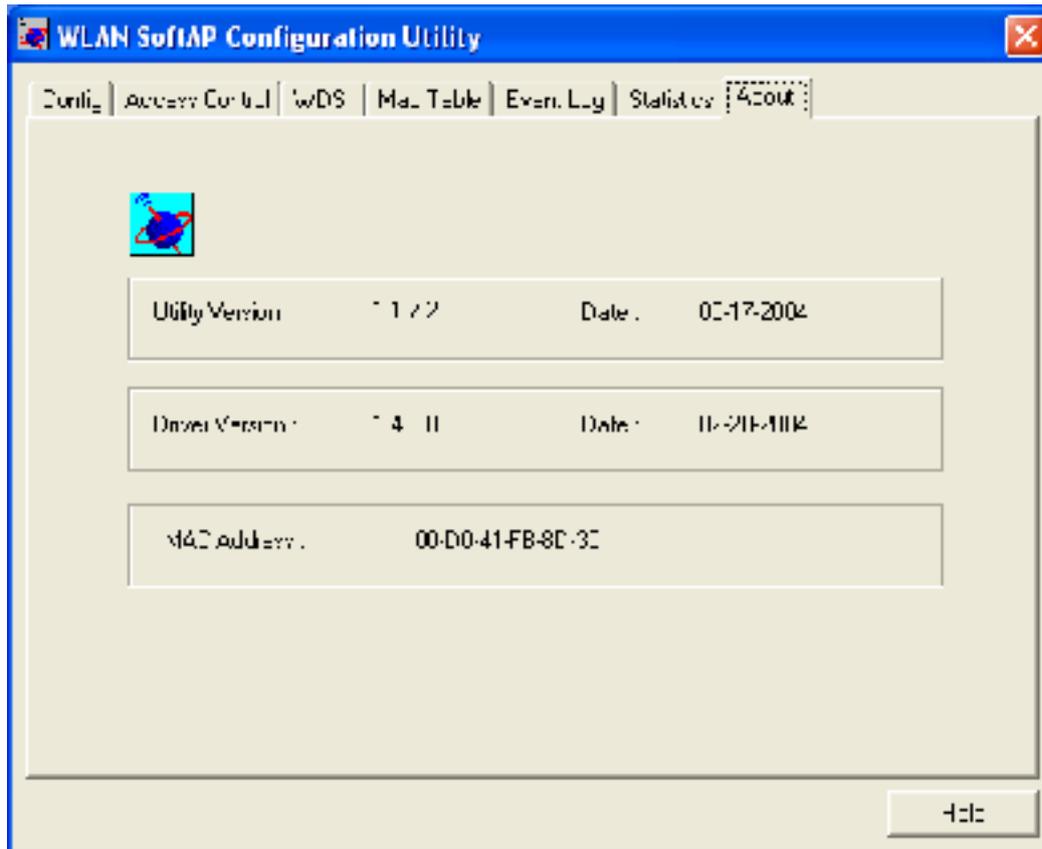
Duplicate Frames Received: The number of duplicate frames.

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### 7.7.3 Button

Reset Counters: Restart the displayed statistics.

## 7.8 About Tab



WLAN SoftAP Configuration Utility: Version and released date of the SoftAP utility.

NIC Driver: Version and released date of this card's driver.

MAC Address: MAC address of the card.

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## Chapter 8 Troubleshooting

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1. Question: The product literature says this Wireless LAN Card can operate at 54 Mbps. Why do I see no more than 11 Mbps speed on my WLAN Configuration Utility status?

Answer: While you are connecting to an 802.11b network, the maximum 802.11b speed is 11Mbps. Moreover, the wireless connection quality between this card and other stations will be limited to the space layout and thus the connection speed can't reach to 54Mbps.

2. Question: I cannot connect to the Access Point or the wireless Router?

Answer: Make sure the same settings such as SSID, Channel and Security on the Wireless LAN Card is the same as those on the Access Point or the wireless Router. Move closer and try again.

3. Question: I can connect to the Access Point, but I cannot connect to other computers on the network or the Internet?

Answer: Check to make sure that the access point is physically connected to the Ethernet network. Make sure that the IP address and the Windows networking parameters are all configured correctly by the connected AP. Restart your

cable/DSL modem, router and access point.

4. Question: The product literature says this Wireless LAN Card can operate far to 328 feet (100 meters). Why can't it reach that range when I am using it?

Answer: In optimal condition, this device can reach the maximum range. However, environmental factors such as other electric equipments and layout of building may adversely affect the effective range.

5. Question: How do I know if my Wireless LAN Card has received a valid IP address from my Wireless Router/AP?

Answer: For Windows 98/ME users, click Start -> Run..., and type winipcfg; for Windows 2K/XP users, click Start -> Run..., enter cmd, and type ipconfig.

Important Note:

A WLAN device operating according to Section 15.247 on Channels 1-11 between 2400-2483.5 MHz must not have any user controls or software to allow the device to operate on channels 12 and 13 which are outside of the allowed USA band. Therefore, the function of country code selections already be disable on the device.